$$\lim_{2 \to 3i} \frac{2e^{i2}}{(2-3i)(2+3i)}$$

$$= \frac{3ie^{-3}}{8i}$$

$$= e^{-3}$$

GROUPWORK
Show that 
$$\int_0^\infty \frac{x \cos(x)}{x^2 + 9} \ dx = 0$$

$$T = \int \frac{x \cos(x)}{x^2 + 9} dx = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Re} \int \frac{x e^{ix}}{x^2 + 9} dx$$

$$f(2) = \frac{2e^{i2}}{2^2 + 9} \operatorname{pole}(2) : 2 = \pm 3i$$

$$g = f + f$$

$$C II - R$$

$$\int_{C}^{2^{2}+9} d^{2} = 2\pi i \sum_{Re}^{2} Res(f)$$

$$= \int_{C}^{2^{2}+9} d^{2} = 2\pi i \sum_{Re}^{2} = \pi i e^{3}$$

$$\pi i e^{3} = \int_{C}^{2} + \int_{Re}^{2} e^{iRe^{i\phi}} d^{2} = \pi i e^{3}$$

$$= \int_{C}^{2} \frac{Re^{i\rho} e^{iRe^{i\phi}}}{R^{2}e^{2i\phi} + 9} |Re^{i\rho}| d^{2} = \int_{C}^{2} \frac{Re^{iRe^{i\phi}}}{R^{2}e^{2i\phi} + 9} |R^{2}| d^{2} = \int_{C}^{2} \frac{Re^{iRe^{i\phi}}}{R^{2}e^{2i\phi} + 9} |R^{2}| d^{2} = \int_{C}^{2} \frac{e^{-Rsin(\phi)}}{R^{2}e^{2i\phi} + 9} d^{2} d^{2} d^{2} = \int_{C}^{2} \frac{e^{-Rsin(\phi)}}{R^{2}e^{2i\phi} + 9} d^{2} d^{2} d^{2} = \int_{C}^{2} \frac{e^{-Rsin(\phi)}}{R^{2}e^{2i\phi} + 9} d^{2} d^{2} d^{2} d^{2} = \int_{C}^{2} \frac{e^{-Rsin(\phi)}}{R^{2}e^{2i\phi} + 9} d^{2} d^{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \left| R^{2} e^{2i\phi} - (-9) \right| \gg \left| R^{2} e^{i\phi} \right| - \left| -9 \right| = \left| R^{2} - 9 \right| = R^{2} - 9 \\ \frac{1}{\left| R^{2} e^{2i\phi} + 9 \right|} \leqslant \frac{1}{R^{2} - 9} \\ \leqslant R^{2} \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{e^{-R_{0}in(\phi)}}{R^{2} - 9} d\phi = \frac{R^{2}}{R^{2} - 9} \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-R_{0}in(\phi)} d\phi \quad [0, \pi] \rightarrow (0, \pi) \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{R \rightarrow \infty}{R} \Rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow \int \frac{1}{1} = 0 \Rightarrow \int \frac{1}{1} = 0$$

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$$\frac{R \rightarrow \infty}{\Rightarrow} Re(Mie^{3}) = Re \int \frac{xe^{iX}}{x^{2}+9} dx$$