



Problem Editor Submissions Comments

Output Window

Compilation Results Custom Input Y.O.G.I. (AI Bot)

Compilation Completed

Case 1

Input: 12

Your Output: 12

Expected Output: 12

C++ (g++ 5.4) Start Timer

```
1 // } Driver Code Ends
19
20 /*
21 struct Node {
22     int data;
23     struct Node* next;
24
25     Node(int x) {
26         data = x;
27         next = nullptr;
28     }
29 };
30 */
31 /*
32     Print elements of a linked list on console
33     Head pointer input could be NULL as well for empty list
34 */
35
36 class solution {
37 public:
38     // Function to display the elements of a linked list in same line
39     void printList(Node *head) {
40         // your code goes here
41         Node* temp=head; // temp ptr pointing to head
42         while(temp!=NULL){ //traverse till the last element
43             cout<<temp->data<<" "; //print each element
44             temp=temp->next; // increment temp ptr
45         }
46     }
47 };
48
49
50 // } Driver Code Ends
```

Custom Input Compile & Run Submit

Problem List

Run

Submit

Premium

Description

Accepted

Editorial

Solutions

Submissions

All Submissions

Accepted 134 / 134 testcases passed

skywithme submitted at Mar 06, 2025 20:05

Editorial

Solution

Runtime

3 ms | Beats 64.88%

Analyze Complexity

Memory

18.44 MB | Beats 66.07%

1ms 25ms 50ms 75ms 100ms 125ms 150ms 175ms

Code

C++

Auto

16 minHeap.pop();

17 if (minNode->next)

18 minHeap.push(minNode->next);

19 curr->next = minNode;

20 curr = curr->next;

21 }

22 }

23 return dummy->next;

24 }

25 };

Saved

Ln 25, Col 3

Testcase

Test Result

Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

Case 1 Case 2 Case 3

Input

lists =

[1,4,5], [1,3,4], [2,6]

Output

[1,1,2,3,4,4,5,6]

Expected

Code

C++

class Solution {

public:

ListNode* mergeKLists(vector<ListNode*>& lists) {

ListNode dummy(0);

ListNode* curr = &dummy;

Accepted 30 / 30 testcases passed
skywithme submitted at Mar 06, 2025 20:04

Editorial

Solution

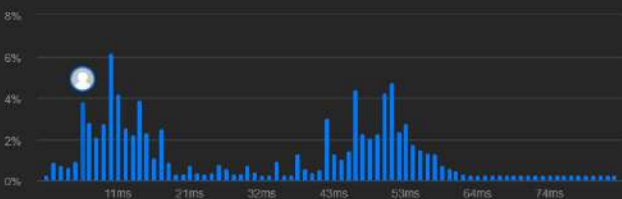
Runtime

5 ms | Beats 98.00%

Analyze Complexity

Memory

57.01 MB | Beats 86.56%



Code | C++

```
class Solution {
public:
    ListNode* sortList(ListNode* head) {
        const int length = getLength(head);
        ListNode dummy(0, head);
```

Code

C++ | Auto

```
48     ll = ll->next;
49     tail = tail->next;
50 }
51 tail->next = ll ? ll : 12;
52 while (tail->next != nullptr)
53     tail = tail->next;
54
55 return {dummy.next, tail};
56 }
57 ;
```

Saved

Ln 57, Col 3

Testcase | Test Result

Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

Case 1 Case 2 Case 3

Input

head =
[4,2,1,3]

Output

[1,2,3,4]

Expected

DescriptionAccepted xEditorialSolutionsSubmissions

All Submissions

Accepted232 / 232 testcases passed
skywithme submitted at Mar 06, 2025 20:03

Runtime
0 ms | Beats 100.00%
[Analyze Complexity](#)

Memory
16.38 MB | Beats 64.71%

Runtime (ms)	Beats (%)
0	100.00%
1	~0%
2	~0%
3	~0%
4	~0%

CodeC++

```
class Solution {
public:
    ListNode* rotateRight(ListNode* head, int k) {
        if (!head || !head->next || k == 0)
            return head;
    }
};
```

Code

C++ vAuto

```
12
13     const int t = length - k % length;
14     for (int i = 0; i < t; ++i)
15         tail = tail->next;
16     ListNode* newHead = tail->next;
17     tail->next = nullptr;
18
19     return newHead;
20 }
21
```

SavedLn 21, Col 3

TestcaseTest Result

AcceptedRuntime: 0 ms

Case 1Case 2

Input

head =
[1,2,3,4,5]

k =
2

Output

Problem List

RunSubmit

0Premium

DescriptionAcceptedEditorialSolutionsSubmissions

All Submissions

Accepted29 / 29 testcases passed
skywithme submitted at Mar 06, 2025 20:02

Runtime
8 ms | Beats 80.83%

Memory
11.83 MB | Beats 54.03%

Analyse Complexity

Runtime (ms)	Percentage (%)
3	1
4	2
5	10
6	12
7	1
8	35
9	5
10	1
11	1
12	22
13	1
14	8
15	1
16	1
17	1
18	1
19	1

CodeC++

```
class Solution {
public:
    bool hasCycle(ListNode* head) {
        ListNode* slow = head;
        ListNode* fast = head;
```

Code

```
while (fast != nullptr && fast->next != nullptr) {
    slow = slow->next;
    fast = fast->next->next;
    if (slow == fast)
        return true;
}
return false;
```

SavedLn 16, Col 3

TestcaseTest Result

AcceptedRuntime: 3 ms

Case 1Case 2Case 3

Input
head =
[3,2,0,-4]

pos =
1

Output

Problem List

Run

Submit

0

Premium

Description

Accepted

Editorial

Solutions

Submissions

All Submissions

Accepted

200 / 200 testcases passed

skywithme submitted at Mar 06, 2025 20:01

Editorial

Solution

Runtime

0 ms | Beats 100.00%

Analyze Complexity

Memory

19.48 MB | Beats 62.23%

Runtime	Beats
0 ms	100.00%
1 ms	0%
2 ms	0%
3 ms	0%
4 ms	0%

Code

C++

Auto

Ln 11, Col 3

```
2 public:
3     ListNode* mergeTwoLists(ListNode* list1, ListNode* list2) {
4         if (!list1 || !list2)
5             return list1 ? list1 : list2;
6         if (list1->val > list2->val)
7             swap(list1, list2);
8         list1->next = mergeTwoLists(list1->next, list2);
9         return list1;
10    }
11 }
```

Testcase

Test Result

Accepted

Runtime: 0 ms

Case 1

Case 2

Case 3

Input

list1 =

[1,2,4]

list2 =

[1,3,4]

Output

Problem List

RunSubmit

0Premium

DescriptionEditorialSolutionsSubmissions

2095. Delete the Middle Node of a Linked List

MediumTopicsCompaniesHint

You are given the **head** of a linked list. **Delete** the **middle node**, and return the **head** of the modified linked list.

The **middle node** of a linked list of size n is the $\lfloor n / 2 \rfloor^{\text{th}}$ node from the **start** using **0-based indexing**, where $\lfloor x \rfloor$ denotes the largest integer less than or equal to x .

- For $n = 1, 2, 3, 4$, and 5 , the middle nodes are $0, 1, 1, 2$, and 2 , respectively.

Example 1:

Input: head = [1,3,4,7,1,2,6]
Output: [1,3,4,1,2,6]
Explanation:
The above figure represents the given linked list. The indices of the nodes are written below.
Since $n = 7$, node 3 with value 7 is the middle node, which is marked in red.
We return the new list after removing this node.

4.5K7775 Online

Code

C++Auto

```
8 while (fast->next != nullptr && fast->next->next != nullptr) {
9     slow = slow->next;
10    fast = fast->next->next;
11 }
12
13 // Delete the middle node.
14 slow->next = slow->next->next;
15 return dummy.next;
16 }
17 ;
```

SavedLn 17, Col 3

TestcaseTest Result

AcceptedRuntime: 0 ms

Case 1Case 2Case 3

Input

head =

[1,3,4,7,1,2,6]

Output

[1,3,4,1,2,6]

Expected

Problem List

RunSubmit

Premium

DescriptionAcceptedEditorialSolutionsSubmissions

All Submissions

Accepted168 / 168 testcases passed

skywithme submitted at Mar 06, 2025 19:53

EditorialSolution

Runtime

0 msBeats 100.00%

Analyze Complexity

Memory

16.18 MBBeats 67.73%

Category	Runtime (ms)
1ms	~100%
2ms	~0%
3ms	~0%
4ms	~0%

Code | C++

```
class Solution {
public:
    ListNode* deleteDuplicates(ListNode* head) {
        ListNode* curr = head;
```

Code

C++Auto

```
5
6 while (curr != nullptr) {
7     while (curr->next && curr->val == curr->next->val)
8         curr->next = curr->next->next;
9     curr = curr->next;
10 }
11
12 return head;
13 }
14 ;;
```

SavedLn 14, Col 3

TestcaseTest Result

AcceptedRuntime: 0 ms

Case 1Case 2

Input

head =
[1,1,2]

Output

[1,2]

Expected