



DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

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Experiment 5

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Subject: Project Based Learning in JAVA with Lab

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Section/Group: 22BET_IOT-703/A

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Problem-1

Aim: Write a Java program to calculate the sum of a list of integers using autoboxing and unboxing. Include methods to parse strings into their respective wrapper classes (e.g., Integer.parseInt()).

Objective: To implement a Java program that calculates the sum of integers using autoboxing and unboxing, while converting string inputs into wrapper class objects.

Code

```
package sum;

import java.util.*;

public class SumUsingAutoboxing {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        List<Integer> numbers = new ArrayList<>();

        System.out.println("Enter numbers separated by space (press Enter to finish):");
        String input = scanner.nextLine();
        String[] tokens = input.split(" ");

        for (String token : tokens) {
            try {
                Integer num = Integer.parseInt(token); // Autoboxing from int to Integer
                numbers.add(num);
            } catch (NumberFormatException e) {
                System.out.println("Invalid number: " + token);
            }
        }

        int sum = 0;
        for (Integer num : numbers) {
            sum += num; // Unboxing from Integer to int
        }

        System.out.println("Sum of numbers: " + sum);
        scanner.close();
    }
}
```

}
Output

```
Enter numbers separated by space (press Enter to finish):  
1 0 3 2 2  
Sum of numbers: 8
```

Fig.1(Adding Numbers)

Learning Outcomes

- Understand autoboxing and unboxing in Java with wrapper classes.
- Learn to convert strings into integers using `Integer.parseInt()`.
- Implement list operations with `ArrayList<Integer>`.
- Handle user input and exceptions for number parsing.

Problem-2

Aim: Create a Java program to serialize and deserialize a Student object.

Objective: To develop a Java program that demonstrates object serialization and deserialization by saving and retrieving a Student object using file handling.

Code

```
package student;
import java.io.*;
import java.util.Scanner;

class Student implements Serializable {
    private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
    private String name;
    private int age;
    private String id;
    private String universityName; // Added field for University Name

    public Student(String name, int age, String id, String universityName) {
        this.name = name;
        this.age = age;
        this.id = id;
        this.universityName = universityName;
    }

    public void display() {
        System.out.println("Student Name: " + name);
        System.out.println("Age: " + age);
        System.out.println("UID: " + id);
        System.out.println("University Name: " + universityName);
    }
}

public class StudentSerialization {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.println("Enter student name:");
        String name = scanner.nextLine();

        System.out.println("Enter student age:");
        int age = scanner.nextInt();

        scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
        System.out.println("Enter student UID:");
        String id = scanner.nextLine();
        System.out.println("Enter University Name:");
        String universityName = scanner.nextLine();
        Student student = new Student(name, age, id, universityName);

        // Serialization
```

```

try (ObjectOutputStream oos = new ObjectOutputStream(new FileOutputStream("student.ser"))) {
    oos.writeObject(student);
    System.out.println("Student object serialized successfully.");
} catch (IOException e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
}

// Deserialization
try (ObjectInputStream ois = new ObjectInputStream(new FileInputStream("student.ser"))) {
    Student deserializedStudent = (Student) ois.readObject();
    System.out.println("\nDeserialized Student Object:");
    deserializedStudent.display();
} catch (IOException | ClassNotFoundException e) {
    e.printStackTrace();
}

scanner.close();
}
}

```

Output

```

Enter student name:
Armaan Siag
Enter student age:
20
Enter student UID:
22BET10322
Enter University Name:
Chandigarh University
Student object serialized successfully.

Deserialized Student Object:
Student Name: Armaan Siag
Age: 20
UID: 22BET10322
University Name: Chandigarh University

```

Fig.1(Student Details)

Learning Outcomes

- Understand the concept of serialization and how to store objects in a file.
- Learn how to deserialize an object to restore its state.
- Implement file handling in Java using ObjectOutputStream and ObjectInputStream.
- Gain practical experience in working with Serializable interface in Java.

Problem-3

Aim: Create a menu-based Java application with the following options. 1.Add an Employee 2. Display All 3. Exit
If option 1 is selected, the application should gather details of the employee like employee name, employee id, designation and salary and store it in a file. If option 2 is selected, the application should display all the employee details. If option 3 is selected the application should exit.

Objective: To develop a menu-based Java application for managing employee records using file handling and object serialization.

Code

```
package employee;

import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;

class Employee implements Serializable {
    private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
    private String name;
    private int id;
    private String designation;
    private double salary;

    public Employee(String name, int id, String designation, double salary) {
        this.name = name;
        this.id = id;
        this.designation = designation;
        this.salary = salary;
    }

    @Override
    public String toString() {
        return "Employee ID: " + id + "\nName: " + name + "\nDesignation: " + designation + "\nSalary: " + salary +
            "\n";
    }
}

public class EmployeeManagement {
    private static final String FILE_NAME = "employees.ser";

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        List<Employee> allEmployees = loadEmployees(); // Load all employees from file
        List<Employee> sessionEmployees = new ArrayList<>(); // Store employees added in this session

        while (true) {
            System.out.println("\nMenu:");
            System.out.println("1. Add an Employee");
            System.out.println("2. Display Recently Added Employees");
            System.out.println("3. Display All Employees");
            System.out.println("4. Exit");
            System.out.print("Choose an option: ");
```

```

int choice = scanner.nextInt();
scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
switch (choice) {
    case 1:
        System.out.print("Enter Employee Name: ");
        String name = scanner.nextLine();

        System.out.print("Enter Employee ID: ");
        int id = scanner.nextInt();
        scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline

        System.out.print("Enter Designation: ");
        String designation = scanner.nextLine();

        System.out.print("Enter Salary: ");
        double salary = scanner.nextDouble();
        scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline

        Employee emp = new Employee(name, id, designation, salary);
        sessionEmployees.add(emp); // Add to session list
        allEmployees.add(emp); // Add to full list

        saveEmployees(allEmployees); // Save full list to file
        System.out.println("Employee added successfully.");
        break;

    case 2:
        System.out.println("\nRecently Added Employees (This Session):");
        if (sessionEmployees.isEmpty()) {
            System.out.println("No employees added in this session.");
        } else {
            for (Employee e : sessionEmployees) {
                System.out.println(e);
            }
        }
        break;

    case 3:
        System.out.println("\nAll Employees:");
        if (allEmployees.isEmpty()) {
            System.out.println("No employees found.");
        } else {
            for (Employee e : allEmployees) {
                System.out.println(e);
            }
        }
        break;

    case 4:
        System.out.println("Exiting application.");
        scanner.close();
        System.exit(0);
        break;
}

```

```

        default:
            System.out.println("Invalid choice. Please try again.");
        }
    }
}

private static void saveEmployees(List<Employee> employees) {
    try (ObjectOutputStream oos = new ObjectOutputStream(new FileOutputStream(FILE_NAME))) {
        oos.writeObject(employees);
    } catch (IOException e) {
        System.err.println("Error saving employee data: " + e.getMessage());
    }
}

@SuppressWarnings("unchecked")
private static List<Employee> loadEmployees() {
    File file = new File(FILE_NAME);
    if (!file.exists()) {
        return new ArrayList<>();
    }

    try (ObjectInputStream ois = new ObjectInputStream(new FileInputStream(FILE_NAME))) {
        return (List<Employee>) ois.readObject();
    } catch (IOException | ClassNotFoundException e) {
        System.err.println("Error loading employee data: " + e.getMessage());
        return new ArrayList<>();
    }
}
}

```

Output

```

Menu:
1. Add an Employee
2. Display Recently Added Employees
3. Display All Employees
4. Exit
Choose an option: 1
Enter Employee Name: Sohil Rinwa
Enter Employee ID: 0012
Enter Designation: Head
Enter Salary: 40000
Employee added successfully.

Menu:
1. Add an Employee
2. Display Recently Added Employees
3. Display All Employees
4. Exit
Choose an option: 1
Enter Employee Name: Rishav Poonia
Enter Employee ID: 0001
Enter Designation: Senior Manager
Enter Salary: 45000
Employee added successfully.

```

Fig.1(Add Employees)

```

Menu:
1. Add an Employee
2. Display Recently Added Employees
3. Display All Employees
4. Exit
Choose an option: 2

Recently Added Employees (This Session):
Employee ID: 12
Name: Sohil Rinwa
Designation: Head
Salary: 40000.0

Employee ID: 1
Name: Rishav Poonia
Designation: Senior Manager
Salary: 45000.0

```

Fig.2(Option 2)

```

Choose an option: 3
|
All Employees:
Employee ID: 12
Name: Armaan Siag
Designation: SIR
Salary: 12000.0

Employee ID: 13
Name: Sohil Rinwa
Designation: Sir
Salary: 12000.0

Employee ID: 11
Name: Anurag Dhundhara
Designation: Head
Salary: 15000.0

Employee ID: 1
Name: Rishav Poonia
Designation: Senior Manager
Salary: 45000.0

```

Fig.3(Display All)

Learning Outcomes

1. Understand file handling and object serialization in Java.
2. Implement menu-driven programming and user input handling.
3. Apply OOP concepts like encapsulation and constructors.
4. Handle exceptions for file I/O operations.