WAI-ARIA a whistle-stop tour

What is WAI-ARIA?

The WAI bit is the Web **Accessibility Initiative**¹ at the W3C.

¹ See <u>Web Accessibility Initiative</u>

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The WAI bit is the Web Accessibility Initiative¹ at the W3C.

The ARIA bit stands for Accessible Rich Internet

Applications, first published on 20 March, 2014

¹ See <u>Web Accessibility Initiative</u>

Roles

- ARIA provides a rich role taxonomy that enables you to classify otherwise meaningless tags such as <div>, , etc.
- Roles are added to HTML tags like any other attribute

Role categories²

- Abstract Roles
- Widget Roles
- Document Structure Roles
- Landmark Roles

² See Role categories on the W3C website

States and Properties

ARIA states and properties offer the user further information on how to interact with a particular widget.

```
<div class="fancy-button" role="button">Click me</div>
```

```
<del>div</del> <del>class="fancy button" role="button">Click me</</del>
```

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```
<del>div class="fancy button" role="button">Click me</</del>
```

```
<button class="fancy-button" role="button">Click
me</button>
```

```
div class="fancy button" role="button">Click me
div>
```

```
chutton class="fancy button" role="button">Click
me</button>
```

```
div class="fancy button" role="button">Click me
div>
```

```
chutton class="fancy button" role="button">Click
me</button>
```

<button class="fancy-button">Click me</button>

Using ARIA properties and states

Using ARIA properties

```
<01>
 id="link-one">
   <a href="#panel-one">Chapter 1</a>
 id="link-two">
   <a href="#panel-two">Chapter 2</a>
 <div id="panel-one">
 Chapter 1 content goes here
</div>
<div id="panel-two">
 Chapter 2 content goes here
</div>
```

Using ARIA properties

```
<a href="#panel-one">Chapter 1</a>
 <a href="#panel-two">Chapter 2</a>
 <div id="panel-one" role="tabpanel" aria-labelledby="link-one">
 Chapter 1 content goes here
</div>
<div id="panel-two" role="tabpanel" aria-labelledby="link-two">
 Chapter 2 content goes here
</div>
```

Using ARIA states³

- attributes for declaring the current state of a UI widget.
- Some examples:
 - aria-checked: indicates the state of a checkbox or radio button
 - aria-disabled: indicates that an element is visible, but not editable or otherwise operable

³ See <u>Supported states and properties</u> for a full list

Using ARIA states

```
<a href="#panel-one">Chapter 1</a>
 <a href="#panel-two">Chapter 2</a>
 <div id="panel-one" role="tabpanel" aria-labelledby="link-one" aria-hidden="false">
 Chapter 1 content goes here
</div>
<div id="panel-two" role="tabpanel" aria-labelledby="link-two" aria-hidden="true">
 Chapter 2 content goes here
</div>
```

Styling ARIA states

```
li[aria-checked="true"] {
  background-color: rgb(200, 100, 100);
  color: white;
  font-weight: 400;
  text-align: center
  ...
}
```

Styling ARIA states

```
div[aria-hidden="true"] {
  display: none;
  visibility: hidden;
}
```

Questions?