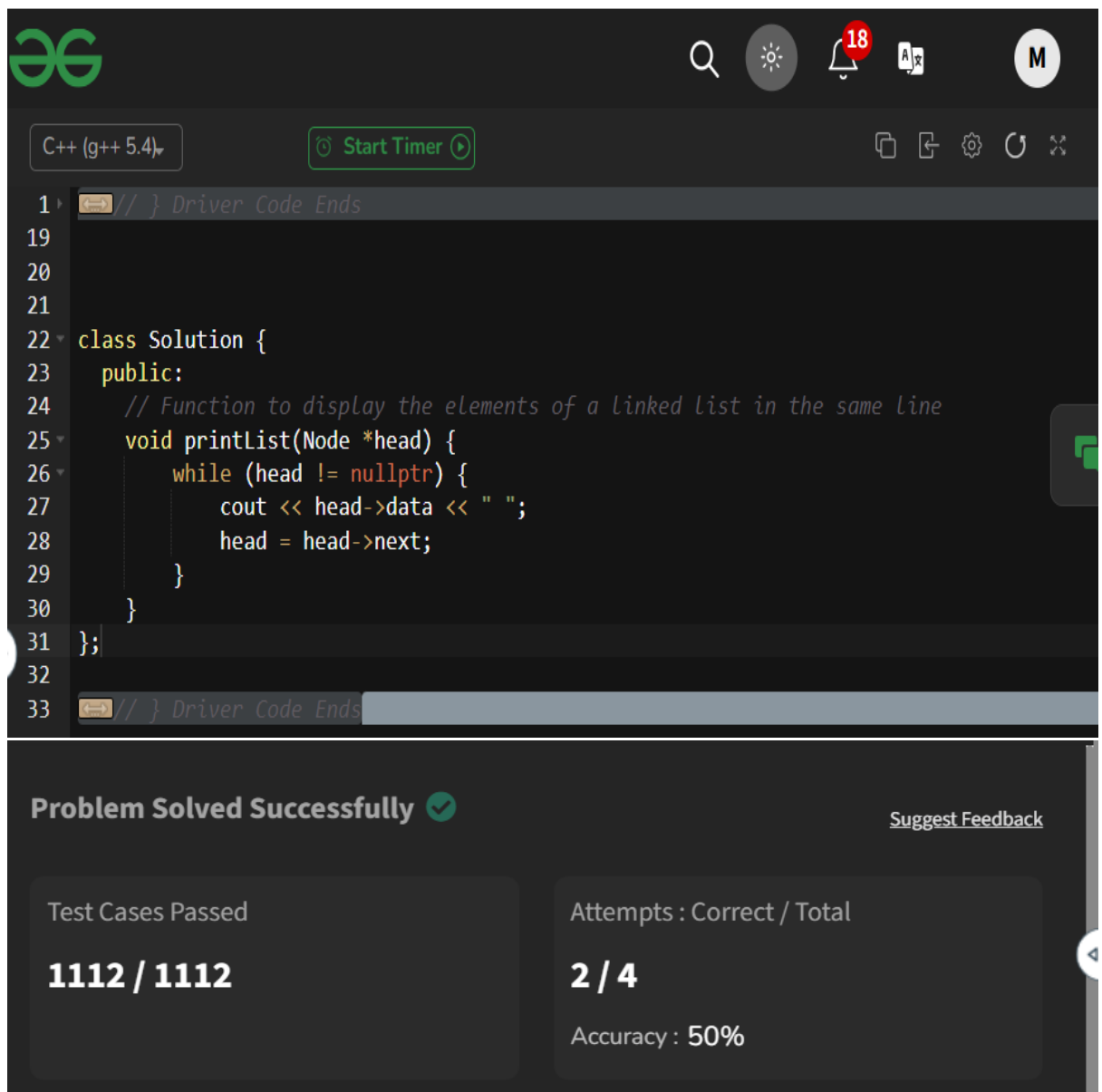


## AP ASSIGNMENT-2

Name- Manya Goyal

UID- 22BCS16483

### 1. Print Linked List:



```
1 // } Driver Code Ends
19
20
21
22 class Solution {
23 public:
24     // Function to display the elements of a linked list in the same line
25     void printList(Node *head) {
26         while (head != nullptr) {
27             cout << head->data << " ";
28             head = head->next;
29         }
30     }
31 };
32
33 // } Driver Code Ends
```

**Problem Solved Successfully** ✓

[Suggest Feedback](#)

Test Cases Passed	Attempts : Correct / Total
<b>1112 / 1112</b>	<b>2 / 4</b>
	Accuracy : 50%

## 2. Remove duplicates from a sorted list:

```
Code
C++ Auto
1 class Solution {
2 public:
3     ListNode* deleteDuplicates(ListNode* head) {
4         ListNode* current = head;
5         while (current && current->next) {
6             if (current->val == current->next->val) {
7                 current->next = current->next->next;
8             } else {
9                 current = current->next;
10            }
11        }
12        return head;
13    }
14};
```

Ln 14, Col 3 | Saved

Testcase | Test Result

**Accepted** Runtime: 0 ms

**Accepted** 168 / 168 testcases passed

\_manya13\_ submitted at Mar 05, 2025 20:29

Editorial

Solution

Runtime

0 ms | Beats 100.00%

Analyze Complexity



Memory

16.29 MB | Beats 35.16%

## 3. Reverse a linked list:

```
Code
C++ Auto
2 class Solution {
3 public:
4     ListNode* reverseList(ListNode* head) {
5
6         ListNode* prev = NULL;
7         ListNode* curr = head;
8
9         while(curr != NULL){
10             ListNode* forward = curr->next;
11             curr->next = prev;
12             prev = curr;
13             curr = forward;
14         }
15
16         return prev;
17     }
```

Ln 18, Col 3 | Saved

Run

Testcase | Test Result

Accepted 28 / 28 testcases passed

\_manya13\_ submitted at Mar 05, 2025 20:31

Editorial

Solution

Runtime

0 ms | Beats 100.00%

Analyze Complexity

Memory

13.34 MB | Beats 70.13%

#### 4. Delete middle node of a list:

C++ Auto

```
2 public:
3     ListNode* deleteMiddle(ListNode* head) {
4         if(!head->next) return NULL;
5         if(!head->next->next){
6             head->next = NULL;
7             return head;
8         }
9         ListNode* slow = head;
10        ListNode* fast = head;
11        while(fast && fast->next){
12            slow = slow->next;
13            fast = fast->next->next;
14        }
15        slow->val = slow->next->val;
16        slow->next = slow->next->next;
17        return head;
18    }
19 };
```

Ln 19, Col 3 | Saved

Testcase > Test Result

Accepted 70 / 70 testcases passed

\_manya13\_ submitted at Mar 05, 2025 20:32

Editorial

Solution

Runtime

0 ms | Beats 100.00%

Analyze Complexity

Memory

312.00 MB | Beats 83.37%

## 5. Merge two sorted linked lists:

C++ Auto



```
2 class Solution {
3 public:
4     ListNode* mergeTwoLists(ListNode* list1, ListNode* list2) {
5         if(list1 == NULL || list2 == NULL){
6             return list1 == NULL ? list2 : list1;
7         }
8
9         if(list1->val <= list2->val){
10             list1->next = mergeTwoLists(list1->next, list2);
11             return list1;
12         }
13         else{
14             list2->next = mergeTwoLists(list1, list2->next);
15             return list2;
16         }
17     }
18 };
```

Ln 18, Col 3 | Saved



Run

☒ Testcase Test Result

**Accepted** 208 / 208 testcases passed

\_manya13\_ submitted at Mar 05, 2025 20:33

Editorial

Solution

Runtime



0 ms | Beats 100.00%

[Analyze Complexity](#)

Memory

19.52 MB | Beats 28.41%

100%

## 6. Detect a cycle in a linked list:

C++ Auto



```
7  // */
8  */
9  class Solution {
10 public:
11     bool hasCycle(ListNode* head) {
12         ListNode* slow = head;
13         ListNode* fast = head;
14         while (fast != NULL && fast->next != NULL) {
15             slow = slow->next;
16             fast = fast->next->next;
17             if (slow == fast) {
18                 return true;
19             }
20         }
21         return false;
22     }
23 };
```

Ln 23, Col 3 | Saved



Run

☒ Testcase Test Result

**Accepted** Runtime: 0 ms

Accepted 29 / 29 testcases passed

\_manya13\_ submitted at Mar 05, 2025 20:36

Editorial

Solution

Runtime

6 ms | Beats 90.79%

Analyze Complexity



Memory

11.71 MB | Beats 79.92%

## 7. Rotate a list:

C++ Auto



```
1 class Solution {
2 public:
3     ListNode* rotateRight(ListNode* head, int k) {
4         if (!head || !head->next || k == 0) return head;
5         ListNode* tail = head;
6         int length = 1;
7
8         while (tail->next) {
9             tail = tail->next;
10            length++;
11        }
12        k %= length;
13        if (k == 0) return head;
14        tail->next = head;
15        int stepsToNewHead = length - k;
16        ListNode* newTail = tail;
17        while (stepsToNewHead--) {
18            newTail = newTail->next;
19        }
20        ListNode* newHead = newTail->next;
21        newTail->next = nullptr;
22        return newHead;
23    }
24};
```

Ln 21, Col 33 | Saved



Run

Testcase Test Result

Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

Accepted 232 / 232 testcases passed

\_manya13\_ submitted at Mar 05, 2025 20:36

Editorial

Solution

Runtime

0 ms | Beats 100.00%

Analyze Complexity



Memory

16.28 MB | Beats 93.87%

## 8. Sort List:


```
public:
ListNode* merge(ListNode* list1, ListNode* list2) {
    ListNode* C = new ListNode(100) ;
    ListNode* temp = C ;
    while(list1!= NULL && list2!=NULL){
        if(list1->val <= list2->val){
            temp->next = list1 ;
            list1 = list1->next ;
            temp = temp ->next ;
        }
        else{
            temp->next = list2 ;
            list2 = list2->next ;
            temp = temp->next ;
        }
    }
    if(list1 == NULL )temp->next = list2 ;
    if(list2==NULL) temp->next = list1 ;
    return C->next ;
}


ListNode* sortList(ListNode* head) {
    if(head==NULL || head->next == NULL)return head ;
    // to find the middle of the linked list
    ListNode* slow = head ;
    ListNode* fast = head ;
    while(fast->next!=NULL && fast->next->next!=NULL){
        slow = slow->next ;
        fast = fast->next->next ; }
    ListNode* a = head ;
    ListNode* b = slow->next ;
    slow->next = NULL ;
    a = sortList(a) ;
    b = sortList(b) ;
    ListNode* c = merge(a,b) ;
    return c ;
}
```

Accepted 30 / 30 testcases passed

 \_many13\_ submitted at Mar 05, 2025 20:41

 Editorial

 Solution

 Runtime



42 ms | Beats 48.60%

 [Analyze Complexity](#)

 Memory

75.83 MB | Beats 8.72%

## 9. Merge k sorted lists:

C++   Auto

```
1 class Solution {
2 public:
3     ListNode* mergeKLists(vector<ListNode*>& lists) {
4         if (lists.empty()) {
5             return nullptr;
6         }
7         return mergeKListsHelper(lists, 0, lists.size() - 1);
8     }
9     ListNode* mergeKListsHelper(vector<ListNode*>& lists, int start, int end) {
10        if (start == end) {
11            return lists[start];
12        }
13        if (start + 1 == end) {
14            return merge(lists[start], lists[end]);
15        }
16        int mid = start + (end - start) / 2;
17        ListNode* left = mergeKListsHelper(lists, start, mid);
18        ListNode* right = mergeKListsHelper(lists, mid + 1, end);
19        return merge(left, right);
20    }
21    ListNode* merge(ListNode* l1, ListNode* l2) {
22        ListNode* dummy = new ListNode(0);
23        ListNode* curr = dummy;
24        while (l1 && l2) {
25            if (l1->val < l2->val) {
26                curr->next = l1;
27                l1 = l1->next;
28            } else {
29                curr->next = l2;
30                l2 = l2->next;
31            }
32            curr = curr->next;
33        }
34        curr->next = l1 ? l1 : l2;
35        return dummy->next;
36    }
37 }
```

Accepted 134 / 134 testcases passed

 \_many13\_ submitted at Mar 05, 2025 20:43

 Editorial

 Solution

 Runtime



 Memory

4 ms | Beats 48.89%

23.90 MB | Beats 7.35%

 [Analyze Complexity](#)

75%