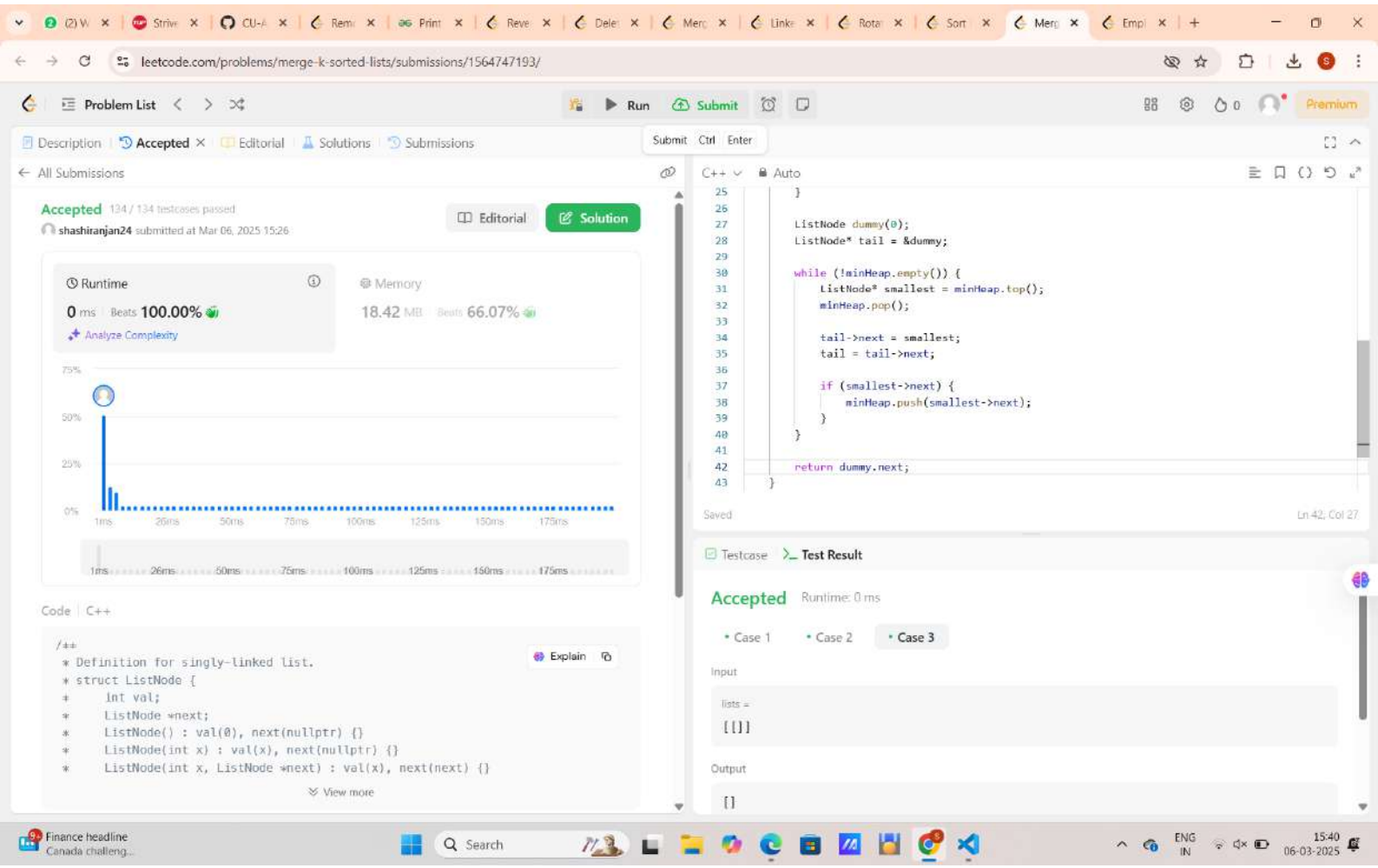
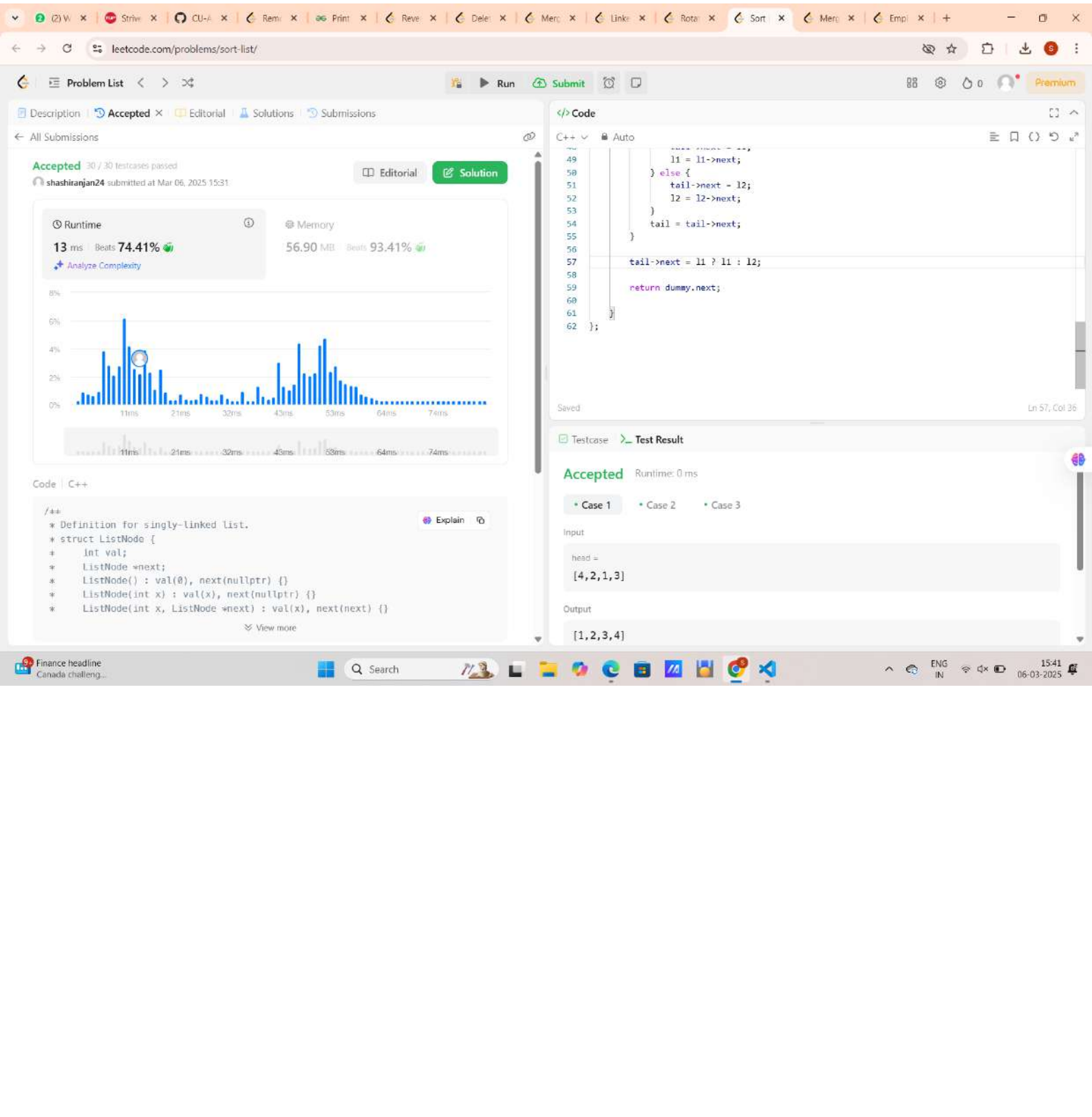

leetcode.com/problems/merge-k-sorted-lists/submissions/1564747193/
Problem List
Run
Submit
Premium
Description
Accepted
Editorial
Solutions
Submissions
All Submissions
Accepted 134 / 134 testcases passed
shashiranjan24 submitted at Mar 06, 2025 15:26
Editorial
Solution
Runtime
0 ms | Beats 100.00%
Analyze Complexity
Memory
18.42 MB | Beats 66.07%
Code | C++
Explain
View more
C++
Auto
Saved
Ln 42, Col 27
Testcase
Test Result
Accepted
Runtime: 0 ms
Case 1
Case 2
Case 3
Input
lists =
[[]]
Output
[]


leetcode.com/problems/sort-list/
Problem List
Run
Submit
Premium
Description
Accepted
Editorial
Solutions
Submissions
All Submissions
Accepted 30 / 30 testcases passed
shashiranjan24 submitted at Mar 06, 2025 15:31
Editorial
Solution
Runtime
13 ms | Beats 74.41%
Analyze Complexity
Memory
56.90 MB | Beats 93.41%
Code | C++
Explain
View more
Code
C++
Auto
Saved
Ln 57, Col 36
Testcase
Test Result
Accepted
Runtime: 0 ms
Case 1
Case 2
Case 3
Input
head =
[4,2,1,3]
Output
[1,2,3,4]
Finance headline
Canada challeng...
Search
ENG
IN
15:41
06-03-2025

leetcode.com/problems/rotate-list/

Problem List | Run | Submit | Premium

Description | Accepted | Editorial | Solutions | Submissions

All Submissions

Accepted 232 / 232 testcases passed

shashiranjan24 submitted at Mar 06, 2025 15:32

Editorial | Solution

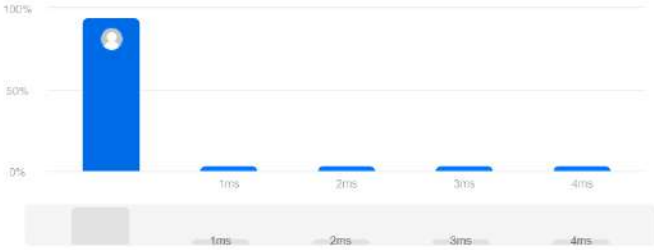
Runtime

0 ms | Beats 100.00%

Analyze Complexity

Memory

16.37 MB | Beats 64.71%



Code | C++

```
/**
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * struct ListNode {
 *     int val;
 *     ListNode *next;
 *     ListNode() : val(0), next(nullptr) {}
 *     ListNode(int x) : val(x), next(nullptr) {}
 *     ListNode(int x, ListNode *next) : val(x), next(next) {}
```

Explain

View more

Code

C++ | Auto

```
25      k = k % length;
26      if (k == 0) return head;
27
28
29      ListNode* newTail = head;
30      for (int i = 0; i < length - k - 1; i++) {
31          newTail = newTail->next;
32      }
33
34      ListNode* newHead = newTail->next;
35      newTail->next = nullptr;
36      tail->next = head;
37
38      return newHead;
39  }
40  };
```

Saved | Ln 26, Col 34

Testcase | Test Result

Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

Case 1 | Case 2

Input

head =

[1,2,3,4,5]

k =

2

Finance headline
Canada challeng...

Search

ENG
IN

15:41
06-03-2025

leetcode.com/problems/linked-list-cycle/

Problem List | Run | Submit | Premium

Description | Accepted | Editorial | Solutions | Submissions

All Submissions

Accepted 29 / 29 testcases passed

shashiranjan24 submitted at Mar 06, 2025 15:34

Editorial | Solution

Runtime

8 ms | Beats 80.83%

Analyze Complexity

Memory

11.99 MB | Beats 24.19%

Code | C++

```
/**
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * struct ListNode {
 *     int val;
 *     ListNode *next;
 *     ListNode(int x) : val(x), next(NULL) {}
 * };
 */
```

Explain

View more

Code

C++ | Auto

```
13
14        ListNode* slow = head;
15        ListNode* fast = head;
16
17        while (fast && fast->next) {
18            slow = slow->next;
19            fast = fast->next->next;
20
21            if (slow == fast) return true;
22        }
23
24        return false;
25    }
26 };
```

Saving...

Ln 18, Col 40

Testcase | Test Result

Case 1 | Case 2 | Case 3

head =

[3,2,0,-4]

pos =

1

Source

Finance headline
Canada challeng...

Search

ENG
IN

15:41
06-03-2025

leetcode.com/problems/merge-two-sorted-lists/

Problem List | Run | Submit | Premium

Description | Accepted | Editorial | Solutions | Submissions

All Submissions

Accepted 208 / 208 testcases passed

shashiranjan24 submitted at Mar 06, 2025 15:36

Editorial | Solution

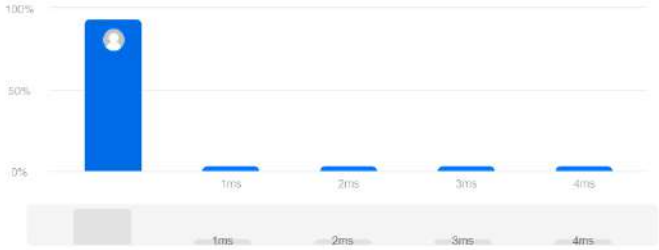
Runtime

0 ms | Beats 100.00%

Analyze Complexity

Memory

19.51 MB | Beats 28.39%



Code | C++

```
/**
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * struct ListNode {
 *     int val;
 *     ListNode *next;
 *     ListNode() : val(0), next(nullptr) {}
 *     ListNode(int x) : val(x), next(nullptr) {}
 *     ListNode(int x, ListNode *next) : val(x), next(next) {}
```

Explain

View more

Code

C++ | Auto

```
19              tail->next = list1;
20              list1 = list1->next;
21          } else {
22              tail->next = list2;
23              list2 = list2->next;
24          }
25          tail = tail->next;
26      }
27
28
29      tail->next = list1 ? list1 : list2;
30
31      return dummy.next;
32  }
33 };
```

Saving...

Ln 25, Col 31

Testcase | Test Result

Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

Case 1 | Case 2 | Case 3

Input

list1 =

[1,2,4]

list2 =

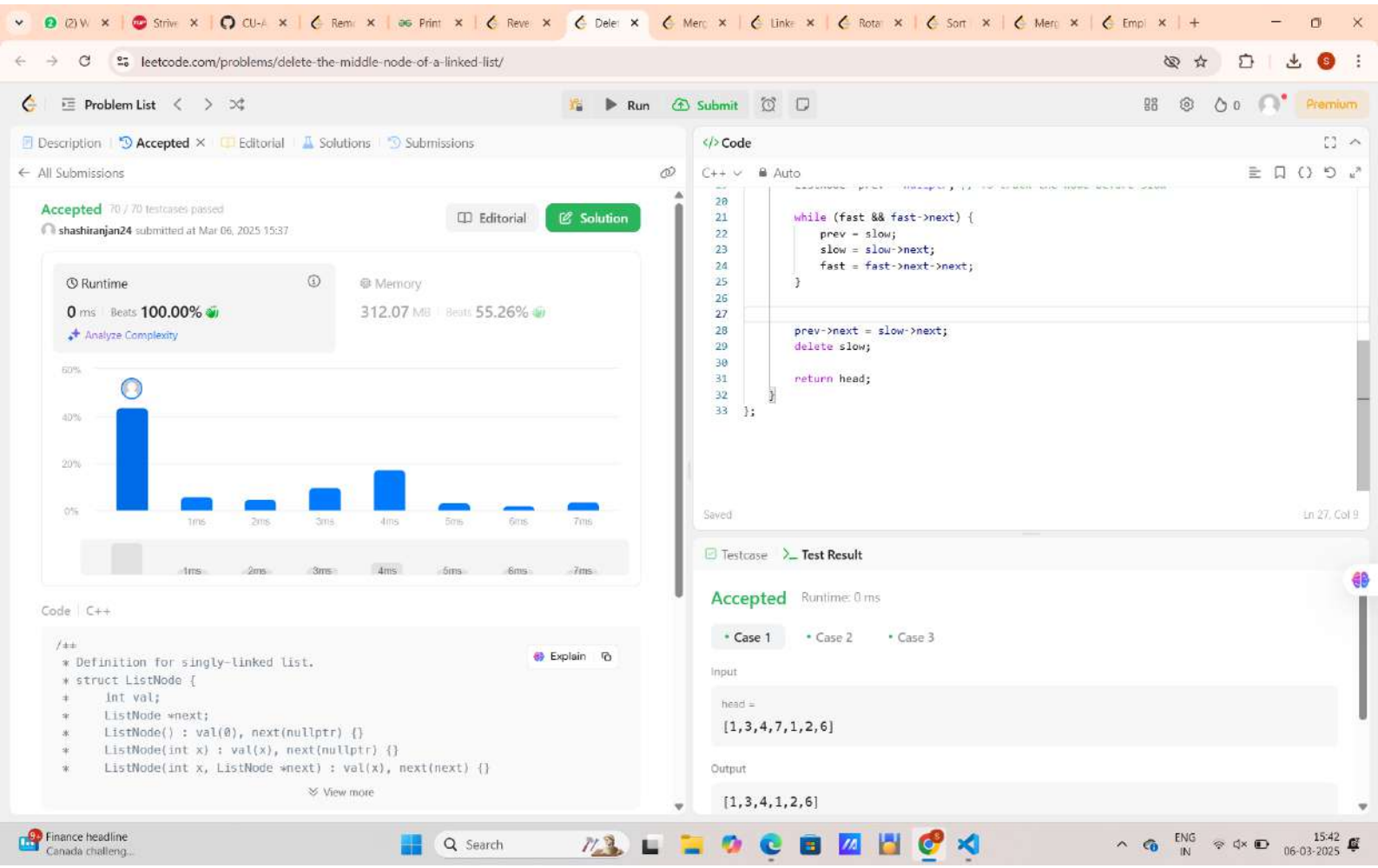
[1,3,4]

Finance headline
Canada challeng...

Search

ENG
IN

15:42
06-03-2025


leetcode.com/problems/delete-the-middle-node-of-a-linked-list/
Problem List
Run
Submit
Premium
Description
Accepted
Editorial
Solutions
Submissions
All Submissions
Accepted 70 / 70 testcases passed
shashiranjan24 submitted at Mar 06, 2025 15:37
Editorial
Solution
Runtime
0 ms | Beats 100.00%
Analyze Complexity
Memory
312.07 MB | Beats 55.26%
60%
40%
20%
0%
1ms
2ms
3ms
4ms
5ms
6ms
7ms
Code | C++
Explain
/**
* Definition for singly-linked list.
* struct ListNode {
*   int val;
*   ListNode *next;
*   ListNode() : val(0), next(nullptr) {}
*   ListNode(int x) : val(x), next(nullptr) {}
*   ListNode(int x, ListNode *next) : val(x), next(next) {}
View more
Code
C++
Auto
while (fast && fast->next) {
prev = slow;
slow = slow->next;
fast = fast->next->next;
}
prev->next = slow->next;
delete slow;
return head;
};
Saved
Ln 27, Col 9
Testcase
Test Result
Accepted
Runtime: 0 ms
Case 1
Case 2
Case 3
Input
head =
[1,3,4,7,1,2,6]
Output
[1,3,4,1,2,6]
Finance headline
Canada challeng...
Search
ENG
IN
15:42
06-03-2025

leetcode.com/problems/reverse-linked-list/

Problem List | Run | Submit | Premium

Description | Accepted | Editorial | Solutions | Submissions

All Submissions

Accepted 28 / 28 testcases passed

shashiranjan24 submitted at Mar 06, 2025 15:38

Editorial | Solution

Runtime

0 ms | Beats 100.00%

Analyze Complexity

Memory

13.38 MB | Beats 70.13%

Code | C++

```
/**
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * struct ListNode {
 *     int val;
 *     ListNode *next;
 *     ListNode() : val(0), next(nullptr) {}
 *     ListNode(int x) : val(x), next(nullptr) {}
 *     ListNode(int x, ListNode *next) : val(x), next(next) {}
```

Explain

View more

Code

C++ | Auto

```
13      ListNode* reverseList(ListNode* head) {
14          ListNode* prev = nullptr;
15          ListNode* curr = head;
16          ListNode* next = nullptr;
17
18          while (curr) {
19              next = curr->next;
20              curr->next = prev;
21              prev = curr;
22              curr = next;
23          }
24          return prev;
25      }
26  };
```

Saved | Ln 20, Col 32

Testcase | Test Result

Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

Case 1 | Case 2 | Case 3

Input

head =

[1,2,3,4,5]

Output

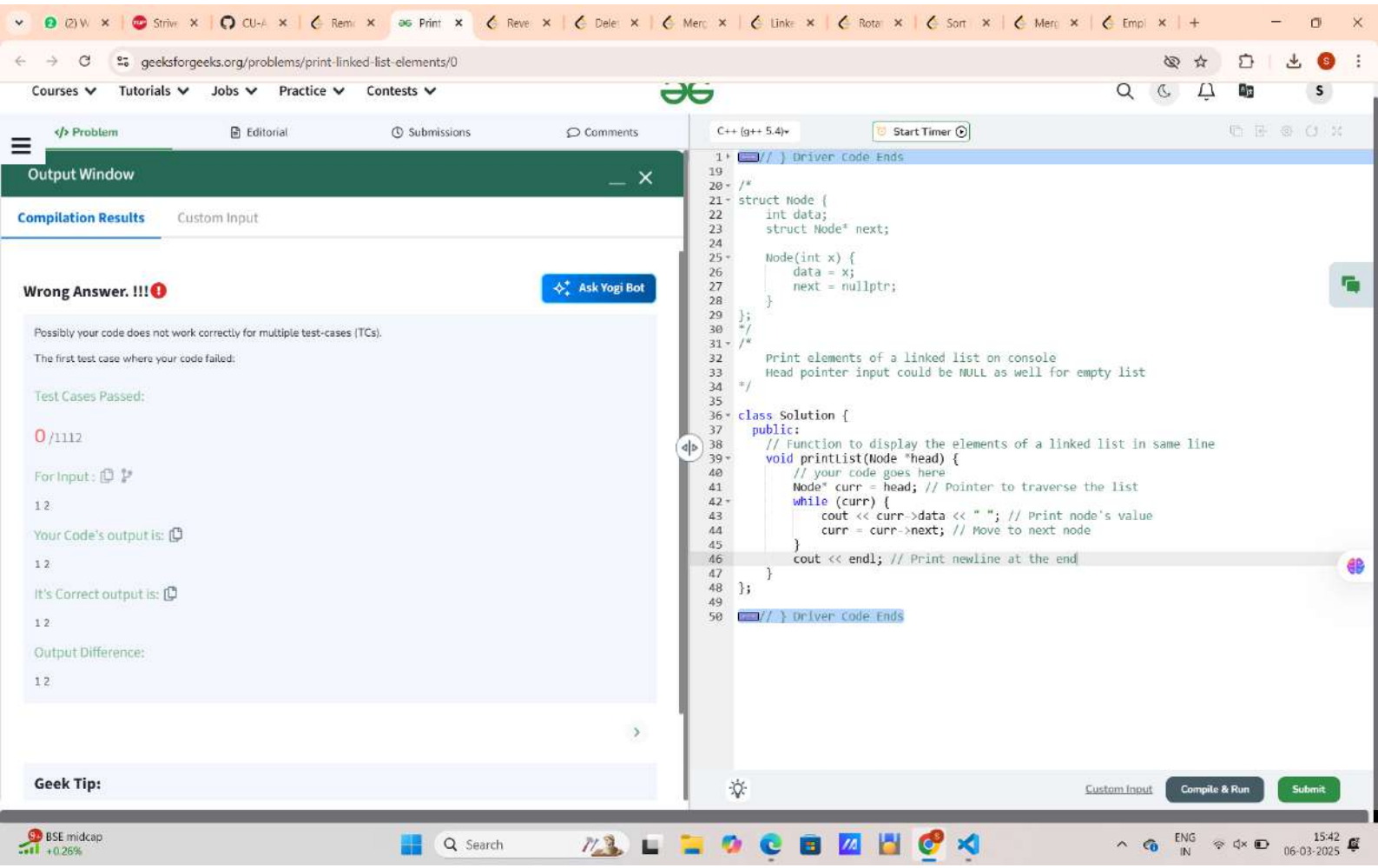
[5,4,3,2,1]

BSE midcap +0.26%

Search

ENG IN

15:42 06-03-2025


geeksforgeeks.org/problems/print-linked-list-elements/0
Courses
Tutorials
Jobs
Practice
Contests
Problem
Editorial
Submissions
Comments
Output Window
Compilation Results
Custom Input
Wrong Answer. !!!
Ask Yogi Bot
Possibly your code does not work correctly for multiple test-cases (TCs).
The first test case where your code failed:
Test Cases Passed:
0 /1112
For Input :
1 2
Your Code's output is:
1 2
It's Correct output is:
1 2
Output Difference:
1 2
Geek Tip:
C++ (g++ 5.4)
Start Timer
// } Driver Code Ends
/*
struct Node {
int data;
struct Node* next;
Node(int x) {
data = x;
next = nullptr;
}
};
*/
/*
Print elements of a linked list on console
Head pointer input could be NULL as well for empty list
*/
class Solution {
public:
// Function to display the elements of a linked list in same line
void printList(Node *head) {
// your code goes here
Node* curr = head; // Pointer to traverse the list
while (curr) {
cout << curr->data << " "; // Print node's value
curr = curr->next; // Move to next node
}
cout << endl; // Print newline at the end
}
};
// } Driver Code Ends
Custom Input
Compile & Run
Submit
BSE midcap
+0.26%
Search
ENG
IN
15:42
06-03-2025

leetcode.com/problems/remove-duplicates-from-sorted-list/

Problem List | Run | Submit | Premium

Description | Accepted | Editorial | Solutions | Submissions

All Submissions

Accepted 168 / 168 testcases passed

shashiranjan24 submitted at Mar 06, 2025 15:40

Editorial | Solution

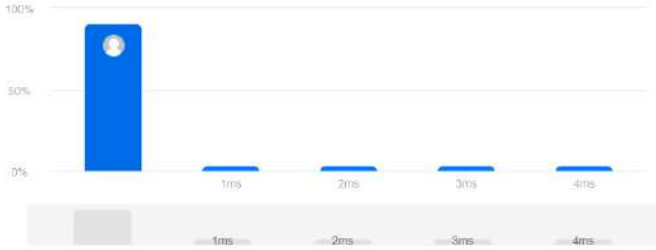
Runtime

0 ms | Beats 100.00%

Analyze Complexity

Memory

16.20 MB | Beats 67.73%



Code | C++

```
/**
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * struct ListNode {
 *     int val;
 *     ListNode *next;
 *     ListNode() : val(0), next(nullptr) {}
 *     ListNode(int x) : val(x), next(nullptr) {}
 *     ListNode(int x, ListNode *next) : val(x), next(next) {}
```

Explain

View more

Code

C++ | Auto

```
/**
 * Definition for singly-linked list.
 * struct ListNode {
 *     int val;
 *     ListNode *next;
 *     ListNode() : val(0), next(nullptr) {}
 *     ListNode(int x) : val(x), next(nullptr) {}
 *     ListNode(int x, ListNode *next) : val(x), next(next) {}
 * };
 */
class Solution {
public:
    ListNode* deleteDuplicates(ListNode* head) {
        ListNode* curr = head;

        while (curr && curr->next) {
            if (curr->val == curr->next->val) {
                curr->next = curr->next->next;
            } else {
```

Saved | Ln 18, Col 48

Testcase | Test Result

Accepted Runtime: 0 ms

Case 1 | Case 2

Input

head =

[1,1,2]

Output

[1,2]

BSE midcap +0.26%

Search

ENG IN

15:43 06-03-2025