

WORKSHEET 8

STUDENT NAME: LAKSHIT MALHOTRA **UID:** 22BCS13047

BRANCH: CSE SECTION: 22BCS_FL_IOT_601A

SEMESTER: 6 DATE OF SUBMISSION: 06/4/25

SUBJECT NAME: AP LAB -2 SUBJECT CODE: 22CSP-351

LEET CODE QUESTIONS:

1710 - MAXIMUM UNITS ON A TRUCK

PROBLEM: https://leetcode.com/problems/maximum-units-on-a-truck/

```
public class Solution {
   public int maximumUnits(int[][] boxTypes, int
truckSize) {
        Arrays.sort(boxTypes, (a, b) -> b[1] - a[1]);
        int totalUnits = 0;
        for (int[] box : boxTypes) {
            int count = Math.min(truckSize, box[0]);
            totalUnits += count * box[1];
            truckSize -= count;
            if (truckSize == 0) break;
        }
        return totalUnits;
    }
}
```



1827 - MINIMUM OPERATIONS TO MAKE THE ARRAY INCREASING

PROBLEM: https://leetcode.com/problems/minimum-operations-to-make-the-array-

increasing/

```
public class Solution {
  public int minOperations(int[] nums) {
    int operations = 0;
  for (int i = 1; i < nums.length; i++) {
    if (nums[i] <= nums[i - 1]) {
      operations += (nums[i - 1] + 1 - nums[i]);
      nums[i] = nums[i - 1] + 1;
    }
  }
  return operations;</pre>
```





1962 - REMOVE STONES TO MINIMIZE THE TOTAL

PROBLEM: https://leetcode.com/problems/remove-stones-to-minimize-the-total/

```
public class Solution {
  public int minStoneSum(int[] piles, int k) {
    PriorityQueue<Integer> maxHeap = new
PriorityQueue<>>(Collections.reverseOrder());
    for (int pile : piles) maxHeap.offer(pile);
    while (k-->0) {
       int max = maxHeap.poll();
       maxHeap.offer(max - max / 2);
    int sum = 0;
    while (!maxHeap.isEmpty()) sum +=
maxHeap.poll();
    return sum;
```



1717 - MAXIMUM SCORE FROM REMOVING SUBSTRINGS

PROBLEM: https://leetcode.com/problems/maximum-score-from-removing-substrings/

```
public class Solution {
  public int maximumGain(String s, int x, int y) {
    if (y > x) {
       return maximumGain(new StringBuilder(s).reverse().toString(), y, x);
    int score = 0;
    Stack<Character> stack = new Stack<>():
    for (char c : s.toCharArray()) {
       if (!stack.isEmpty() && stack.peek() == 'a' && c
== 'b') {
          stack.pop();
          score += x;
       } else {
          stack.push(c);
    StringBuilder remaining = new StringBuilder();
    for (char c : stack) remaining.append(c);
     stack.clear();
```



DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING Discover. Learn. Empower.

```
for (char c : remaining.toString().toCharArray()) {
        if (!stack.isEmpty() && stack.peek() == 'b' && c == 'a') {
            stack.pop();
            score += y;
        } else {
            stack.push(c);
        }
    }
    return score;
}
```

1713 - MINIMUM OPERATIONS TO MAKE A SUBSEQUENCE

PROBLEM: https://leetcode.com/problems/minimum-operations-to-make-a-subsequence/

```
public class Solution {
  public int minOperations(int[] target, int[] arr) {
     Map<Integer, Integer> indexMap = new
HashMap<>();
     for (int i = 0; i < \text{target.length}; i++) {
       indexMap.put(target[i], i);
     List<Integer> list = new ArrayList<>();
     for (int num : arr) {
                                 if
(indexMap.containsKey(num)) {
          int idx = indexMap.get(num);
          int pos = Collections.binarySearch(list, idx);
          if (pos < 0) pos = -(pos + 1);
          if (pos == list.size()) list.add(idx);
          else list.set(pos, idx);
     return target.length - list.size();
```





2071 - MAXIMUM NUMBER OF TASKS YOU CAN ASSIGN

```
PROBLEM: https://leetcode.com/problems/maximum-number-of-tasks-you-can-assign/
public class Solution {
  public int maxTaskAssign(int[] tasks, int[] workers, int pills, int strength) {
     Arrays.sort(tasks);
     Arrays.sort(workers);
int left = 0, right = Math.min(tasks.length, workers.length);
     while (left < right) {
       int mid = (left + right + 1) / 2;
       if (canAssign(mid, tasks, workers, pills, strength)) {
          left = mid;
        } else {
          right = mid - 1;
     return left;
  private boolean canAssign(int k, int[] tasks, int[] workers,
int pills, int strength) {
     TreeMap<Integer, Integer> taskMap = new TreeMap<>();
     for (int i = 0; i < k; i++) {
       taskMap.put(tasks[i], taskMap.getOrDefault(tasks[i], 0) + 1);
     for (int i = workers.length - k; i < workers.length; i++) {
       Integer normal = taskMap.floorKey(workers[i]);
       if (normal != null) {
          taskMap.put(normal, taskMap.get(normal) - 1);
          if (taskMap.get(normal) == 0) taskMap.remove(normal);
          continue;
       if (pills == 0) return false;
       Integer boosted = taskMap.floorKey(workers[i] + strength);
       if (boosted == null) return false;
       taskMap.put(boosted, taskMap.get(boosted) - 1);
       if (taskMap.get(boosted) == 0) taskMap.remove(boosted);
       pills--;
     return true;
```