



DEPARTMENT OF

COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

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Experiment 5

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Section/Group: 619-A

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Subject Name: Java

Subject Code: 22CSH-359

Aim: Write a Java program to calculate the sum of a list of integers using autoboxing and unboxing. Include methods to parse strings into their respective wrapper classes (e.g., Integer.parseInt()).

Objective: Demonstrate **autoboxing** and **unboxing** in Java by converting string numbers into Integer objects, storing them in a list, and computing their sum.

Algorithm:

Step 1: Initialize the Program

1. Start the program.
2. Import ArrayList and List classes.
3. Define the AutoboxingExample class.

Step 2: Convert String Array to Integer List

1. Define the method parseStringArrayToIntegers(String[] strings).
2. Create an empty ArrayList<Integer>.
3. Iterate through the string array:
 - o Convert each string to an Integer using Integer.parseInt(str).
 - o Add the integer to the list (**autoboxing** happens here).
4. Return the list of integers.

Step 3: Calculate the Sum of Integers

1. Define the method calculateSum(List<Integer> numbers).
2. Initialize a variable sum to 0.
3. Iterate through the list:
 - o Extract each integer (**unboxing** happens here).
 - o Add it to sum.
4. Return the total sum.

Step 4: Execute Main Function

1. Define main(String[] args).
2. Create a string array with numeric values.
3. Call parseStringArrayToIntegers() to convert it into a list of integers.
4. Call calculateSum() to compute the sum.
5. Print the result.

Step 5: Terminate the Program

1. End the execution.

Code:

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;

public class AutoboxingExample {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        String[] numberStrings = {"10", "20", "30", "40", "50"};

        List<Integer> numbers = parseStringArrayToIntegers(numberStrings);

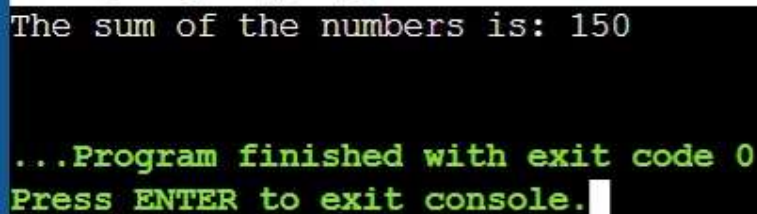
        int sum = calculateSum(numbers);

        System.out.println("The sum of the numbers is: " + sum);
    }

    public static List<Integer> parseStringArrayToIntegers(String[] strings) {
        List<Integer> integerList = new ArrayList<>();
        for (String str : strings) {
            integerList.add(Integer.parseInt(str));
        }
        return integerList;
    }

    public static int calculateSum(List<Integer> numbers) {
        int sum = 0;
        for (Integer num : numbers) {
            sum += num;
        }
        return sum;
    }
}
```

Output:



```
The sum of the numbers is: 150

...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```



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Learning Outcomes:

- Understand the concept of **autoboxing and unboxing** in Java and how primitive types are automatically converted to their wrapper classes and vice versa.
- Learn how to **convert string values into Integer objects** using Integer.parseInt() and store them in a list.
- Gain experience in **working with ArrayLists** to store and manipulate a collection of numbers dynamically.
- Develop proficiency in **iterating through collections** and performing arithmetic operations like summation.