



## Assignment Complex Problem

**Student Name:** Aditya Agniesz

**Branch:** CSE

**Semester:** 6<sup>th</sup>

**Subject Name:** AP IAB

**UID:**22BCS14644

**Section/Group:**614\_B

**Date of Performance:**10/04/25

**Subject Code:** 22CSP-351

### **Ques 1: Set Matrix Zeroes**

**Code:**

```
class Solution {
    public void setZeroes(int[][] matrix) {
        int rows = matrix.length, cols = matrix[0].length;
        List<Pair<Integer, Integer>> zeroPositions = new ArrayList<>();

        for (int row = 0; row < rows; row++) {
            for (int col = 0; col < cols; col++) {
                if (matrix[row][col] == 0) {
                    zeroPositions.add(new Pair<Integer, Integer>(row, col));
                }
            }
        }

        for (Pair<Integer, Integer> positions : zeroPositions) {
            int row = positions.getKey();
            int col = positions.getValue();

            for (int x = 0; x < cols; x++) {
                matrix[row][x] = 0;
            }

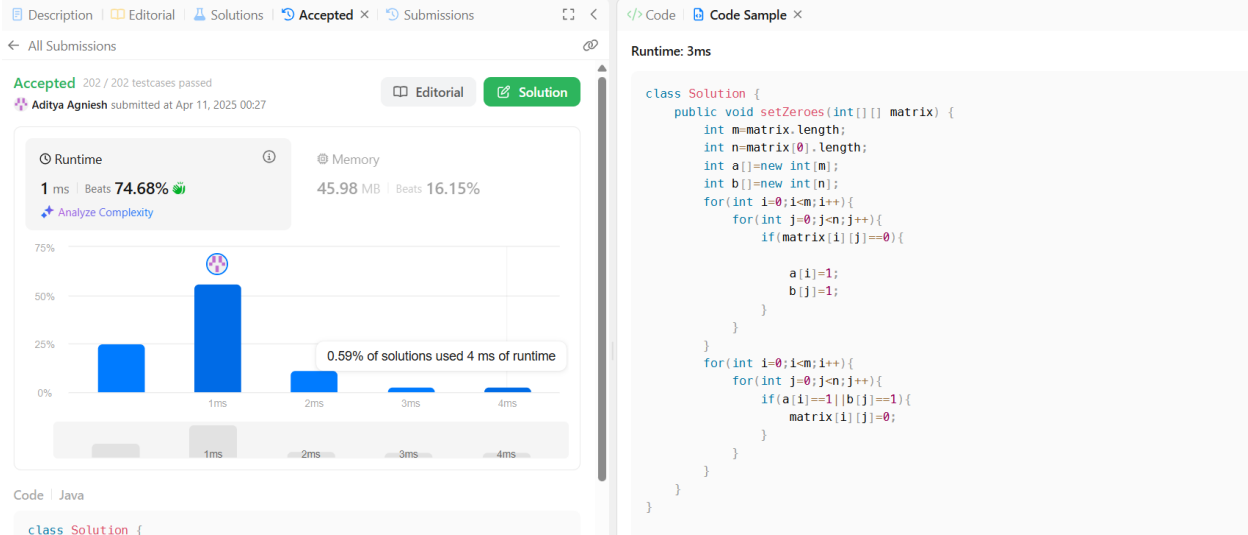
            for (int y = 0; y < rows; y++) {
                matrix[y][col] = 0;
            }
        }
    }
}
```



# DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

Discover. Learn. Empower.

## Output:

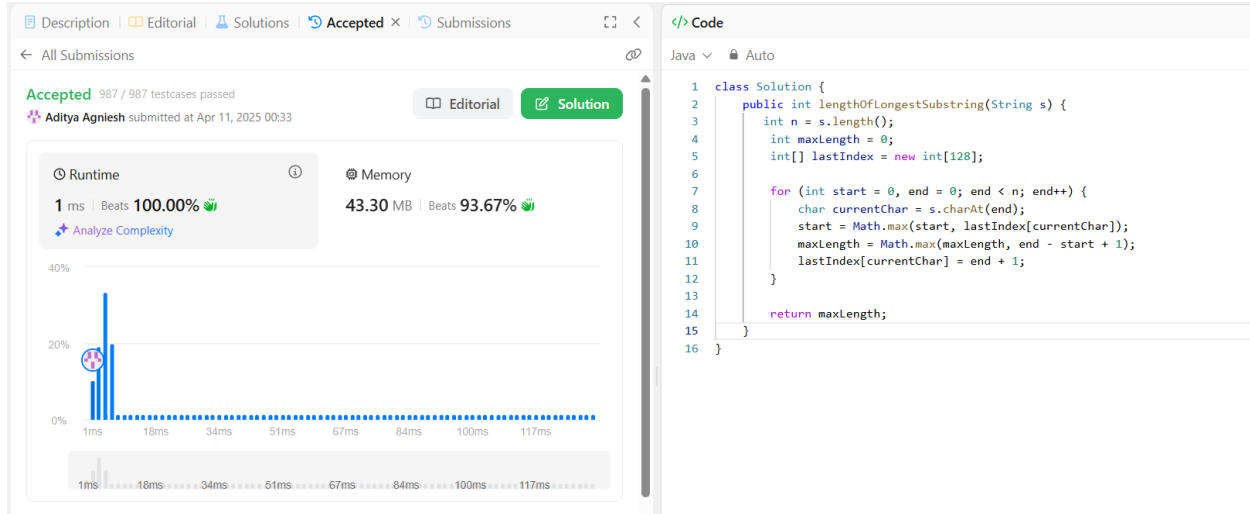


## Ques 2: Longest Substring Without Repeating Characters

### Code:

```
class Solution {  
    public int lengthOfLongestSubstring(String s) {  
        int n = s.length();  
        int maxLength = 0;  
        int[] lastIndex = new int[128];  
  
        for (int start = 0, end = 0; end < n; end++) {  
            char currentChar = s.charAt(end);  
            start = Math.max(start, lastIndex[currentChar]);  
            maxLength = Math.max(maxLength, end - start + 1);  
            lastIndex[currentChar] = end + 1;  
        }  
  
        return maxLength;  
    }  
}
```

## Output:



## Ques 3: Reverse Linked List II

### Code:

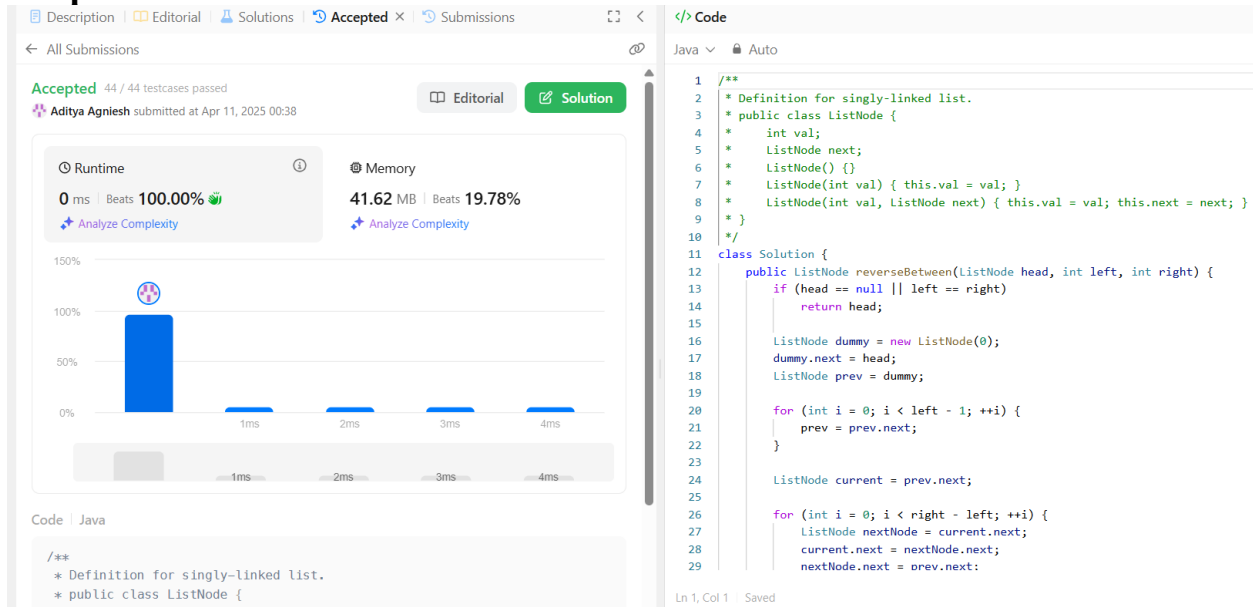
```
class Solution {
    public ListNode reverseBetween(ListNode head, int left, int right) {
        if (head == null || left == right)
            return head;
        ListNode dummy = new ListNode(0);
        dummy.next = head;
        ListNode prev = dummy;
        for (int i = 0; i < left - 1; ++i) {
            prev = prev.next;
        }
        ListNode current = prev.next;
        for (int i = 0; i < right - left; ++i) {
            ListNode nextNode = current.next;
            current.next = nextNode.next;
            nextNode.next = prev.next;
            prev.next = nextNode;
        }
    }
}
```

```

        return dummy.next;
    }
}

```

## Output:



## Ques 4: Detect a Cycle in a Linked List

### Code:

```

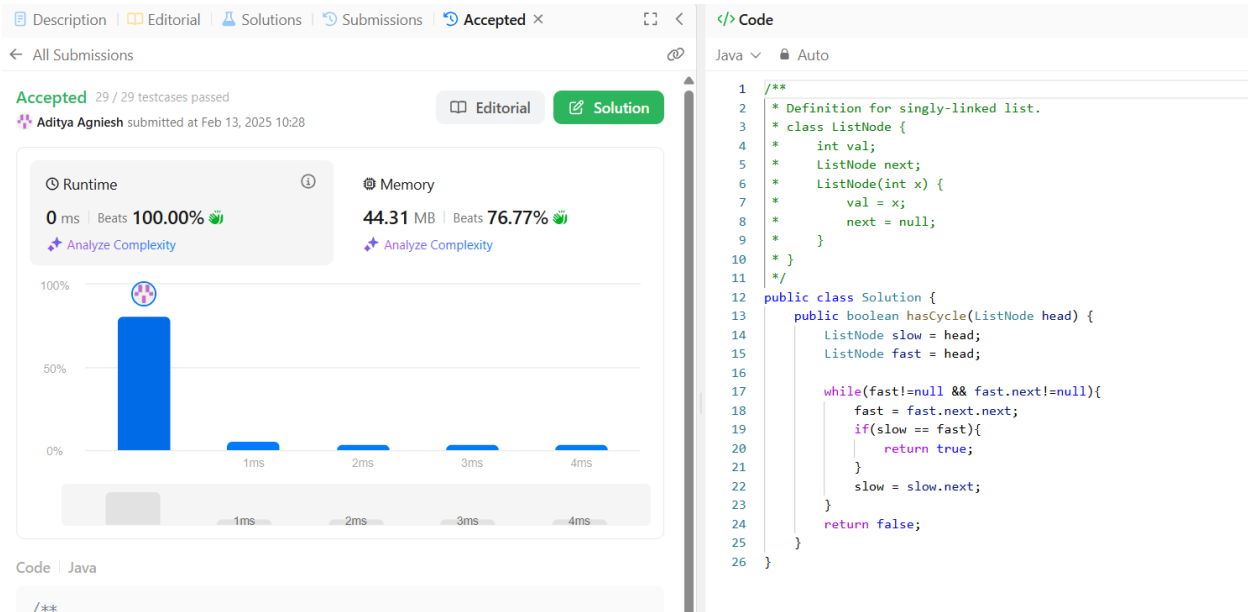
public class Solution {
    public boolean hasCycle(ListNode head) {
        ListNode slow = head;
        ListNode fast = head;

        while(fast!=null && fast.next!=null){
            fast = fast.next.next;
            if(slow == fast){
                return true;
            }
            slow = slow.next;
        }
        return false;
    }
}

```

```
}  
}
```

## Output:



## Ques 5: The Skyline Problem

### Code:

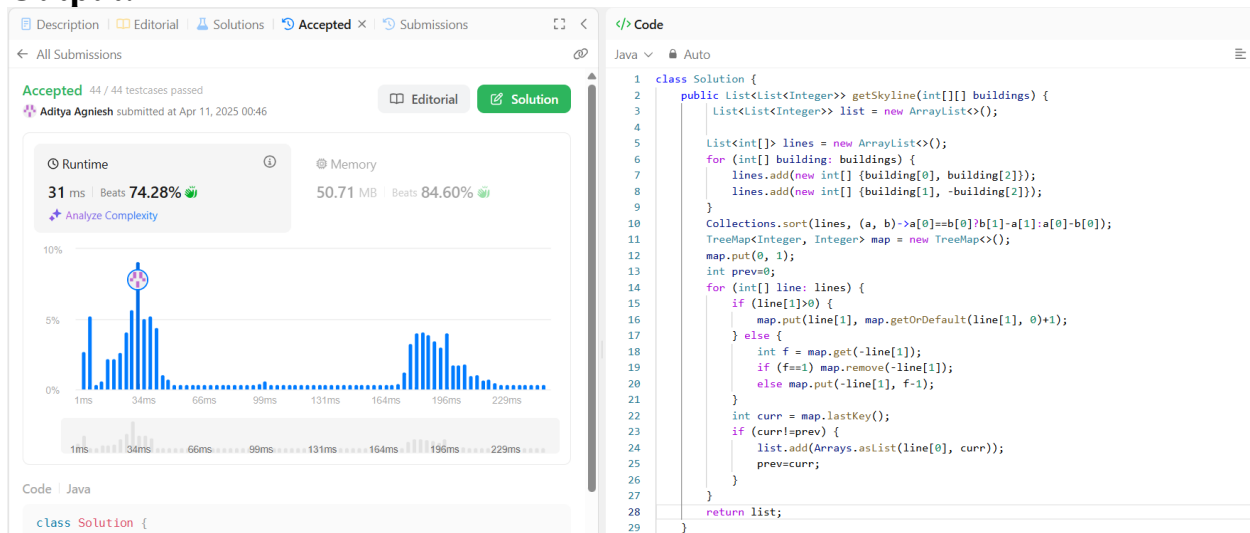
```
class Solution {  
    public List<List<Integer>> getSkyline(int[][] buildings) {  
        List<List<Integer>> list = new ArrayList<>();  
  
        List<int[]> lines = new ArrayList<>();  
        for (int[] building: buildings) {  
            lines.add(new int[] {building[0], building[2]});  
            lines.add(new int[] {building[1], -building[2]});  
        }  
        Collections.sort(lines, (a, b)->a[0]==b[0]?b[1]-a[1]:a[0]-b[0]);  
        TreeMap<Integer, Integer> map = new TreeMap<>();  
        map.put(0, 1);  
        int prev=0;  
        for (int[] line: lines) {
```

```

        if (line[1]>0) {
            map.put(line[1], map.getDefault(line[1], 0)+1);
        } else {
            int f = map.get(-line[1]);
            if (f==1) map.remove(-line[1]);
            else map.put(-line[1], f-1);
        }
        int curr = map.lastKey();
        if (curr!=prev) {
            list.add(Arrays.asList(line[0], curr));
            prev=curr;
        }
    }
    return list;
}
}

```

## Output:



## Ques 6: Longest Increasing Subsequence II

### Code:

```

class Solution {
    public int lengthOfLIS(int[] nums, int k) {

```



# DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

Discover. Learn. Empower.

```
SegmentTree root = new SegmentTree(1, 100000);
int res = 0;
for (int num : nums) {
    int preMax = root.rangeMaxQuery(root, num - k, num - 1);
    root.update(root, num, preMax + 1);
    res = Math.max(res, preMax + 1);
}
return res;
}
}

class SegmentTree {
    SegmentTree left, right;
    int start, end, val;
    public SegmentTree(int start, int end) {
        this.start = start;
        this.end = end;
        setup(this, start, end);
    }
    public void setup(SegmentTree node, int start, int end) {
        if (start == end) return;
        int mid = start + (end - start) / 2;
        if (node.left == null) {
            node.left = new SegmentTree(start, mid);
            node.right = new SegmentTree(mid + 1, end);
        }
        setup(node.left, start, mid);
        setup(node.right, mid + 1, end);
        node.val = Math.max(node.left.val, node.right.val);
    }

    public void update(SegmentTree node, int index, int val) {
        if (index < node.start || index > node.end) return;
        if (node.start == node.end && node.start == index) {
            node.val = val;
            return;
        }
        update(node.left, index, val);
```

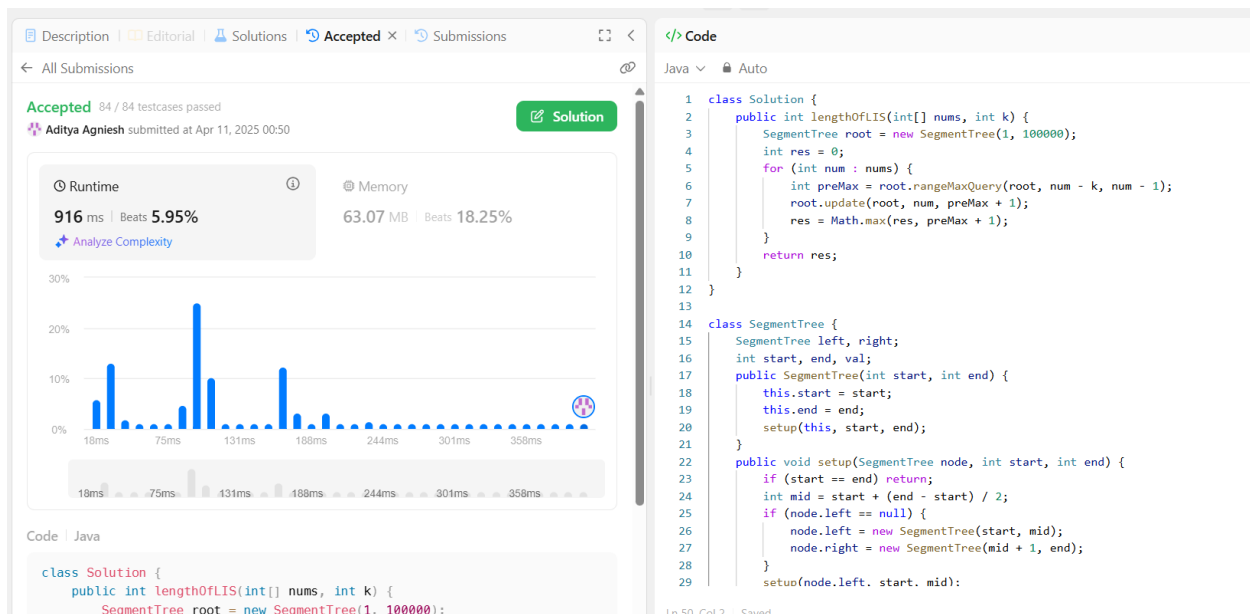
```

        update(node.right, index, val);
        node.val = Math.max(node.left.val, node.right.val);
    }

    public int rangeMaxQuery(SegmentTree node, int start, int end) {
        if (node.start > end || node.end < start) return 0;
        if (node.start >= start && node.end <= end) return node.val;
        return Math.max(rangeMaxQuery(node.left, start, end),
            rangeMaxQuery(node.right, start, end));
    }
}

```

## Output:



## Ques 7: Search a 2D Matrix II

### Code:

```

class Solution {
    public boolean searchMatrix(int[][] matrix, int target) {
        int m = matrix.length;
        int n = matrix[0].length;
        int left = 0, right = m * n - 1;
    }
}

```



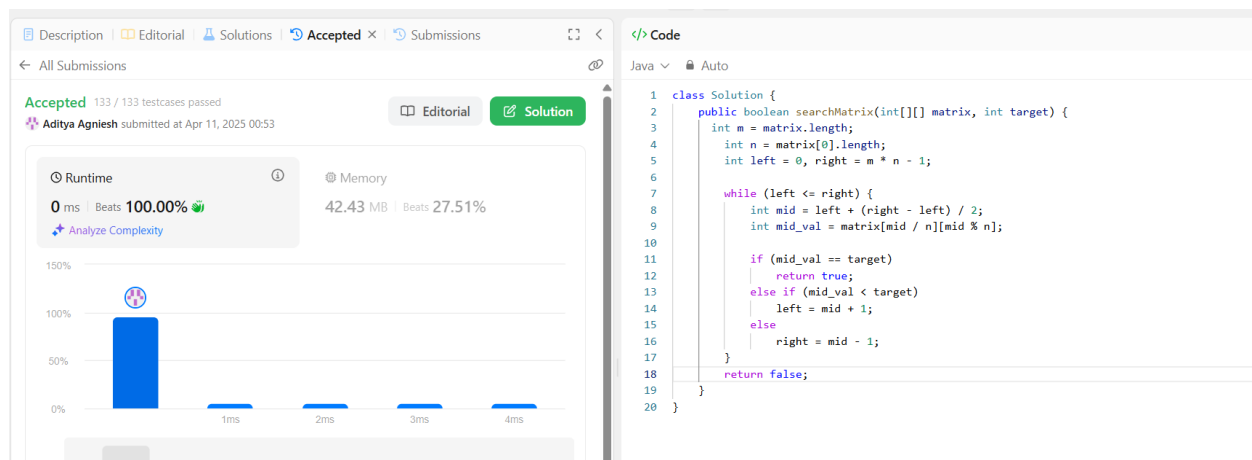
```

while (left <= right) {
    int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
    int mid_val = matrix[mid / n][mid % n];

    if (mid_val == target)
        return true;
    else if (mid_val < target)
        left = mid + 1;
    else
        right = mid - 1;
}
return false;
}
}

```

## Output:



## Ques 8: Word Break

### Code:

```

class Solution {
    public boolean wordBreak(String s, List<String> wordDict) {
        int n = s.length();
        boolean[] dp = new boolean[n + 1];
        dp[0] = true;
    }
}

```

```

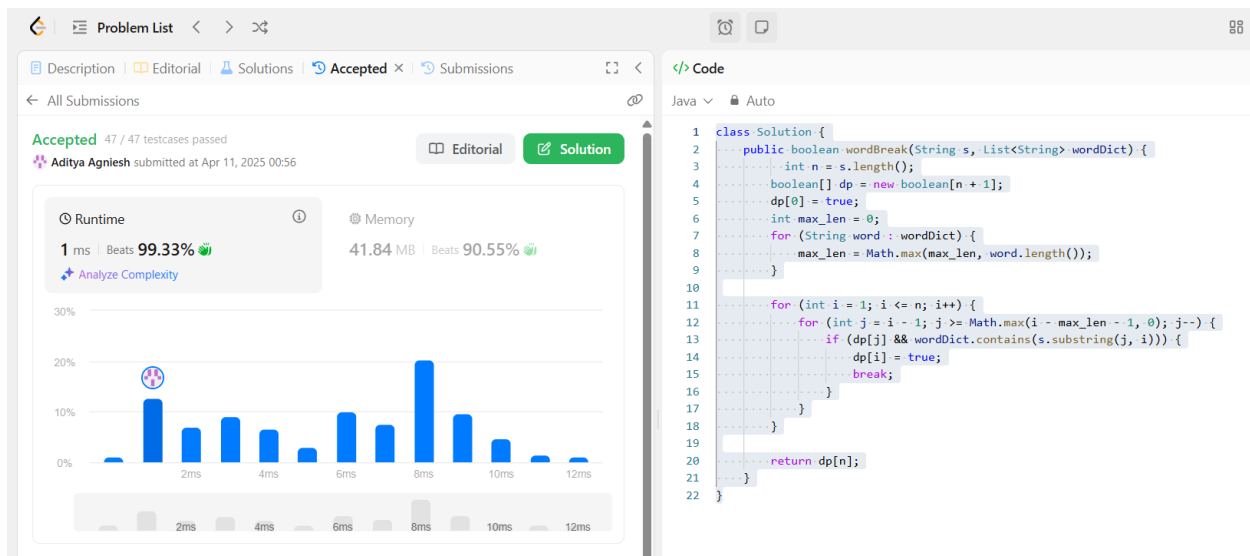
int max_len = 0;
for (String word : wordDict) {
    max_len = Math.max(max_len, word.length());
}

for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
    for (int j = i - 1; j >= Math.max(i - max_len - 1, 0); j--) {
        if (dp[j] && wordDict.contains(s.substring(j, i))) {
            dp[i] = true;
            break;
        }
    }
}

return dp[n];
}
}

```

## Output:



## Ques 9: Longest Increasing Path in a Matrix

### Code:

```
class Solution {
    int[][] dp;
    public int longestIncreasingPath(int[][] matrix) {
        dp = new int[matrix.length+1][matrix[0].length+1];
        int res = 0;
        for(int i = 0; i < matrix.length; i++){
            for(int j = 0; j < matrix[0].length; j++){
                res = Math.max(dfs(matrix, i, j, Integer.MIN_VALUE), res);
            }
        }

        return res;
    }

    public int dfs(int[][] matrix, int i, int j, int prevVal){
        if(i < 0 || i >= matrix.length || j < 0 || j >= matrix[0].length || matrix[i][j] <=
prevVal){
            return 0;
        }

        if(dp[i][j] != 0){
            return dp[i][j];
        }
        int temp = 0;
        int curr = matrix[i][j];
        temp = Math.max(temp, dfs(matrix, i+1, j, curr));
        temp = Math.max(temp, dfs(matrix, i-1, j, curr));
        temp = Math.max(temp, dfs(matrix, i, j+1, curr));
        temp = Math.max(temp, dfs(matrix, i, j-1, curr));

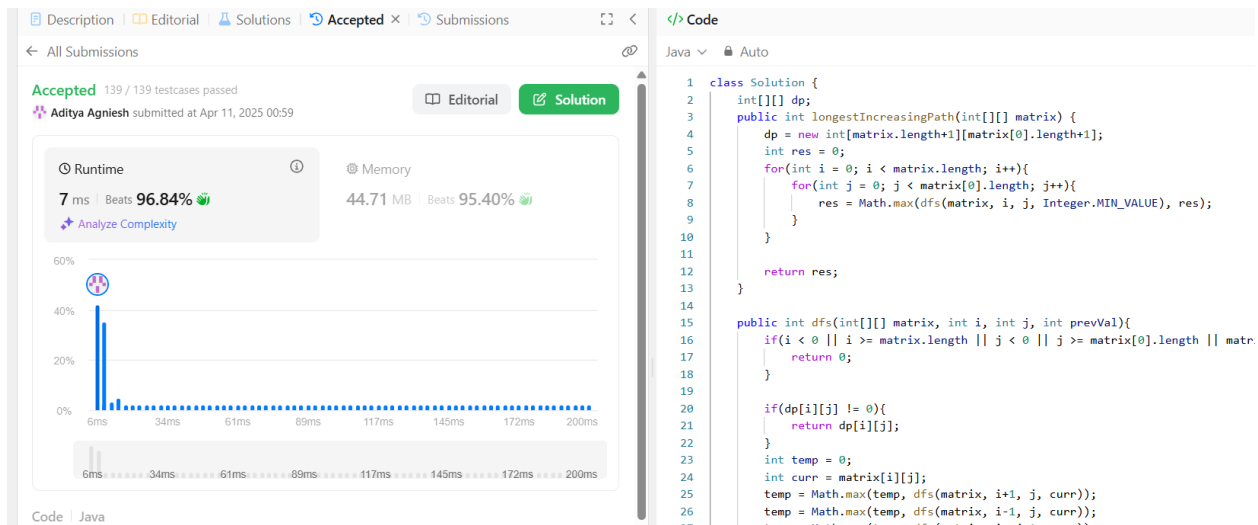
        return dp[i][j] = ++temp;
    }
}
```

**Output:**



# DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

Discover. Learn. Empower.



## Ques 10: Trapping Rain Water

### Code:

```
class Solution {
    public int trap(int[] height) {
        int l = 0, r = height.length - 1;
        int lmax = 0, rmax = 0, ans = 0;

        while (l < r) {
            lmax = Math.max(lmax, height[l]);
            rmax = Math.max(rmax, height[r]);

            if (lmax < rmax) {
                ans += lmax - height[l];
                l++;
            } else {
                ans += rmax - height[r];
                r--;
            }
        }
        return ans;
    }
}
```



# DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

Discover. Learn. Empower.

## Output:

Description

Editorial

Solutions

Accepted ×

Submissions

← All Submissions

Accepted 324 / 324 testcases passed

Aditya Agnesh submitted at Apr 11, 2025 01:03

Editorial

Solution

Runtime

0 ms | Beats 100.00%

Analyze Complexity

Memory

46.32 MB | Beats 59.79%

Time (ms)	Percentage
1ms	~50%
2ms	0%
3ms	0%
4ms	0%
5ms	0%
6ms	0%

Code | Java

</> Code

Java ▾ Auto

```
1 class Solution {
2     public int trap(int[] height) {
3         int l = 0, r = height.length - 1;
4         int lmax = 0, rmax = 0, ans = 0;
5
6         while (l < r) {
7             lmax = Math.max(lmax, height[l]);
8             rmax = Math.max(rmax, height[r]);
9
10            if (lmax < rmax) {
11                ans += lmax - height[l];
12                l++;
13            } else {
14                ans += rmax - height[r];
15                r--;
16            }
17        }
18        return ans;
19    }
20 }
21 }
```