

AP ASSIGNMENT

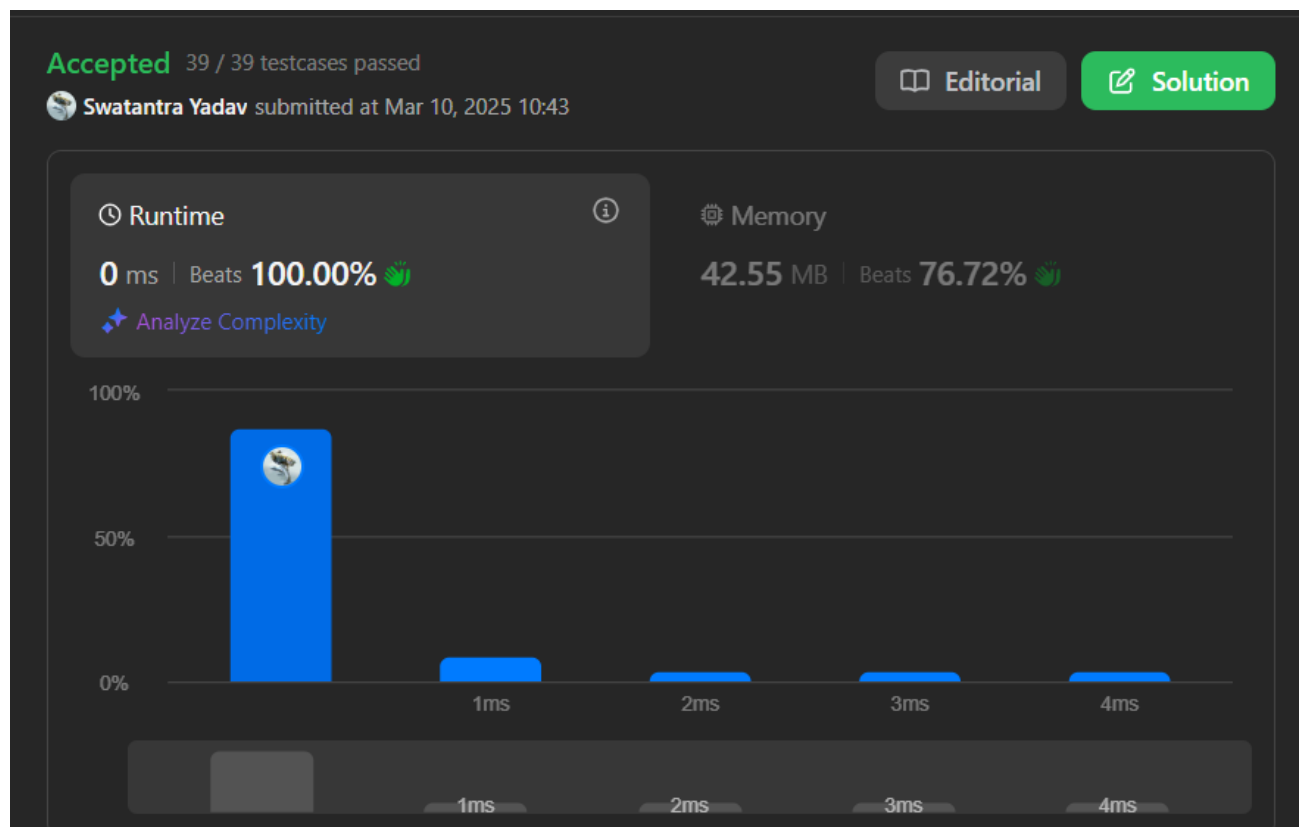
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UID: 22BCS12725

Section: 612-“B”

Maximum Depth of Binary Tree

```
class Solution {  
    public int maxDepth(TreeNode root) {  
        if (root == null) {  
            return 0;  
        }  
        return 1 + Math.max(maxDepth(root.left), maxDepth(root.right));  
    }  
}
```



Validate Binary Search Tree

```
class Solution {  
    long prev = Long.MIN_VALUE;  
    boolean isValid = true;  
  
    public boolean isValidBST(TreeNode root) {  
        inorder(root);  
        return isValid;  
    }  
  
    void inorder(TreeNode root) {  
        if (root.left != null) inorder(root.left);  
  
        int val = root.val;  
        if (prev >= val) {  
            isValid = false;  
            return;  
        }  
        prev = val;  
  
        if (root.right != null) inorder(root.right);  
    }  
}
```

Accepted 86 / 86 testcases passed

Swatantra Yadav submitted at Mar 10, 2025 10:48

Editorial

Solution

Runtime

0 ms | Beats 100.00%

Analyze Complexity

Memory

43.32 MB | Beats 68.56%



Symmetric Tree

```
class Solution {  
    public boolean isSymmetric(TreeNode root) {  
        if (root == null) {  
            return true;  
        }  
        return isMirror(root.left, root.right);  
    }  
  
    private boolean isMirror(TreeNode node1, TreeNode node2) {  
        if (node1 == null && node2 == null) {  
            return true;  
        }  
        if (node1 == null || node2 == null) {  
            return false;  
        }  
        return node1.val == node2.val && isMirror(node1.left, node2.right) && isMirror(node1.right, node2.left);  
    }  
}
```

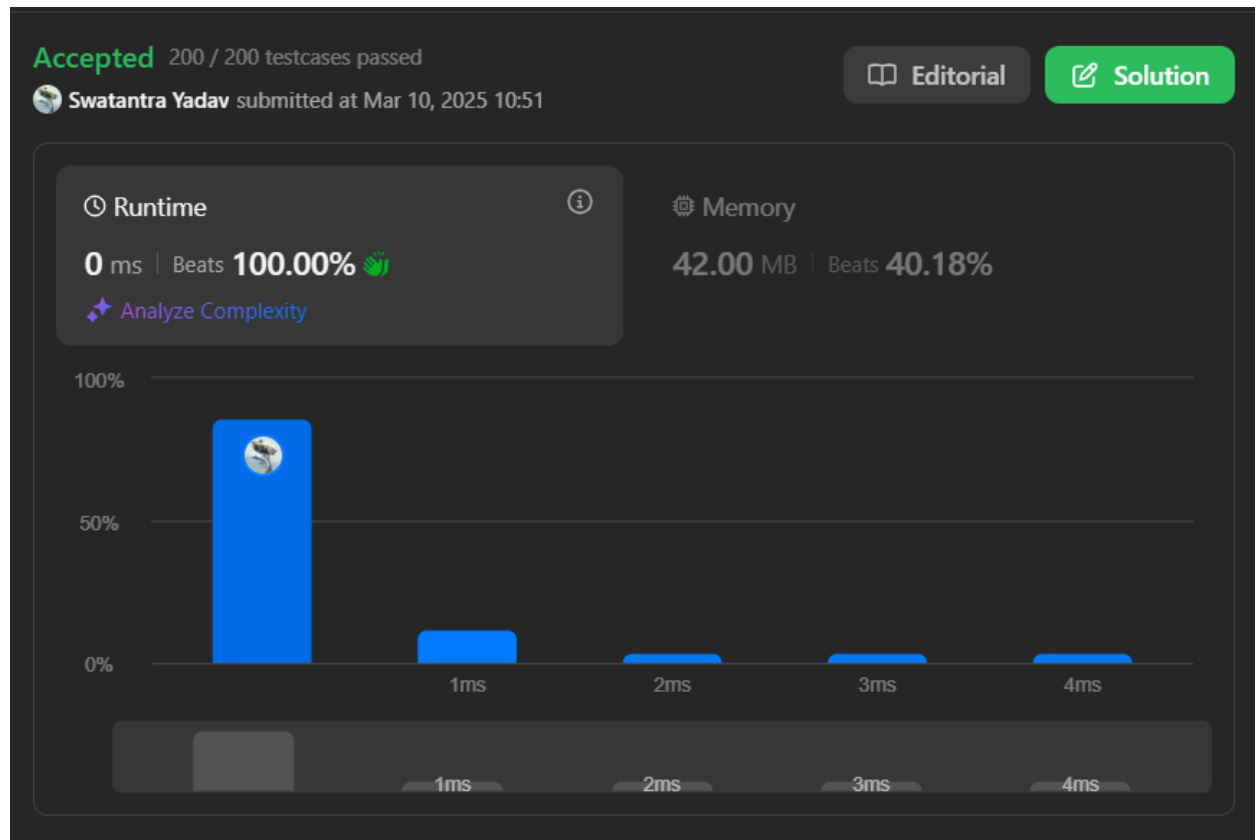
```

    }

    return node1.val == node2.val && isMirror(node1.left, node2.right) &&
isMirror(node1.right, node2.left);

    }
}

```



Binary Tree Zigzag Level Order Traversal

```

public class Solution {
    public List<List<Integer>> zigzagLevelOrder(TreeNode root)
    {
        List<List<Integer>> sol = new ArrayList<>();
        travel(root, sol, 0);
        return sol;
    }
}

```

```

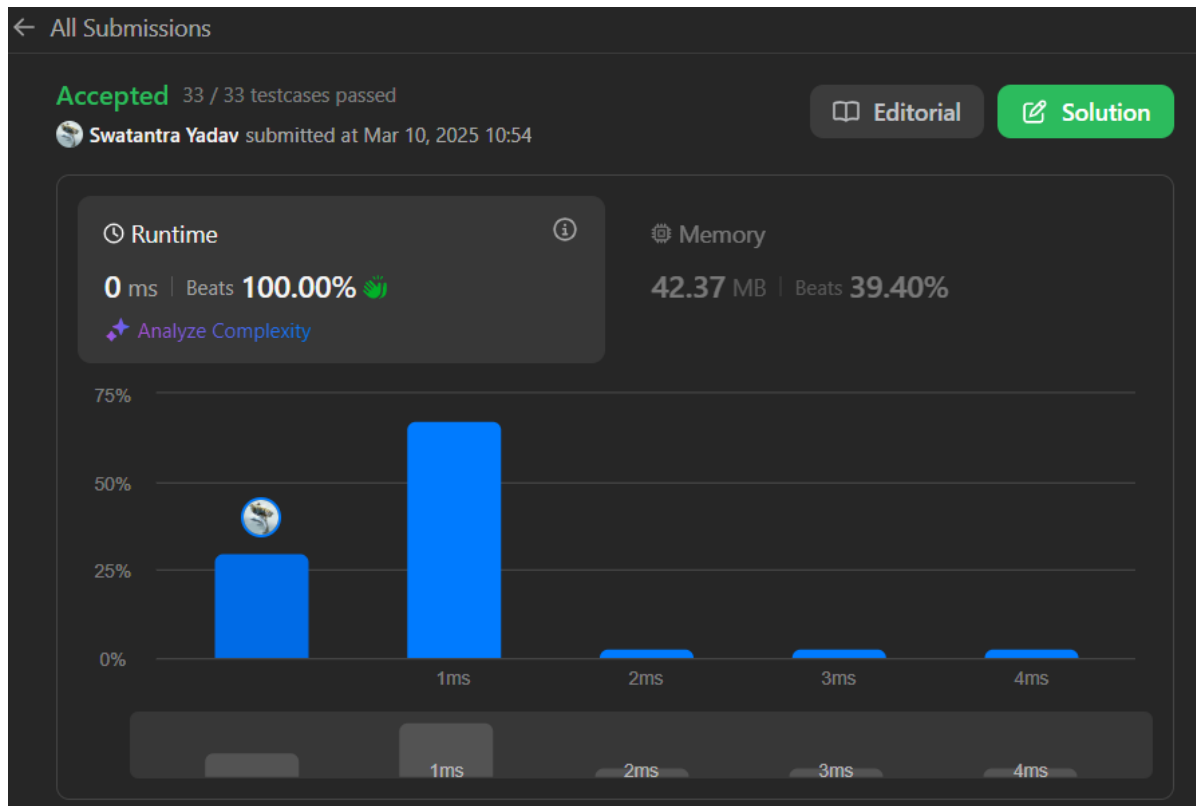
private void travel(TreeNode curr, List<List<Integer>> sol, int level)
{
    if(curr == null) return;

    if(sol.size() <= level)
    {
        List<Integer> newLevel = new LinkedList<>();
        sol.add(newLevel);
    }

    List<Integer> collection = sol.get(level);
    if(level % 2 == 0) collection.add(curr.val);
    else collection.add(0, curr.val);

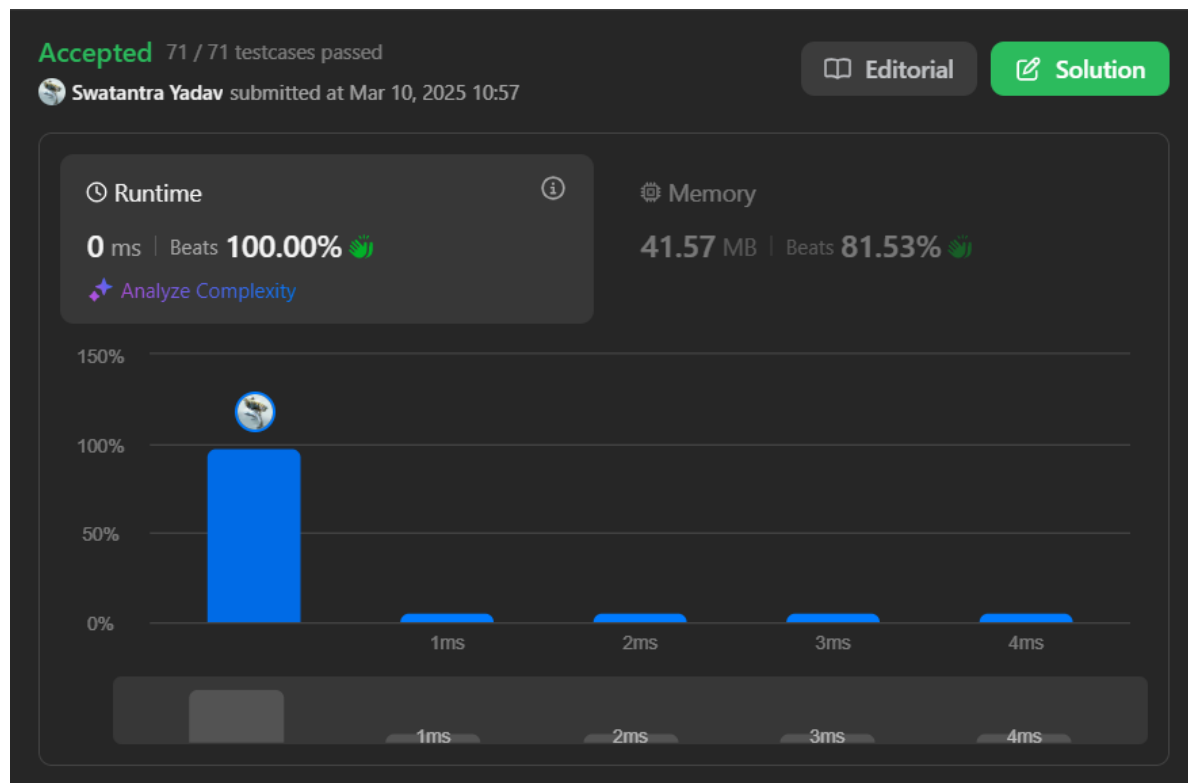
    travel(curr.left, sol, level + 1);
    travel(curr.right, sol, level + 1);
}

```



Binary Tree Inorder Traversal

```
class Solution {  
    public List<Integer> inorderTraversal(TreeNode root) {  
        List<Integer> res = new ArrayList<>();  
  
        inorder(root, res);  
        return res;  
    }  
  
    private void inorder(TreeNode node, List<Integer> res) {  
        if (node == null) {  
            return;  
        }  
        inorder(node.left, res);  
        res.add(node.val);  
        inorder(node.right, res);  
    }  
}
```



Binary Tree Level Order Traversal

```
class Solution {  
    public List<List<Integer>> levelOrder(TreeNode root) {  
  
        List<List<Integer>> result=new ArrayList<>();  
        if(root==null)  
            return result;  
  
        Queue<TreeNode> q=new LinkedList<>();  
        q.offer(root);  
        while(!q.isEmpty()){  
            int levelSize=q.size();  
            List<Integer> currentLevel = new ArrayList<>();  
  
            for(int i=0;i<levelSize;i++){
```

```

TreeNode currentNode = q.poll();
currentLevel.add(currentNode.val);
if(currentNode.left !=null){
    q.offer(currentNode.left);
}

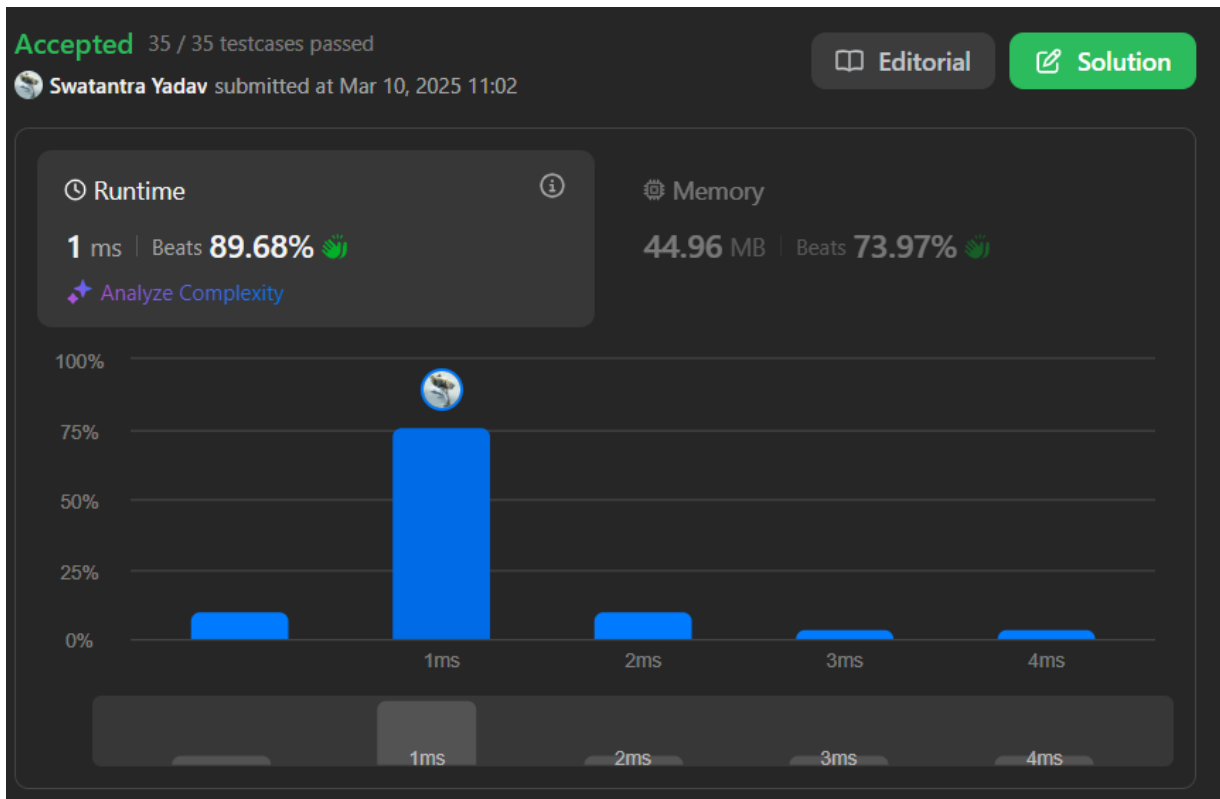
if(currentNode.right !=null){
    q.offer(currentNode.right);
}

}

result.add(currentLevel);
}

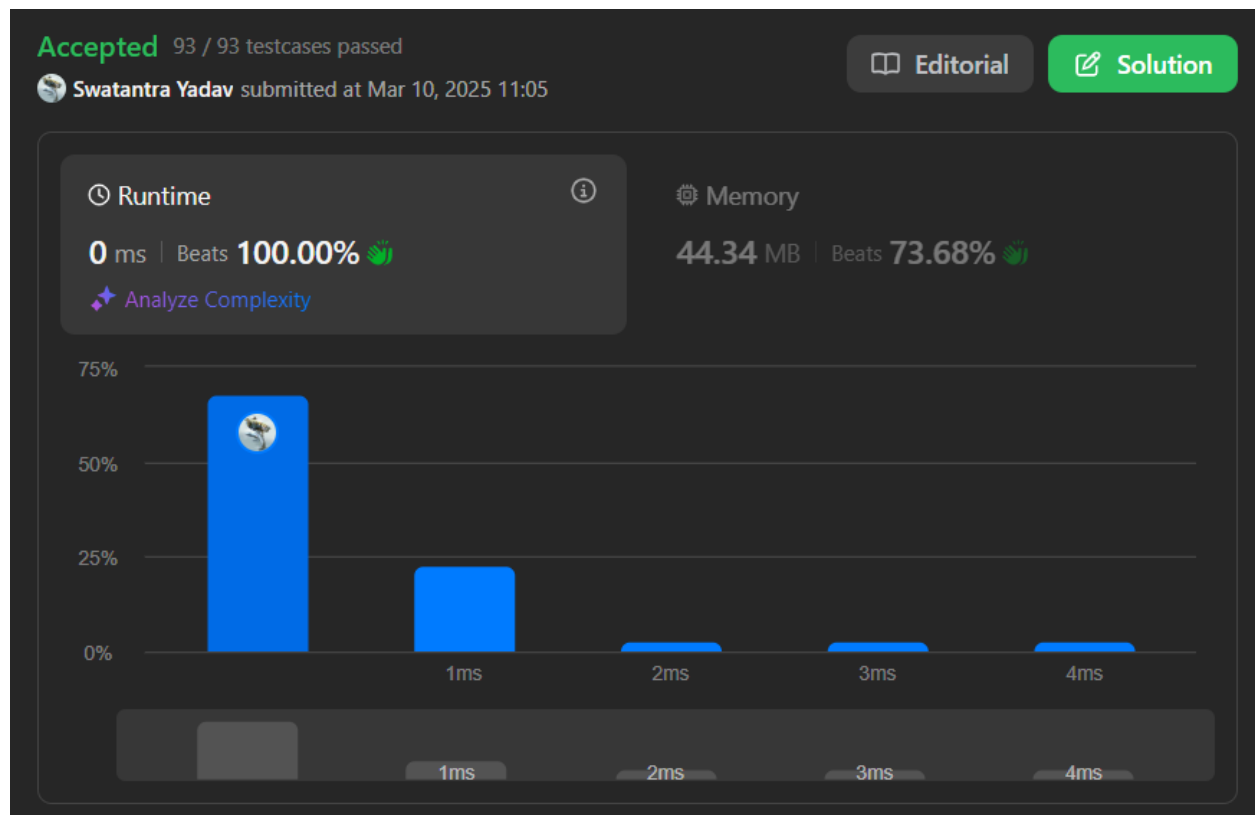
return result;
}
}

```



Kth Smallest Element in a BST

```
class Solution {  
    private int count = 0;  
  
    public int kthSmallest(TreeNode root, int k) {  
        TreeNode result = helper(root, k);  
        return result != null ? result.val : 0;  
    }  
  
    private TreeNode helper(TreeNode root, int k) {  
        if (root == null) return null;  
  
        TreeNode left = helper(root.left, k);  
        if (left != null) return left;  
  
        count++;  
        if (count == k) return root;  
  
        return helper(root.right, k);  
    }  
}
```



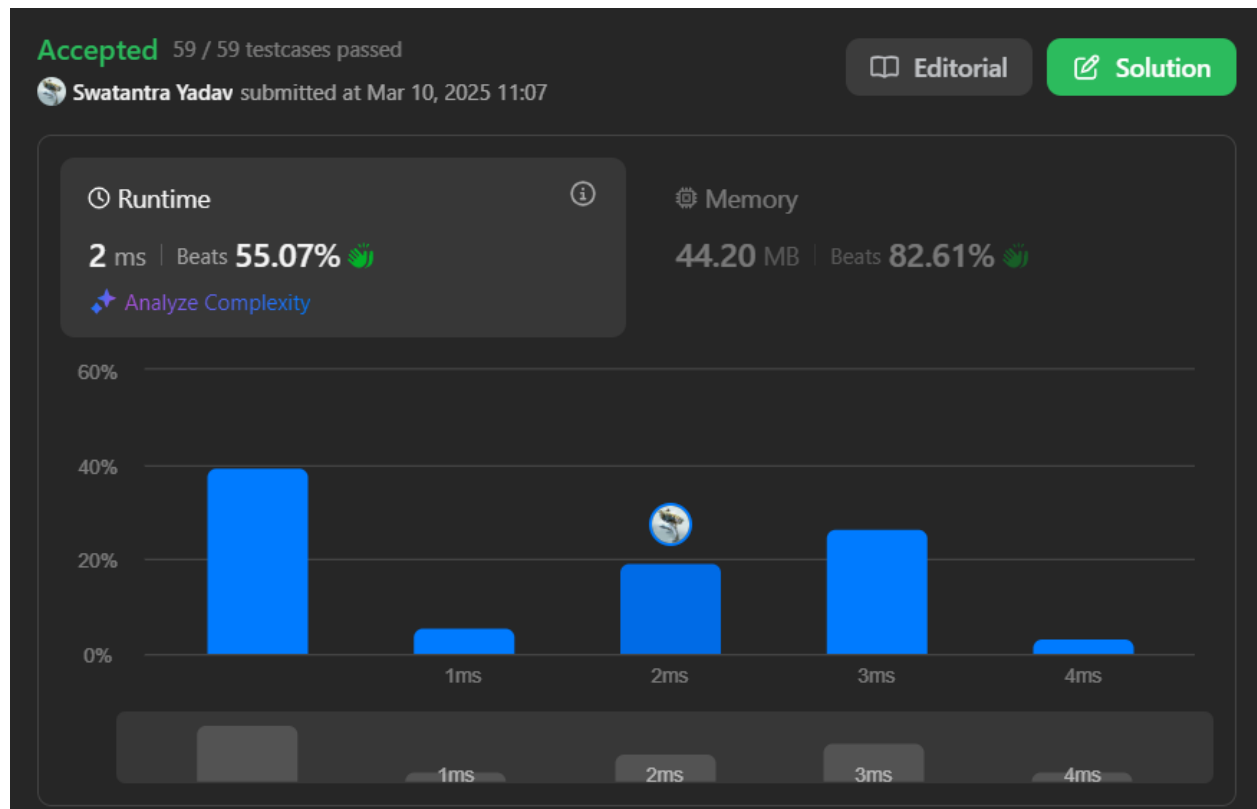
Populating Next Right Pointers in Each Node

```
class Solution {  
    public Node connect(Node root) {  
        if(root == null) return null;  
        Queue<Node> q = new LinkedList<>();  
        q.offer(root);  
        while(!q.isEmpty()) {  
            Node rightNode = null;  
            for(int i = q.size(); i > 0; i--) {  
                Node cur = q.poll();  
                cur.next = rightNode;  
                rightNode = cur;  
                if(cur.right != null) {  
                    q.offer(cur.right);  
                    q.offer(cur.left);  
                }  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```

        }
    }
}
return root;
}
}

```



Sum of Left Leaves

```

class Solution {
    public int sumOfLeftLeaves(TreeNode root) {
        if (root == null) {
            return 0;
        }

        Queue<Pair<TreeNode, Boolean>> queue = new LinkedList<>();
        queue.offer(new Pair<>(root, false)); // (node, is_left)

        int totalSum = 0;

```

```
while (!queue.isEmpty()) {  
    Pair<TreeNode, Boolean> pair = queue.poll();  
    TreeNode node = pair.getKey();  
    boolean isLeft = pair.getValue();  
  
    if (isLeft && node.left == null && node.right == null) {  
        totalSum += node.val;  
    }  
  
    if (node.left != null) {  
        queue.offer(new Pair<>(node.left, true));  
    }  
    if (node.right != null) {  
        queue.offer(new Pair<>(node.right, false));  
    }  
}  
  
return totalSum;  
}
```

Accepted 100 / 100 testcases passed

Swatantra Yadav submitted at Mar 10, 2025 11:00

Editorial

Solution

Runtime

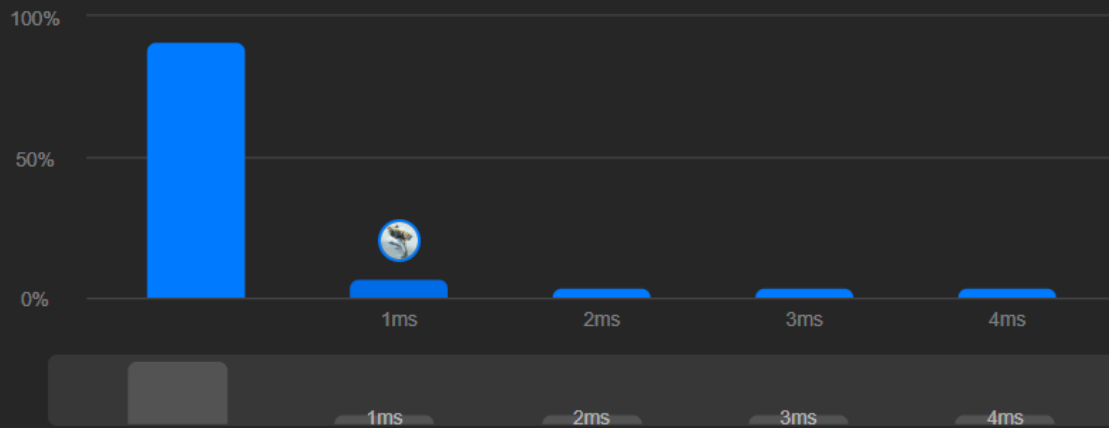


1 ms | Beats 8.78%

Analyze Complexity

Memory

41.36 MB | Beats 79.61%



Code | Java