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Branch: CSE Section/Group:FL-602-A

Semester: 6 Date of Performance: 18 march 25

Subject Name: Advanced Programming Subject Code: 22CSH-359

1. Convert Sorted Array to Binary Search Tree

```
#include <vector>
using namespace std;
class Solution {
public:
  TreeNode* sortedArrayToBST(vector<int>& nums) {
     return helper(nums, 0, nums.size() - 1);
  }
private:
  TreeNode* helper(vector<int>& nums, int left, int right) {
     if (left > right) return nullptr;
     int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
     TreeNode* root = new TreeNode(nums[mid]);
     root->left = helper(nums, left, mid - 1);
     root->right = helper(nums, mid + 1, right);
     return root;
};
```





2. Number of Bits

```
class Solution {
public:
    int hammingWeight(uint32_t n) {
        int res = 0;
        for (int i = 0; i < 32; i++) {
            if ((n >> i) & 1) {
                res += 1;
            }
        }
        return res;
    }
};
```



3. Sort an Array

```
class Solution {
  public:
  int partition(vector <int>& arr,int 1,int r) {
    if (l >= r) return -1;
    int n=r-l;
    int pivot=l+rand()%n;
    swap(arr[l],arr[pivot]);
    int i=1+1;
    for(int j=l+1;j<r;j++) {</pre>
        if(arr[j]<arr[l]){</pre>
             swap(arr[i],arr[j]);
             i++;
    }
    swap(arr[l],arr[i-1]);
    return i-1;
void QuickSort(vector<int>& nums,int l,int r) {
```

```
Discover
      if(l>=r){
          return;
      int pivot=partition(nums, 1, r);
      QuickSort(nums, 1, pivot);
      QuickSort(nums,pivot+1,r);
 vector<int> sortArray(vector<int>& nums) {
      int n=nums.size();
      QuickSort(nums,0,n);
      return nums;
 Accepted 21/21 testcases passed
                                       ☐ Editorial
                                                     ピ Solution
 subho_29 submitted at Mar 18, 2025 17:02
                                                            (i)
    (S) Runtime
    399 ms | Beats 38.80%

→ Analyze Complexity

    Memory
    185.60 MB | Beats 31.29%
   20%
```

3ms 563ms 1112ms 1662ms

4. Maximum Subarray

};

```
class Solution {
public:
    int maxSubArray(vector<int>& nums) {
        int res = nums[0];
        int total = 0;

        for (int n : nums) {
            if (total < 0) {
                total = 0;
            }

            total += n;
            res = max(res, total);
        }

        return res;
    }
};</pre>
```



```
Accepted 210 / 210 testcases passed

    □ Editorial

                                                               Solution
subho_29 submitted at Mar 18, 2025 17:06
                                                                      i
   (S) Runtime
   0 ms | Beats 100.00% 🞳
    ♣ Analyze Complexity
   Memory
   71.69 MB | Beats 81.06% 🞳
   100%
   75%
   50%
   25%
   0%
                        1ms
                                  2ms
                                                                 5ms
```

```
5. Beautiful Array
class Solution {
public:
    int partition(vector<int> &v, int start, int end, int mask)
    {
        int j = start;
        for(int i = start; i <= end; i++)</pre>
        {
             if((v[i] & mask) != 0)
                 swap(v[i], v[j]);
                 j++;
             }
        }
        return j;
    }
    void sort(vector<int> & v, int start, int end, int mask)
    {
        if(start >= end) return;
        int mid = partition(v, start, end, mask);
        sort(v, start, mid - 1, mask << 1);</pre>
        sort(v, mid, end, mask << 1);</pre>
    }
```

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```
vector<int> beautifulArray(int N) {
    vector<int> ans;
    for(int i = 0; i < N; i++) ans.push_back(i + 1);
    sort(ans, 0, N - 1, 1);
    return ans;
}
</pre>
```

```
Accepted 38 / 38 testcases passed

subho_29 submitted at Mar 18, 2025 17:10

© Runtime

2 ms | Beats 45.73%

Analyze Complexity

© Memory

9.35 MB | Beats 97.29%

Analyze Complexity

50%

25%

50%

25%

4ms 6ms 8ms 10ms 12ms 14ms
```

```
6. Super pow
class Solution {
    const int base = 1337;
    int powmod(int a, int k) //a^k mod 1337 where 0 <= k <= 10</pre>
    {
        a %= base;
        int result = 1;
        for (int i = 0; i < k; ++i)
            result = (result * a) % base;
        return result;
    }
public:
    int superPow(int a, vector<int>& b) {
        if (b.empty()) return 1;
        int last_digit = b.back();
        b.pop_back();
        return powmod(superPow(a, b), 10) * powmod(a, last_digit) % base;
```



```
Accepted 57 / 57 testcases passed
                                                               Solution
subho_29 submitted at Mar 18, 2025 17:12
                                                                      (i)
    (S) Runtime
   7 ms | Beats 7.46%
    ♣ Analyze Complexity
    Memory
    15.30 MB | Beats 51.99% 🞳
   75%
   50%
   25%
   0%
                                                   5ms
                           2ms
                                   3ms
                                           4ms
                   1ms
```

7. The Skyline Problem

```
class Solution {
public:
    vector<vector<int>> getSkyline(vector<vector<int>>& buildings) {
        vector<vector<int>> ans;
        multiset<int>> pq{0};

        vector<pair<int, int>> points;

        for(auto b: buildings){
            points.push_back({b[0], -b[2]});
            points.push_back({b[1], b[2]});
        }

        sort(points.begin(), points.end());

        int ongoingHeight = 0;

        // points.first = x coordinate, points.second = height
        for(int i = 0; i < points.size(); i++){</pre>
```

```
int currentPoint = points[i].first;
            int heightAtCurrentPoint = points[i].second;
            if(heightAtCurrentPoint < 0){</pre>
                pq.insert(-heightAtCurrentPoint);
            } else {
                pq.erase(pq.find(heightAtCurrentPoint));
            }
            // after inserting/removing heightAtI, if there's a change
            auto pqTop = *pq.rbegin();
            if(ongoingHeight != pqTop){
                ongoingHeight = pqTop;
                ans.push_back({currentPoint, ongoingHeight});
            }
        }
        return ans;
    }
};
```

