Experiment 7

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Subject Name: Project based Learning Java Subject Code: 22CSH-359

Problem :- 1(Easy-Level)

1.Aim: Write a servlet to accept user credentials through an HTML form and display a personalized welcome message if the login is successful.

2.Objective:

- Implement a servlet to handle HTTP POST requests for user authentication.
- Accept username and password through an HTML form.
- Validate credentials and display a welcome message upon success.

3. Algorithm:

- Create an HTML form with fields for username and password.
- Implement a Java Servlet to handle form submissions.
- Retrieve user credentials from the request.
- Validate credentials (using hardcoded values for simplicity).
- If valid, display a personalized welcome message; otherwise, show an error.

4. Implementation:

HTML Form (index.html)

<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

<head>

<title>Login Page</title>

```
</head>
<body>
  <form action="LoginServlet" method="post">
    <label>Username:</label>
    <input type="text" name="username" required><br>
    <label>Password:</label>
    <input type="password" name="password" required><br>
    <input type="submit" value="Login">
  </form>
</body>
</html>
Servlet (LoginServlet.java)
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
@WebServlet("/LoginServlet")
public class LoginServlet extends HttpServlet {
  protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
      throws ServletException, IOException {
```

```
response.setContentType("text/html");

PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();

// Retrieve form parameters

String username = request.getParameter("username");

String password = request.getParameter("password");

// Hardcoded credentials for validation

if ("admin".equals(username) && "password123".equals(password)) {

out.println("<h2>Welcome, " + username + "!</h2>");
} else {

out.println("<h2>Invalid username or password. Try again.</h2>");
}

}
```

5.Output:

Username:
Password:
Login

Problem:- 2(Medium-level)

1.Aim:Create a servlet integrated with JDBC to display a list of employees from a database. Include a search form to fetch employee details by ID.

2.Objective:

- Establish a connection to a MySQL database using JDBC.
- Fetch and display all employees from the database.
- Provide a search form to retrieve employee details by ID.

3. Algorithm:

- Define database connection details (URL, username, password).
- Establish a connection using DriverManager.
- If an employee ID is provided, fetch and display the corresponding record.
- Otherwise, retrieve and display all employee records.
- Close the database connection.

5. Implementation/Code:

Servlet (EmployeeServlet.java)
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
import java.sql.Connection;
import java.sql.DriverManager;
import java.sql.PreparedStatement;
import java.sql.ResultSet;
import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;

@WebServlet("/EmployeeServlet")

```
public class EmployeeServlet extends HttpServlet {
  private static final String URL = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/your database"; // Replace with DB
name
  private static final String USER = "your_username"; // Replace with MySQL username
  private static final String PASSWORD = "your password"; // Replace with MySQL password
  protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
      throws ServletException, IOException {
    response.setContentType("text/html");
    PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
    String empId = request.getParameter("empId");
    try {
      Connection conn = DriverManager.getConnection(URL, USER, PASSWORD);
      String query;
      PreparedStatement stmt;
      if (empld != null && !empld.isEmpty()) {
        query = "SELECT EmpID, Name, Salary FROM Employee WHERE EmpID = ?";
        stmt = conn.prepareStatement(query);
        stmt.setInt(1, Integer.parseInt(empId));
      } else {
        query = "SELECT EmpID, Name, Salary FROM Employee";
        stmt = conn.prepareStatement(query);
      }
      ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery();
      out.println("<h2>Employee Details</h2>");
```

5. Output:

1. Viewing All Employees:

```
EmpID: 1, Name: John Doe, Salary: 50000
EmpID: 2, Name: Alice, Salary: 60000
EmpID: 3, Name: Bob, Salary: 55000
```

2. Searching for Employee by ID (Example: ID = 1)

```
EmpID: 1, Name: John Doe, Salary: 50000
```

Problem:- 3(Hard-level)

1.Aim:Develop a JSP-based student portal that includes a form for entering attendance details and saves them to a database using a servlet.

2.Objective:

• Create a JSP form to enter student attendance details.

- Implement a servlet to handle form submissions.
- Store attendance records in a MySQL database using JDBC.

3. Algorithm:

- Create a JSP form to enter student ID, name, and attendance status.
- Implement a servlet to handle form submission and insert data into the database.
- Retrieve form data using HttpServletRequest.
- Establish a database connection using DriverManager.
- Insert the data into the attendance table.
- Close the database connection.

4. Implementation/Code:

JSP Form (attendance.jsp)

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html>
<head>
    <title>Student Attendance</title>
</head>
<body>
<h2>Enter Student Attendance</h2>
    <form action="AttendanceServlet" method="post">
        <label>Student ID:</label>
        <input type="text" name="studentId" required><br>
        <label>Name:</label>
        <input type="text" name="name" required><br>
        <label>Attendance:</label>
        <select name="attendance">
              <option value="Present">Present</option>
```

```
<option value="Absent">Absent
    </select><br>
    <input type="submit" value="Submit">
 </form>
</body>
</html>
Servlet (AttendanceServlet.java)
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
import java.sql.Connection;
import java.sql.DriverManager;
import java.sql.PreparedStatement;
import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
@WebServlet("/AttendanceServlet")
public class AttendanceServlet extends HttpServlet {
  private static final String URL = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/your_database"; // Replace with
DB name
  private static final String USER = "your username"; // Replace with MySQL username
  private static final String PASSWORD = "your password"; // Replace with MySQL password
  protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
       throws ServletException, IOException {
```

```
response.setContentType("text/html");
    PrintWriter out = response.getWriter();
     String studentId = request.getParameter("studentId");
     String name = request.getParameter("name");
     String attendance = request.getParameter("attendance");
    try {
       Connection conn = DriverManager.getConnection(URL, USER, PASSWORD);
       String query = "INSERT INTO Attendance (StudentID, Name, Status) VALUES (?, ?,
?)";
       PreparedStatement stmt = conn.prepareStatement(query);
       stmt.setInt(1, Integer.parseInt(studentId));
       stmt.setString(2, name);
       stmt.setString(3, attendance);
       int rows = stmt.executeUpdate();
       if (rows > 0) {
         out.println("<h2>Attendance recorded successfully.</h2>");
       } else {
         out.println("<h2>Failed to record attendance.</h2>");
       }
       conn.close();
     } catch (Exception e) {
       out.println("<h2>Error: " + e.getMessage() + "</h2>");
```

}

6. Output:

Enter Student Attendance

Student ID:	
Name:	
Attendance:	Present ~
Submit	

7. Learning Outcomes:

- ♦ **JSP Form Handling:** How to create and submit forms using JSP.
- ♦ **Servlet Communication:** How a servlet processes form data sent from a JSP page.
- ♦ **JDBC Connectivity:** How to establish a connection to a MySQL database using JDBC.
- ♦ **Data Insertion:** How to insert form data into a database using PreparedStatement.
- ♦ HTTP Request Handling: How to use doPost() in servlets for handling form submissions.
- ♦ **Web Application Flow:** Understanding how JSP, servlets, and databases interact in a web application.