



DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

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Experiment 6

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Semester: 6th

Date of Performance: 18/03/25

Subject Name: Advanced Programming

Subject Code: 22CSP-351

Lab-2

1. Implementation/Code:

i. Convert Sorted Array to Binary Search Tree

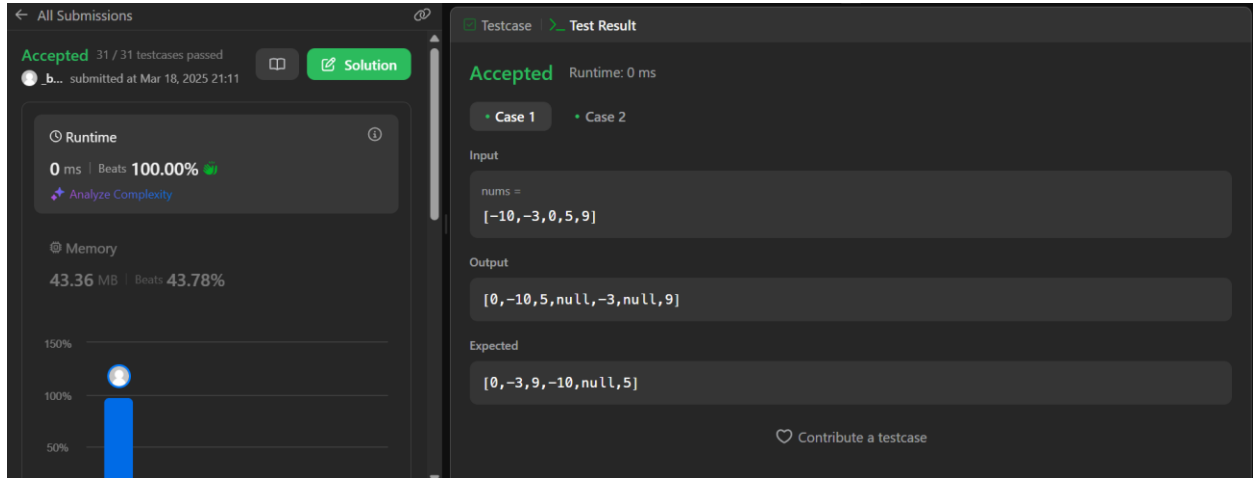
```
class Solution {
    public TreeNode sortedArrayToBST(int[] nums) {
        return helper(nums, 0, nums.length - 1);
    }

    private TreeNode helper(int[] nums, int left, int right) {
        if (left > right) {
            return null; // base case
        }

        int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
        TreeNode node = new TreeNode(nums[mid]);

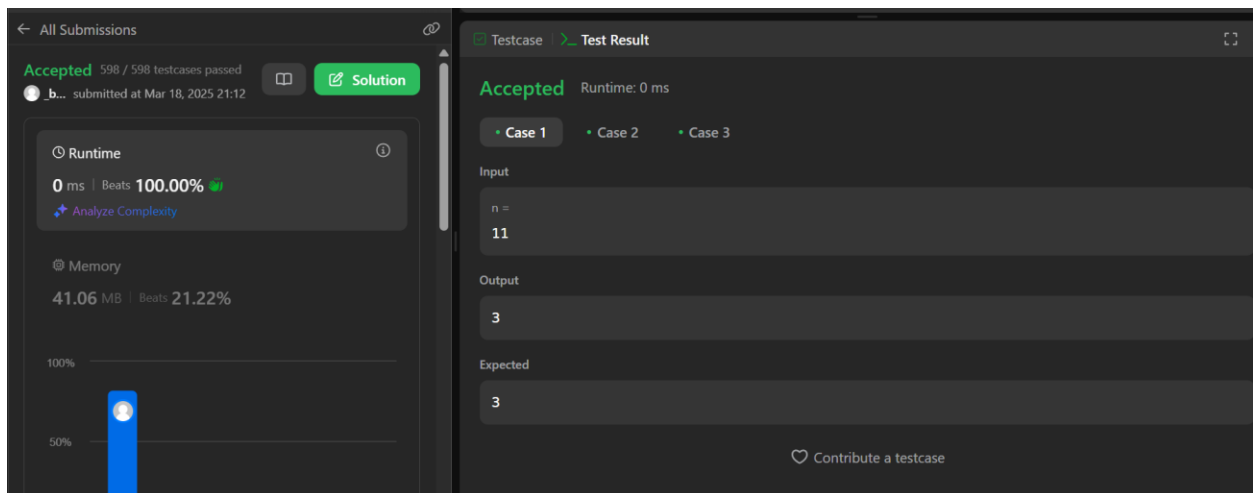
        node.left = helper(nums, left, mid - 1);
        node.right = helper(nums, mid + 1, right);

        return node;
    }
}
```



ii. **Number of 1 Bits**

```
class Solution {
    public int hammingWeight(int n) {
        int count = 0;
        while (n > 0) {
            n = n & (n - 1);
            count++;
        }
        return count;
    }
}
```



iii. Sort An Array

```
class Solution {
    public int[] sortArray(int[] nums) {
        if (nums == null || nums.length <= 1) {
            return nums;
        }
        mergeSort(nums, 0, nums.length - 1);
        return nums;
    }

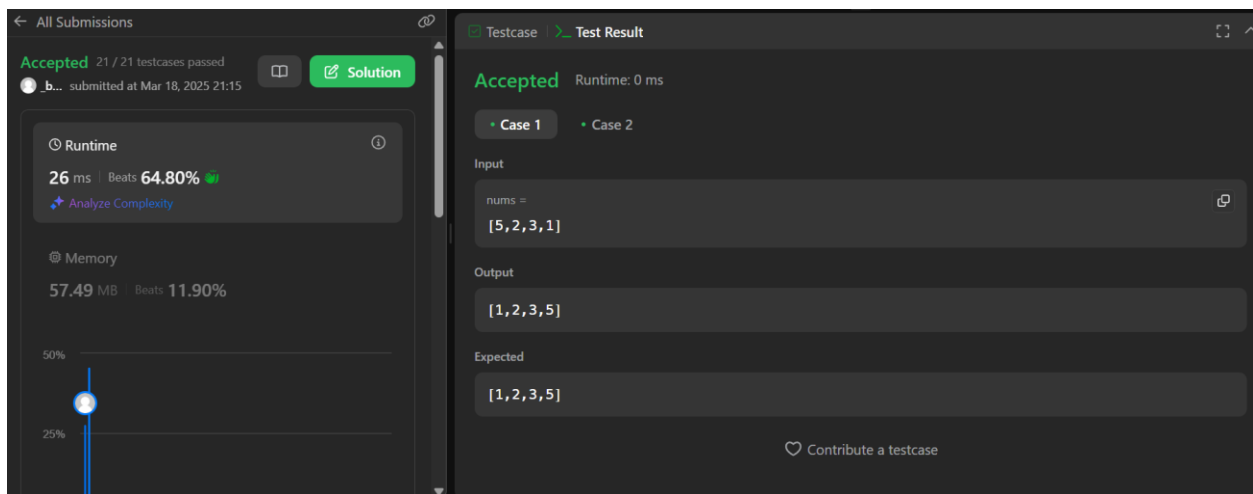
    private void mergeSort(int[] nums, int left, int right) {
        if (left >= right) {
            return;
        }

        int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
        mergeSort(nums, left, mid);
        mergeSort(nums, mid + 1, right);
        merge(nums, left, mid, right);
    }

    private void merge(int[] nums, int left, int mid, int right) {
        int[] temp = new int[right - left + 1];
        int i = left, j = mid + 1, k = 0;

        while (i <= mid && j <= right) {
            if (nums[i] <= nums[j]) {
                temp[k++] = nums[i++];
            } else {
                temp[k++] = nums[j++];
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
while (i <= mid) {  
    temp[k++] = nums[i++];  
}  
  
while (j <= right) {  
    temp[k++] = nums[j++];  
}  
  
for (int p = 0; p < temp.length; p++) {  
    nums[left + p] = temp[p];  
}  
}  
}
```



The screenshot displays a submission interface. On the left, under 'All Submissions', a submission by user '_b...' is shown as 'Accepted' with 21/21 testcases passed. It was submitted on Mar 18, 2025 at 21:15. A 'Solution' button is visible. Below this, performance metrics are shown: Runtime is 26 ms, beating 64.80% of other solutions, and Memory is 57.49 MB, beating 11.90%. A graph shows the submission's performance relative to others. On the right, the 'Test Result' for 'Case 1' is shown as 'Accepted' with a runtime of 0 ms. The input is 'nums = [5,2,3,1]' and the output is '[1,2,3,5]', which matches the expected result '[1,2,3,5]'. A 'Contribute a testcase' link is at the bottom.

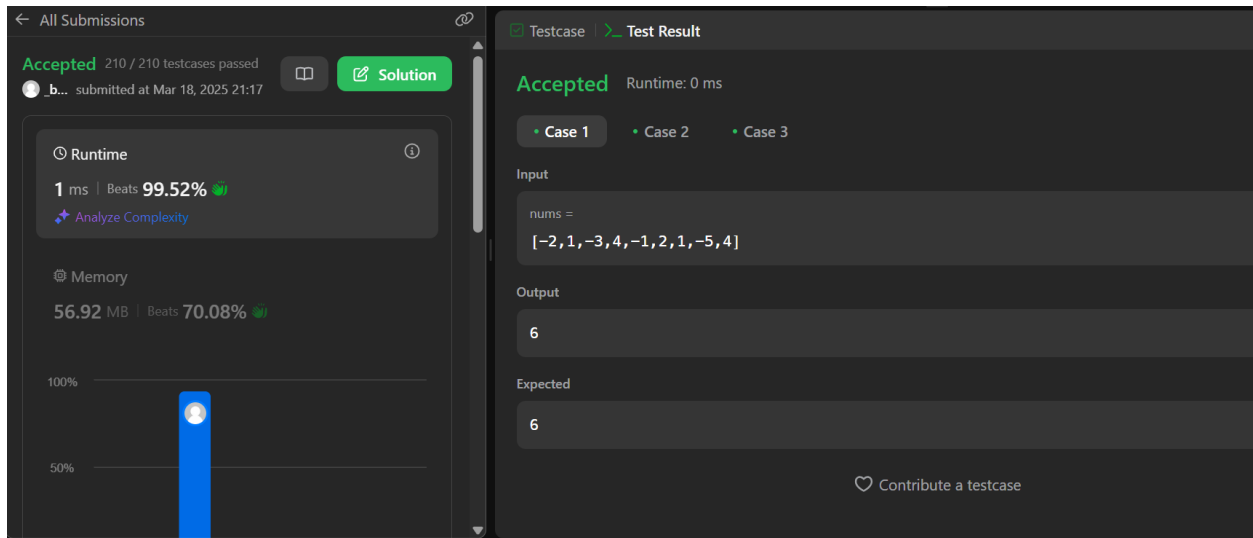
iv. Maximum Subarray

```
class Solution {  
    public int maxSubArray(int[] nums) {  
        int max=nums[0];  
        int current=nums[0];  
        for(int i=1;i<nums.length;i++){  
            current=Math.max(nums[i],current+nums[i]);  
            max=Math.max(current,max);  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```

    }
    return max;
}
}

```



The screenshot displays a submission page for a coding problem. On the left, under 'All Submissions', it shows 'Accepted 210 / 210 testcases passed' and a submission by user 'b...' at Mar 18, 2025 21:17. A 'Solution' button is visible. The performance metrics are: Runtime 1 ms (Beats 99.52%) and Memory 56.92 MB (Beats 70.08%). A blue bar chart shows the submission's performance relative to others. On the right, the 'Test Result' section shows 'Accepted' with 'Runtime: 0 ms'. It lists three test cases, with 'Case 1' selected. The input for Case 1 is 'nums = [-2, 1, -3, 4, -1, 2, 1, -5, 4]' and the output is '6', which matches the expected result '6'. A 'Contribute a testcase' link is at the bottom right.

v. Beautiful Array

```

class Solution {
    public int[] beautifulArray(int n) {
        List<Integer> result = new ArrayList<>();
        result.add(1);

        while (result.size() < n) {
            List<Integer> temp = new ArrayList<>();
            for (int x : result) {
                if (2 * x - 1 <= n) {
                    temp.add(2 * x - 1);
                }
            }
            for (int x : result) {
                if (2 * x <= n) {
                    temp.add(2 * x);
                }
            }
        }
    }
}

```

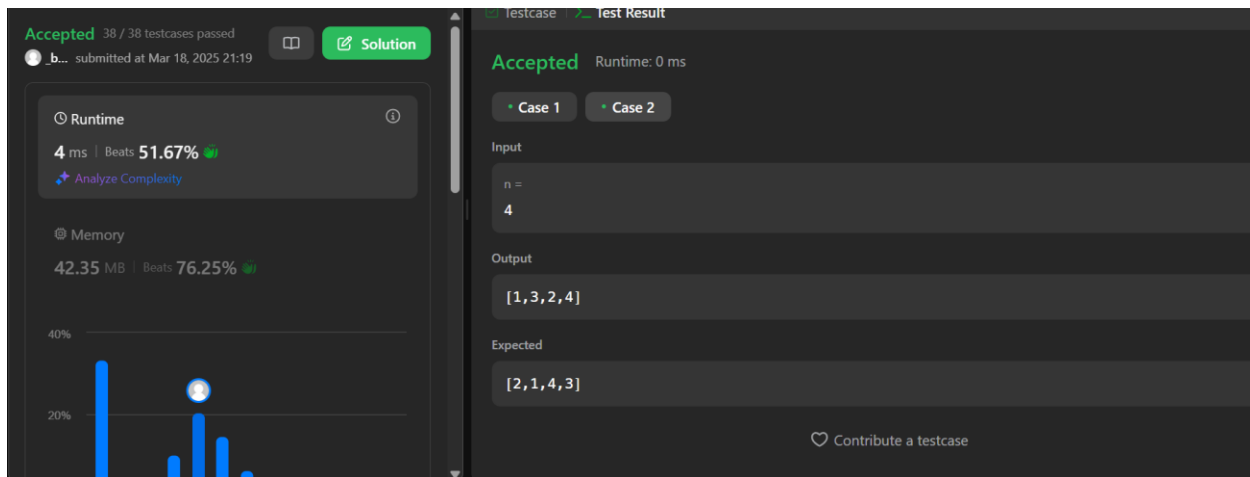
```

    }
    result = temp;
}

// Convert List<Integer> to int[]
int[] arr = new int[n];
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
    arr[i] = result.get(i);
}

return arr;
}
}

```



vi. Super Pow

```

class Solution {
    private static final int MOD = 1337;
    private int powerMod(int x, int y, int mod) {
        int result = 1;
        x = x % mod;
        while (y > 0) {
            if (y % 2 == 1) {
                result = (result * x) % mod;
            }
            y = y / 2;
        }
    }
}

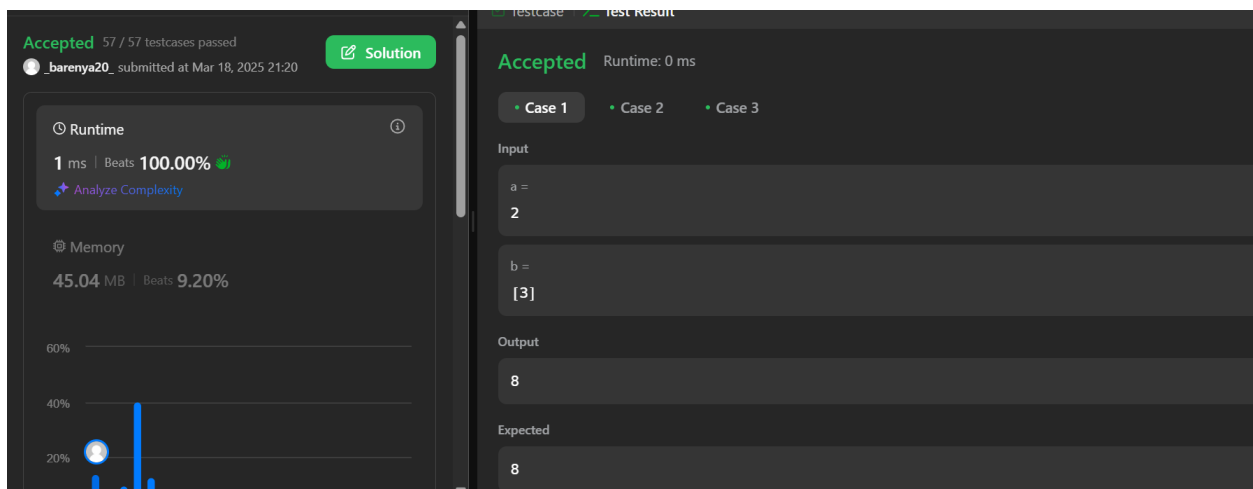
```

```

    }
    y /= 2;
    x = (x * x) % mod;
}
return result;
}

public int superPow(int a, int[] b) {
    a %= MOD;
    int exponent = 0;
    for (int digit : b) {
        exponent = (exponent * 10 + digit) % 1140;
    }
    if (exponent == 0) {
        exponent = 1140;
    }
    return powerMod(a, exponent, MOD);
}
}

```



vii. The SkyLine Problem

```

class Solution {
    public List<List<Integer>> getSkyline(int[][] buildings) {
        List<int[]> events = new ArrayList<>();
    }
}

```

```
// Create start and end events
for (int[] building : buildings) {
    int start = building[0], end = building[1], height = building[2];
    events.add(new int[]{start, -height}); // Start of building
    events.add(new int[]{end, height});    // End of building
}

// Sort events
events.sort((a, b) -> {
    if (a[0] != b[0]) {
        return Integer.compare(a[0], b[0]);
    } else {
        return Integer.compare(a[1], b[1]);
    }
});

List<List<Integer>> result = new ArrayList<>();
    PriorityQueue<Integer>    maxHeap    =    new
PriorityQueue<>(Collections.reverseOrder());
    maxHeap.add(0); // Initial ground height
    int prevMaxHeight = 0;

    for (int[] event : events) {
        int x = event[0], h = event[1];

        if (h < 0) {
            maxHeap.add(-h); // Start of building, add height
        } else {
            maxHeap.remove(h); // End of building, remove height
        }
    }
}
```



```
int currMaxHeight = maxHeap.peak();
if (currMaxHeight != prevMaxHeight) {
    result.add(Arrays.asList(x, currMaxHeight));
    prevMaxHeight = currMaxHeight;
}
}

return result;
}
```

