

Experiment 7.1

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1. Aim: Create a Java program to connect to a MySQL database and fetch data from a single table. The program should:

• Use DriverManager and Connection objects.

• Retrieve and display all records from a table named Employee with columns EmpID, Name, and Salary.

2. Objective: To develop a Java program that connects to a MySQL database using JDBC and retrieves all records from an **Employee** table. The program utilizes the **DriverManager** and **Connection** classes to establish the connection, and uses SQL **SELECT** statements to display employee details such as **EmpID**, **Name**, and **Salary**.

3. Algorithm:

Step 1: Import SQL packages and define database connection details.

Step 2: Load JDBC driver and establish connection using **DriverManager**.

Step 3: Create Statement and execute SQL query to fetch employee records.

Step 4: Iterate ResultSet to display EmpID, Name, and Salary.

Step 5: Close resources and handle exceptions using try-catch.

4. Code:

```
import java.sql.*;
public class FetchEmployeeData {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    String jdbcURL = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/testdb";
    String username = "Vivek";
    String password = "Root1234";
    try {
       Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");
       Connection conn = DriverManager.getConnection(jdbcURL, username, password);
       Statement stmt = conn.createStatement();
       String query = "SELECT EmpID, Name, Salary FROM Employee";
       ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery(query);
       while (rs.next()) {
         int empId = rs.getInt("EmpID");
         String name = rs.getString("Name");
         double salary = rs.getDouble("Salary");
```

```
System.out.printf("EmpID: %d | Name: %s | Salary: %.2f\n", empId, name, salary);
}

rs.close();
stmt.close();
conn.close();
} catch (Exception e) {
e.printStackTrace();
}
}
```

5. Output:

```
PS D:\PBLJ\Exp7> javac -cp ".;mysql-connector-j-9.2.0.jar" FetchEmployeeData.java
PS D:\PBLJ\Exp7> java -cp ".;mysql-connector-j-9.2.0.jar" FetchEmployeeData
EmpID: 1 | Name: Vivek Garg | Salary: 100000.00
EmpID: 2 | Name: Vidhi | Salary: 100000.00
EmpID: 3 | Name: Rajat | Salary: 80000.00
PS D:\PBLJ\Exp7> |
```

6. Learning Outcomes:

- Learn how to establish a connection between a Java application and a MySQL database using **DriverManager**.
- Gain hands-on experience in writing and executing SQL SELECT statements using Java.
- Learn how to retrieve and process data from a database using the **ResultSet** object.
- Understand how to use try-catch blocks to manage SQL and connection-related exceptions gracefully.
- Practice proper closing of JDBC resources like **Connection**, **Statement**, and **ResultSet** to avoid memory leaks.

Experiment 7.2

- **1. Aim:** Build a program to perform CRUD operations (Create, Read, Update, Delete) on a database table Product with columns:
 - ProductID, ProductName, Price, and Quantity.

The program should include:

- Menu-driven options for each operation.
- Transaction handling to ensure data integrity.
- **2. Objective:** To develop a Java program that performs CRUD operations on a **Product** database table using JDBC, incorporating a menu-driven interface and transaction handling to ensure data integrity and smooth user interaction.

3. Algorithm:

- Step 1: Start the program and connect to the MySQL database.
- Step 2: Display menu with options: Add, View, Update, Delete, Exit.
- Step 3: Take user input to select an option.
- Step 4: Perform action (CRUD) based on input using SQL queries.
- Step 5: Repeat until Exit is selected, then close the database connection.

4. Code:

```
import java.sql.*;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class ProductCRUD {
  static final String JDBC_URL = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/testdb";
  static final String USERNAME = "Vivek";
  static final String PASSWORD = "Root1234";
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    try (Connection conn = DriverManager.getConnection(JDBC_URL, USERNAME,
PASSWORD)) {
       Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");
       conn.setAutoCommit(false);
       while (true) {
         System.out.println("\n--- Product Management ---");
         System.out.println("1. Add Product");
         System.out.println("2. View Products");
         System.out.println("3. Update Product");
         System.out.println("4. Delete Product");
         System.out.println("5. Exit");
         System.out.print("Choose an option: ");
         int choice = scanner.nextInt();
         switch (choice) {
            case 1:
```

```
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                 addProduct(conn, scanner);
                 break:
               case 2:
                 viewProducts(conn);
                 break;
               case 3:
                 updateProduct(conn, scanner);
                 break;
               case 4:
                 deleteProduct(conn, scanner);
                 break;
               case 5:
                 conn.close();
                 System.out.println("Program terminated.");
                 return:
               default:
                 System.out.println("Invalid option.");
        } catch (Exception e) {
          e.printStackTrace();
     }
     static void addProduct(Connection conn, Scanner scanner) {
          System.out.print("Enter Product Name: ");
          String name = scanner.next();
          System.out.print("Enter Price: ");
          double price = scanner.nextDouble();
          System.out.print("Enter Quantity: ");
          int quantity = scanner.nextInt();
          String sql = "INSERT INTO Product(ProductName, Price, Quantity) VALUES (?, ?, ?)";
          try (PreparedStatement pstmt = conn.prepareStatement(sql)) {
            pstmt.setString(1, name);
            pstmt.setDouble(2, price);
            pstmt.setInt(3, quantity);
            pstmt.executeUpdate();
            conn.commit();
            System.out.println("Product added successfully.");
        } catch (Exception e) {
          try {
            conn.rollback();
            System.out.println("Transaction rolled back.");
          } catch (SQLException ex) {
            ex.printStackTrace();
          e.printStackTrace();
     }
```

Discover. Learn. Empower. static void viewProducts(Connection conn) { try (Statement stmt = conn.createStatement()) { ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery("SELECT * FROM Product"); System.out.println("\nProductID | ProductName | Price | Quantity"); while (rs.next()) { System.out.printf("%d | %s | %.2f | %d\n", rs.getInt("ProductID"), rs.getString("ProductName"), rs.getDouble("Price"), rs.getInt("Quantity")); } } catch (SQLException e) { e.printStackTrace(); } } static void updateProduct(Connection conn, Scanner scanner) { System.out.print("Enter Product ID to update: "); int id = scanner.nextInt(); System.out.print("Enter new Price: "); double price = scanner.nextDouble(); System.out.print("Enter new Quantity: "); int quantity = scanner.nextInt(); try (PreparedStatement pstmt = conn.prepareStatement(sql)) { pstmt.setDouble(1, price); pstmt.setInt(2, quantity); pstmt.setInt(3, id);

```
String sql = "UPDATE Product SET Price=?, Quantity=? WHERE ProductID=?";
       int rows = pstmt.executeUpdate();
       if (rows > 0) {
         conn.commit();
         System.out.println("Product updated successfully.");
         System.out.println("Product not found.");
  } catch (Exception e) {
    try {
       conn.rollback();
     } catch (SQLException ex) {
       ex.printStackTrace();
    e.printStackTrace();
static void deleteProduct(Connection conn, Scanner scanner) {
    System.out.print("Enter Product ID to delete: ");
    int id = scanner.nextInt();
```

```
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```

```
String sql = "DELETE FROM Product WHERE ProductID=?";
       try (PreparedStatement pstmt = conn.prepareStatement(sql)) {
         pstmt.setInt(1, id);
         int rows = pstmt.executeUpdate();
         if (rows > 0) {
            conn.commit();
            System.out.println("Product deleted successfully.");
            System.out.println("Product not found.");
          }
    } catch (Exception e) {
       try {
         conn.rollback();
       } catch (SQLException ex) {
         ex.printStackTrace();
       e.printStackTrace();
  }
}
```

5. Output:

```
PS D:\PBLJ\Exp7> javac -cp ".;mysql-connector-j-9.2.0.jar" ProductCRLD.java
PS D:\PBLJ\Exp7> java -cp ".;mysql-connector-j-9.2.0.jar" ProductCRLD
 --- Product Management ---
 1. Add Product
 2. View Products
 3. Update Product
 4. Delete Product
 5. Exit
 Choose an option: 1
 Enter Product Name: Pen
 Enter Price: 12.5
 Enter Quantity: 100
 Product added successfully.
 --- Product Management ---
 1. Add Product
 2. View Products
 3. Update Product
 4. Delete Product
 5. Exit
 Choose an option: 2
 ProductID | ProductName | Price | Quantity
 1 | Pen | 12.50 | 100
 --- Product Management ---
 1. Add Product
 View Products
 3. Update Product
 4. Delete Product
    Exit
```

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```
Choose an option: 3
Enter Product ID to update: 1
Enter new Price: 15
Enter new Quantity: 100
Product updated successfully.
--- Product Management ---
1. Add Product
2. View Products
3. Update Product
4. Delete Product
5. Exit
Choose an option: 4
Enter Product ID to delete: 1
Product deleted successfully.
--- Product Management ---
1. Add Product
2. View Products
3. Update Product
4. Delete Product
5. Exit
Choose an option: 5
```

6. Learning Outcomes:

- Learn how to use JDBC to connect Java applications with MySQL databases.
- Gain hands-on experience with Create, Read, Update, and Delete operations in databases through Java.
- Understand how to use transactions to ensure data integrity during multiple operations.
- Learn how to design and code interactive, menu-based console applications.
- Improve skills in managing runtime errors (like **InputMismatchException**) to make programs user-friendly.

Experiment 7.3

- **1. Aim:** Develop a Java application using JDBC and MVC architecture to manage student data. The application should:
 - Use a Student class as the model with fields like StudentID, Name, Department, and Marks.
 - Include a database table to store student data.
 - Allow the user to perform CRUD operations through a simple menu-driven view.
 - Implement database operations in a separate controller class.
- **2. Objective:** To develop a Java application using JDBC and MVC architecture that allows users to perform CRUD operations on student data stored in a MySQL database, ensuring modularity, maintainability, and a clear separation of concerns between model, view, and controller components.

3. Algorithm:

- **Step 1:** Start the application and display the menu with CRUD options.
- Step 2: Capture user input for the selected operation (Add, View, Update, Delete).
- Step 3: Perform database operations using the controller class based on input.
- Step 4: Use the model (Student class) to represent and store student data.
- Step 5: Repeat menu until the user selects exit.

4. Code:

• Student.java

```
public class Student {
  private int studentId;
  private String name;
  private String department;
  private double marks;
  public Student(int studentId, String name, String department, double marks) {
     this.studentId = studentId;
     this.name = name;
     this.department = department;
     this.marks = marks;
  public int getStudentId() { return studentId; }
  public String getName() { return name; }
  public String getDepartment() { return department; }
  public double getMarks() { return marks; }
  @Override
  public String toString() {
     return String.format("ID: %d | Name: %s | Dept: %s | Marks: %.2f", studentId, name,
department, marks);
  }
}
```

• StudentController.java

}

```
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          import java.sql.*;
          import java.util.ArrayList;
          import java.util.List;
          public class StudentController {
            private Connection conn;
            public StudentController() {
               try {
                  Class.forName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");
                 conn = DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/testdb", "Vivek",
          "Root1234");
               } catch (Exception e) {
                 e.printStackTrace();
               }
            public void addStudent(Student student) {
               String sql = "INSERT INTO Student VALUES (?, ?, ?, ?)";
               try (PreparedStatement stmt = conn.prepareStatement(sql)) {
                 stmt.setInt(1, student.getStudentId());
                 stmt.setString(2, student.getName());
                 stmt.setString(3, student.getDepartment());
                 stmt.setDouble(4, student.getMarks());
                 stmt.executeUpdate();
                 System.out.println("Student added successfully.");
               } catch (Exception e) {
                 e.printStackTrace();
            public List<Student> getAllStudents() {
               List<Student> list = new ArrayList<>();
               String sql = "SELECT * FROM Student";
               try (Statement stmt = conn.createStatement();
                  ResultSet rs = stmt.executeQuery(sql)) {
                 while (rs.next()) {
                    list.add(new Student(rs.getInt("StudentID"), rs.getString("Name"),
          rs.getString("Department"), rs.getDouble("Marks")));
               } catch (Exception e) {
                 e.printStackTrace();
               return list;
            public void updateStudentMarks(int id, double newMarks) {
               String sql = "UPDATE Student SET Marks = ? WHERE StudentID = ?";
               try (PreparedStatement stmt = conn.prepareStatement(sql)) {
                 stmt.setDouble(1, newMarks);
                 stmt.setInt(2, id);
                 int rows = stmt.executeUpdate();
                 System.out.println(rows > 0 ? "Marks updated." : "Student not found.");
               } catch (Exception e) {
                 e.printStackTrace();
```

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```
public void deleteStudent(int id) {
    String sql = "DELETE FROM Student WHERE StudentID = ?";
    try (PreparedStatement stmt = conn.prepareStatement(sql)) {
        stmt.setInt(1, id);
        int rows = stmt.executeUpdate();
        System.out.println(rows > 0 ? "Student deleted." : "Student not found.");
    } catch (Exception e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
    }
}

public void closeConnection() {
    try {
        if (conn != null) conn.close();
    } catch (Exception e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
    }
}
```

• StudentApp.java

import java.util.List; import java.util.Scanner;

```
public class StudentApp {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     StudentController controller = new StudentController();
     Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
     while (true) {
       System.out.println("\n--- Student Management ---");
       System.out.println("1. Add Student");
       System.out.println("2. View Students");
       System.out.println("3. Update Marks");
       System.out.println("4. Delete Student");
       System.out.println("5. Exit");
       System.out.print("Choose an option: ");
       int choice = sc.nextInt();
       switch (choice) {
         case 1:
            System.out.print("Enter ID: ");
            int id = sc.nextInt();
            sc.nextLine();
            System.out.print("Enter Name: ");
            String name = sc.nextLine();
            System.out.print("Enter Department: ");
            String dept = sc.nextLine();
            System.out.print("Enter Marks: ");
            double marks = sc.nextDouble();
            Student s = new Student(id, name, dept, marks);
            controller.addStudent(s);
            break:
         case 2:
            List<Student> students = controller.getAllStudents();
            for (Student stu: students) {
```

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```
System.out.println(stu);
  break;
case 3:
  System.out.print("Enter ID to update marks: ");
  int uid = sc.nextInt();
  System.out.print("Enter new marks: ");
  double newMarks = sc.nextDouble();
  controller.updateStudentMarks(uid, newMarks);
  break;
case 4:
  System.out.print("Enter ID to delete: ");
  int did = sc.nextInt();
  controller.deleteStudent(did);
  break;
case 5:
  controller.closeConnection();
  System.out.println("Exiting...");
  return;
default:
  System.out.println("Invalid option.");
```

5. Output:

```
PS D:\PBL1\Exp7> javac -cp : inysql-connector-j-9.2.0, jar *.java
PS D:\PBL1\Exp7> java -cp ".inysql-connector-j-9.2.0, jar StudentApp
      Student Management ---
 1. Add Student
 2. View Students
 3. Update Marks
 4. Delete Student
 Choose an option: 1
Enter ID: 181
Enter Name: Vivek Garg
 Enter Department: CSE
 Enter Marks: 98
 Student added successfully.
      Student Management --
 3. Update Marks
 4. Delete Student
 5. Exit
 Choose an option: 2
ID: 101 | Name: Vivek Garg | Dept: CSE | Parks: 98.88
      Student Management -
 1. Add Student
 2. View Students
 3. Update Marks
 Choose an option: 3
Enter ID to update marks: 101
 Enter new marks: 99
```

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```
--- Student Management ---

    Add Student

2. View Students
3. Update Marks
4. Delete Student
5. Exit
Choose an option: 4
Enter ID to delete: 101
Student deleted.
--- Student Management ---
1. Add Student
2. View Students
3. Update Marks
4. Delete Student
5. Exit
Choose an option: 5
Exiting...
```

6. Learning Outcomes:

- Gained experience in structuring code using Model-View-Controller for better modularity and maintenance.
- Learned how to connect and interact with a MySQL database using Java JDBC.
- Successfully performed Create, Read, Update, and Delete operations on student data.
- Developed a user-friendly CLI interface for managing student records.
- Understood how to handle SQL and input-related exceptions for reliable user interaction.