

Experiment 1.2

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Subject: AP Subject Code:22CSP-351

Aim:

Problem 1.2.1: Two Sum

• **Problem Statement:** Given an array of integers nums and an integer target, return the indices of the two numbers such that they add up to target. Each input has exactly one solution, and you cannot use the same element twice.

Problem 1.2.2: Jump Game II

• **Problem Statement:** You are given a 0-indexed array nums of length n. You are initially positioned at nums[0]. Each element nums[i] represents the maximum length of a forward jump from index i. Return the minimum number of jumps to reach nums[n - 1].

Problem 1.2.3: Simplify Path

• **Problem Statement**: Given a string path, which is an absolute path to a file or directory in a Unix-style file system, convert it to the simplified canonical path.

Algorithm:

- 1. Initialize an empty hash map (dict).
- 2. Iterate through the nums array:
 - For each element num, calculate the complement: complement = target num.
 - o Check if the complement exists in the hash map:
 - If it does, return the indices of the complement and the current number.
 - If it doesn't, add the current number and its index to the hash map.
- 3. Return the indices of the two numbers that add up to the target.

Code: 1.2.1

```
</>Code
                                                                                 N C {} □ ±
Python3 ∨ Auto
  1 class Solution:
        def twoSum(self, nums, target):
  3
           seen = {}
           for i, num in enumerate(nums):
              complement = target - num
               if complement in seen:
               return [seen[complement], i]
  8
              seen[num] = i
 10 # ROSH
 11 solution = Solution()
 12
 13 nums1 = [2, 7, 11, 15]
 14 target1 = 9
 print(solution.twoSum(nums1, target1))
 16
 17 nums2 = [3, 2, 4]
 18 target2 = 6
 19 print(solution.twoSum(nums2, target2))
 20
 21 nums3 = [3, 3]
 22 target3 = 6
 23 print(solution.twoSum(nums3, target3))
```

Output:

Output:
✓ Testcase >_ Test Result
Accepted Runtime: 0 ms
• Case 1 • Case 2 • Case 3
Input
nums = [2,7,11,15]
target = 9
Stdout
[0, 1] [1, 2] [0, 1]
Output
[0,1]
Expected
[0,1]

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☑ Testcase 🗎 🔪	Test Result		
Accepted	Runtime: 0 m	ıs	
• Case 1	• Case 2	• Case 3	
Input			
nums = [3,2,4]			
target =			
Output			
[1,2]			
Expected			
[1,2]			
☑ Testcase │ 〉 _	Test Result		
Accepted	Runtime: 0 m	S	
• Case 1	• Case 2	• Case 3	
Input			
nums = [3,3]			
target =			
Output			
[0,1]			
Expected			

CODE: 1.2.2

```
</>Code
Python3 V Auto
                                                                                         C () □ =
  1 class Solution:
          def jump(self, nums):
  3
             n = len(nums)
  4
              jumps = 0
   5
             current_end = 0
  6
             farthest = 0
  8
             for i in range(n - 1):
  9
                  farthest = max(farthest, i + nums[i])
  10
                  if i == current_end:
 11
                      jumps += 1
 12
                      current_end = farthest
 13
                      if current_end >= n - 1:
 14
                          break
 15
 16
              return jumps
 17
 18 # ROSH
 19  solution = Solution()
 20
 21 nums1 = [2, 3, 1, 1, 4]
 22 print(solution.jump(nums1))
 23
 24 \quad \text{nums} 2 = [2, 3, 0, 1, 4]
 25 print(solution.jump(nums2))
```

OUTPUT:

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Discover. Learn. Empower. ☑ Testcase \>_ Test Result Accepted Runtime: 0 ms Case 1 • Case 2 Input nums = [2,3,1,1,4] Stdout 2 2 Output 2 Expected 2 ☑ Testcase | >_ Test Result Accepted Runtime: 0 ms Case 1 Case 2 Input nums = [2,3,0,1,4] Output 2 Expected 2



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CODE: 1.2.3

```
</>Code
Python3 ∨ Auto
          def simplifyPath(self, path):
  3
              stack = []
              parts = path.split('/')
             for part in parts:
                 if part == '..':
   7
                     if stack:
  8
                         stack.pop()
                 elif part and part != '.':
  9
                    stack.append(part)
 11
              return '/' + '/'.join(stack)
  12
  13 # ROSH
     solution = Solution()
  14
  15
  16 path1 = "/home/"
     print(solution.simplifyPath(path1))
  17
  18
  19 path2 = "/home//foo/"
  20 print(solution.simplifyPath(path2))
  21
  22 path3 = "/home/user/Documents/../Pictures"
  23 print(solution.simplifyPath(path3))
  24
  25 path4 = "/../"
  26 print(solution.simplifyPath(path4))
  27
  28 path5 = "/.../a/../b/c/../d/./"
  29 print(solution.simplifyPath(path5))
```

OUTPUT:

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☑ Testcase │ >_ 1	est Result				
Accepted F	Runtime: 0 ms				
• Case 1	• Case 2	• Case 3	• Case 4	• Case 5	
Input					
path = "/home/"					
Stdout					
/home /home/foo /home/user/ / //b/d	Pictures				
Output					
"/home"					
Expected					
"/home"					
☑ Testcase │ >_ Te	est Result				
Accepted R	untime: 0 ms				
• Case 1	Case 2	• Case 3	• Case 4	• Case 5	
Input					
path = "/home//foo/	/II				
Output					
"/home/foo"					
Expected					
"/home/foo"					

✓ Testcase >_					
Accepted	Runtime: 0 m	s			
-	• Case 2		• Case 4	• Case 5	
Input					
path = "/home/use	er/Documents	s//Pictu	res"		
Output					
"/home/use	er/Pictures	ш			
Expected					
"/home/use	er/Pictures				
☑ Testcase ▷	Test Result				
✓ Testcase >_ Accepted		5			
Accepted			• Case 4	• Case 5	
Accepted	Runtime: 0 ms		• Case 4	• Case 5	
Accepted • Case 1	Runtime: 0 ms		• Case 4	• Case 5	
• Case 1 Input path =	Runtime: 0 ms		• Case 4	• Case 5	
• Case 1 Input path = "//"	Runtime: 0 ms		• Case 4	• Case 5	
• Case 1 Input path = "//" Output	Runtime: 0 ms		• Case 4	• Case 5	

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☑ Testcase ▷_	_ Test Result				
Accepted	Runtime: 0 m	ıs			
• Case 1	• Case 2	• Case 3	• Case 4	• Case 5	
Input					
path =	/b/c//d/	./"			
Output					
"//b/d"	1				
Expected					
11.7 (5.71)					