



## Experiment 4

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**Branch:** CSE

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**Subject Name:** AP LAB-II

**UID:** 22BCS14844

**Section/Group:** 604-B

**Date of Performance:**

**Subject Code:** 22CSP-351

### 1. Aim:

- Binary Search.
- Sort Colors
- Merge Sorted Array

### 2. Objective:

- Understand the fundamentals Searching and Sorting.
- Writing some good code.
- Understanding some Java concepts.

### 3. Implementation/Code:

```
class BinarySearch
{
    int binarySearch(int a[], int l, int r, int x)
    {
        while (l <= r) {
            int m = (l + r) / 2;
            if (a[m] == x)
            {
                return m;
            }
            else if (a[m] > x)
```



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```
{  
    r = m - 1;  
}  
else  
{  
    l = m + 1;  
}  
}  
return -1;  
}  
  
public static void main(String args[])  
{  
    BinarySearch ob = new BinarySearch();  
    int a[] = { 2, 3, 4, 10, 40 };  
    int n = a.length;  
    int x = 10;  
    int res = ob.binarySearch(a, 0, n - 1, x);  
    if (res == -1)  
        System.out.println("-1");  
    else  
        System.out.println(res);  
}  
}
```



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```
class Solution
{
    public void sortColors(int[] nums)
    {
        int l = 0;
        int r = nums.length - 1;
        for (int i = 0; i <= r;)
        {
            if (nums[i] == 0)
            {
                swap(nums, i++, l++);
            }
            else if (nums[i] == 1)
            {
                ++i;
            }
            else
            {
                swap(nums, i, r--);
            }
        }
        private void swap(int[] nums, int i, int j)
        {
            final int temp = nums[i];
            nums[i] = nums[j];
            nums[j] = temp;
        }
    }
}
```



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```
class Solution
{
    public void merge(int[] nums1, int m, int[] nums2, int n) {
        int i = m - 1;
        int j = n - 1;
        int k = m + n - 1;
        while (j >= 0)
            if (i >= 0 && nums1[i] > nums2[j])
                nums1[k--] = nums1[i--];
            else
                nums1[k--] = nums2[j--];
        }
    }
```



## 4. Output:

☒ Testcase | ☒ Test Result

Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

• Case 1

• Case 2

• Case 3

Input

nums1 =  
[1,2,3,0,0,0]

m =  
3

nums2 =  
[2,5,6]

n =  
3

Output

[1,2,2,3,5,6]

☒ Testcase | ☒ Test Result

Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

• Case 1

• Case 2

Input

nums =  
[2,0,2,1,1,0]

Output

[0,0,1,1,2,2]

Expected

[0,0,1,1,2,2]

Contribute a testcase



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## 5. Learning Outcome:

- Learn how to use divide and conquer approach.
- Set up a leetcode solution page for submitting solution.