### **Experiment 6**

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Branch: CSE
Semester: 6<sup>TH</sup>
Section/Group: FL\_IOT\_602
Date of Performance: 19/03/25

Subject Name: AP-II Subject Code: 22CSP-351

# Q1: Convert Sorted Array to Binary Search Tree

```
Code:
```

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
class Solution {
public:
  TreeNode* sortedArrayToBST(vector<int>& nums) {
     return buildBST(nums, 0, nums.size() - 1);
private:
  TreeNode* buildBST(vector<int>& nums, int left, int right) {
    if (left > right) return nullptr;
    int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
    TreeNode* root = new TreeNode(nums[mid]);
    root->left = buildBST(nums, left, mid - 1);
    root->right = buildBST(nums, mid + 1, right);
    return root;
  }
};
```

```
Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

• Case 1
• Case 2

Input

nums =
  [-10,-3,0,5,9]

Output

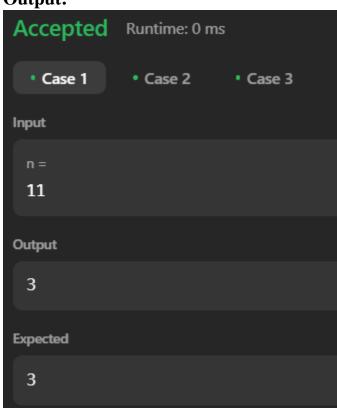
[0,-10,5,null,-3,null,9]

Expected

[0,-3,9,-10,null,5]
```

### Q2: Number of 1 Bits

```
Code:
  class Solution {
  public:
    int hammingWeight(int n) {
      int count = 0;
      while (n) {
         count += n & 1;
         n >>= 1;
      }
      return count;
    }
};
```



# Q3: Sort an Array Code: #include <bits/stdc++.h> using namespace std; class Solution { public: vector<int> sortArray(vector<int>& nums) { sort(nums.begin(), nums.end()); return nums; } };

```
Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

• Case 1
• Case 2

Input

nums =
[5,2,3,1]

Output

[1,2,3,5]

Expected

[1,2,3,5]
```

### **Q4: Maximum Subarray**

```
Code:
class Solution {
public:
   int maxSubArray(vector<int>& nums) {
    int maxSum = nums[0], currentSum = nums[0];
   for (int i = 1; i < nums.size(); ++i) {
      currentSum = max(nums[i], currentSum + nums[i]);
      maxSum = max(maxSum, currentSum);
   }
   return maxSum;
}</pre>
```

```
Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

Case 1 Case 2 Case 3

Input

nums = [-2,1,-3,4,-1,2,1,-5,4]

Output

6

Expected

6
```

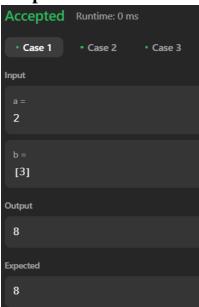
### Q5: Beautiful Array

```
Code:
class Solution {
public:
    vector<int> beautifulArray(int n) {
        vector<int> result = {1};
        while (result.size() < n) {
            vector<int> temp;
            for (int x : result) {
                if (x * 2 - 1 <= n) temp.push_back(x * 2 - 1);
            }
            for (int x : result) {
                  if (x * 2 <= n) temp.push_back(x * 2);
            }
            result = temp;
        }
        return result;
    }
};</pre>
```



## **Q6: Super Pow**

```
Code:
class Solution {
public:
  int superPow(int a, vector<int>& b) {
    const int MOD = 1337;
    a \% = MOD;
    int result = 1;
    for (int i = b.size() - 1; i >= 0; --i) {
       result = (result * powMod(a, b[i], MOD)) % MOD;
       a = powMod(a, 10, MOD);
    return result;
  int powMod(int a, int b, int MOD) {
    int res = 1;
    while (b > 0) {
       if (b % 2 == 1) res = (res * a) % MOD;
       a = (a * a) \% MOD;
       b = 2;
     }
    return res;
  }
};
```



# **Q7:** The Skyline Problem

```
Code:
class Solution {
public:
  vector<vector<int>>> getSkyline(vector<vector<int>>& buildings) {
    vector<vector<int>> result;
    vector<pair<int, int>> heights;
    for (auto& building: buildings) {
       heights.push_back({building[0], -building[2]});
       heights.push_back({building[1], building[2]}); }
     sort(heights.begin(), heights.end());
    multiset<int> activeHeights{0};
    int prevMaxHeight = 0;
    for (auto& height: heights) {
       if (height.second < 0) {
         activeHeights.insert(-height.second);
       } else {
          activeHeights.erase(activeHeights.find(height.second)); }
       int currentMaxHeight = *activeHeights.rbegin();
       if (currentMaxHeight != prevMaxHeight) {
         result.push_back({height.first, currentMaxHeight});
         prevMaxHeight = currentMaxHeight;
       }}
    return result; }
```

### **Output:**

**}**;

```
Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

• Case 1 • Case 2

Input

buildings =
[[2,9,10],[3,7,15],[5,12,12],[15,20,10],[19,24,8]]

Output

[[2,10],[3,15],[7,12],[12,0],[15,10],[20,8],[24,0]]

Expected

[[2,10],[3,15],[7,12],[12,0],[15,10],[20,8],[24,0]]
```