



Experiment 7 A

Student Name: PARDEEP SINGH

UID: 22BCS16692

Branch: CSE

Section/Group: Ntpp 602-A

Semester: 6TH

Date of Performance: 06/03/25

Subject Name: AP Lab-2

Subject Code: 22CSH-352

1. TITLE:

Max Units on a Truck

2. AIM:

You are assigned to put some amount of boxes onto one truck. You are given a 2D array `boxTypes`, where `boxTypes[i] = [numberOfBoxesi, numberOfUnitsPerBoxi]`:

`numberOfBoxesi` is the number of boxes of type `i`.

`numberOfUnitsPerBoxi` is the number of units in each box of the type `i`.

3. Algorithm

- Sort box types by the number of units in descending order.
- Initialize a counter to track the total units.
- Loop through sorted boxes and add them to the truck if space allows.
- Add boxes to the truck while updating the total units.
- Reduce the truck size as boxes are added, stop when the truck is full.

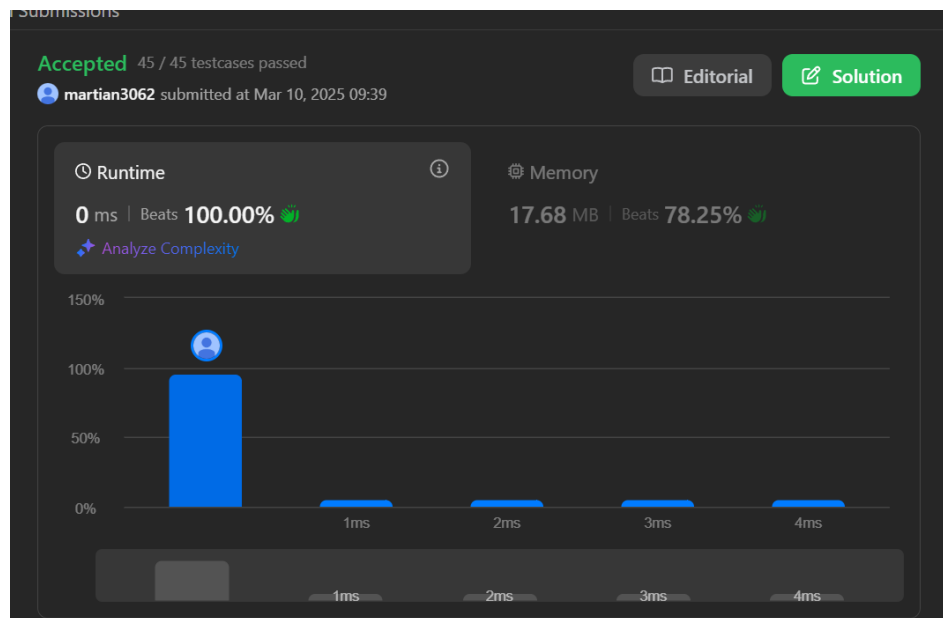
Implementation/Code

class Solution:

```
def maximumUnits(self, boxTypes: List[List[int]], truckSize: int) -> int:  
    b = sorted(boxTypes, key = lambda x:x[1], reverse=True )  
    c = 0  
    for box, n in b:
```

```
if truckSize == 0:  
    return c  
boxes = min(box, truckSize)  
c += boxes * n  
truckSize -= boxes  
return c
```

Output



Time Complexity : $O(n \cdot \log n)$

Space Complexity : $O(n)$

Learning Outcomes:-

- Learn how greedy algorithms make optimal choices for immediate benefits.
- Understand how to optimize limited resources for maximum output



Experiment 7 B

Student Name: PARDEEP SINGH

UID: 22BCS16692

Branch: CSE

Section/Group: Ntpp 602-A

Semester: 6TH

Date of Performance: 06/03/25

Subject Name: AP Lab-2

Subject Code: 22CSH-352

1. TITLE:

Max Score from removing substrings

2. AIM:

You are given a string s and two integers x and y . You can perform two types of operations any number of times.

Remove substring "ab" and gain x points.

For example, when removing "ab" from "cabxbae" it becomes "cxbae".

Remove substring "ba" and gain y points.

For example, when removing "ba" from "cabxbae" it becomes "cabxe".

Return the maximum points you can gain after applying the above operations on s .

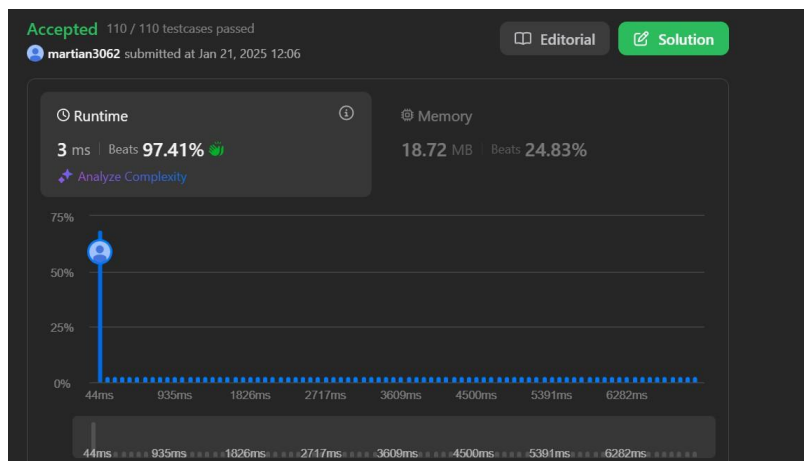
3. Algorithm

1. Determine which pair (ab or ba) gives a higher score by comparing x and y .
2. Initialize counters for 'a' and 'b' and a variable for the total score.
3. Loop through the string and process 'a' and 'b' characters.
4. Add points when an 'a' is followed by a 'b' or vice versa, adjusting counters.
5. Add final score for any remaining unmatched 'a' and 'b' pairs.

Implementation/Code:

```
class Solution:
    def maximumGain(self, s: str, x: int, y: int) -> int:
        a, b = "a", "b"
        if x < y:
            x, y = y, x
            a, b = b, a
        ans = cnt0 = cnt1 = 0
        for c in s:
            if c not in "ab":
                ans += min(cnt0, cnt1) * y
                cnt0 = cnt1 = 0
            elif c == b:
                if cnt0:
                    cnt0 -= 1
                    ans += x
                else: cnt1 += 1
            else: cnt0 += 1
        return ans + min(cnt0, cnt1) * y
```

Output





DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

Discover. Learn. Empower.

Time Complexity : $O(n)$

Space Complexity : $O(1)$

Learning Outcomes:-

- Learn how to make optimal choices in sequential problems.
- Understand how to process strings efficiently with minimal resources.



DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

Discover. Learn. Empower.