

Assignment – 6

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1. Skyline problem

<https://leetcode.com/problems/the-skyline-problem/>

```
class Solution {
public:
    vector<vector<int>> getSkyline(vector<vector<int>>& buildings) {
        vector<vector<int>> ans;
        multiset<int> pq{0};

        vector<pair<int, int>> points;

        for(auto b: buildings){
            points.push_back({b[0], -b[2]});
            points.push_back({b[1], b[2]});
        }

        sort(points.begin(), points.end());

        int ongoingHeight = 0;

        // points.first = x coordinate, points.second = height
        for(int i = 0; i < points.size(); i++){
            int currentPoint = points[i].first;
            int heightAtCurrentPoint = points[i].second;

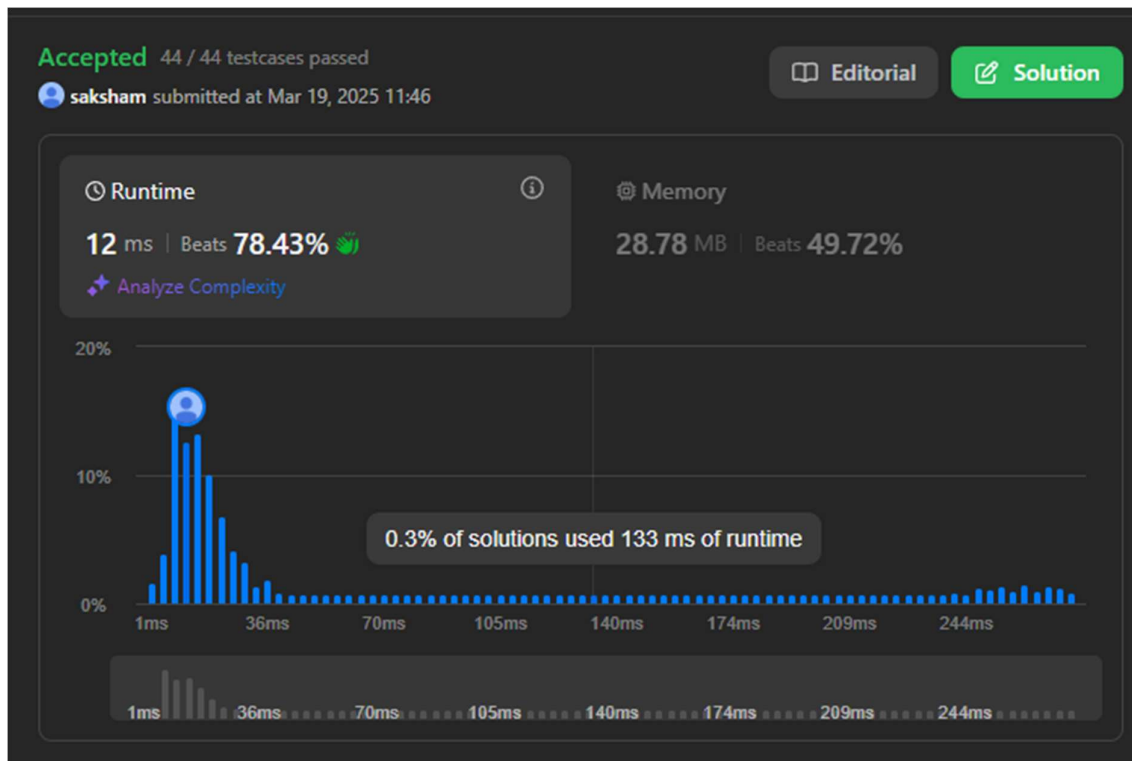
            if(heightAtCurrentPoint < 0){
                pq.insert(-heightAtCurrentPoint);
            } else {
                pq.erase(pq.find(heightAtCurrentPoint));
            }
        }
    }
};
```

```

// after inserting/removing heightAtI, if there's a change
auto pqTop = *pq.rbegin();
if(ongoingHeight != pqTop){
    ongoingHeight = pqTop;
    ans.push_back({currentPoint, ongoingHeight});
}
}

return ans;
}
};

```



2. Super pow

<https://leetcode.com/problems/super-pow/description/>

```

class Solution {
    const int base = 1337;

    int powmod(int a, int k) //a^k mod 1337 where 0 <= k <= 10
    {

```

```

        a %= base;

        int result = 1;

        for (int i = 0; i < k; ++i)
            result = (result * a) % base;

        return result;
    }

public:

    int superPow(int a, vector<int>& b) {

        if (b.empty()) return 1;

        int last_digit = b.back();

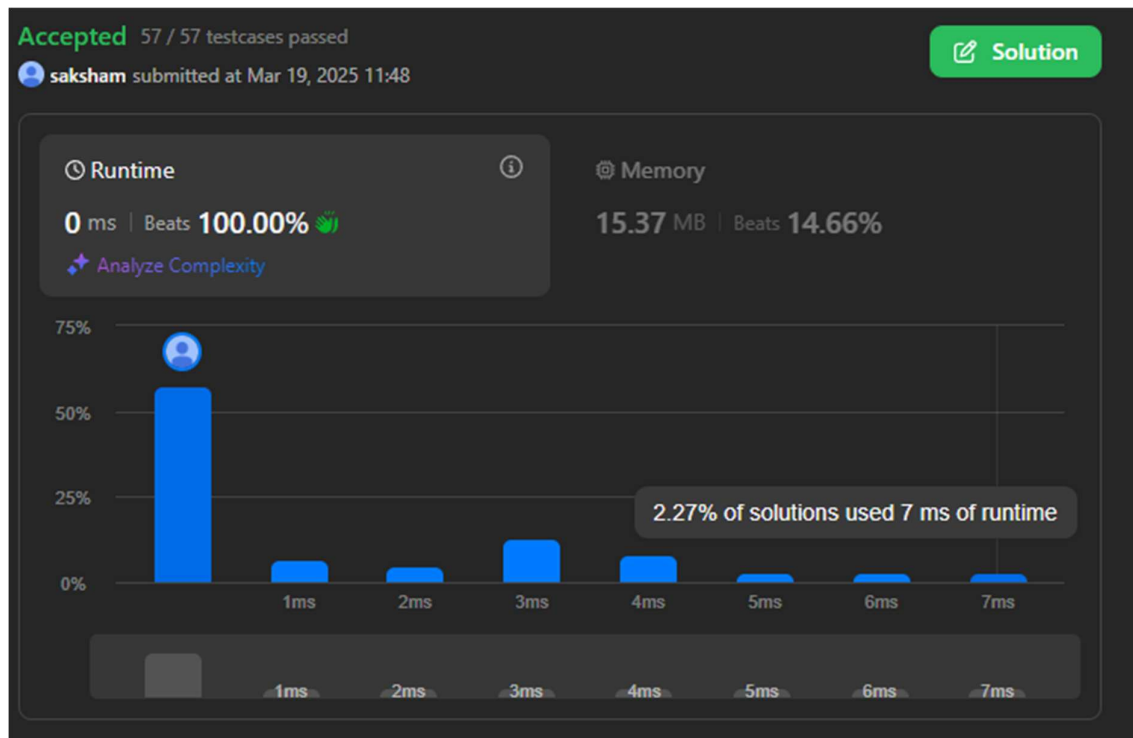
        b.pop_back();

        return powmod(superPow(a, b), 10) * powmod(a, last_digit) % base;

    }

};

```



3. Beautiful array

<https://leetcode.com/problems/beautiful-array/description/>

```

class Solution {

public:

    int partition(vector<int> &v, int start, int end, int mask)

```

```

{
    int j = start;
    for(int i = start; i <= end; i++)
    {
        if((v[i] & mask) != 0)
        {
            swap(v[i], v[j]);
            j++;
        }
    }
    return j;
}

void sort(vector<int> &v, int start, int end, int mask)
{
    if(start >= end) return;
    int mid = partition(v, start, end, mask);
    sort(v, start, mid - 1, mask << 1);
    sort(v, mid, end, mask << 1);
}

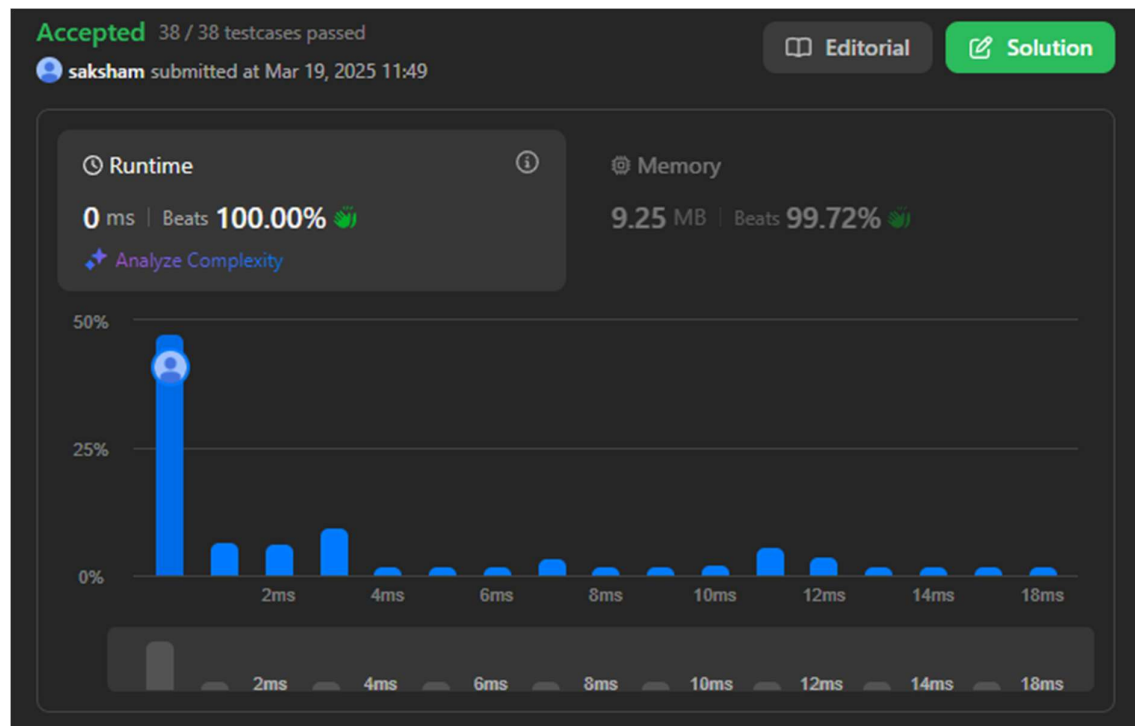
vector<int> beautifulArray(int N) {
    vector<int> ans;

    for(int i = 0; i < N; i++) ans.push_back(i + 1);

    sort(ans, 0, N - 1, 1);

    return ans;
}
};

```



4. Maximum subarray

<https://leetcode.com/problems/maximum-subarray/>

```
class Solution {  
public:  
    int maxSubArray(vector<int>& nums) {  
        int res = nums[0];  
        int total = 0;  
  
        for (int n : nums) {  
            if (total < 0) {  
                total = 0;  
            }  
  
            total += n;  
            res = max(res, total);  
        }  
    }  
};
```

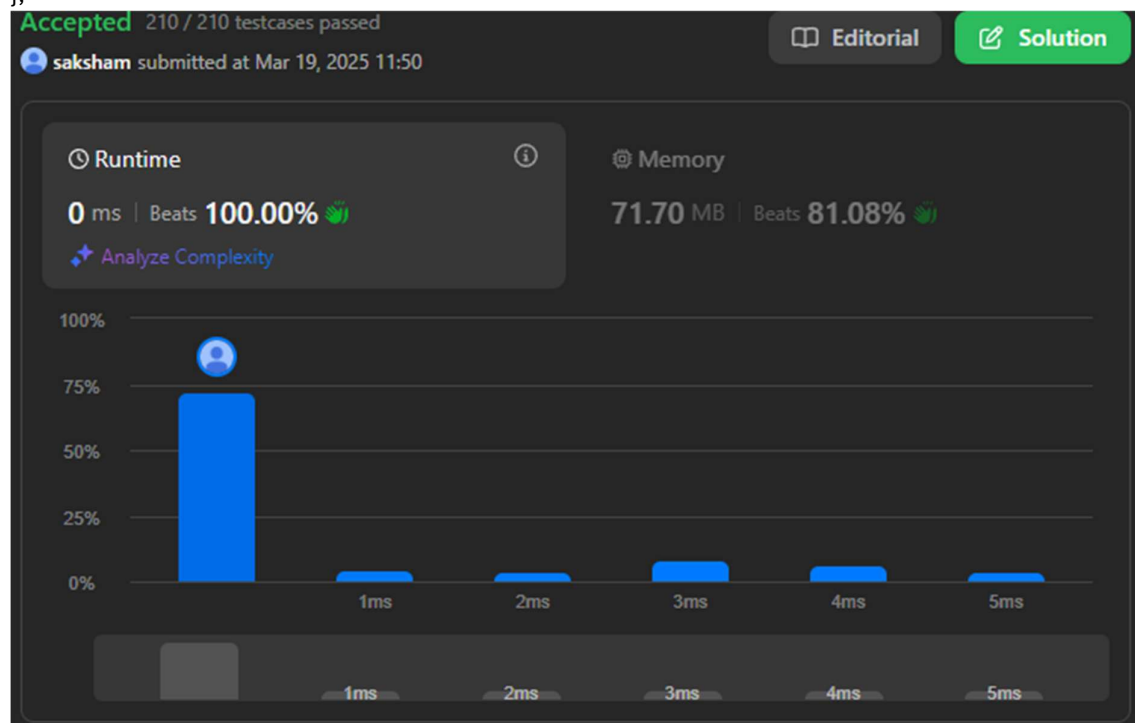
```

return res;

}

};

```



5. Sort an Array

<https://leetcode.com/problems/sort-an-array/description/>

```

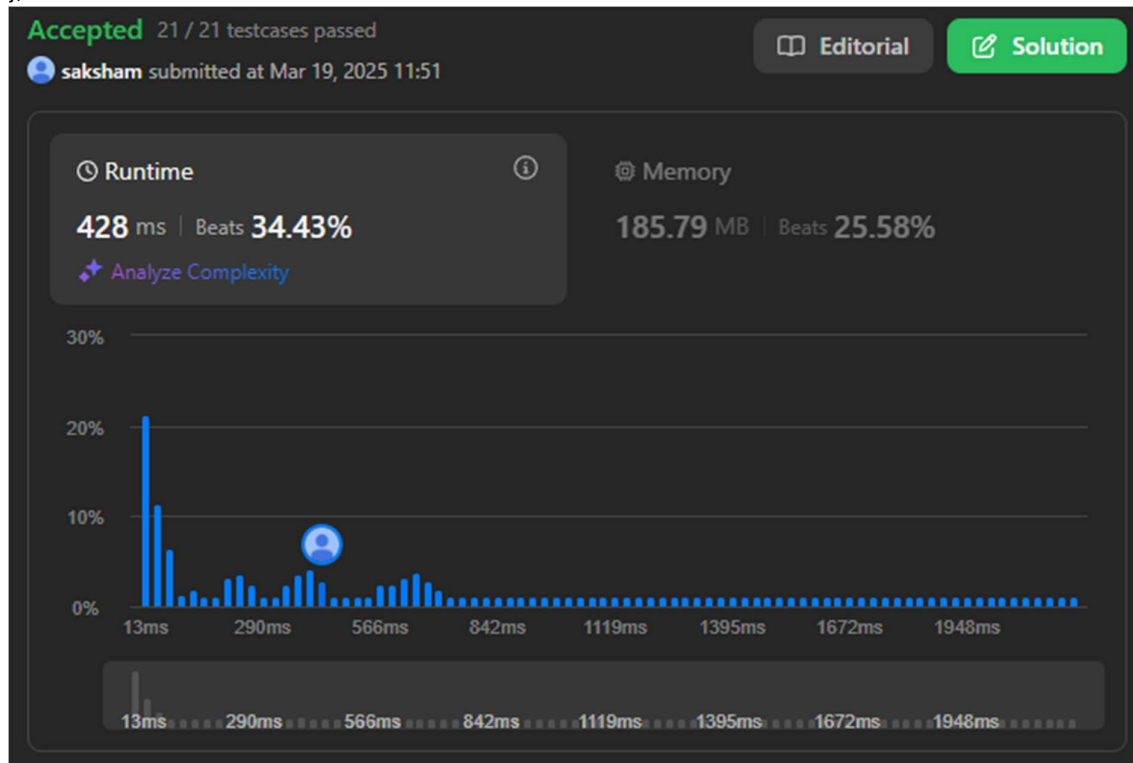
class Solution {
public:
    void merge(vector<int>& nums,int s, int e){
        int m=(s+e)/2;
        vector<int>first(m-s+1),second(e-m);
        for (int i=0;i<first.size();i++){first[i]=nums[s+i];}
        for (int i=0;i<second.size();i++){second[i]=nums[m+1+i];}
        int i1=0,i2=0,maindex=s;
        while (i1<first.size() && i2<second.size()){
            if (first[i1]<second[i2]){nums[maindex++]=first[i1++];}
            else {nums[maindex++]=second[i2++];}
        }
        while (i1<first.size()){nums[maindex++]=first[i1++];}
    }

```

```

        while (i2<second.size()){nums[maindex++]=second[i2++];}
    }
    void mergesort(vector<int>&nums, int s, int e){
        if (s>=e){return ;}
        int m=(s+e)/2;
        mergesort(nums,s,m);
        mergesort(nums,m+1,e);
        merge(nums,s,e);
    }
    vector<int> sortArray(vector<int>& nums){
        mergesort(nums,0,nums.size()-1);
        return nums;
    }
};

```



6. Convert sorted array to binary search tree

<https://leetcode.com/problems/convert-sorted-array-to-binary-search-tree/description/>

```

class Solution {

```

public:

```
TreeNode* sortedArrayToBST(vector<int>& nums) {  
    return helper(nums, 0, nums.size() - 1);  
}
```

private:

```
TreeNode* helper(vector<int>& nums, int left, int right) {  
    if (left > right) return nullptr;  
    int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;  
    TreeNode* root = new TreeNode(nums[mid]);  
    root->left = helper(nums, left, mid - 1);  
    root->right = helper(nums, mid + 1, right);  
    return root;  
}  
};
```

