

## Assignment-04

### Advanced Programming Lab - 2 (22CSP-351)

#### Divide and Conquer

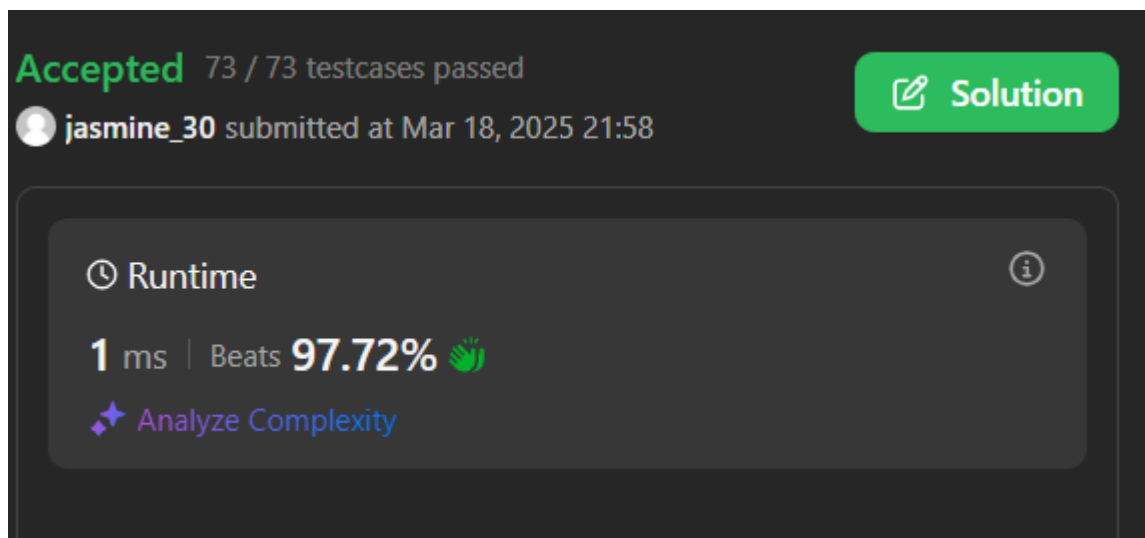
##### Question 1: Longest Nice Substring

Code:

```
class Solution { public:    string
longestNiceSubstring(string s) {        int
n = s.length();
    if (n < 2) return "";

    unordered_set<char> st(s.begin(), s.end());

    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        if (st.count(tolower(s[i])) && st.count(toupper(s[i]))) continue;
        string left = longestNiceSubstring(s.substr(0, i));        string right =
        longestNiceSubstring(s.substr(i + 1));        return left.length() >=
        right.length() ? left : right;
    }
    return s;
}
```



##### Question 2: Reverse Bits

Code:

```
class Solution { public:    uint32_t
reverseBits(uint32_t n) {
    uint32_t res = 0;        for (int i = 0; i
< 32; i++) {
        res = (res << 1) | (n & 1);
    n >>= 1;        }        return res;
}
```

```
};
```

← All Submissions

**Accepted** 600 / 600 testcases passed

**Solution**

**jasmine\_30** submitted at Mar 18, 2025 22:02

🕒 Runtime

**0 ms** | Beats **100.00%** 🙌

🌟 [Analyze Complexity](#)

💾 Memory

**41.81 MB** | Beats **57.81%** 🙌

### Question 3: Number of 1 Bits

#### Code:

```
class Solution { public:    int
hammingWeight(int n) {
int count = 0;    while (n) {
count += (n & 1);    n
>>= 1;
    }    return
count;
    }
};
```

← All Submissions

**Accepted** 598 / 598 testcases passed

**Solution**

**jasmine\_30** submitted at Mar 18, 2025 22:05

🕒 Runtime

**0 ms** | Beats **100.00%** 🙌

🌟 [Analyze Complexity](#)

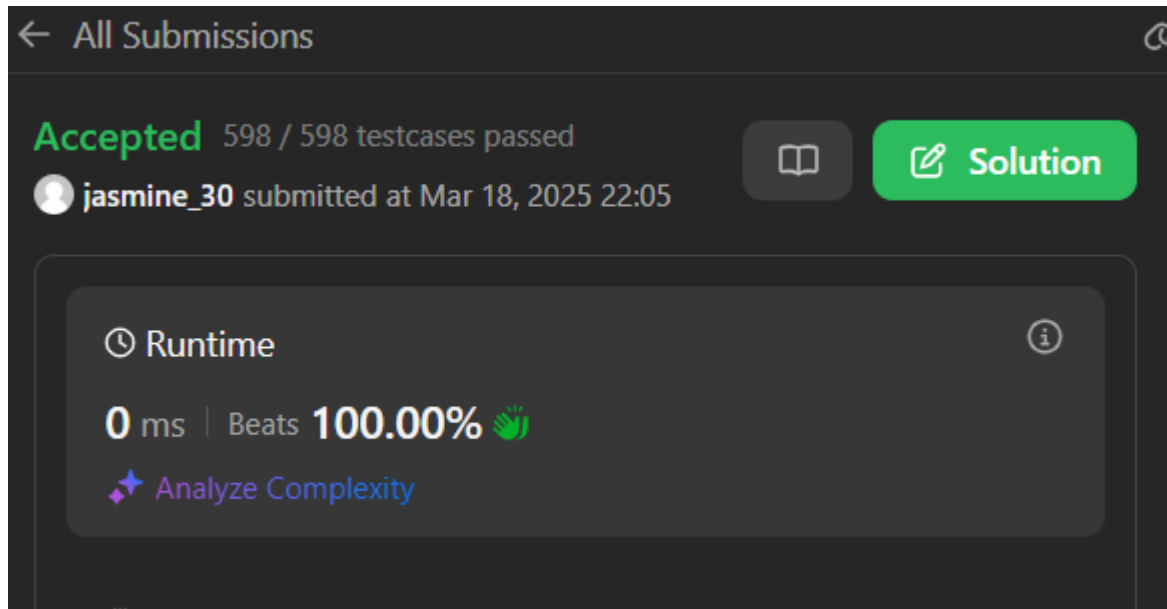
### Question 4: Maximum Subarray

#### Code:

```

class Solution { public:
    int maxSubArray(vector<int>& nums) {
int maxSum = nums[0], curSum = 0;
for (int num : nums) {      curSum =
max(num, curSum + num);
        maxSum = max(maxSum, curSum);
    }
    return maxSum;
}
};

```



## Question 5: Search a 2D Matrix II

### Code:

```


class Solution { public:    bool
searchMatrix(vector<vector<int>>& matrix, int target) {
int rows = matrix.size(), cols = matrix[0].size();    int r = 0, c
= cols - 1;


    while (r < rows && c >= 0) {        if
(matrix[r][c] == target) return true;
else if (matrix[r][c] > target) c--;        else
r++;
    }



    return false;
}
};

```


Accepted 84 / 84 testcases passed


 jasmine\_30 submitted at Mar 18, 2025 22:32


 Solution

 Runtime 

**110** ms | Beats **34.43%**

 [Analyze Complexity](#)

 Memory


**56.70** MB | Beats **68.85%** 

### Question 6: Super Pow



#### Code:

```
class Solution { public:
    const int MOD = 1337;
    int modPow(int x, int n) {
        int res = 1;
        x %= MOD;
        while (n) {
            if (n % 2) res = (res * x) % MOD;
            x = (x * x) % MOD;
            n /= 2;
        }
        return res;
    }
    int superPow(int a, vector<int>& b) {
        int res = 1;
        for (int digit : b) {
            res = modPow(res, 10) * modPow(a, digit) % MOD;
        }
        return res;
    }
};
```


Accepted 84 / 84 testcases passed


 jasmine\_30 submitted at Mar 18, 2025 22:32


 Solution

 Runtime 

**110** ms | Beats **34.43%**

 [Analyze Complexity](#)

 Memory


**56.70** MB | Beats **68.85%** 


### Question 7: Beautiful Array



#### Code:

```
class Solution { public:
vector<int> beautifulArray(int n) {
vector<int> res = {1};    while
(res.size() < n) {        vector<int>
temp;
    for (int num : res) if (num * 2 - 1 <= n) temp.push_back(num * 2 - 1);
for (int num : res) if (num * 2 <= n) temp.push_back(num * 2);    res =
temp;
    }
return res;
}
};
```


Accepted 84 / 84 testcases passed


 jasmine\_30 submitted at Mar 18, 2025 22:32


 Solution

 Runtime 

**110** ms | Beats **34.43%**

 [Analyze Complexity](#)

 Memory

**56.70** MB | Beats **68.85%** 

### Question 8: The Skyline Problem

#### Code:

```
class Solution { public:    vector<vector<int>>
getSkyline(vector<vector<int>>& buildings) {        vector<pair<int,
int>> events;        for (auto& b : buildings) {
    events.emplace_back(b[0], -b[2]); // Start of building
    events.emplace_back(b[1], b[2]); // End of building
}
    sort(events.begin(), events.end());

    multiset<int> heights = {0};
    vector<vector<int>> res;    int
    prevMax = 0;

    for (auto& [x, h] : events) {
        if (h < 0) heights.insert(-h); // Insert height for start
    else heights.erase(heights.find(h)); // Remove height for end
    int curMax = *heights.rbegin();        if (curMax != prevMax) {
        res.push_back({x, curMax});
        prevMax = curMax;
    }
}    return
res;
}
};
```

← All Submissions

Accepted 598 / 598 testcases passed

jasmine\_30 submitted at Mar 18, 2025 22:05

Solution

🕒 Runtime

0 ms | Beats 100.00% 🙌

🔍 Analyze Complexity

### Question 9: Reverse Pairs

#### Code:

```

class Solution { public:
    int mergeSort(vector<int>&
nums, int left, int right) {
        if (left >= right) return 0;
        int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
        int count = mergeSort(nums, left, mid) + mergeSort(nums, mid + 1, right);

        int j = mid + 1;
        for (int i = left; i <= mid; i++) {
            while (j <= right && nums[i] > 2LL * nums[j]) j++;
            count += (j - (mid + 1));
        }

        vector<int> sorted;
        int i = left, k = mid + 1;
        while (i <= mid && k <= right) {
            if (nums[i] <= nums[k]) sorted.push_back(nums[i++]);
            else sorted.push_back(nums[k++]);
        }
        while (i <= mid) sorted.push_back(nums[i++]);
        while (k <= right) sorted.push_back(nums[k++]);


        for (int i = left; i <= right; i++) nums[i] = sorted[i - left];


        return count;
    }



    int reversePairs(vector<int>& nums) {
        return mergeSort(nums, 0, nums.size() - 1);
    }
};

```


Accepted 84 / 84 testcases passed


 jasmine\_30 submitted at Mar 18, 2025 22:32


 Solution

 Runtime 

**110** ms | Beats **34.43%**

 [Analyze Complexity](#)

 Memory

**56.70** MB | Beats **68.85%** 

### Question 10: Longest Increasing Subsequence II

#### Code:

```
class Solution { public:
    class SegmentTree {
public:
        vector<int> tree;
        int size;

        SegmentTree(int n) {
            size = n;          tree.resize(4
            * n, 0);
        }

        void update(int index, int value, int node, int start, int end) {
            if (start == end) {          tree[node] = value;          return;
            }
            int mid = (start + end) / 2;
            if (index <= mid) update(index, value, 2 * node, start, mid);
            else update(index, value, 2 * node + 1, mid + 1, end);
            tree[node] = max(tree[2 * node], tree[2 * node + 1]);
        }

        int query(int left, int right, int node, int start, int end) {
            if (left > end || right < start) return 0;          if (left <= start
            && end <= right) return tree[node];          int mid = (start
            + end) / 2;
            return max(query(left, right, 2 * node, start, mid), query(left, right, 2 * node + 1, mid + 1, end));
        }

        void update(int index, int value) {
            update(index, value, 1, 1, size);
        }

        int query(int left, int right) {
```



```

        return query(left, right, 1, 1, size);
    }
};


int lengthOfLIS(vector<int>& nums, int k) {
    int maxVal = *max_element(nums.begin(), nums.end());
    SegmentTree segTree(maxVal);
    int maxLength = 0;

    for (int num : nums) {
        int bestPrev = segTree.query(max(1, num - k), num - 1);
        int newLength = bestPrev + 1;
        segTree.update(num, newLength);
        maxLength = max(maxLength, newLength);
    }

    return maxLength;
}
};

```


**Accepted** 84 / 84 testcases passed

 **jasmine\_30** submitted at Mar 18, 2025 22:32

 **Solution**

 **Runtime** 

**110** ms | Beats **34.43%**

 [Analyze Complexity](#)

 **Memory**

**56.70** MB | Beats **68.85%** 