Experiment-9

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9.1.1 Aim: To demonstrate dependency injection using Spring Framework with Java-based configuration.

9.1.2 Objective:

Define Course and Student classes.
Use Configuration and Bean annotations to inject dependencies.
Load Spring context and print student details.

9.1.3 Code: // Course.java public

```java
// Course.java
public class Course {
    private String courseName;
    private String duration;

    public Course(String courseName, String duration) {
        this.courseName = courseName;
        this.duration = duration;
    }

    public String getCourseName() { return courseName; }
    public String getDuration() { return duration; }

    @Override
    public String toString() {
        return "Course: " + courseName + ", Duration: " + duration;
    }
}

// Student.java
public class Student {
    private String name;
    private Course course;

    public Student(String name, Course course) {
        this.name = name;
        this.course = course;
    }
}
```

```java
    public void showDetails() { System.out.println("Student: " +
    name); System.out.println(course); }
}// AppConfig.java
import org.springframework.context.annotation.*;

@Configuration
public class AppConfig {  @Bean  public
    Course    course()    {    return    new
    Course("Java", "3 months"); }

    @Bean
    public  Student  student()  {  return  new
    Student("Aman", course()); }
}// MainApp.java
import org.springframework.context.ApplicationContext;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.AnnotationConfigApplicationContext;

public class MainApp { public static void main(String[] args)
    { ApplicationContext context = new
AnnotationConfigApplicationContext(AppConfig.class);
        Student    student    =    context.getBean(Student.class);
        student.showDetails();
    }
}
```
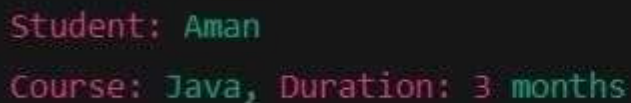
Output:

```
Student: Aman
Course: Java, Duration: 3 months
```

9.2.1 **Aim:** To perform CRUD operations on a Student entity using Hibernate ORM with MySQL.

Objective: Define Course and Student classes.

Use Configuration and Bean annotations to inject dependencies. Load Spring context and print student details.

9.2.2 Code:

```xml
    <hibernate-configuration>
        <session-factory>
```

```xml
        <property name="hibernate.connection.driver_class">com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver</property>
        <property name="hibernate.connection.url">jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/testdb</property>
        <property name="hibernate.connection.username">root</property>
        <property name="hibernate.connection.password">password</property>
        <property name="hibernate.dialect">org.hibernate.dialect.MySQL8Dialect</property>
        <property name="hibernate.hbm2ddl.auto">update</property>
        <mapping class="Student"/>
    </session-factory>
</hibernate-configuration>
```

```java
import javax.persistence.*;

Entity
public class Student { Id
    GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY) private int id; private
    String name; private
    int age;

    public Student() {}
    public Student(String name, int age) { this.name
        = name; this.age = age;
    }
    // Getters, setters, toString
}
import                org.hibernate.SessionFactory;               import
org.hibernate.cfg.Configuration;

public class HibernateUtil { private static final
    SessionFactory sessionFactory;

    static {
        sessionFactory = new Configuration().configure().buildSessionFactory();
    }

    public    static    SessionFactory    getSessionFactory()    {    return
        sessionFactory;
    }
}    import    org.hibernate.*;

public

class MainCRUD {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Session session = HibernateUtil.getSessionFactory().openSession();
```

```java
        // Create
        Transaction tx = session.beginTransaction();
        Student s1 = new Student("Aman", 22);
        session.save(s1);
        tx.commit();

        // Read
        Student student = session.get(Student.class, 1);
        System.out.println(student);

        // Update
        tx = session.beginTransaction(); student.setAge(23);
        session.update(student); tx.commit();

        // Delete
        tx = session.beginTransaction(); session.delete(student);
        tx.commit();

        session.close();
    }
}
```

9.2.3 Output:

```
Student{id=1, name='    ', age=22}
Updated age to 23
Deleted student with id 1
```

9.3.1 Aim: To implement a banking system using Spring and Hibernate that ensures transaction consistency during fund transfers.

Objective:

Integrate Spring + Hibernate.

Handle transactions atomically (rollback on failure). Demonstrate success and failure cases.

Code:

```java
import javax.persistence.*;

Entity
public class Account { @Id private
    int accountId; private String
    holderName; private double
    balance;

    // Constructors, getters, setters
}

import javax.persistence.*; import
java.util.Date;

@Entity
public class BankTransaction { @Id
    @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY) private int
    txnId; private int fromAcc; private int toAcc; private double
    amount;
    private Date txnDate = new Date();

    // Constructors, getters, setters
}
import org.hibernate.*;
import org.springframework.transaction.annotation.Transactional;

public class BankService { private
    SessionFactory sessionFactory; public
    BankService(SessionFactory
    sessionFactory) { this.sessionFactory
    = sessionFactory;
    }
```

```java
@Transactional
public void transferMoney(int fromId, int toId, double amount) { Session session =
    sessionFactory.getCurrentSession();

    Account from = session.get(Account.class, fromId); Account to = session.get(Account.class,
    toId);

    if (from.getBalance() < amount) { throw new
    RuntimeException("Insufficient Balance"); }

    from.setBalance(from.getBalance()                    -                    amount);
    to.setBalance(to.getBalance() + amount);

    session.update(from);
    session.update(to);

    BankTransaction txn = new BankTransaction(fromId, toId, amount); session.save(txn);
    }
}
@Configuration
@EnableTransactionManagement        public
class AppConfig {
    @Bean
    public DataSource dataSource() {
        DriverManagerDataSource        ds        =        new        DriverManagerDataSource();
        ds.setDriverClassName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");
        ds.setUrl("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/testdb");                    ds.setUsername("root");
        ds.setPassword("password");
        return ds;
    }

    @Bean
    public LocalSessionFactoryBean sessionFactory() { LocalSessionFactoryBean lsf = new
        LocalSessionFactoryBean();                        lsf.setDataSource(dataSource());
        lsf.setPackagesToScan("your.package");

        Properties props = new Properties();
        props.put("hibernate.dialect",            "org.hibernate.dialect.MySQL8Dialect");
        props.put("hibernate.hbm2ddl.auto",                        "update");
        lsf.setHibernateProperties(props); return lsf;
    }

    @Bean
```

```
        public HibernateTransactionManager transactionManager(SessionFactory sf) { return
        new HibernateTransactionManager(sf); }


        @Bean
        public   BankService   bankService(SessionFactory   sf)   {   return   new
            BankService(sf);
        }
    }

    public class MainApp { public static void
        main(String[] args) {
            AnnotationConfigApplicationContext ctx = new
        AnnotationConfigApplicationContext(AppConfig.class);
            BankService service = ctx.getBean(BankService.class);
try    {    service.transferMoney(101,   102,   500);
            System.out.println("Transaction Successful!");
            } catch (Exception e) {
                System.out.println("Transaction Failed: " + e.getMessage());
            }
            ctx.close();
        }
    }
```

OUTPUT

```
Transaction Successful!
OR
Transaction Failed: Insufficient Balance
```

Learning Outcomes

- Demonstrated Dependency Injection using Spring with Java-based configuration via @Bean and @Configuration.

- Performed CRUD operations on Student entity using Hibernate ORM with MySQL database.

- Integrated Spring + Hibernate for seamless object-relational mapping and dependency management.

- Implemented transaction management using @Transactional to ensure atomicity in fund transfers.

- Handled transaction failures and rollbacks (e.g., insufficient balance) to maintain data consistency.