COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

Experiment 3

Student Name: Shivam Saini UID:22BCS14156

Branch: BE-CSE Section/Group: IOT-636/B
Semester:6th Date of Performance:27-01-25
Subject Name: Project Based Learning Subject Code: 22CSH-359

in Java with Lab

1. **Aim:** a) Write a Java program to calculate the square root of a number entered by the user. Use try-catch to handle invalid inputs (e.g., negative numbers or non-numeric values).

b.) Write a Java program to simulate an ATM withdrawal system. The program should: Ask the user to enter their PIN.

Allow withdrawal if the PIN is correct and the balance is sufficient.

Throw exceptions for invalid PIN or insufficient balance.

Ensure the system always shows the remaining balance, even if an exception occur

2. Implementation/Code:

```
a.) import
   java.util.Scanner;
  public class
   SquareRootCalculator {
  public static void
   main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scanner = new
   Scanner(System.in);
    try {
       System.out.print("Enter
   a number: ");
       double number =
   scanner.nextDouble();
       if (number < 0) {
         throw new
   IllegalArgumentException("
   Square root of a negative
   number is not valid.");
       }
       double squareRoot =
   Math.sqrt(number);
   System.out.println("Square
   root: " + squareRoot);
     } catch
```

COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

```
(IllegalArgumentException
e) {
    System.out.println("Error: "
    + e.getMessage());
    } catch (Exception e) {
    System.out.println("Invalid input! Please enter a valid number.");
    } finally {
        scanner.close();
    }
}
```

3.Output

```
c exp3.java } ; if ($?) { java exp3 }
Enter a number: -25
Error: Square root of a negative number is not valid.
PS C:\Users\DELL\Downloads\java exp codes>
```

```
PS C:\Users\DELL\Downloads\java exp codes> cd "c:\Users\DELL\Downloads\java exp codes\" ; if ($?) { java c exp3.java } ; if ($?) { java exp3 }
Enter a number: 25
Square root: 5.0
PS C:\Users\DELL\Downloads\java exp codes>
```

4.Code :b)

```
import java.util.Scanner;

public class ATM {
    private static final int
        CORRECT_PIN = 1234; //
        Predefined PIN
    private static double balance
        = 5000.0; // Initial
        balance

public static void
    main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new
        Scanner(System.in);
        try {
```

COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

```
System.out.print("Enter
 your PIN: ");
    int enteredPin =
scanner.nextInt();
    if (enteredPin !=
CORRECT_PIN) {
       throw new
 SecurityException("Invalid
 PIN! Access denied.");
    }
    System.out.print("Enter
withdrawal amount: ");
    double amount =
scanner.nextDouble();
    if (amount > balance) {
       throw new
IllegalArgumentException("
Insufficient balance!");
    balance -= amount;
    System.out.println("Wit
hdrawal successful!
 Amount withdrawn: " +
amount);
  } catch (SecurityException
    System.out.println("Erro
r: " + e.getMessage());
  } catch
 (IllegalArgumentException
e) {
    System.out.println("Erro
r: " + e.getMessage());
  } catch (Exception e) {
    System.out.println("Inva
lid input! Please enter a
valid number.");
  } finally {
    System.out.println("Re
maining balance: " +
balance);
    scanner.close();
}
```

COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

3b)Output

```
PS C:\Users\DELL\Downloads\java exp codes> cd "c:\Users\DELL\Downloads\java exp codes\" ; if ($?) c ATM.java } ; if ($?) { java ATM }
Enter your PIN: 1234
Enter withdrawal amount: 250
Withdrawal successful! Amount withdrawn: 250.0
Remaining balance: 4750.0
```

```
PS C:\Users\DELL\Downloads\java exp codes> cd "c:\Users\DELL\Downloads\java exp codes\" ; if ($?) { j c ATM.java } ; if ($?) { java ATM }
Enter your PIN: 4587
Error: Invalid PIN! Access denied.
Remaining balance: 5000.0
```

Learning Outcomes:

- 1. **Exception Handling** Learn to use try-catch to handle invalid inputs, incorrect PINs, and insufficient balance errors.
- 2. **User Input & Validation** Understand how to take user input, check for correct data types, and prevent negative or invalid entries.
- 3. **Mathematical & Financial Operations** Perform square root calculations and simulate ATM withdrawals with balance checks.
- 4. **Security & Authentication** Implement basic security by validating user PINs and handling authentication failures.
- 5. **Resource Management** Use the finally block to ensure important actions, like displaying the remaining balance, always execute