## ASEN 5264 Decision Making under Uncertainty Homework 1: Probabilistic Models

January 17, 2024

## 1 Questions

**Question 1.** (15 pts) Consider the following joint distribution of three binary-valued random variables, A, B, and C:

A	B	C	P(A, B, C)
0	0	1	0.15
0	1	0	0.05
0	1	1	0.01
1	0	0	0.14
1	0	1	0.18
1	1	0	0.29
1	1	1	0.06

- a) What is the probability of the outcome A = 0, B = 0, C = 0?
- b) What is the marginal distribution of A?
- c) What is the conditional distribution of A given B = 0 and C = 1?

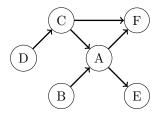
Question 2. (20 pts) 2% of women at age forty who participate in routine screening have breast cancer. 86% of those with breast cancer will get positive mammograms. 8% of those without breast cancer will also get positive mammograms. A woman in this age group had a positive mammogram in a routine screening. What is the probability that she actually has breast cancer?

**Question 3.** (20 pts) Suppose that A, B, and C are binary random variables with P(A=1)=0.5, P(B=1|A=1)=0.8, P(B=1|A=0)=0.2, P(C=1|B=1)=0.9, P(C=1|B=0)=0.3, and the following Bayesian network structure:

$$\begin{array}{c}
A \longrightarrow B \longrightarrow C
\end{array}$$

If we observe that C=1, what is the probability that B=1?

Question 4. (20 pts) Consider the following Bayesian network structure:



- a) Is it possible to conclude from the structure that  $B \perp F \mid C$ ? Justify your answer.
- b) Is it possible to conclude from the structure that  $B \perp F \mid A$ ? Justify your answer.
- c) Is it possible to conclude from the structure that  $B \perp E \mid A$ ? Justify your answer.

(assignment continues on next page)

## 2 Auto-graded Programming

Question 5. (20 pts autograder + 5 pts code) In this exercise, you will write and test a Julia function to ensure that you can get Julia and the course-specific code running and help you learn how to do a task that sometimes trips students up in homework 2. Your function should take two arguments:

- a: a matrix, and
- bs: a non-empty vector of vectors.

The function should multiply all of the vectors in **bs** by **a** and then return a vector where the *i*th element is the maximum of the *i*th elements of all of the resulting vectors, that is, the *elementwise* maximum of the resulting vectors.

Example: if

$$\mathbf{a} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and bs has the vectors } \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \tag{1}$$

then, after multiplication, the resulting vectors are

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$
 and  $\begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$ , and the elementwise maximum that should be returned is  $\begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$ . (2)

In order to get full-credit, the function must be completely "type-stable" (see the "Performance Tips" section of the Julia manual). Your function should always return a vector with the same element type as a. You can assume the vectors in **bs** will have the same element type as a, but you should be able to handle a with any numeric element type.

Evaluate this function with DMUStudent.HW1.evaluate and submit the resulting json file along with a listing of the code. A score of 1 will receive full credit.