



Experiment- 2.1

Student Name: Jayant Sharma

UID: 22BCS16668

Branch: BE-CSE

Section/Group: NTPP 602-A

Semester: 6TH

Date of Performance: 10/02/25

Subject Name: AP Lab-2

Subject Code: 22CSH-352

1. TITLE:

Remove Duplicates from Sorted List

2. AIM: Given the head of a sorted linked list, delete all duplicates such that each element appears only once. Return the linked list sorted as well

3. Algorithm

- Start with the head of the linked list.
- Iterate through the linked list while the next node is not None.
- If the current node's value is equal to the next node's value, update the next pointer to skip the duplicate node.
- Otherwise, move to the next node.

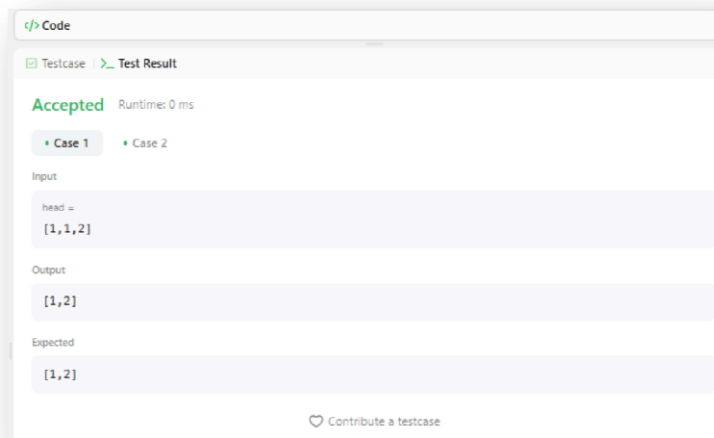
Implementation/Code

```
class ListNode:
    def __init__(self, val=0,
next=None):
        self.val = val
        self.next = next
class Solution:
    def deleteDuplicates(self,
head):
        current = head
        while current and current.next:
            if current.val ==
current.next.val:
                current.next = current.next.next
            else:
```



```
        current = current.next  
    return head
```

Output:



Time Complexity : $O(n)$

Space Complexity : $O(1)$

Learning Outcomes:-

- o Learn how to iterate through a linked list efficiently.
- o Understand how the sorted order helps in detecting duplicates efficiently.



Experiment – 2.2

Student Name: Jayant Sharma

UID: 22BCS16668

Branch: BE-CSE

Section/Group: NTPP- 602_A

Semester: 6TH

Date of Performance: 10/02/25

Subject Name: AP Lab-2

Subject Code: 22CSH-352

1. TITLE:

Reverse Linked List.

2. AIM: Given the head of a singly linked list, reverse the list, and return the reversed list

3. Algorithm

- Set prev = None.
- Set current = head.
- Store the next node (next_node = current.next) before modifying links.
- Reverse the link (current.next = prev) to point backward.
- Move prev and current one step forward.
- After the loop, prev will be the new head.

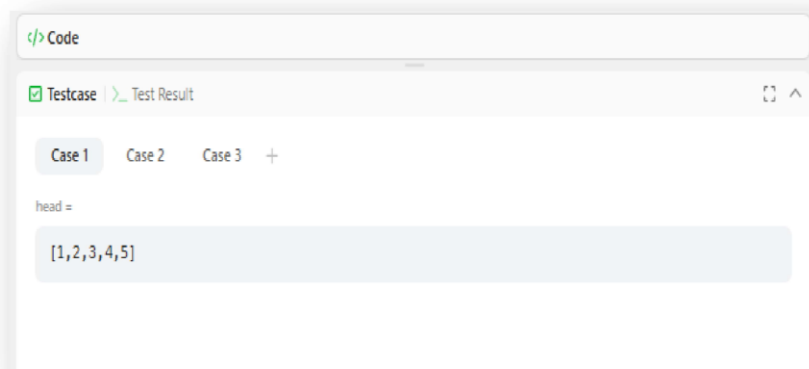
Implementation/Code:

```
class ListNode:
    def __init__(self, val=0, next=None):
        self.val = val
        self.next = next
class Solution:
    def reverseList(self, head):
        prev = None
        current = head
        # Traverse the linked list
        while current:
            next_node = current.next
            current.next = prev
            prev = current
            current = next_node
```



```
prev = current  
current = next_node  
return prev
```

Output:



Time Complexity : $O(N)$

Space Complexity : $O(1)$

Learning Outcomes:-

- o Learn how to modify next pointers to reverse the direction of a linked list.
- o Understand how to efficiently reverse a linked list using only a few pointers (prev, current, next_node).

