

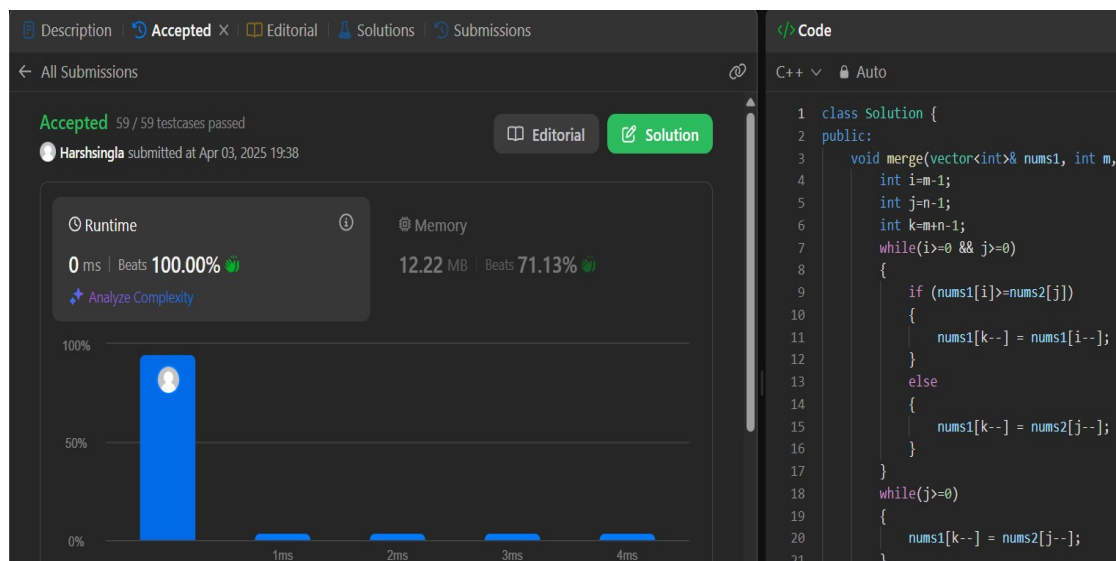
Assignment - 6

Name – Harsh Singla

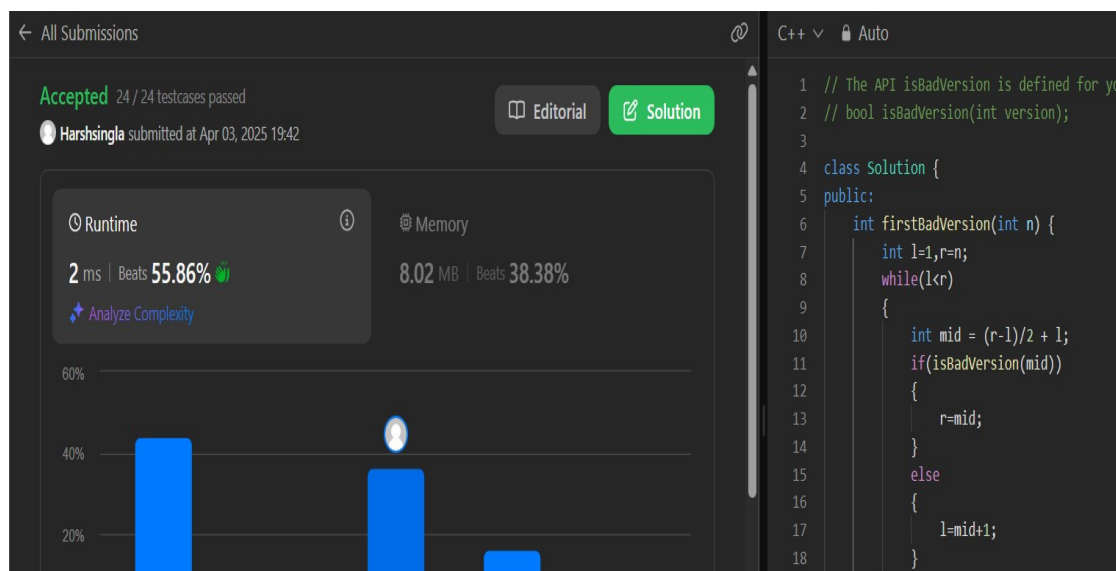
UID – 22BCS15757

Section – 608-B

1. Merge Sorted Array



2. First Bad Version



3. Sort Colors

← All Submissions

Accepted 89 / 89 testcases passed

Harshsingla submitted at Apr 03, 2025 19:45

Editorial Solution

Runtime: 0 ms | Beats 100.00%
Memory: 11.49 MB | Beats 95.60%

Analyze Complexity

150%
100%
50%

```
1 class Solution {
2 public:
3     void sortColors(vector<int>& nums)
4     {
5         int n = nums.size();
6         int low = 0;
7         int mid = 0;
8         int high = n-1;
9         while(mid <= high) {
10             if(nums[mid] == 0) {
11                 swap(nums[mid], nums[low]);
12                 low++;
13                 mid++;
14             }
15             else if(nums[mid] == 1) {
16                 mid++;
17             }
18             else {
19                 swap(nums[mid], nums[high]);
20                 high--;
21             }
22         }
23     }
24 }
```

4. Find Peak Element

← All Submissions

Accepted 68 / 68 testcases passed

Harshsingla submitted at Apr 03, 2025 19:52

Editorial Solution

Runtime: 0 ms | Beats 100.00%
Memory: 12.46 MB | Beats 67.85%

Analyze Complexity

150%
100%

```
1 class Solution {
2 public:
3     int findPeakElement(vector<int>& nums)
4     {
5         int n = size(nums);
6         int mx = 0;
7
8         for(int i=1; i<n-1; i++){
9             if(nums[i-1]<nums[i]&&nums[i]>nums[i+1]){
10                 mx = i;
11             }
12         }
13         if(nums[n-1]>nums[mx]){
14             mx = n-1;
15         }
16         return mx;
17     }
18 }
```

5. Median Of Two Sorted Arrays

← All Submissions

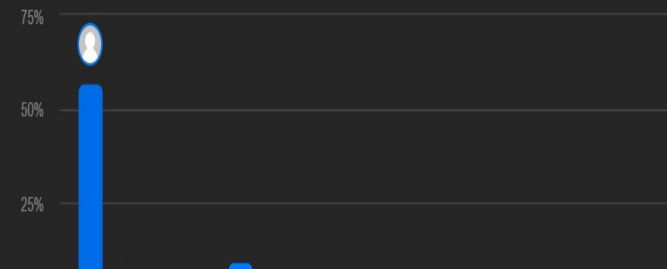
Accepted 2096 / 2096 testcases passed

Harshsingla submitted at Apr 03, 2025 19:56

Editorial Solution

Runtime 0 ms | Beats 100.00%
Analyze Complexity

Memory 94.85 MB | Beats 99.63%



```
1 class Solution {
2 public:
3     double findMedianSortedArrays(vector<int> &nums1, vector<int> &nums2) {
4         int n = nums1.size();
5         int m = nums2.size();
6         int i = 0, j = 0, m1 = 0, m2 = 0;
7
8         // Find median.
9         for (int count = 0; count <= (n + m) / 2; count++) {
10             m2 = m1;
11             if (i != n && j != m) {
12                 if (nums1[i] < nums2[j]) {
13                     m1 = nums1[i++];
14                 } else {
15                     m1 = nums2[j++];
16                 }
17             } else if (i < n) {
18                 m1 = nums1[i++];
19             } else {
20                 m1 = nums2[j++];
21             }
22         }
23         return (m1 + m2) / 2.0;
24     }
25 }
```