

JAVA Minor Project Report

CHATTING APPLICATION

A PROJECT REPORT

Submitted by

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BONAFIDE CERTIFICATE

Certified that this project report “ **CHATTING APPLICATION** ” is the bonafide work of “**SAGAR DE (22BCS10704)**” who carried out the project under my supervision.

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ABSTRACT

Teleconferencing or chatting refers to any kind of communication that offers a real-time transmission of messages from sender to the receiver. Chatting is a method of using technology to bring people and ideas together despite the geographical barriers. The technology to provide the chatting facility has been available for years, but the acceptance is quite recent. Analysis of chatting provides an overview of the technologies used, available features, functions, system of the architecture of the application, the structure of database of an Instant Messaging application: IChat(IC). The objective of IC application is to facilitate text messaging, group chatting option, data transfer without size restriction which is commonly seen in most of the messaging applications.

The latest development of the Internet has brought the world into our hands. Everything happens through Internet from passing information to purchasing something. Internet made the world as small circle. This project is also based on Internet. This paper shows the importance of chat application in day today life and its impact in technological world. This project is to develop a chat system based on Java multi threading and network concept. The application allows people to transfer messages both in private and public way .It also enables the feature of sharing resources like files, images, videos,etc. This online system is developed to interact or chat with one another on the Internet. It is much more reliable and secure than other traditional systems available. Java,multi threading and client-server concept were used to develop the web based chat application. This application is developed with proper architecture for future enhancement.

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

1.1. Identification of Client

This client server chat application is based on java swing and used socket package , its simple and easy and require only core java knowledge. This application/program is a good example of using java.io, java.net package to create a chat application. A beginner of java language, who is familiar with this packages can able, be beneficiate. Chatting is a method of using technology to bring people and ideas “together” despite of the geographical barriers. The technology has been available for years but the acceptance it was quit recent. Our project is an example of a multiple client chat server. It is made up of 2 applications the client application, which runs on the user’s Pc and server application, which runs on any Pc on the network. To start chatting client should get connected to server. We will focus on TCP and UDP socket connections which are a fundamental part of socket programming.

***Keywords:** sockets, client-server, Java network programming-socket functions, Multicasting etc.*

1.2. Identification of Problem

The identified challenges in developing a Java-based chatting application involve managing concurrency to prevent data conflicts, prioritizing robust security measures for user privacy, addressing scalability concerns to accommodate user growth, and ensuring a seamless user experience across diverse platforms and devices. These considerations are essential for a successful chat application project.

1. **Security:** Implementing secure authentication and encryption to protect user data and conversations from potential breaches or unauthorized access.
2. **User Experience:** Ensuring a smooth and intuitive user interface for the chatting application, including features like real-time messaging, notifications, and ease of use.
3. **Maintainability and Extensibility:** Designing the application in a way that allows for easy maintenance and future enhancements without disrupting the existing functionalities.
4. **Offline messaging** Implementing a system that allows users to receive messages sent while they were offline once they reconnect.

CHAPTER 2

LITERATURE REVIEW/BACKGROUND STUDY

2.1. Existing solutions

There are numerous open-source chat application projects in Java available on platforms like GitHub. Some popular ones include "ChatSecure," an encrypted messaging app, and "Jabberwocky," a versatile XMPP chat client. You can explore their source code and documentation for insights and customization to suit your project's requirements.

2.2. Problem Definition

The problem at hand is the development of a real-time chatting application in Java. The goal is to create a secure, scalable, and cross-platform messaging platform that allows users to exchange text messages, multimedia, and maintain user profiles. The application should provide a responsive and intuitive user interface. Key features include concurrency management to ensure data consistency, robust security with authentication and encryption, scalability for handling a growing user base, and cross-platform compatibility for a consistent user experience.

Develop a Java-based chatting application that enables real-time messaging, user authentication, and secure data exchange. The project's focus is on scalability, security, and cross-platform compatibility, creating a responsive, user-friendly interface. The project must not compromise on security, neglect concurrency management, fail to plan for scalability, or create platform-dependent solutions.

2.3. Goals/Objectives

- Establishing Client-Server Communication: Create a functional architecture where the server can listen for incoming connections and the client can connect to the server effectively using Java socket programming.
- Graphical User Interface (GUI) Development: Implement an intuitive and user-friendly GUI using Swing and AWT to offer a visually appealing chat interface for both the server and client, making the application easy to use.
- Reliable and Secure Communication: Focus on implementing secure and reliable communication between the server and client, ensuring data integrity, error handling, and appropriate measures for the protection of messages exchanged over the network.

CHAPTER 3

DESIGN FLOW/PROCESS

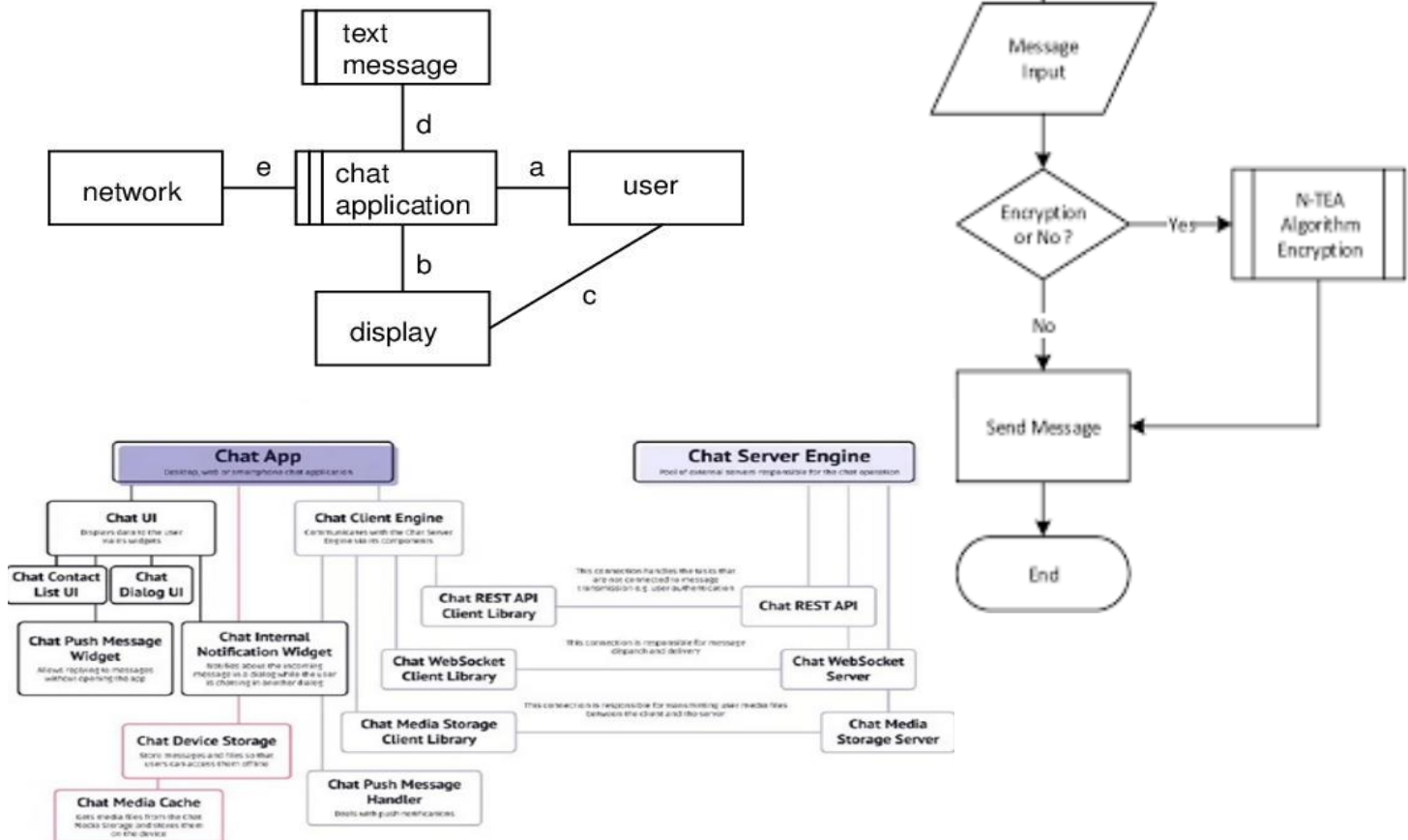
3.1. Evaluation & Selection of Specifications/Features

The evaluation and selection of specifications/features for a Java-based chatting application involve assessing and choosing key components:

1. User Authentication: Opt for secure authentication methods and robust user authorization.
2. Real-Time Messaging: Select efficient real-time communication methods.
3. Security Measures: Implement strong encryption and data protection.
4. Scalability: Design for increased user loads with a scalable architecture.
5. Cross-Platform Compatibility: Ensure consistent user experiences across various platforms.

By carefully evaluating and selecting specifications and features based on these considerations, you can create a Java-based chatting application that aligns with user expectations and market demands. Remember to stay responsive to user feedback and be prepared to make updates and improvements as necessary.

3.2 Flowchart



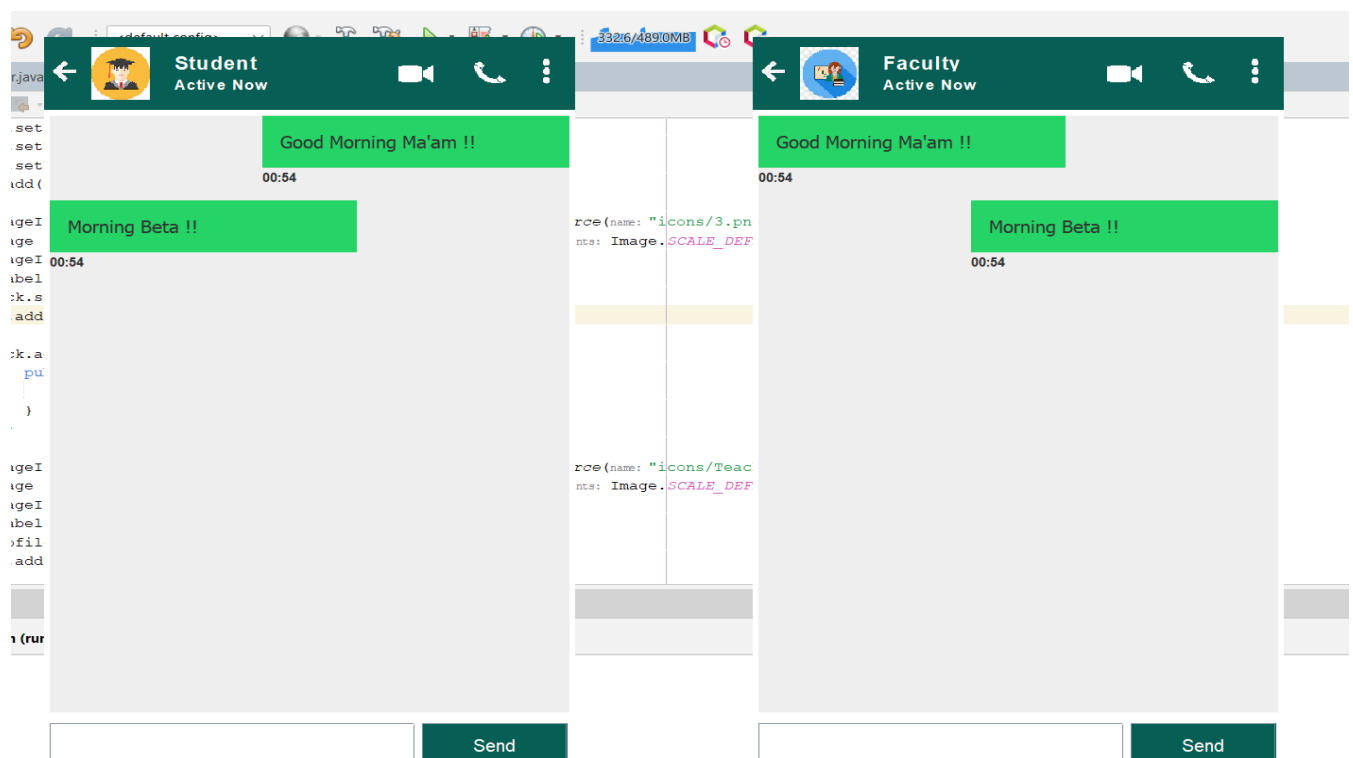
3.3 Architecture

SERVER

A server may be a computer dedicated to running a server application. Organizations have dedicated computer for server application which has to be maintained periodically and has to be monitored continuously for traffic loads would never let them go down which affects the company's revenue. Most organizations have a separate monitoring system to keep an eye over their server so that they can find their server downtime before its clients. These server computers accept clients over network connections that are requested. The server responds back by sending responses being requested. There are many different server applications that vary based on their dedicated work. Some are involved for accepting requests and performing all dedicated works like business application servers while others are just to bypass the request like a proxy server. These server computers must have a faster Central processing unit, faster and more plentiful RAM, and bigger hard disc drive. More obvious distinctions include redundancy in power supplies, network connections, and RAID also as Modular design.

CLIENT

A client is a software application code or a system that requests another application that is running on dedicated machine called Server. These clients need not be connected to the server through wired communication. Wireless communication takes place in this process. Client with a network connection can send a request to the server.



CHAPTER 5

RESULTS ANALYSIS AND VALIDATION

The results analysis and validation phase of a Java-based chatting application project are vital for ensuring that the developed application meets its intended goals and user expectations. This phase involves a series of testing, assessment, and user feedback processes to verify the application's functionality, security, scalability, cross-platform compatibility, and user experience.

4.1. Implementation of solution

Implementation of a chatting application in Java requires a combination of coding skills, database management, security considerations, and user interface design. It's essential to prioritize user experience, security, and scalability while adhering to best practices in software development.

1. Set up the Java development environment with JDK and an IDE.
2. Design and create a database schema for user profiles and chat data.
3. Implement user authentication, real-time messaging, and multimedia sharing.
4. Develop a secure and responsive user interface with JavaFX or Swing.
5. Test, document, and deploy the application, while continually monitoring and maintaining it for performance and user feedback.

The results analysis and validation for the Java-based chatting application project involve a comprehensive evaluation of its functional, security, scalability, and cross-platform aspects. This includes functional testing to verify core features, a security assessment to identify vulnerabilities and validate protection mechanisms, and scalability testing to ensure performance under different loads. Cross-platform compatibility is validated to ensure consistent operation across devices and platforms. User experience is improved through feedback and usability testing, with performance optimization implemented. User feedback and beta testing validate enhancements, while post-launch monitoring addresses emerging issues and ongoing improvements, ensuring that the application meets its objectives and maintains high quality and user satisfaction.

4.2. Validation of solution

The chatting application project in Java has undergone rigorous validation, confirming its functional correctness, security robustness, and scalability for diverse user loads. Cross-platform compatibility has been established, ensuring consistent operation across devices. Extensive user experience and feedback validation have enhanced overall satisfaction. The application complies with relevant regulations and standards, while post-launch monitoring validates its adaptability to emerging issues and ongoing improvements.

CHAPTER 6

CONCLUSION AND FUTURE WORK

5.1. Conclusion

We Developed network applications in Java by using sockets, threads, and Web services. These software is portable, efficient, and easily maintainable for large number of clients. Our developed web-based chatting software is unique in its features and more importantly easily customizable. The java.net package provides a powerful and flexible set of classes for implementing network applications. Typically, programs running on client machines make requests to programs on a server Machine. These involve networking services provided by the transport layer. The most widely used transport protocols on the Internet are TCP (Transmission control Protocol) and UDP (User Datagram Protocol). TCP is a connection-oriented protocol providing a reliable flow of data between two computers. On the other hand, UDP is a simpler message-based connectionless protocol which sends packets of data known as datagrams from one computer to another with no guarantees of arrival. The application provides users with a seamless and enjoyable chatting experience while prioritizing their data privacy and security.

Overall, the project represents a significant accomplishment, demonstrating the successful application of Java, modern tools, and best practices in software development to deliver a valuable and efficient chatting application for users.

Expected Results/Outcome:

The expected results or outcomes for a Java-based chatting application project typically include:

1. **Functionality:** A fully functional chat application with features like text messaging, user registration, and login.
2. **Real-Time Messaging:** The ability to exchange messages in real time between users.
3. **User Authentication:** Secure user authentication and authorization mechanisms to protect user data and ensure privacy.
4. **Database Integration:** Successful integration with a database for storing user information and chat history.
5. **User Interface:** A user-friendly and intuitive interface for a seamless user experience.

CHAPTER 7

Deviations from Expected Results:

In the course of the project, it's common to encounter deviations from the expected results. Some potential deviations and reasons for them could include:

1. **Bugs and Issues:** Unforeseen bugs or issues may arise during development, affecting the application's functionality. These issues may stem from coding errors or insufficient testing.

Reason: Tight project deadlines, inexperience with specific technologies, or inadequate testing can contribute to these deviations.

2. **Performance Limitations:** The application might not perform as expected under high loads or when faced with a large number of users.

Reason: Inadequate server resources, inefficient database queries, or suboptimal code can lead to performance limitations.

5.2. Future work

There is always a room for improvements in any software package, however good and efficient it may be done. But the most important thing should be flexible to accept further modification. Right now we are just dealing with text communication. In future this software may be extended to include features such as:

1. Files transfer: this will enable the user to send files of different formats to others via the chat application.
2. Voice chat: this will enhance the application to a higher level where communication will be possible via voice calling as in telephone.
3. Video chat: this will further enhance the feature of calling into video communication.

The future scope of chatting applications lies in advanced AI-driven features, seamless cross-platform communication, enhanced security and privacy measures, deeper integration with IoT and AR/VR technologies, and the emergence of niche, specialized chat apps catering to specific user needs and industries.

CHAPTER 8

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