

Name- Archi bansal

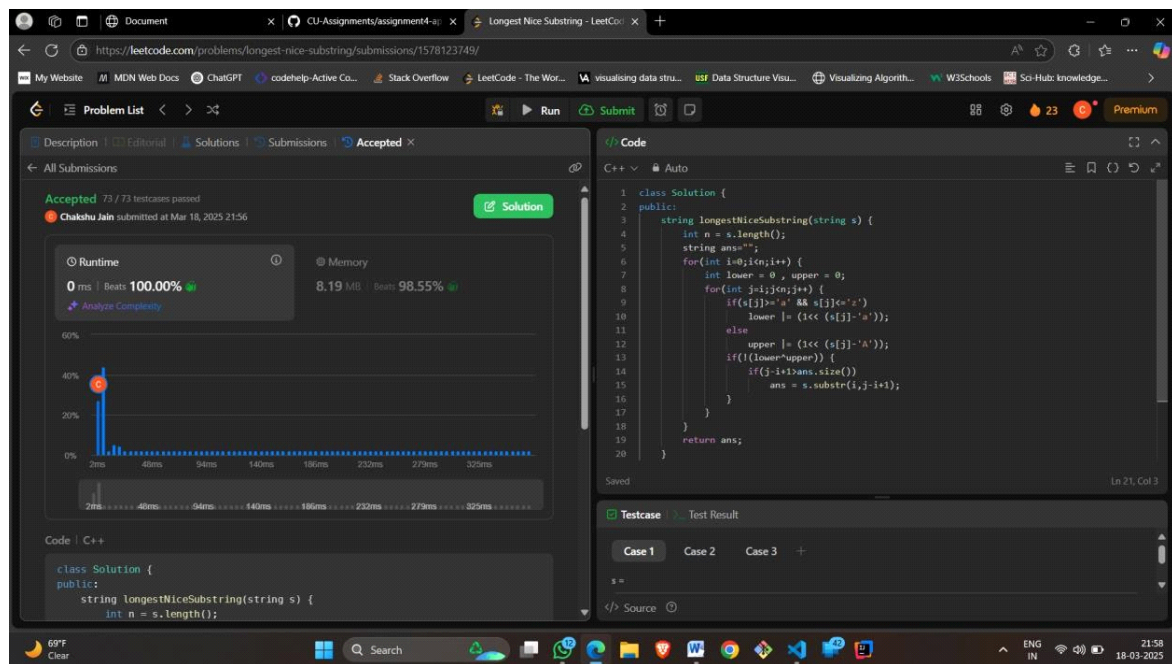
Uid-22BCS15264

Section-608/B

## AP ASSIGNMENT

1. Longest Nice substring :

```
class Solution {  
  
    public:  
  
    string longestNiceSubstring(string s) { int n = s.length();  
  
    string ans=""; for(int i=0;i<n;i++) {  
  
        int lower = 0 , upper = 0; for(int j=i;j<n;j++) {  
  
            if(s[j]>='a' && s[j]<='z')  
  
                lower |= (1<< (s[j]-'a')); else  
  
                upper |= (1<< (s[j]-'A')); if(!(lower^upper)) {  
  
                    if(j-i+1>ans.size())  
  
                        ans = s.substr(i,j-i+1);  
  
                }  
  
            }  
  
        }  
  
        return ans;  
  
    }  
  
};
```



## 2. Reverse bits :

class Solution { public:

uint32\_t reverseBits(uint32\_t n) { uint32\_t ans=0;

for (int i = 0; i < 32; i++) { ans = ans<<1; if(n&1){

ans=ans|1;

}

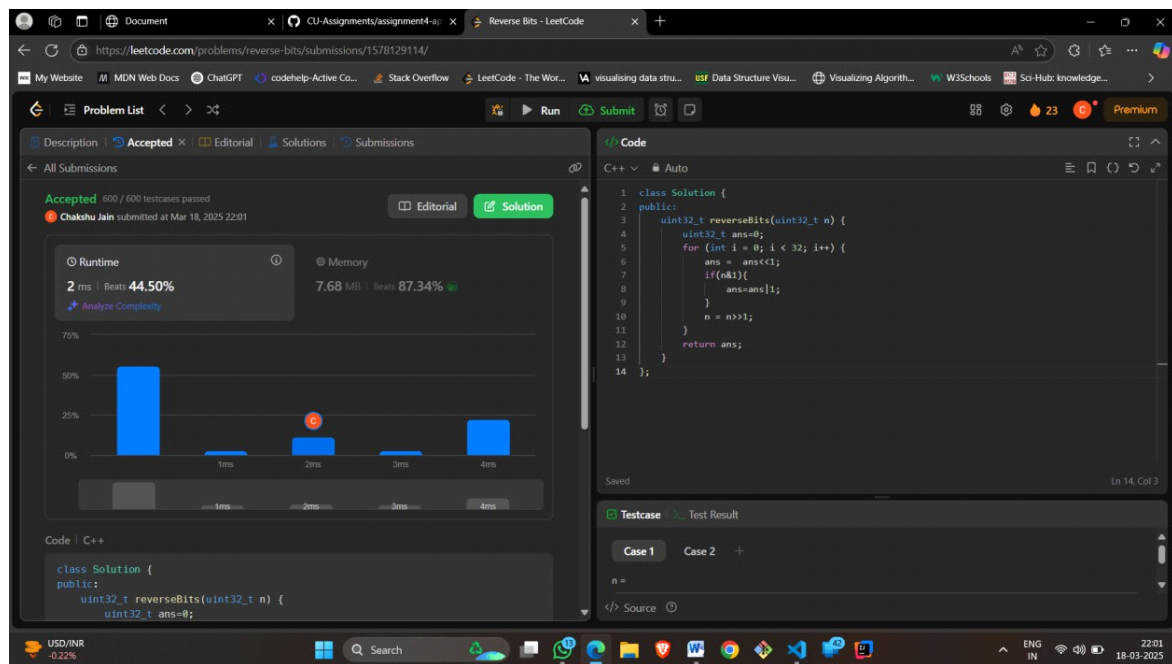
n = n>>1;

}

return ans;

}

};



3. Number of 1-bits:

class Solution { public:

int hammingWeight(uint32\_t n) { int res = 0;

for (int i = 0; i < 32; i++) { if ((n >> i) & 1) {

res += 1;

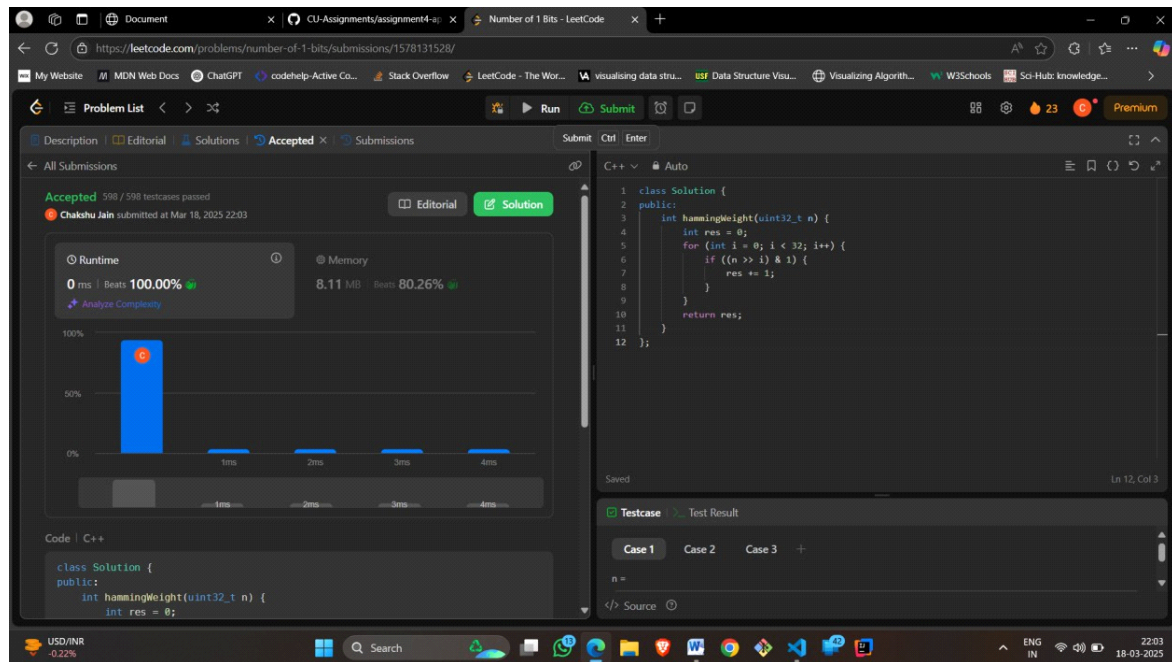
}

}

return res;

}

};



4. maximum of subarray:

class Solution { public:

int maxSubArray(vector<int>& nums) { int res = nums[0];

int total = 0;

```
for (int n : nums) { if (total < 0) { total = 0;
}
```

total += n;

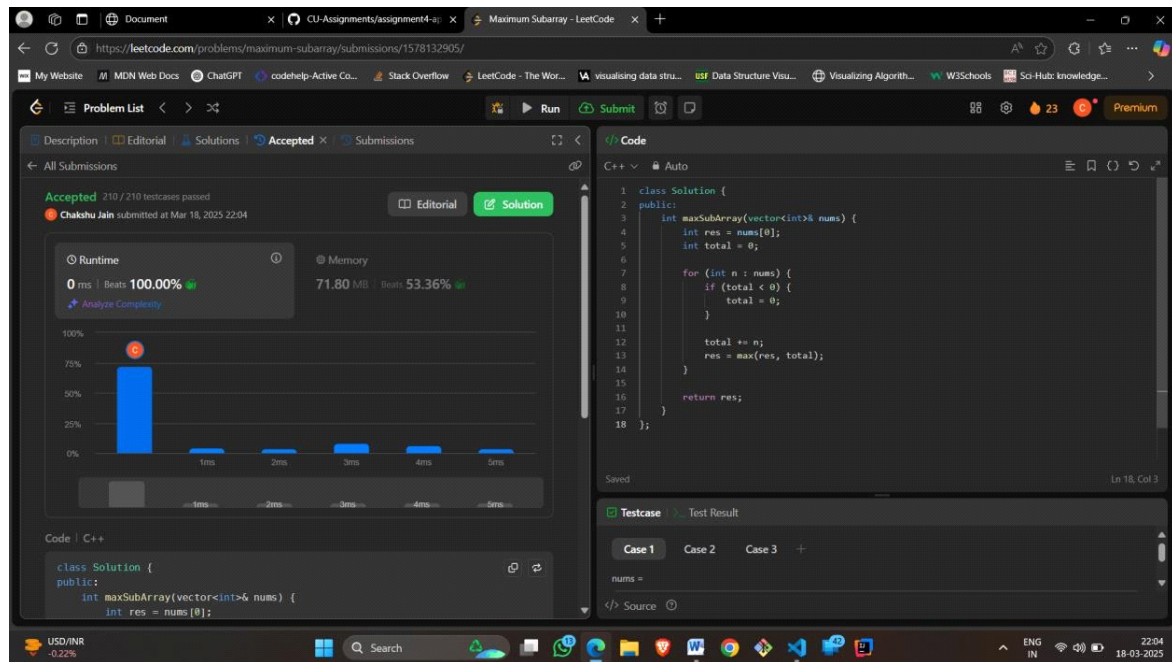
res = max(res, total);

}

return res;

}

};



5. Search a 2D matrix :

class Solution { public:

bool searchMatrix(vector<vector<int>>& matrix, int target) { for (int i = 0; i < matrix.size(); i++) {

for (int j = 0; j < matrix[i].size(); j++) { if (matrix[i][j] == target) {

return true;

}

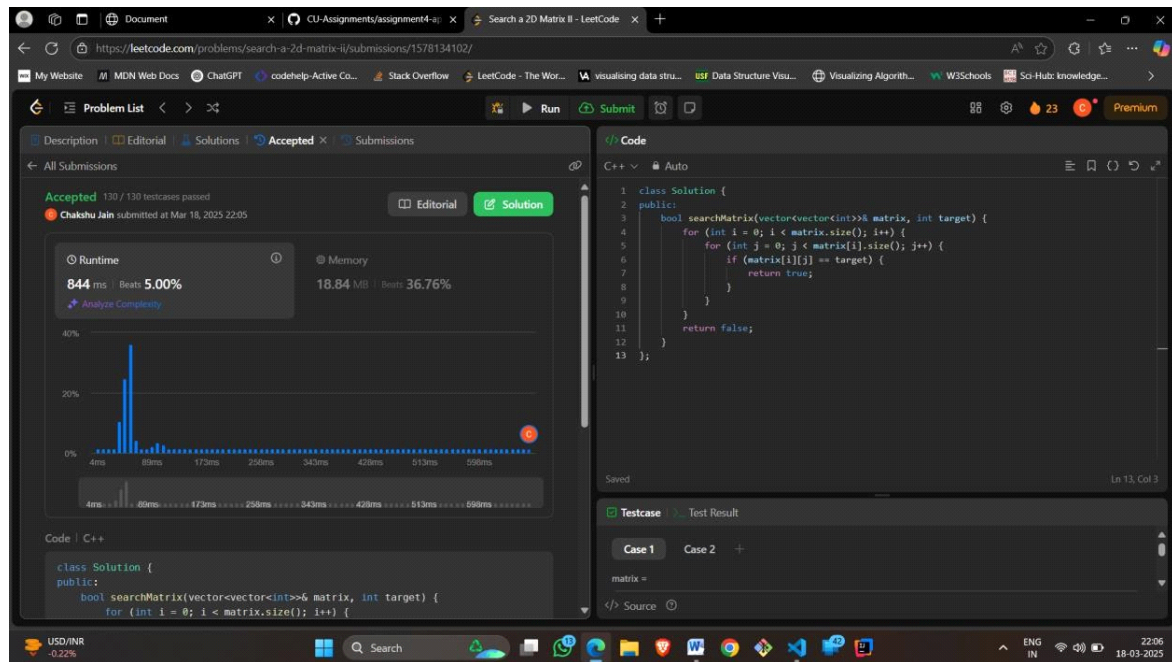
}

}

return false;

}

};



6. super pow:

```
class Solution {
```

```
const int base = 1337;
```

```
int powmod(int a, int k) //a^k mod 1337 where 0 <= k <= 10
```

```
{
```

```
    a %= base; int result = 1;
```

```
    for (int i = 0; i < k; ++i)
```

```
        result = (result * a) % base; return result;
```

```
}
```

```
public:
```

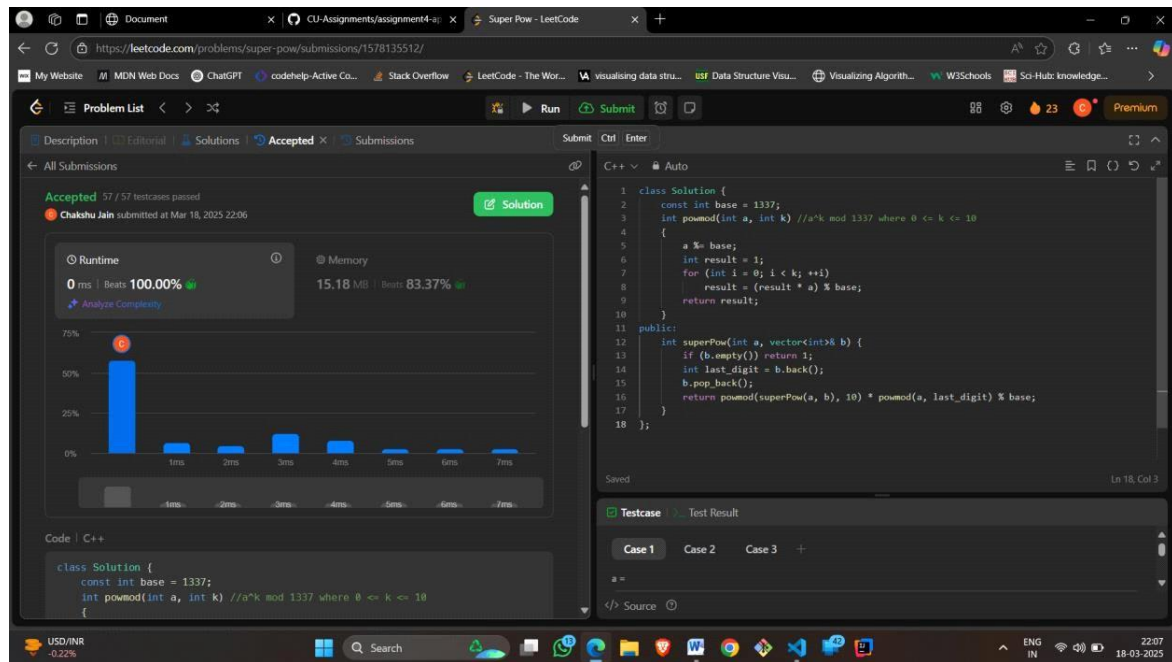
```
int superPow(int a, vector<int>& b) { if (b.empty()) return 1;
```

```
    int last_digit = b.back(); b.pop_back();
```

```
    return powmod(superPow(a, b), 10) * powmod(a, last_digit) % base;
```

```
}
```

```
};
```



7. beautiful array :

class Solution { public:

int partition(vector<int> &v, int start, int end, int mask)

{

int j = start;

for(int i = start; i <= end; i++)

{

if((v[i] & mask) != 0)

{

swap(v[i], v[j]); j++;

}

}

return j;

}

```

void sort(vector<int> &v, int start, int end, int mask)
{
    if(start >= end) return;

    int mid = partition(v, start, end, mask); sort(v, start, mid - 1, mask << 1); sort(v, mid, end, mask << 1);
}

```

```

vector<int> beautifulArray(int N) { vector<int> ans;

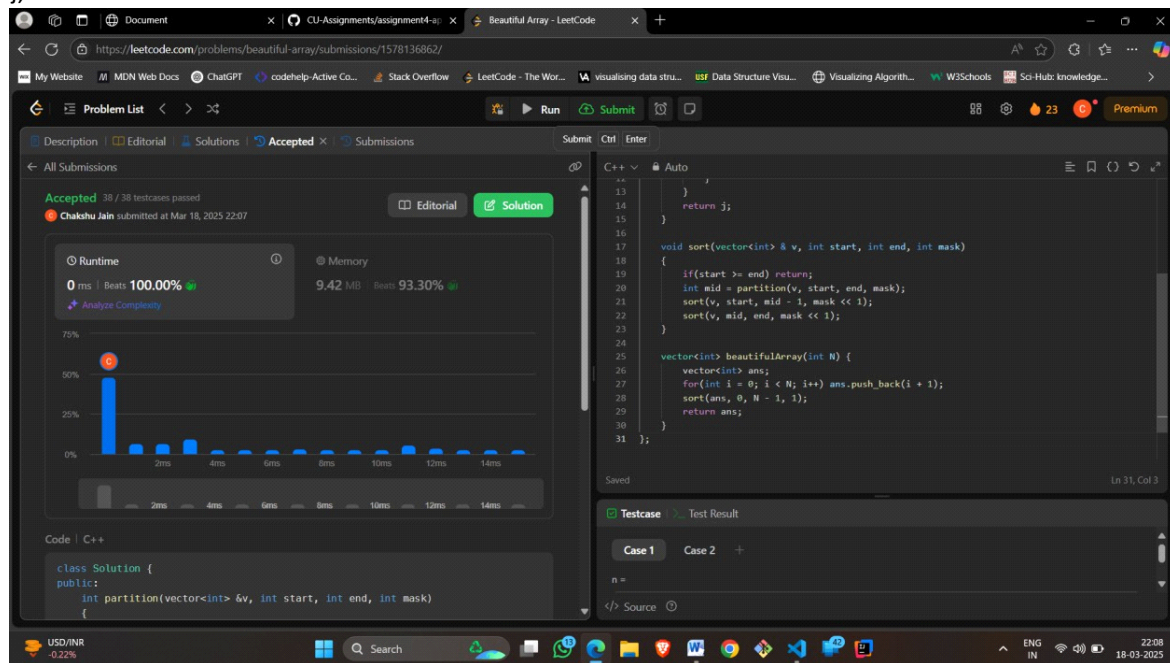
    for(int i = 0; i < N; i++) ans.push_back(i + 1); sort(ans, 0, N - 1, 1);

    return ans;

}

};

```



8. the skyline problem:

```

class Solution { public:

    vector<vector<int>> getSkyline(vector<vector<int>>& buildings) { vector<vector<int>> ans;

    multiset<int> pq{0};

```



```

vector<pair<int, int>> points;

for(auto b: buildings){ points.push_back({b[0], -b[2]});
points.push_back({b[1], b[2]});
}

sort(points.begin(), points.end());

int ongoingHeight = 0;

// points.first = x coordinate, points.second = height for(int i = 0; i < points.size(); i++){
int currentPoint = points[i].first;
int heightAtCurrentPoint = points[i].second;

if(heightAtCurrentPoint < 0){ pq.insert(-heightAtCurrentPoint);
} else {
pq.erase(pq.find(heightAtCurrentPoint));
}

// after inserting/removing heightAtI, if there's a change auto pqTop = *pq.rbegin();
if(ongoingHeight != pqTop){ ongoingHeight = pqTop;
ans.push_back({currentPoint, ongoingHeight});
}

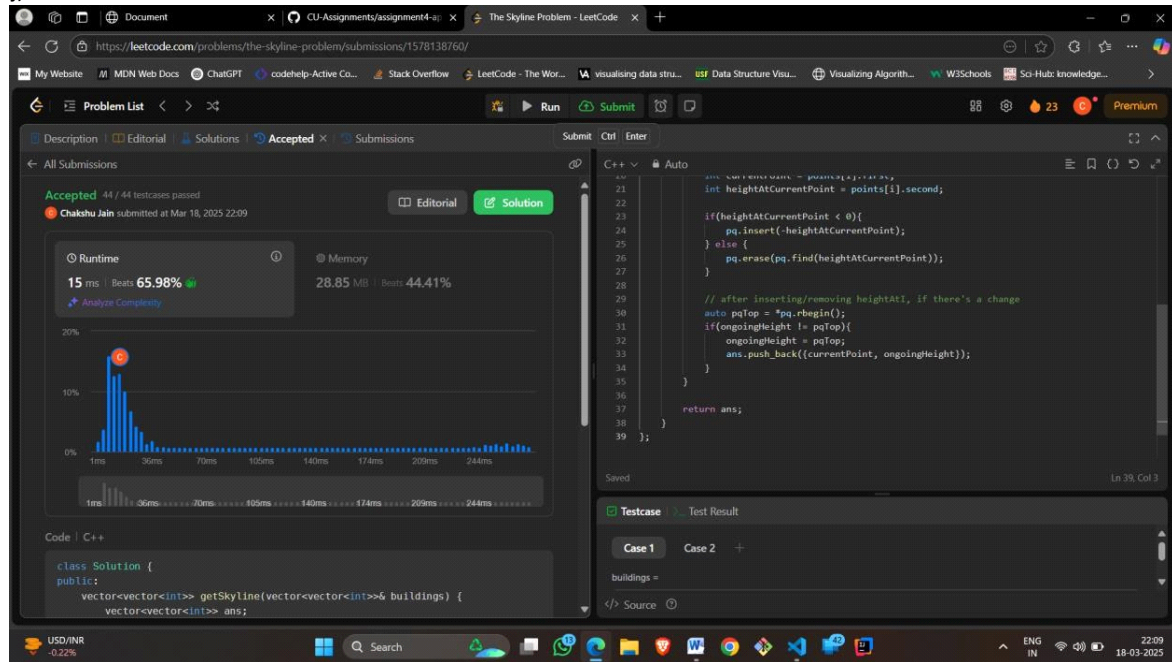
```

```
}
```

```
return ans;
```

```
}
```

```
};
```



9. Reverse pairs :

```
class Solution
```

```
{
```

```
int get_pairs(vector<int>& vct , long long int x)
```

```
{
```

```
//sort(vct.begin() , vct.end()); int size = vct.size();
```

```
int low = 0;
```

```
int high = size - 1; int ans = -1; while(low <= high)
```

```
{
```

```
int mid = high - (high - low) / 2; int ele = vct[mid];
```

```
if(ele > x)
{
    ans = mid; high = mid - 1;
}

else
{
    low = mid + 1;
}
}

if(ans == -1) return 0; return vct.size() - ans;
}
```

```
// void print_vector(vector<int>& nums)

// {

//     cout<<endl;

//     for(auto it : nums)

//     {

//         cout<<" "<<it;

//     }

//     cout<<endl;

// }
```

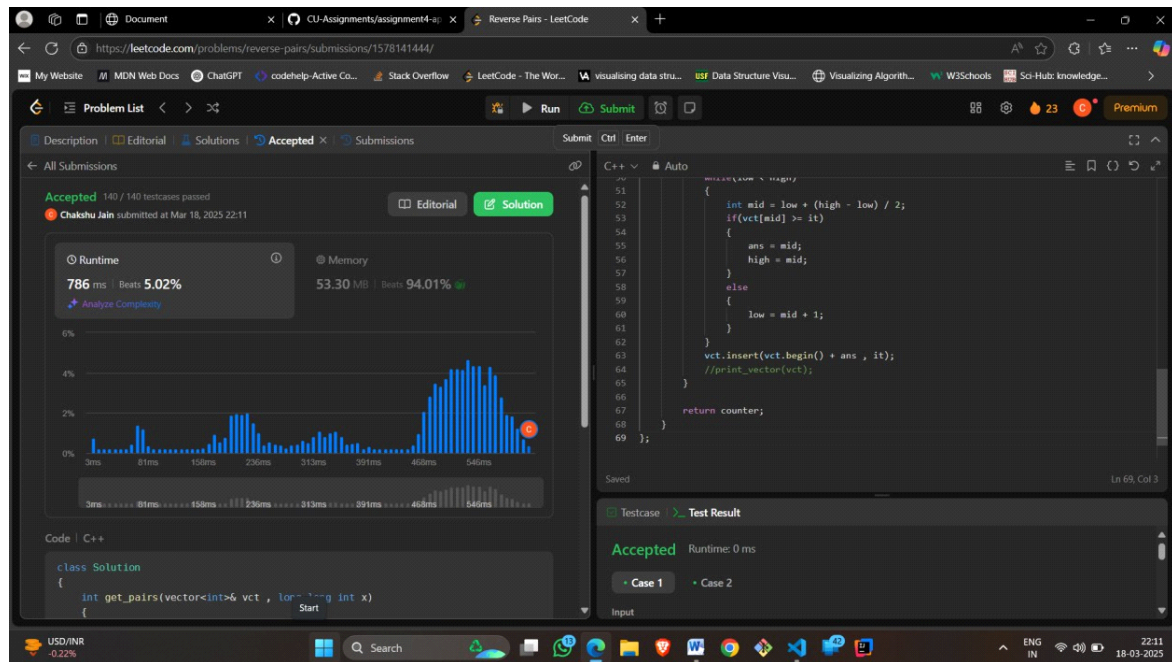
public:

```
int reversePairs(vector<int>& nums)

{
```

```
vector<int> vct; int counter = 0; for(auto it : nums)
{
    long long int x = 1LL * 2 * it; counter += get_pairs(vct , x); int low = 0;
    int high = vct.size(); int ans = vct.size(); while(low < high)
    {
        int mid = low + (high - low) / 2; if(vct[mid] >= it)
        {
            ans = mid; high = mid;
        }
        else
        {
            low = mid + 1;
        }
    }
    vct.insert(vct.begin() + ans , it);
    //print_vector(vct);
}

return counter;
}
};
```



10. longest increasing substring :

```
class Solution {
```

```
public:
```

```
vector<int>tree;
```

```
void update(int node,int st,int end,int i,int val){ if(st==end){
```

```
tree[node]=max(tree[node],val); return;
```

```
}
```

```
int mid=(st+end)/2; if(i<=mid){
```

```
update(node*2,st,mid,i,val);
```

```
}else{
```

```
update(node*2+1,mid+1,end,i,val);
```

```
}
```

```
tree[node]=max(tree[node*2],tree[node*2+1]);
```

```
}
```

```

int query(int node,int st,int end,int x,int y){ if(x>end || y<st) return -1e9;
if(st>=x && end<=y){ return tree[node];
}
int mid=(st+end)/2;
int left=query(2*node,st,mid,x,y);
int right=query(2*node+1,mid+1,end,x,y); return max(left,right);
}

int lengthOfLIS(vector<int>& nums, int k) { int n=nums.size();
if(n==1) return 1;
int m=*max_element(nums.begin(),nums.end());

tree.clear(); tree.resize(4*m+10); for(int i=n-1;i>=0;i--){
int l=nums[i]+1,r=min(nums[i]+k,m); int x=query(1,0,m,l,r);
if(x==-1e9) x=0; update(1,0,m,nums[i],x+1);
}

return tree[1];
}
};

```

Document

Longest Increasing Subsequence

https://leetcode.com/problems/longest-increasing-subsequence-ii/submissions/1578142823/

My Website | MDN Web Docs | ChatGPT | codehelp-Active Co... | Stack Overflow | LeetCode - The Wor... | Visualising data stru... | Data Structure Visu... | Visualizing Algorith... | W3Schools | So-Hub: knowledge...

Problem List | Run | Submit | Premium

Description | Editorial | Solutions | Accepted | Submissions

All Submissions

Accepted 84 / 84 testcases passed  
Chakshu Jain submitted at Mar 18, 2025 22:12

Runtime  
71 ms | Beats 76.13%

Memory  
59.67 MB | Beats 81.69%

Analyze Complexity

Code | C++

```
class Solution {
public:
    vector<int>tree;
    void update(int node,int st,int end,int i,int val){
```

Code

C++ | Auto

```
23 int left=query(2*node,st,mid,x,y);
24 int right=query(2*node+1,mid+1,end,x,y);
25 return max(left,right);
26 }
27 int lengthOFLIS(vector<int>& nums, int k) {
28     int n=nums.size();
29     if(n==1) return 1;
30     int m=*max_element(nums.begin(),nums.end());
31     tree.clear();
32     tree.resize(4*m+10);
33     for(int i=n-1;i>=0;i--){
34         int l=nums[i]+1,r=min(nums[i]+k,m);
35         int x=query(1,0,m,l,r);
36         if(x==1e9) x=0;
37         update(1,0,m,nums[i],x+1);
38     }
39     return tree[1];
40 }
41 }
```

Saved | Ln 41, Col 3

Testcase | Test Result

Case 1 | Case 2 | Case 3 | +

nums =

</> Source

USD/INR  
-0.22%

Search

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