Experiment 4

Student Name: Akshit UID: 22BCS15229 Branch: CSE Section: 903_DL - B

Subject Code: 22CSH-352

Semester: 6th

Subject: Project Based learning with Java

Aim: Use of Collections in Java. ArrayList, LinkedList, HashMap, TreeMap, HashSet in Java. Multithreading in Java. Thread Synchronization. Thread Priority, Thread LifeCycle.

Objective: To implement and Use of Collections in Java. ArrayList, LinkedList, HashMap, TreeMap, HashSet in Java. Multithreading in Java. Thread Synchronization. Thread Priority, Thread LifeCycle.

Code:

Q1: Write a Java program to implement an ArrayList that stores employee details (ID, Name, and Salary). Allow users to add, update, remove, and search employees

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
class Employee {
    private int id;
    private String name;
    private double salary;

public Employee(int id, String name, double salary) {
        this.id = id;
        this.name = name;
        this.salary = salary;
    }

public int getId() {
    return id;
    }

public void setId(int id) {
        this.id = id;
    }
}
```

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

```
Discover. Learn. Empower.
   public String getName() {
      return name;
    }
   public void setName(String name) {
      this.name = name;
   public double getSalary() {
      return salary;
   public void setSalary(double salary) {
      this.salary = salary;
   @Override
   public String toString() {
      return "Employee [ID=" + id + ", Name=" + name + ", Salary=" + salary + "]";
    }
 }
 public class EmployeeManagementSystem {
   private static ArrayList<Employee> employees = new ArrayList<>();
   private static Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      while (true) {
        System.out.println("\nEmployee Management System");
        System.out.println("1. Add Employee");
        System.out.println("2. Update Employee");
        System.out.println("3. Remove Employee");
        System.out.println("4. Search Employee");
        System.out.println("5. Display All Employees");
        System.out.println("6. Exit");
        System.out.print("Choose an option: ");
        int choice = scanner.nextInt();
        scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
        switch (choice) {
           case 1:
             addEmployee();
             break:
           case 2:
             updateEmployee();
```

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

```
Discover. Learn. Empower.
             break;
           case 3:
             removeEmployee();
             break:
           case 4:
             searchEmployee();
             break;
           case 5:
             displayAllEmployees();
             break;
           case 6:
             System.out.println("Exiting the system...");
             scanner.close();
             return;
           default:
             System.out.println("Invalid choice. Please try again.");
         }
      }
    }
   private static void addEmployee() {
      System.out.print("Enter Employee ID: ");
      int id = scanner.nextInt();
      scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
      System.out.print("Enter Employee Name: ");
      String name = scanner.nextLine();
      System.out.print("Enter Employee Salary: ");
      double salary = scanner.nextDouble();
      scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
      Employee employee = new Employee(id, name, salary);
      employees.add(employee);
      System.out.println("Employee added successfully!");
    }
   private static void updateEmployee() {
      System.out.print("Enter Employee ID to update: ");
      int id = scanner.nextInt();
      scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
      Employee employee = findEmployeeById(id);
      if (employee != null) {
        System.out.print("Enter new Employee Name: ");
        String name = scanner.nextLine();
        System.out.print("Enter new Employee Salary: ");
```

```
double salary = scanner.nextDouble();
    scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
    employee.setName(name);
    employee.setSalary(salary);
    System.out.println("Employee updated successfully!");
    System.out.println("Employee with ID " + id + " not found.");
}
private static void removeEmployee() {
  System.out.print("Enter Employee ID to remove: ");
  int id = scanner.nextInt();
  scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
  Employee employee = findEmployeeById(id);
  if (employee != null) {
    employees.remove(employee);
     System.out.println("Employee removed successfully!");
  } else {
    System.out.println("Employee with ID " + id + " not found.");
}
private static void searchEmployee() {
  System.out.print("Enter Employee ID to search: ");
  int id = scanner.nextInt();
  scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
  Employee employee = findEmployeeById(id);
  if (employee != null) {
    System.out.println("Employee found: " + employee);
  } else {
    System.out.println("Employee with ID " + id + " not found.");
  }
}
private static void displayAllEmployees() {
  if (employees.isEmpty()) {
    System.out.println("No employees found.");
  } else {
    System.out.println("List of Employees:");
    for (Employee employee : employees) {
       System.out.println(employee);
```

OUTPUT:

```
Employee Management System

1. Add Employee

2. Update Employee

3. Remove Employee

4. Search Employee

5. Display All Employees

6. Exit

Choose an option: 5

List of Employees:

Employee [ID=1, Name=Akshit, Salary=30000.0]

Employee [ID=2, Name=Astha, Salary=33000.0]

Employee [ID=3, Name=Mayank, Salary=34000.0]
```

Q2: Create a program to collect and store all the cards to assist the users in finding all the cards in a given symbol using Collection interface.

```
import java.util.*;

class Card {
    private String symbol;
    private int number;

public Card(String symbol, int number) {
        this.symbol = symbol;
        this.number = number;
    }

public String getSymbol() {
        return symbol;
    }

public int getNumber() {
        return number;
}
```

DEPARTMENT OF

COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

```
Discover. Learn. Empower.
  }
  @Override
  public String toString() {
    return symbol + " " + number;
}
public class CardCollectionSystem {
  private static Collection<Card> cards = new ArrayList<>();
  private static Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    while (true) {
       System.out.println("\nCard Collection System");
       System.out.println("1. Add Card");
       System.out.println("2. Find Cards by Symbol");
       System.out.println("3. Display All Cards");
       System.out.println("4. Exit");
       System.out.print("Choose an option: ");
       int choice = scanner.nextInt();
       scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
       switch (choice) {
         case 1:
            addCard();
            break:
         case 2:
            findCardsBySymbol();
            break:
         case 3:
            displayAllCards();
            break;
         case 4:
            System.out.println("Exiting the system...");
            scanner.close();
            return;
         default:
            System.out.println("Invalid choice. Please try again.");
    }
  private static void addCard() {
    System.out.print("Enter Card Symbol: ");
    String symbol = scanner.nextLine();
    System.out.print("Enter Card Number: ");
    int number = scanner.nextInt();
    scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
    Card card = new Card(symbol, number);
    cards.add(card);
    System.out.println("Card added successfully!");
```

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING Discover. Learn. Empower.

}

```
}
private static void findCardsBySymbol() {
  System.out.print("Enter Symbol to find cards: ");
  String symbol = scanner.nextLine();
  List<Card> foundCards = new ArrayList<>();
  for (Card card : cards) {
    if (card.getSymbol().equalsIgnoreCase(symbol)) {
       foundCards.add(card);
    }
  }
  if (foundCards.isEmpty()) {
    System.out.println("No cards found with symbol: " + symbol);
    System.out.println("Cards with symbol " + symbol + ":");
    for (Card card : foundCards) {
       System.out.println(card);
  }
}
private static void displayAllCards() {
  if (cards.isEmpty()) {
    System.out.println("No cards found.");
  } else {
    System.out.println("List of All Cards:");
    for (Card card : cards) {
       System.out.println(card);
  }
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Card Collection System
1. Add Card
2. Find Cards by Symbol
3. Display All Cards
4. Exit
Choose an option: 3
List of All Cards:
0 1
Card Collection System
1. Add Card
2. Find Cards by Symbol
3. Display All Cards
4. Exit
Choose an option: 2
Enter Symbol to find cards: @
Cards with symbol @:
```

Q3: Develop a ticket booking system with synchronized threads to ensure no double booking of seats. Use thread priorities to simulate VIP bookings being processed first.

```
class TicketBookingSystem {
    private boolean[] seats; // Represents seats (true = booked, false = available)
    private int totalSeats;

public TicketBookingSystem(int totalSeats) {
    this.totalSeats = totalSeats;
    this.seats = new boolean[totalSeats];
}

// Synchronized method to book a seat
    public synchronized boolean bookSeat(int seatNumber, String customerType) {
        if (seatNumber < 0 || seatNumber >= totalSeats) {
            System.out.println("Invalid seat number: " + seatNumber);
        }
        restantiable)
```

DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

public void run() {

} else {

priority

if (customerType.equals("VIP")) {

```
Discover. Learn. Empower.
       return false;
    if (!seats[seatNumber]) {
       seats[seatNumber] = true; // Book the seat
       System.out.println(customerType + " booking: Seat " + seatNumber + " booked
successfully.");
       return true;
     } else {
       System.out.println(customerType + " booking: Seat " + seatNumber + " is
already booked.");
       return false;
     }
  }
  // Method to display available seats
  public synchronized void displayAvailableSeats() {
    System.out.print("Available Seats: ");
    for (int i = 0; i < totalSeats; i++) {
       if (!seats[i]) {
         System.out.print(i + " ");
       }
    System.out.println();
}
class BookingThread extends Thread {
  private TicketBookingSystem bookingSystem;
  private String customerType;
  private int seatNumber;
  public BookingThread(TicketBookingSystem bookingSystem, String customerType,
int seatNumber) {
    this.bookingSystem = bookingSystem;
    this.customerType = customerType;
     this.seatNumber = seatNumber;
  }
  @Override
```

this.setPriority(Thread.MAX_PRIORITY); // VIP bookings have higher

this.setPriority(Thread.MIN_PRIORITY); // Regular bookings have lower

```
Discover. Learn. Empower.
priority
     bookingSystem.bookSeat(seatNumber, customerType);
}
public class TicketBookingApp {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    int totalSeats = 10; // Total number of seats
    TicketBookingSystem bookingSystem = new TicketBookingSystem(totalSeats);
     // Display initial available seats
    bookingSystem.displayAvailableSeats();
     // Create booking threads for VIP and regular customers
    BookingThread vip1 = new BookingThread(bookingSystem, "VIP", 2);
    BookingThread vip2 = new BookingThread(bookingSystem, "VIP", 5);
    BookingThread regular1 = new BookingThread(bookingSystem, "Regular", 2);
     BookingThread regular2 = new BookingThread(bookingSystem, "Regular", 7);
    // Start the threads
     vip1.start();
    vip2.start();
    regular1.start();
     regular2.start();
    // Wait for all threads to finish
     try {
       vip1.join();
       vip2.join();
       regular1.join();
       regular2.join();
     } catch (InterruptedException e) {
       System.out.println("Thread interrupted: " + e.getMessage());
     }
    // Display final available seats
     bookingSystem.displayAvailableSeats();
}
```



Output:

Available Seats: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

VIP booking: Seat 2 booked successfully.

Regular booking: Seat 7 booked successfully.

Regular booking: Seat 2 is already booked.

VIP booking: Seat 5 booked successfully.

Available Seats: 0 1 3 4 6 8 9

Process finished with exit code 0

Learning Outcomes:

- 1. Learn how to use the synchronized keyword to ensure thread-safe access to shared resources (e.g., the seats array).
- 2. Understand the importance of synchronization in preventing race conditions and ensuring data consistency in multi-threaded environments.
- 3. Understand how higher-priority threads (e.g., VIP bookings) are given precedence over lower-priority threads (e.g., regular bookings).
- 4. Learn how to manage shared resources (e.g., the seats array) in a multi-threaded environment.
- 5. Understand the challenges of concurrent access to shared data and how to implement solutions to avoid conflicts