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Class: 605 - B

Q 1 Longest Nice Substring

```
class Solution {
  public String longestNiceSubstring(String s) {
     Set<Character> charSet = new HashSet<>();
     for (int i = 0; i < s.length(); i++) {
       charSet.add(s.charAt(i));
     }
     for (int i = 0; i < s.length(); i++) {
       if (charSet.contains(Character.toUpperCase(s.charAt(i))) &&
            charSet.contains(Character.toLowerCase(s.charAt(i)))) {
          continue;
       String s1 = longestNiceSubstring(s.substring(0, i));
       String s2 = longestNiceSubstring(s.substring(i+1));
       return s1.length()>= s2.length() ? s1 : s2;
     }
     return s;
  } }
```



Q 2 Reverse Bits

```
public class Solution {
  public int reverseBits(int n) {
    int result = 0;
    for(int i = 0; i<32; i++) {
      int lsb = n & 1;
      int reverse = lsb <<(31-i);
      result = result | reverse;
      n = n >> 1;
    }
    return result;
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

• Case 1 • Case 2

Input

n = 00000010100101000001111010011100

Output

964176192 (001110010111100000101001000000)

Expected

964176192 (001110010111100000101001000000)
```

Q3 Number of 1 Bits

```
class Solution {
  public int hammingWeight(int n) {
    int count = 0;
    while(n>0) {
      if((n & 1) != 0) {
        count++;
      }
}
```

```
n = n>>1;
}
return count;
}
```

```
Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

• Case 1
• Case 2
• Case 3

Input

n = 11

Output

3

Expected

3
```

Q 4 Maximum Subarray

```
class Solution {
  public int maxSubArray(int[] nums) {
    int maxSum = Integer.MIN_VALUE;
    int currentSum = 0;

  for (int i = 0; i < nums.length; i++) {
      currentSum += nums[i];

    if (currentSum > maxSum) {
      maxSum = currentSum;
    }

    if (currentSum < 0) {
      currentSum = 0;
    }
}</pre>
```

```
return maxSum;
}
```

```
Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

• Case 1
• Case 2
• Case 3

Input

nums =
[-2,1,-3,4,-1,2,1,-5,4]

Output

6

Expected

6
```

Q 5 Search a 2D Matrix II

```
public class Solution {
  public boolean searchMatrix(int[][] matrix, int target) {
     int rows = matrix.length;
     int cols = matrix[0].length;
     int r = rows - 1;
     int c = 0;
     while (r \ge 0 \&\& c < cols) {
       if (matrix[r][c] > target) {
          r --;
        } else if (matrix[r][c] \le target) {
          c ++;
        } else {
          return true;
        }
     return false;
}
```

```
Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

• Case 1
• Case 2

Input

matrix =
  [[1,4,7,11,15],[2,5,8,12,19],[3,6,9,16,22],[10,13,14,17,24],[18,21,23,26,30]]

target =
  5

Output

true

Expected

true
```

Q 6 Super Pow

```
class Solution {
  public int superPow(int a, int[] b) {
    int num=0;
    for(int i:b){
       num=(num*10+i)%1140;
     }
    return binexpo(a,num,1337);
  public int binexpo(int a, int b, int m){
    a%=m;
    int res=1;
    while(b>0){
       if((b\&1)==1)
         res=(res*a)%m;
       a=(a*a)%m;
       b >>=1;
     }
    return res;
```

```
}
```

```
Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

• Case 1 • Case 2 • Case 3

Input

a = 2

b = [3]

Output

8

Expected

8
```

Q 7 Beautiful Array

```
class Solution {
  public int[] beautifulArray(int N) {
     int[] res = new int[N];
     if (N == 1)
     {
       return new int[] {1};
     }
     else if (N == 2)
       return new int[] \{1, 2\};
     }
     else
     {
       int[] odds = beautifulArray((N + 1) / 2);
       int[] even = beautifulArray(N / 2);
       for (int i = 0; i < odds.length; i ++)
        {
```

```
res[i] = odds[i] * 2 - 1;
}
for (int j = 0; j < even.length; j ++)
{
    res[odds.length + j] = even[j] * 2;
}
return res;
}</pre>
```

```
Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

• Case 1
• Case 2

Input

n = 4

Output

[1,3,2,4]

Expected

[2,1,4,3]
```

Q 8 The Skyline Problem

```
class Solution {
public List<List<Integer>>> getSkyline(int[][] buildings) {
   List<List<Integer>>> list = new ArrayList<>();

   List<int[]> lines = new ArrayList<>();

   for (int[] building: buildings) {
      lines.add(new int[] {building[0], building[2]});
      lines.add(new int[] {building[1], -building[2]});
   }

   Collections.sort(lines, (a, b)->a[0]==b[0]?b[1]-a[1]:a[0]-b[0]);
```

```
TreeMap<Integer, Integer> map = new TreeMap<>();
    map.put(0, 1);
    int prev=0;
     for (int[] line: lines) {
       if (line[1]>0) {
          map.put(line[1], map.getOrDefault(line[1], 0)+1);
       } else {
          int f = map.get(-line[1]);
          if (f==1) map.remove(-line[1]);
          else map.put(-line[1], f-1);
       int curr = map.lastKey();
       if (curr!=prev) {
          list.add(Arrays.asList(line[0], curr));
          prev=curr;
     }
    return list;
}
```

```
Accepted Runtime: 1 ms

• Case 1
• Case 2

Input

buildings =
[[2,9,10],[3,7,15],[5,12,12],[15,20,10],[19,24,8]]

Output

[[2,10],[3,15],[7,12],[12,0],[15,10],[20,8],[24,0]]

Expected

[[2,10],[3,15],[7,12],[12,0],[15,10],[20,8],[24,0]]
```

Q 9 Reverse Pairs

```
class Solution {
  public int reversePairs(int[] nums) {
     int ans = 0;
     List<Long> res = new ArrayList<>();
     res.add((long) nums[nums.length - 1] * 2);
     for (int i = nums.length - 2; i \ge 0; i - ) {
       ans += LessThanx(res, nums[i]);
       update(res, (long) nums[i] * 2);
     }
     return ans;
  }
  private int LessThanx(List<Long> res, long val) {
     if (res.get(0) \ge val) {
       return 0;
     }
     if (res.get(res.size() - 1) < val) {
       return res.size();
     }
     int lo = 0, hi = res.size() - 1;
     while (lo < hi) {
       int mid = (lo + hi) / 2;
```

```
if (res.get(mid) < val) {
          lo = mid + 1;
       } else {
          hi = mid;
     }
     return lo;
  }
  private void update(List<Long> res, long val) {
     int index = Collections.binarySearch(res, val);
     if (index < 0) {
       index = -(index + 1);
     }
     res.add(index, val);
  }
}
```

```
Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

• Case 1
• Case 2

Input

nums =

[1,3,2,3,1]

Output

2

Expected

2
```

Q 10 Longest Increasing Subsequence II

```
class Solution {
  public int lengthOfLIS(int[] nums, int k) {
     SegmentTree root = new SegmentTree(1, 100000);
     int res = 0;
     for (int num : nums) {
       int preMax = root.rangeMaxQuery(root, num - k, num - 1);
       root.update(root, num, preMax + 1);
       res = Math.max(res, preMax + 1);
    return res;
}
class SegmentTree {
  SegmentTree left, right;
  int start, end, val;
  public SegmentTree(int start, int end) {
     this.start = start;
     this.end = end;
     setup(this, start, end);
  }
  public void setup(SegmentTree node, int start, int end) {
    if (start == end) return;
     int mid = start + (end - start) / 2;
    if (node.left == null) {
       node.left = new SegmentTree(start, mid);
       node.right = new SegmentTree(mid + 1, end);
     }
     setup(node.left, start, mid);
```

```
setup(node.right, mid + 1, end);
     node.val = Math.max(node.left.val, node.right.val);
  }
  public void update(SegmentTree node, int index, int val) {
     if (index < node.start || index > node.end) return;
     if (node.start == node.end && node.start == index) {
       node.val = val;
       return;
     }
     update(node.left, index, val);
     update(node.right, index, val);
     node.val = Math.max(node.left.val, node.right.val);
  }
  public int rangeMaxQuery(SegmentTree node, int start, int end) {
     if (node.start > end || node.end < start) return 0;
     if (node.start >= start && node.end <= end) return node.val;
     return Math.max(rangeMaxQuery(node.left, start, end), rangeMaxQuery(node.right,
start, end));
```

```
Accepted Runtime: 31 ms

• Case 1 • Case 2 • Case 3

Input

nums = [4,2,1,4,3,4,5,8,15]

k = 3

Output

5

Expected

5
```

Q 11 Merge Sorted Array

```
class Solution {
    public void merge(int[] nums1, int m, int[] nums2, int n) {
        int midx = m - 1;
        int right = m + n - 1;

        while (nidx >= 0) {
            if (midx >= 0 && nums1[midx] > nums2[nidx]) {
                 nums1[right] = nums1[midx];
                 midx--;
            } else {
                      nums1[right] = nums2[nidx];
                     nidx--;
            }
            right--;
            }
        }
}
```

```
Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

• Case 1 • Case 2 • Case 3

Input

nums1 = [1,2,3,0,0,0]

m = 3

nums2 = [2,5,6]

n = 3

Output

[1,2,2,3,5,6]

Expected

[1,2,2,3,5,6]
```

Q 12 First Bad Version

```
public class Solution extends VersionControl {
  public int firstBadVersion(int n) {
     int first = 1;
     int last = n;
  while (first <= last) {
    int mid = first + (last - first) / 2;
     if (isBadVersion(mid)) {
       last = mid - 1;
     } else {
       first = mid + 1;
  return first;
```

```
Accepted Runtime: 1 ms

• Case 1
• Case 2

Input

n = 5

bad = 4

Output

4

Expected

4
```

Q 13 Sort Colors

```
class Solution {
  public void sortColors(int[] nums) {
     int zeros = 0, ones = 0, n = nums.length;
     for(int num : nums) {
       if(num == 0) zeros++;
       else if(num == 1) ones++;
     }
     for(int i = 0; i < zeros; ++i) {
       nums[i] = 0;
     }
     for(int i = zeros; i < zeros + ones; ++i) {
       nums[i] = 1;
     }
     for(int i = zeros + ones; i < n; ++i) {
       nums[i] = 2;
     } } }
```

```
Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

• Case 1
• Case 2

Input

nums =
[2,0,2,1,1,0]

Output

[0,0,1,1,2,2]

Expected

[0,0,1,1,2,2]
```

Q 14 Top K Frequent Elements

```
class Solution {
  public int[] topKFrequent(int[] nums, int k) {
     List<Integer>[] bucket = new List[nums.length + 1];
     HashMap<Integer, Integer> hm = new HashMap<>();
     for (int num: nums) {
       hm.put(num, hm.getOrDefault(num,0) + 1);
     }
     for (int key : hm.keySet()) {
       int freq = hm.get(key);
       if (bucket[freq] == null) {
          bucket[freq] = new ArrayList<>();
       }
       bucket[freq].add(key);
     }
    int[] ans = new int[k];
     int pos = 0;
    for (int i = bucket.length - 1; i \ge 0; i--) {
       if (bucket[i] != null) {
          for (int j = 0; j < bucket[i].size() && pos < k; <math>j++) {
            ans[pos] = bucket[i].get(j);
            pos++;
          }
       }
    return ans;
}
```

```
Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

• Case 1 • Case 2

Input

nums = [1,1,1,2,2,3]

k = 2

Output

[1,2]

Expected

[1,2]
```

Q 15 Kth Largest Element in an Array

```
class Solution {
   public int findKthLargest(int[] nums, int k) {
        Arrays.sort(nums);
      return nums[nums.length - k];
   }
}
```

```
Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

• Case 1
• Case 2

Input

nums =

[3,2,1,5,6,4]

k =

2

Output

5

Expected

5
```