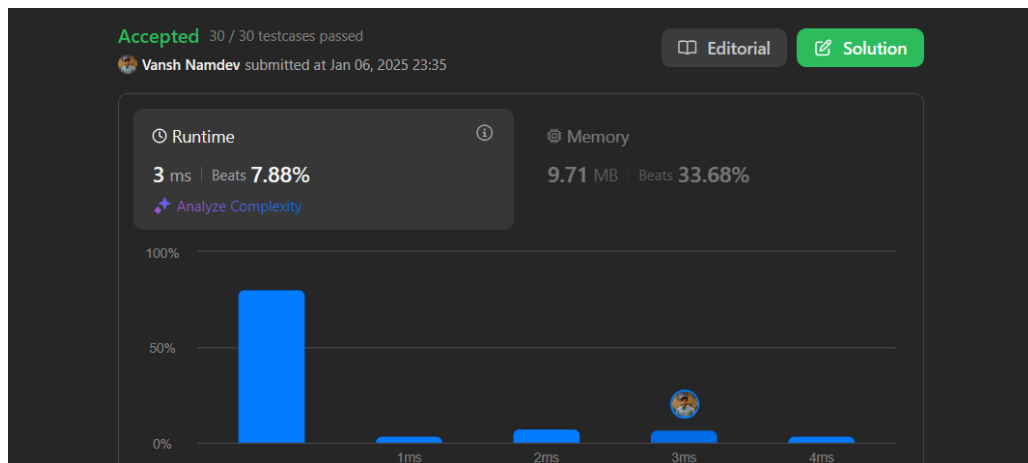


NAME- Vansh Namdev | UID- 22BCS10714 | SECTION- 601/A 1

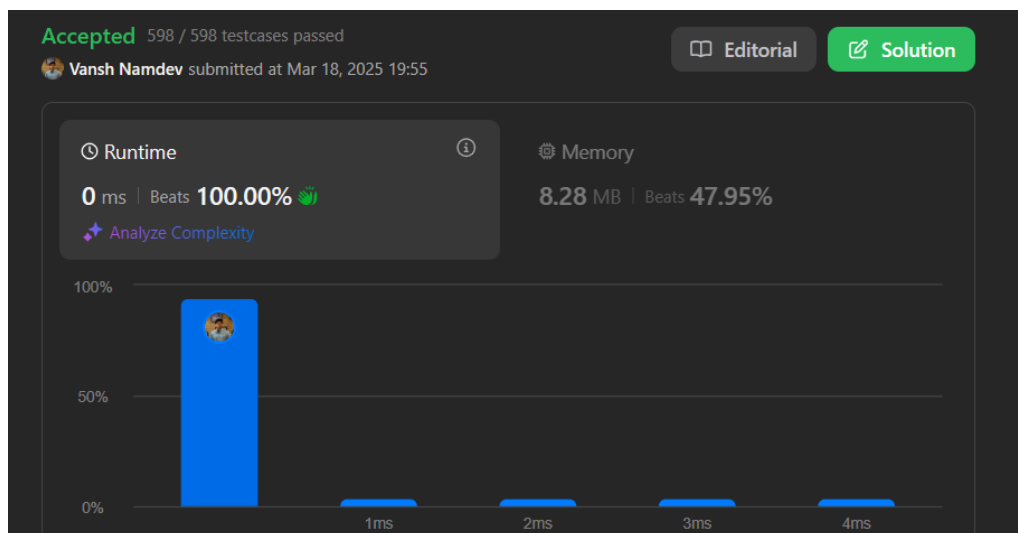
1. Pascal's Triangle

```
class Solution {
public:
    vector<vector<int>> generate(int numRows) {
        vector<vector<int>> result;
        vector<int> prevRow;
        for(int i=0;i<numRows;i++){
            vector<int> currRow(i+1,1);
            for(int j=1;j<i;j++){
                currRow[j]=prevRow[j-1]+prevRow[j];
            }
            result.push_back(currRow);
            prevRow=currRow;
        }
        return result;
    }
};
```



2. Number of 1 Bits

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int hammingWeight(uint32_t n) {  
        int res = 0;  
        for (int i = 0; i < 32; i++) {  
            if ((n >> i) & 1) {  
                res += 1;  
            }  
        }  
        return res;  
    }  
}
```





3. };


3. Valid parenthesis:


```
class Solution {
public:
    bool flag=false;
    bool isValid(string s) {
        stack<char> st;
        for(char c:s)
        {
            if(c=='(' || c=='{' || c=='[')
            {
                st.push(c);
            }else{
                if(st.empty() ||
                (c==')' && st.top()!='(') ||
                (c=='}' && st.top()!='{') ||
                (c==']' && st.top()!='['))
                {
                    return false;
                }
                st.pop();
            }
        }
        return st.empty();
    }
};
```

Accepted 96 / 96 testcases passed

 **Vansh Namdev** submitted at Jan 17, 2024 23:53


 Editorial

 **Solution**


 Runtime



3 ms | Beats **7.33%**

 [Analyze Complexity](#)

 Memory

6.72 MB | Beats **100.00%** 

100%

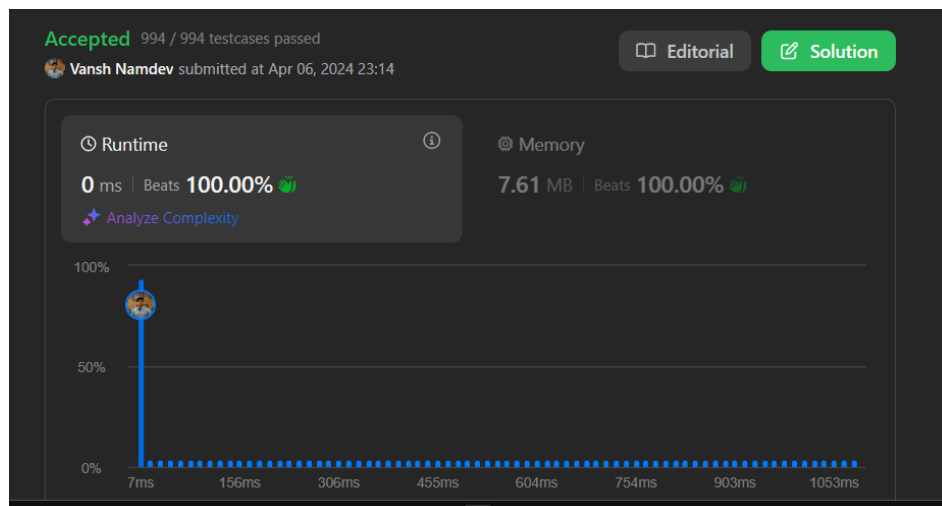
50%

0%



4. Divide Two Integers

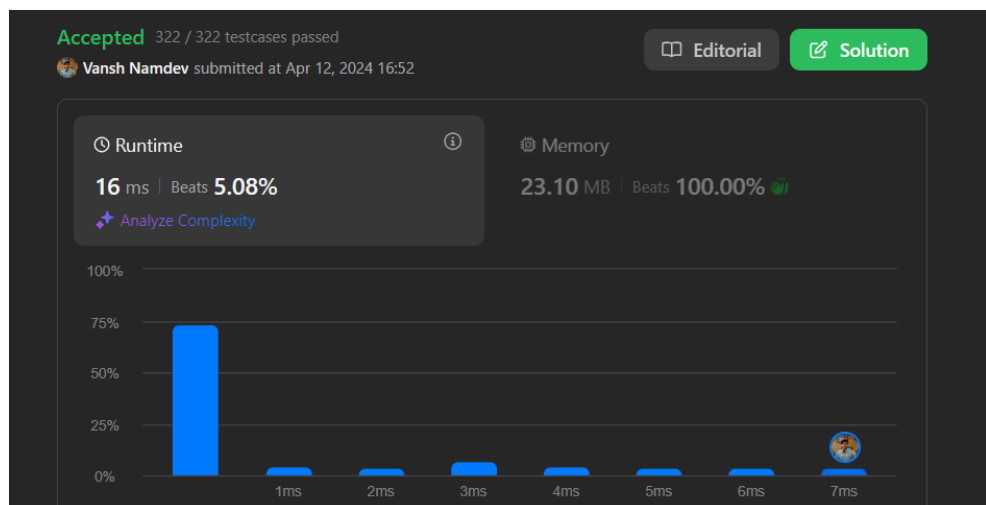
```
class Solution {
public:
    long long divide(int dividend, int divisor) {
        long long quotient=(long double)dividend/divisor;
        cout<<quotient<<endl;
        if(quotient<pow(-2,31))
        {
            return pow(-2,31);
        }
        else if(quotient>pow(2,31)-1)
        {
            return pow(2,31)-1;
        }
        return quotient;
    }
};
```



5. Trapping Rain Water

```
class Solution {
public:
    int trap(vector<int>& height) {
        const int n=height.size();
        vector<int> leftMax(n);
        vector<int> rightMax(n);
        int ans=0;

        for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
            leftMax[i]= i==0? height[i]:max(height[i],leftMax[i-1]);
        }
        for(int i=n-1;i>=0;--i){
            rightMax[i]= i==n-1? height[i]:max(height[i],rightMax[i+1]);
        }
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
            ans+=min(leftMax[i],rightMax[i])-height[i];
        }
        return ans;
    }
}
```



6. Max Number of Tasks You Can Assign

```
class Solution {
public:
    int check(vector<int> &tasks, int take, map<int,int> count, int pills, int power) {
        while (take >= 1 && count.size()) {
            auto it = count.end(); --it;

            if (tasks[take - 1] <= it->first) {}
            else if (pills) {
                it = count.lower_bound(tasks[take - 1] - power);
                if (it == count.end()) return 0;
                --pills;
            }
            else return 0;


            --take;
            (it->second)--;
            if (it->second == 0)
                count.erase(it);
        }
        return take == 0;
    }

    int maxTaskAssign(vector<int>& t, vector<int>& w, int p, int s) {
        int n = t.size();
        int m = w.size();
        sort(t.begin(), t.end());
        map<int,int> Count;
        for (auto &strength : w) Count[strength]++;

        int l = 0, r = n, ans = 0;

        while (l <= r) {
            int mid = l + (r - l) / 2;
            int chk = check(t, mid, Count, p, s);
            if (chk) {
                ans = mid;
                l = mid + 1;
            }
            else {
                r = mid - 1;
            }
        }
        return ans;
    }
};
```

Accepted 49 / 49 testcases passed

 Vansh Namdev submitted at Apr 18, 2025 16:14

 Solution

🕒 Runtime

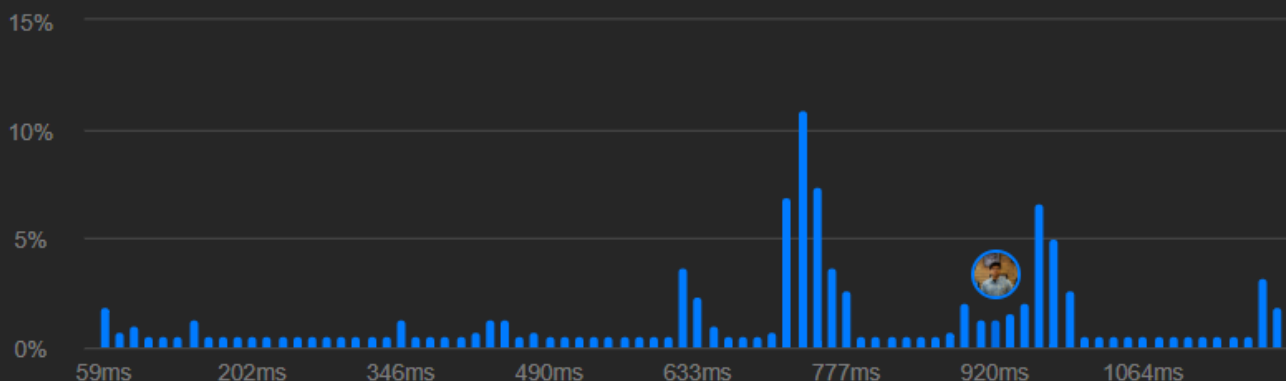


922 ms | Beats 32.71%

🔮 Analyze Complexity

💾 Memory

365.02 MB | Beats 5.05%



7. LRU Cache

```
class Node{
public:
    int key;
    int val;
    Node* prev = nullptr;
    Node* next = nullptr;

    Node(int key, int val) {
        this->key = key;
        this->val = val;
    }
};

class LRUCache {
public:
    int cap;
    unordered_map<int, Node*> cache;
    Node* left;
    Node* right;

    LRUCache(int capacity) {
        cap = capacity;
        left = new Node(0, 0); // Dummy node for the head
        right = new Node(0, 0); // Dummy node for the tail
        left->next = right;
        right->prev = left;
    }
};
```

```

}

// Function to remove a node from the linked list
void remove(Node* node) {
    Node* pre = node->prev;
    Node* nex = node->next;
    pre->next = nex;
    nex->prev = pre;
}

// Function to insert a node at the right end (most recent position)
void insert(Node* node) {
    Node* pre = right->prev;
    Node* nex = right;
    pre->next = node;
    node->prev = pre;
    node->next = nex;
    nex->prev = node;
}

// Function to get the value of a key from the cache
int get(int key) {
    if (cache.find(key) != cache.end()) {
        // Move the accessed node to the most recent position
        remove(cache[key]);
        insert(cache[key]);
        return cache[key]->val;
    }
    return -1; // Key not found
}

// Function to add a key-value pair to the cache
void put(int key, int value) {
    if (cache.find(key) != cache.end()) {
        // Remove the old node if it already exists
        remove(cache[key]);
    }
    cache[key] = new Node(key, value);
    insert(cache[key]);


    // Check if the cache exceeded its capacity
    if (cache.size() > cap) {
        Node* LRU = left->next; // Least Recently Used is at the front (left)
        remove(LRU);
        cache.erase(LRU->key);
        delete LRU;
    }
}


};

/**
 * Your LRUCache object will be instantiated and called as such:
 * LRUCache* obj = new LRUCache(capacity);
 * int param_1 = obj->get(key);
 * obj->put(key, value);
 */


```


Accepted 23 / 23 testcases passed

 Vansh Namdev submitted at Oct 02, 2024 21:09


 Editorial


 Solution

 Runtime



344 ms | Beats 5.02%

 Analyze Complexity

 Memory

174.85 MB | Beats 57.19% 