Assignment

Student Name: Gaurav Saini

Branch: BE-CSE

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UID: 22BCS11085

Section/Group:NTPP_IOT_603_B

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Subject Name: AP LAB-II Subject Code: 22CSP-351

1. Aim:

a. Set Matrix Zero

b. Reverse Linked List II

c. Linked List Cycle

d. Longest Substring Without Repeating Characters

2. Implementation/Code:

A. Set Matrix Zero

```
class Solution {
public:
    void setZeroes(vector<vector<int>>& matrix) {
    int m = matrix.size();
    int n = matrix[0].size();

    bool firstRowZero = false;
    bool firstColZero = false;
```

```
Discover. Learn. Empower.
   for (int j = 0; j < n; ++j) {
     if (matrix[0][j] == 0) {
        firstRowZero = true;
        break;
   }
   for (int i = 0; i < m; ++i) {
     if (matrix[i][0] == 0) {
        firstColZero = true;
        break;
   }
   for (int i = 1; i < m; ++i) {
      for (int j = 1; j < n; ++j) {
        if (matrix[i][j] == 0) {
           matrix[i][0] = 0;
           matrix[0][j] = 0;
```

```
Discover. Learn. Empower.
      }
   }
   for (int i = 1; i < m; ++i) {
      for (int j = 1; j < n; ++j) {
        if (matrix[i][0] == 0 || matrix[0][j] == 0) {
           matrix[i][j] = 0;
         } }}
   if (firstRowZero) {
      for (int j = 0; j < n; ++j) {
        matrix[0][j] = 0; \} 
   if (firstColZero) {
      for (int i = 0; i < m; ++i) {
        matrix[i][0] = 0;
      }
}
```

};

B. Reverse Linked List II

```
/**
* Definition for singly-linked list.
* struct ListNode {
     int val;
*
    ListNode *next;
*
    ListNode() : val(0), next(nullptr) { }
*
    ListNode(int x) : val(x), next(nullptr) {}
*
     ListNode(int x, ListNode *next) : val(x), next(next) {}
*
* };
*/
     class Solution {
public:
  ListNode* reverseBetween(ListNode* head, int left, int right) {
     if (!head || left == right) return head;
     ListNode* dummy = new ListNode(0);
```

```
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   dummy->next = head;
   ListNode* prev = dummy;
   for (int i = 1; i < left; i++) {
     prev = prev->next;
   }
   ListNode* start = prev->next;
   ListNode* then = start->next;
   for (int i = 0; i < right - left; i++) {
     start->next = then->next;
     then->next = prev->next;
     prev->next = then;
     then = start->next;
   }
 return dummy->next;}
```

};

C. Linked List Cycle

```
/**
* Definition for singly-linked list.
* struct ListNode {
    int val;
*
    ListNode *next;
*
    ListNode(int x) : val(x), next(NULL) {}
* };
*/
class Solution {
public:
  bool hasCycle(ListNode *head) {
     if (!head || !head->next) return false;
     ListNode* slow = head;
     ListNode* fast = head;
     while (fast && fast->next) {
       slow = slow->next;
       fast = fast->next->next;
       if (slow == fast) {
          return true;
        }
     }
     return false;
};
```

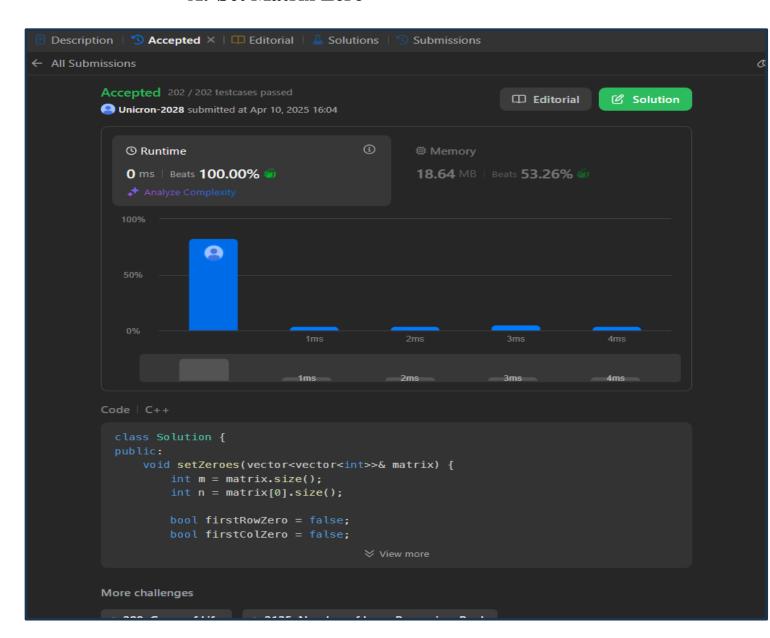
D. Longest substring without Repeating characters

```
class Solution {
public:
int lengthOfLongestSubstring(string s) {
unordered_map<char, int> lastSeen;
int \max Len = 0;
int start = 0;
for (int end = 0; end < s.length(); ++end) {
char currentChar = s[end];
if (lastSeen.find(currentChar) != lastSeen.end() &&
  lastSeen[currentChar] >= start) {
start = lastSeen[currentChar] + 1;
lastSeen[currentChar] = end;
\max Len = \max(\max Len, end - start + 1);
return maxLen;
   };
```



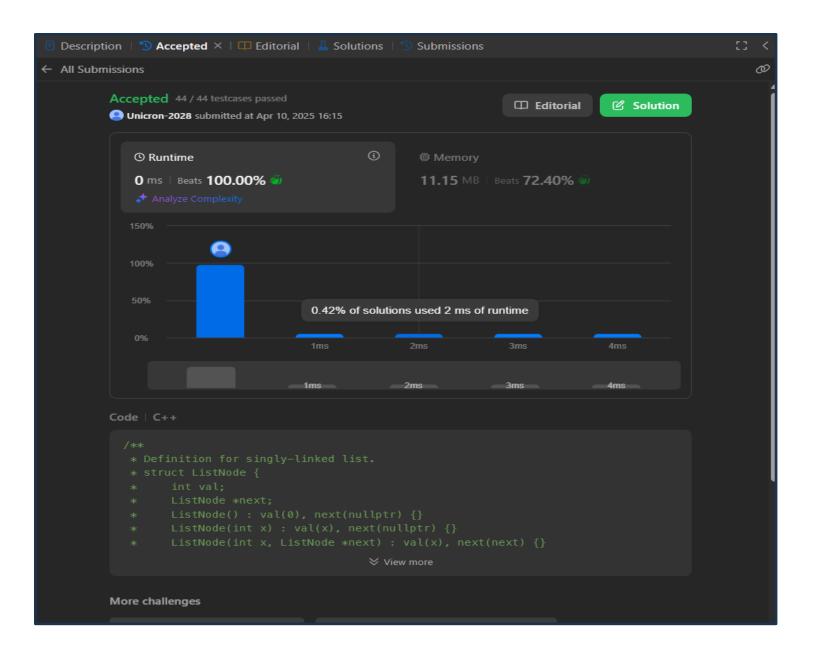
3. Output

A. Set Matrix Zero



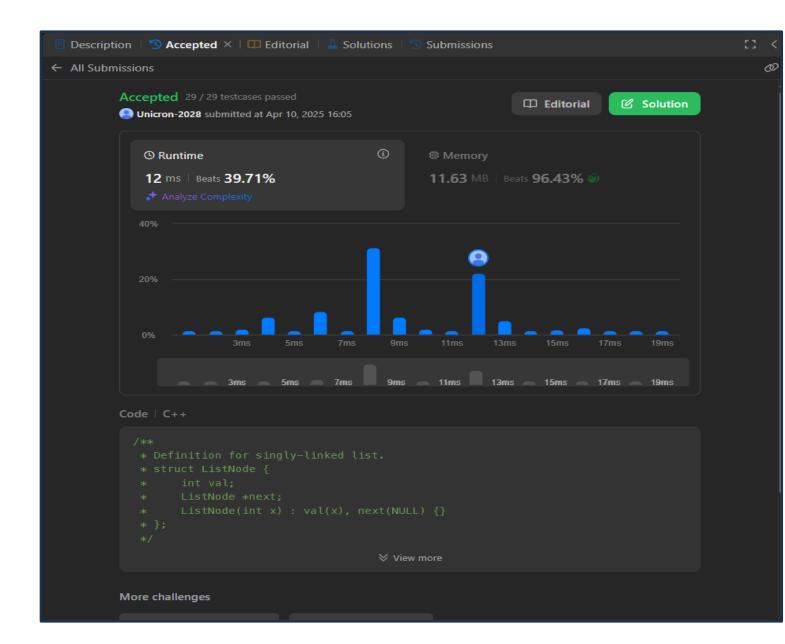


B. Reverse Linked List II





C. Linked List Cycle



D. Longest Substring without Repeating Characters

