# Package 'Genefusiondiscover'

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Title Identification of gene fusions using paired-end sequencing

<b>Version</b> 0.99.0
biocViews TargetedResequencing, Genetics, GeneFusionDetection, Sequencing
<b>Description</b> Paired-end sequencing of cfDNA generated BAM files can be used as input to discover EML4-ALK variants. This package was developed using position deduplicated BAM files generated with the AVENIO Oncology Analysis Software. These files are made using the AVENIO ctDNA surveillance kit and Illumina Nextseq 500 sequencing. This is a targeted hybridization NGS approach and includes ALK-specific but not EML4-specific probes.
License GPL-3
Encoding UTF-8
<b>Roxygen</b> list(markdown = TRUE)
RoxygenNote 7.2.1
Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, usethis, devtools, testthat, BiocStyle
VignetteBuilder knitr
Imports bamsignals, GenomicRanges, IRanges, Rsamtools
<b>Depends</b> dplyr, R (>= 4.2.0)
BugReports https://github.com/CTrierMaansson/Genefusiondiscover/issues
R topics documented:
ALK_sequence 2 breakPosition 2 breakPositionDepth 3 EML4_ALK_analysis 4 EML4_ALK_detection 5 EML4_sequence 6
Index

2 breakPosition

ALK\_sequence

Identification of ALK breakpoint bases

### **Description**

This function identifies the basepairs following the ALK breakpoint.

#### Usage

```
ALK_sequence(reads, basepairs = 20)
```

### **Arguments**

reads data.frame returned by EML4\_ALK\_detection().

basepairs integer, number of basepairs identified from the EML4-ALK fusion. De-

fault=20.

#### Value

If EML4-ALK is detected, returns a table of identified ALK basepairs with the number of corresponding reads for each sequence. Otherwise "No EML4-ALK was detected" is returned.

## **Examples**

breakPosition

EML4-ALK breakpoint

## **Description**

This function identifies the genomic position in EML4 where the breakpoint has happened.

#### Usage

```
breakPosition(reads)
```

breakPositionDepth 3

#### **Arguments**

reads Data.frame returned by EML4\_ALK\_detection().

#### Value

If EML4-ALK is detected, returns a table of genomic positions with the number of corresponding reads for each sequence. Otherwise "No EML4-ALK was detected" is returned.

## **Examples**

breakPositionDepth

Read depth at breakpoint

## **Description**

This function identifies the read depth at the basepair before the breakpoint in EML4.

# Usage

```
breakPositionDepth(file, reads)
```

# **Arguments**

The name of the file which the data are to be read from.

reads data.frame returned by EML4\_ALK\_detection().

## Value

If EML4-ALK is detected a single integer corresponding to the read depth at the breakpoint is returned. Otherwise "No EML4-ALK was detected" is returned

#### **Examples**

EML4\_ALK\_analysis

Complete EML4-ALK analysis

#### **Description**

This functions collects the results from the other functions of the package.

## Usage

```
EML4_ALK_analysis(file, genome = "hg38", mates = 2, basepairs = 20)
```

## **Arguments**

file The name of the file which the data are to be read from.

genome character representing the reference genome. Can be either "hg38" or "hg19".

Default="hg38".

mates interger, the minimum number EML4-ALK mate pairs needed to be detected

in order to call a variant. Default=2.

basepairs integer, number of basepairs identified from the EML4-ALK fusion. De-

fault=20.

# Value

A list object with clipped\_reads corresponding to EML4\_ALK\_detection(), last\_EML4 corresponding to EML4\_sequence(), first\_ALK corresponding to ALK\_sequence(), breakpoint corresponding to breakPosition(), and read\_depth corresponding to breakPositionDepth().

## **Examples**

```
H3122_bam <- system.file("extdata",
"H3122_EML4.bam",
package="Genefusiondiscover")
HCC827_bam <- system.file("extdata",
"HCC827_EML4.bam",
package="Genefusiondiscover")
```

EML4\_ALK\_detection

```
EML4_ALK_analysis(file=H3122_bam,

genome="hg38",

mates=2,

basepairs=20)

EML4_ALK_analysis(file=HCC827_bam,

genome="hg38",

mates=2,

basepairs=20)
```

EML4\_ALK\_detection

Detection of EML4-ALK variants

## **Description**

This function looks for EML4-ALK mate pair reads in the BAM file.

### Usage

```
EML4_ALK_detection(file, genome = "hg38", mates = 2)
```

#### **Arguments**

file The name of the file which the data are to be read from.

genome Character string representing the reference genome. Can be either "hg38" or

"hg19". Default="hg38".

mates Interger, the minimum number EML4-ALK mate pairs needed to be detected

in order to call a variant. Default=2.

#### Value

If EML4-ALK is detected a data.frame with soft-clipped reads representing EML4-ALK is returned. Otherwise "No EML4-ALK was detected" is returned.

# **Examples**

6 EML4\_sequence

EML4\_sequence

Identification of EML4 breakpoint bases

## **Description**

This function identifies the basepairs leading up to the EML4 breakpoint.

## Usage

```
EML4_sequence(reads, basepairs = 20)
```

#### **Arguments**

reads Data.frame returned by EML4\_ALK\_detection().

basepairs Integer, number of basepairs identified from the EML4-ALK fusion. De-

fault=20.

#### Value

If EML4-ALK is detected, returns a table of identified EML4 basepairs with the number of corresponding reads for each sequence. Otherwise "No EML4-ALK was detected" is returned.

# **Examples**

# Index

```
ALK_sequence, 2
breakPosition, 2
breakPositionDepth, 3
EML4_ALK_analysis, 4
EML4_ALK_detection, 5
EML4_sequence, 6
```