

# Genefusiondiscover

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## Abstract

Circulating tumor DNA (ctDNA) containing somatic mutations can be found in blood plasma. This includes DNA fusions, such as the EML4-ALK, which can be an oncogenic driver in non-small cell lung cancer. This is an introduction to the **Genefusiondiscover** package for R, which can be used to evaluate whether EML4-ALK is present in blood plasma.

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## 1 Introduction

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This package was created in order to increase the sensitivity of EML4-ALK detection from commercially available NGS products such as the AVENIO (Roche) pipeline.

Paired-end sequencing of cfDNA generated BAM files can be used as input to discover EML4-ALK variants. This package was developed using position deduplicated BAM files generated with the AVENIO Oncology Analysis Software. These files are made using the AVENIO ctDNA surveillance kit and Illumina Nextseq 500 sequencing. This is a targeted hybridization NGS approach and includes ALK-specific but not EML4-specific probes.

The package includes six functions.

The output of the first function, `EML4_ALK_detection()`, is used to determine whether EML4-ALK is detected and serves as input for the next four exploratory functions characterizing the EML4-ALK variant. The last function `EML4_ALK_analysis()` combines the output of the exploratory functions.

To serve as examples, this package includes BAM files representing the EML4-ALK positive cell line H3122 and the EML4-ALK negative cell line, HCC827.

## 2 Installation

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Use **devtools** to install the most recent version of **Genefusiondiscover** from the GitHub repository.

```
if (!require(devtools)) install.packages('devtools')
library(devtools)

install_github("CTrierMaansson/Genefusiondiscover")
library(Genefusiondiscover)
```

Alternatively, install **Genefusiondiscover** published at **Bioconductor**

```
if (!requireNamespace("BiocManager", quietly = TRUE))
  install.packages("BiocManager")

BiocManager::install("Genefusiondiscover")
library(Genefusiondiscover)
```

## 3 Package data

---

BAM files from the cell lines, H3122 and HCC827, are included in the package and can be used as examples to explore the functions.

```
H3122_bam <- system.file("extdata",
                        "H3122_EML4.bam",
                        package = "Genefusiondiscover")
HCC827_bam <- system.file("extdata",
                        "HCC827_EML4.bam",
                        package = "Genefusiondiscover")
```

## 4 Functions

### 4.1 EML4\_ALK\_detection()

This function looks for EML4-ALK mate pair reads in the BAM file.

#### Input:

##### file

The name of the file which the data are to be read from.

##### genome

character representing the reference genome.  
Can either be "hg38" or "hg19".  
Default = "hg38".

##### mates

integer, the minimum number EML4-ALK mate pairs needed to be detected in order to call a variant. Default = 2.

#### Output:

If EML4-ALK is detected, a `data.frame` with soft-clipped reads representing EML4-ALK is returned. Otherwise "No EML4-ALK was detected" is returned.

#### Examples:

```
head(EML4_ALK_detection(file = H3122_bam,
                        genome = "hg38",
                        mates = 2))

#>
#> 726 TTGCTTCTTCACTTAGTTTTTTTGTGTTTGTGTTTGTGTTTTTGAGATGGGGTTTCACTCTTGTGCCCAGGCTGGAGTGCAGTGGTCT sequences
#> 727 TTGCTTCTTCACTTAGTTTTTTTGTGTTTGTGTTTGTGTTTTTGAGATGGGGTTTCACTCTTGTGCCCAGGCTGGAGTGCAGTGGTCT
#> 728 TTGCTTCTTCACTTAGTTTTTTTGTGTTTGTGTTTGTGTTTTTGAGATGGGGTTTCACTCTTGTGCCCAGGCTGGAGTGCAGTGGTCT
#> 729 TTGCTTCTTCACTTAGTTTTTTTGTGTTTGTGTTTGTGTTTTTGAGATGGGGTTTCACTCTTGTGCCCAGGCTGGAGTGCAGTGGTCT
#> 731 TTGCTTCTTCACTTAGTTTTTTTGTGTTTGTGTTTGTGTTTTTGAGATGGGGTTTCACTCTTGTGCCCAGGCTGGAGTGCAGTGGTCT
#> 733 TTGCTTCTTCACTTAGTTTTTTTGTGTTTGTGTTTGTGTTTTTGAGATGGGGTTTCACTCTTGTGCCCAGGCTGGAGTGCAGTGGTCT
#>      mate position cigar
#> 726 29223691 42299657 94M2S
#> 727 29223375 42299657 94M2S
#> 728 29223479 42299657 94M2S
#> 729 29223686 42299657 94M2S
#> 731 29223636 42299657 94M2S
#> 733 29223687 42299657 94M2S
```

```
EML4_ALK_detection(file = HCC827_bam,
                    genome = "hg38",
                    mates = 2)
#> [1] "No EML4-ALK was detected"
```

## 4.2 EML4\_sequence()

This function identifies the basepairs leading up to the EML4 breakpoint.

### Input:

#### reads

data.frame returned by EML4\_ALK\_detection().

#### basepairs

integer, number of basepairs identified from the EML4-ALK fusion.  
Default = 20.

### Output:

If EML4-ALK is detected, a table of identified EML4 basepairs is returned, with the number of corresponding reads for each sequence. Otherwise "No EML4-ALK was detected" is returned.

### Examples:

```
EML4_sequence(EML4_ALK_detection(file = H3122_bam,
                                genome = "hg38",
                                mates = 2),
              basepairs = 20)
#> EML4_seq
#> CCAGGCTGGAGTGCAGTGGT GGAGTGCAGTGGTGTGATTT TCAGGCTGGAGTGCAGTGGT
#>                201                        1                        1
EML4_sequence(EML4_ALK_detection(file = HCC827_bam,
                                genome = "hg38",
                                mates = 2),
              basepairs = 20)
#> [1] "No EML4-ALK was detected"
```

## 4.3 ALK\_sequence()

This function identifies the basepairs following the ALK breakpoint.

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### Input:

#### reads

data.frame returned by EML4\_ALK\_detection().

#### basepairs

integer, number of basepairs identified from the EML4-ALK fusion.  
Default = 20.

### Output:

If EML4-ALK is detected, a table of identified ALK basepairs is returned, with the number of corresponding reads for each sequence. Otherwise "No EML4-ALK was detected" is returned.

### Examples:

```
ALK_sequence(EML4_ALK_detection(file = H3122_bam,
                                genome = "hg38",
                                mates = 2),
             basepairs = 20)

#> ALK_seq
#> CAGAATTTTAGCTTTGCAAT      CGGATTTTATAGCTTT CGGATTTTATAGCTTTTCATT
#>           1                1                2
#> CGGAATTTTAGCTTTGCATT      CT                CTG
#>           1                8                3
#>           CTGA            CTGAT            CTGATTTT
#>           11             16             5
#>           CTGATTTT      CTGATTTTAT      CTGATTTTATAG
#>           6              3              3
#> CTGATTTTATAGATTGCAAT      CTGATTTTATAGC      CTGATTTTATAGCT
#>           1              14             10
#>           CTGATTTTATAGCTT CTGATTTTATAGCTTT CTGATTTTATAGCTTTG
#>           10             3              4
#>           CTGATTTTATAGCTTTGC CTGATTTTATAGCTTTGCA CTGATTTTATAGCTTTGCAT
#>           7              8              1
#> CTGATTTTATAGCTTTGCAAT CTGATTTTATAGCTTTGCAAT CTGATTTTATAGCTTTT
#>           71             1              1
#> CTGATTTTATAGCTTTTCATA CTGATTTTATAT      CTGATTTTATATCTTTG
#>           1              1              2
#> CTGATTTTATATCTTTGCAAT CTGATTTTATCTTTTGATT CTGTGTTTATAGATTGCAAT
#>           2              1              1
#> CTGTGTTTATCTTTGCAAT      CTGAA CTTATTTTATCTTTGCAAT
#>           1              1              1
```

```
#>          TTAGCTTTG
#>          1
ALK_sequence(EML4_ALK_detection(file = HCC827_bam,
                                genome = "hg38",
                                mates = 2),
             basepairs = 20)
#> [1] "No EML4-ALK was detected"
```

### 4.4 breakPosition()

This function identifies the genomic position in EML4 where the breakpoint has happened.

#### Input:

##### reads

data.frame returned by EML4\_ALK\_detection().

#### Output:

If EML4-ALK is detected, a table of genomic positions is returned with the number of corresponding reads for each sequence. Otherwise "No EML4-ALK was detected" is returned.

#### Examples:

```
breakPosition(EML4_ALK_detection(file = H3122_bam,
                                genome = "hg38",
                                mates = 2))

#> break_pos
#> 42299750 42299757
#>      202      1
breakPosition(EML4_ALK_detection(file = HCC827_bam,
                                genome = "hg38",
                                mates = 2))

#> [1] "No EML4-ALK was detected"
```

### 4.5 breakPositionDepth()

This function identifies the read depth at the basepair before the breakpoint in EML4.

#### Input:

##### file

The name of the file which the data are to be read from.

### reads

data.frame returned by EML4\_ALK\_detection().

### Output:

If EML4-ALK is detected a single `integer` corresponding to the read depth at the breakpoint is returned. Otherwise "No EML4-ALK was detected" is returned

### Examples:

```
breakPositionDepth(H3122_bam,  
                    EML4_ALK_detection(file = H3122_bam,  
                                       genome = "hg38",  
                                       mates = 2))  
  
#> [1] 251  
breakPositionDepth(HCC827_bam,  
                    EML4_ALK_detection(file = HCC827_bam,  
                                       genome = "hg38",  
                                       mates = 2))  
  
#> [1] "No EML4-ALK was detected"
```

## 4.6 EML4\_ALK\_analysis()

This functions collects the results from the other functions of the package.

### Input:

#### file

The name of the file which the data are to be read from.

#### genome

character representing the reference genome.  
Can be either "hg38" or "hg19".  
Default = "hg38".

#### mates

integer, the minimum number EML4-ALK mate pairs needed to be detected in order to call a variant. Default = 2.

### basepairs

integer, number of basepairs identified from the EML4-ALK fusion. Default = 20.

### Output:

A `list` object with `clipped_reads` corresponding to `EML4_ALK_detection()`, `last_EML4` corresponding to `EML4_sequence()`, `first_ALK` corresponding to `ALK_sequence()`, `breakpoint` corresponding to `break_position()`, and `read_depth` corresponding to `break_position_depth()`.

### Examples:

```
H3122_results <- EML4_ALK_analysis(file = H3122_bam,
                                   genome = "hg38",
                                   mates = 2,
                                   basepairs = 20)
HCC827_results <- EML4_ALK_analysis(file = HCC827_bam,
                                    genome = "hg38",
                                    mates = 2,
                                    basepairs = 20)
```

```
head(H3122_results$clipped_reads)
#>
#> 726 TTGCTTCTTCACTTAGTTTTTTTGTGTTTTGTTTTGTTTTGTTTTGAGATGGGGTTTCACTCTTGTGCCCAGGCTGGAGTGCAGTGGTCT
#> 727 TTGCTTCTTCACTTAGTTTTTTTGTGTTTTGTTTTGTTTTGTTTTGAGATGGGGTTTCACTCTTGTGCCCAGGCTGGAGTGCAGTGGTCT
#> 728 TTGCTTCTTCACTTAGTTTTTTTGTGTTTTGTTTTGTTTTGTTTTGAGATGGGGTTTCACTCTTGTGCCCAGGCTGGAGTGCAGTGGTCT
#> 729 TTGCTTCTTCACTTAGTTTTTTTGTGTTTTGTTTTGTTTTGTTTTGAGATGGGGTTTCACTCTTGTGCCCAGGCTGGAGTGCAGTGGTCT
#> 731 TTGCTTCTTCACTTAGTTTTTTTGTGTTTTGTTTTGTTTTGTTTTGAGATGGGGTTTCACTCTTGTGCCCAGGCTGGAGTGCAGTGGTCT
#> 733 TTGCTTCTTCACTTAGTTTTTTTGTGTTTTGTTTTGTTTTGTTTTGAGATGGGGTTTCACTCTTGTGCCCAGGCTGGAGTGCAGTGGTCT
#>
#>      mate position cigar
#> 726 29223691 42299657 94M2S
#> 727 29223375 42299657 94M2S
#> 728 29223479 42299657 94M2S
#> 729 29223686 42299657 94M2S
#> 731 29223636 42299657 94M2S
#> 733 29223687 42299657 94M2S
```

```
H3122_results$last_EML4
#> EML4_seq
#> CCAGGCTGGAGTGCAGTGGT GGAGTGCAGTGGTGTGATTT TCAGGCTGGAGTGCAGTGGT
#>
#>      201      1      1

H3122_results$first_ALK
#> ALK_seq
#> CAGAATTTTAGCTTTGCAAT CGGATTTTGTAGCTTT CGGATTTTGTAGCTTTTCATT
#>
#>      1      1      2
```



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```
#> CGGAATTTTAGCTTTGCATT      CT      CTG
#>           1           8           3
#>           CTGA      CTGAT      CTGATTTT
#>           11          16           5
#>           CTGATTTT      CTGATTTTA      CTGATTTTAG
#>           6           3           3
#> CTGATTTTGTAGATTTGCATT      CTGATTTTAGC      CTGATTTTAGCT
#>           1           14          10
#>           CTGATTTTAGCTT      CTGATTTTAGCTTT      CTGATTTTAGCTTTG
#>           10           3           4
#>           CTGATTTTAGCTTTGC      CTGATTTTAGCTTTGCA      CTGATTTTAGCTTTGCAT
#>           7           8           1
#> CTGATTTTAGCTTTGCATT      CTGATTTTAGCTTTGCAAT      CTGATTTTAGCTTTT
#>           71           1           1
#> CTGATTTTAGCTTTTCATA      CTGATTTTAT      CTGATTTTATCTTTG
#>           1           1           2
#> CTGATTTTATCTTTGCATT      CTGATTTTATCTTTTGATT      CTGTGTTTAGATTTGCATT
#>           2           1           1
#> CTGTGTTTATCTTTGCAAT      CTGAA      CTTATTTTATCTTTGCATT
#>           1           1           1
#>           TTAGCTTTG
#>           1
```

```
H3122_results$breakpoint
```

```
#> break_pos
```

```
#> 42299750 42299757
```

```
#>      202      1
```

```
H3122_results$read_depth
```

```
#> [1] 251
```

```
HCC827_results
```

```
#> [1] "No EML4-ALK was detected"
```

## 5 Session info

```
#> - Session info -----
#> setting value
#> version R version 4.2.1 (2022-06-23 ucrt)
#> os      Windows 10 x64 (build 22000)
#> system x86_64, mingw32
#> ui      RTerm
#> language (EN)
#> collate Danish_Denmark.utf8
#> ctype   Danish_Denmark.utf8
#> tz      Europe/Paris
#> date    2022-07-28
#> pandoc  2.17.1.1 @ C:/Program Files/RStudio/bin/quarto/bin/ (via rmarkdown)
#>
#> - Packages -----
#> package      * version date (UTC) lib source
#> BiocStyle     * 2.25.0  2022-04-28 [1] Bioconductor
#> devtools      * 2.4.4   2022-07-20 [1] CRAN (R 4.2.1)
#> dplyr         * 1.0.9   2022-04-28 [1] CRAN (R 4.2.0)
#> Genefusiondiscover * 0.99.0  2022-07-28 [1] Github (CTrierMaansson/Genefusiondiscover@6f5750b)
#> usethis       * 2.1.6   2022-05-25 [1] CRAN (R 4.2.1)
#>
#> [1] C:/Users/Christoffer/AppData/Local/R/win-library/4.2
#> [2] C:/Program Files/R/R-4.2.1/library
#>
#> -----
```