#### **Experiment 4**

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Subject Name: Project Based Learning Subject Code: 22CSH-359

in Java with Lab

**1. Aim:** Develop Java programs using core concepts such as data structures, collections, and multithreading to manage and manipulate data.

- **2. Objective :** Develop Java programs using ArrayList, Collection Interface, and Thread Synchronization to efficiently manage employee records, store and search card details, and implement a synchronized ticket booking system with prioritized VIP bookings.
- 3. Implementation/Code:
  - 3.1. Write a Java program to implement an ArrayList that stores employee details (ID, Name, and Salary). Allow users to add, update, remove, and search employees.

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Scanner;
class Employee {
  private int id;
  private String name;
  private double salary;
  public Employee(int id, String name, double salary)
     \{ this.id = id; \}
    this.name = name;
    this.salary = salary;
  public int getId() { return id; }
  public String getName() { return name; }
  public double getSalary() { return salary; }
  public void setName(String name) { this.name = name; }
  public void setSalary(double salary) { this.salary = salary; }
  @Override
  public String toString() {
    return "Employee [ID="+id+", Name="+name+", Salary="+salary+"]";
public class Main {
  private static ArrayList<Employee> employees = new ArrayList<>();
```

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Discover. Learn. Empower. private static Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in); public static void main(String[] args) { while (true) { System.out.println("\n1. Add 2. Update 3. Remove 4. Search 5. Display 6. Exit"); switch (scanner.nextInt()) { case 1 -> addEmployee(); case 2 -> updateEmployee(); case 3 -> removeEmployee(); case 4 -> searchEmployee(); case 5 -> displayAllEmployees(); case 6 -> { System.out.println("Exiting..."); return; } default -> System.out.println("Invalid choice."); } private static void addEmployee() { System.out.print("ID: "); int id = scanner.nextInt(); System.out.print("Name: "); String name = scanner.next(); System.out.print("Salary: "); double salary = scanner.nextDouble(); employees.add(new Employee(id, name, salary)); System.out.println("Employee added."); private static void updateEmployee() { System.out.print("ID to update: "); int id = scanner.nextInt(); for (Employee e : employees) { if(e.getId() == id){ System.out.print("New Name: "); e.setName(scanner.next()); System.out.print("New Salary: "); e.setSalary(scanner.nextDouble()); System.out.println("Employee updated."); return; System.out.println("Employee not found."); private static void removeEmployee() { System.out.print("ID to remove: "); int id = scanner.nextInt(); employees.removeIf(e -> e.getId() == id); System.out.println("Employee removed."); private static void searchEmployee() {

System.out.print("ID to search: "); int id = scanner.nextInt();

employees.stream().filter(e -> e.getId() == id).forEach(System.out::println);



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```
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 private static void displayAllEmployees() {
      if (employees.isEmpty()) System.out.println("No employees found.");
      else employees.forEach(System.out::println);
   }
       3.2. Create a program to collect and store all the cards to assist the users in finding
       all the cards in a given symbol using Collection interface.
 import java.util.*;
 interface CardOperations {
   void addCard();
   void searchCardsBySymbol();
   void displayAllCards();
 class Card {
   private String symbol;
   private String value;
   public Card(String symbol, String value)
      { this.symbol = symbol;
      this.value = value;
   public String getSymbol()
      { return symbol;
   @Override
   public String toString() {
      return "Card{Symbol="" + symbol + "", Value="" + value + ""}";
 class CardCollection implements CardOperations
    { private Collection < Card > cards = new
   ArrayList<>(); private Scanner scanner = new
   Scanner(System.in); @Override
   public void addCard()
      { System.out.print("Enter Card Symbol:
      "); String symbol = scanner.next();
      System.out.print("Enter Card Value: ");
      String value = scanner.next();
      cards.add(new Card(symbol, value));
      System.out.println("Card added successfully!");
   @Override
   public void searchCardsBySymbol() {
```



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```
System.out.print("Enter symbol to search: ");
    String symbol = scanner.next();
     cards.stream()
          .filter(card -> card.getSymbol().equalsIgnoreCase(symbol))
          .forEach(System.out::println);
  @Override
  public void displayAllCards() {
    if (cards.isEmpty()) {
       System.out.println("No cards in the collection.");
     } else {
       cards.forEach(System.out::println);
     }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    CardOperations cardCollection = new CardCollection();
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    while (true) {
       System.out.println("\n1. Add Card");
       System.out.println("2. Search Cards by Symbol");
       System.out.println("3. Display All Cards");
       System.out.println("4. Exit");
       System.out.print("Enter choice: ");
       int choice = scanner.nextInt();
       switch (choice) {
         case 1: cardCollection.addCard(); break;
         case 2: cardCollection.searchCardsBySymbol(); break;
         case 3: cardCollection.displayAllCards(); break;
         case 4: System.exit(0);
          default: System.out.println("Invalid choice!");
    }
  }
      3.3. Develop a ticket booking system with synchronized threads to ensure no double
      booking of seats. Use thread priorities to simulate VIP bookings being processed
      first.
import java.util.*;
class TicketBookingSystem
  { private int availableSeats;
  public TicketBookingSystem(int seats) {
    this.availableSeats = seats; }
```



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```
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   public synchronized boolean bookTicket(String name)
      \{ \text{ if (available Seats} > 0) \} 
        System.out.println(name + " successfully booked a ticket. Seats left: " + (--
 availableSeats));
        return true;
      } else {
        System.out.println(name + " failed to book a ticket. No seats available.");
        return false;
   }
 class BookingThread extends Thread
   { private TicketBookingSystem system;
   private String userName;
   public BookingThread(TicketBookingSystem system, String userName, int priority)
      { this.system = system;
     this.userName = userName;
     setPriority(priority); // Set thread priority
   }
   @Override
   public void run()
      { system.bookTicket(userName);
 public class TicketBookingMain
   { public static void main(String[] args)
     TicketBookingSystem system = new TicketBookingSystem(5); // 5 seats available
     List<BookingThread> threads = new ArrayList<>();
     threads.add(new BookingThread(system, "VIP_Hardik", Thread.MAX PRIORITY)); //
 VIP Booking (High Priority)
     threads.add(new BookingThread(system, "User Rahul", Thread.NORM PRIORITY));
     threads.add(new BookingThread(system, "VIP Virat", Thread.MAX PRIORITY)); // VIP
 Booking (High Priority)
     threads.add(new BookingThread(system, "User_Rohit", Thread.NORM_PRIORITY));
     threads.add(new BookingThread(system, "User Shubman", Thread.MIN PRIORITY)); //
 Low priority
     // Start all threads
     for (BookingThread thread: threads)
        { thread.start();
      // Wait for all threads to finish
```



for (BookingThread thread: threads) {

```
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try {
    thread.join(); }
    catch (InterruptedException e) {
        e.printStackTrace(); }
}
System.out.println("All bookings completed!");
}
4. Output:
4.1
1. Add 2. Update 3. Remove 4. Search 5. Display 6. Exit
1
ID: 101
Name: ABC
Salary: 1234
Employee added.

1. Add 2. Update 3. Remove 4. Search 5. Display 6. Exit
5
Employee [ID=101, Name=ABC, Salary=1234.0]
```

1. Add Card
2. Search Cards by Symbol
3. Display All Cards
4. Exit
Enter choice: 1
Enter Card Symbol: 
Enter Card Value: A
Card added successfully!

1. Add Card
2. Search Cards by Symbol
3. Display All Cards
4. Exit
Enter choice: 3
Card{Symbol='\vert^', Value='A'}

VIP\_Hardik successfully booked a ticket. Seats left: 4
User\_Shubman successfully booked a ticket. Seats left: 3
User\_Rohit successfully booked a ticket. Seats left: 2
User\_Rahul successfully booked a ticket. Seats left: 1
VIP\_Virat successfully booked a ticket. Seats left: 0
All bookings completed!

Process finished with exit code 0

#### 5. Learning Outcomes:

- Understand ArrayList operations for storing and managing structured data dynamically.
- Gain hands-on experience with Collection interfaces for efficient data storage and retrieval.
- Learn thread synchronization to prevent data inconsistency in concurrent environments.
- Implement thread priorities to manage task execution order in multi-threaded applications.
- Develop real-world problem-solving skills by handling data structures, collections, and concurrency in Java