

Experiment – 1.4

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Subject Name: IOT LAB Subject Code: 22CSP-367

1. Aim: Build a security system with any sensor and alerts using Blynk.

2. Objective: To design and implement a security system using sensors (e.g., Gas sensor, magnetic door sensor, or ultrasonic sensor) and integrate it with the Blynk platform to send real-time alerts.

3. Hardware Used:

- ESP8266/NodeMCU(or any Wi-Fi-enabled microcontroller)
- Buzzer/LED (for local alerts, optional)
- Blynk App (installed on your smartphone)
- Breadboard and jumper wires
- Gas Sensor (HC-SR04)

4. Procedure:

a. Connect the Hardware:

- i. Connect the Hardware: MQ-135Gas Sensor Pinout:
 - 1) VCC: Connect to 3.3V or 5V (depending on the sensor model).
 - 2) GND: Connect to GND.
 - 3) AO(Analog Output): Connect to an analog pin on ESP8266 (e.g., A0).
 - 4) DO(Digital Output, optional): Connect to a digital pin on ESP8266 (e.g., D6).

ii. Wiring Diagram:

- 1) MQ-135 VCC→NodeMCU3.3V/5V
- 2) MQ-135 GND→NodeMCUGND
- 3) MQ-135 AO→NodeMCUA0

- 4) MQ-135 DO(optional) → NodeMCU D6
- 5) Buzzer/LED (optional) \rightarrow D4

b. Set Up Blynk:

- Download and install the Blynk app (iOS/Android).
- Create a new project and select ESP8266 as the device.
- Note down the Auth Token sent to your email.
- Add a Notification Widget in the app for alerts.

c. Install Libraries inArduino IDE: → Blynk Library:

- Go to Tools > Manage Libraries and search for Blynk.
- Install the Blynk library.

→ ESP8266 Board Support:

- Go to File > Preferences and add the following URL to the Additional Boards Manager.
- http://arduino.esp8266.com/stable/package esp8266com index.json Go to Tools > Board > Boards Manager and install the ESP8266 package.

5. Code:

```
#define BLYNK_TEMPLATE_ID "TMPL3-ppAtY5O"

#define BLYNK_TEMPLATE_NAME "Pragyan"

#define BLYNK_AUTH_TOKEN "q1UpxNTwWPFEpugYJL2giq8Jv8waiOcC"

#include <ESP8266WiFi.h>

#include <BlynkSimpleEsp8266.h>

// Blynk and Wi-Fi credentials char auth[] = "
q1UpxNTwWPFEpugYJL2giq8Jv8waiOcC "; char ssid[] = "Pragyan OPPO A96"; char pass[] = " c5zp7gzn ";

// PIR sensor pin
int pirPin = D5; int buzzerPin = D2;
void setup() { Serial.begin(115200);
Blynk.begin(auth, ssid, pass); pinMode(pirPin,
INPUT); pinMode(buzzerPin, OUTPUT);
digitalWrite(buzzerPin, LOW);
Serial.println("Security system ready.");
```

```
} void
loop() {
Blynk.run();
if (digitalRead(pirPin) == HIGH) {
Serial.println("Motion Detected!");
Blynk.notify("Alert! Motion Detected at Home.");
digitalWrite(buzzerPin, HIGH);
Turn on buzzer/LED delay(5000); // Alert duration digitalWrite(buzzerPin,
LOW); // Turn off buzzer/LED
}
}
Blynk Code
#define BLYNK_PRINT Serial
#include <ESP8266WiFi.h>
#include <BlynkSimpleEsp8266.h>
BlynkTimer timer;
char auth[] = "xxxxx"; //Enter the authentication code sent by Blynk to your Email
char ssid[] = "xxxxx"; //Enter your WIFI SSID char pass[] = "xxxxx"; //Enter
your WIFI Password int flag=0;
void notifyOnButtonPress() { int isButtonPressed
= digitalRead(D1); if (isButtonPressed==1 &&
flag==0) { Serial.println("Someone Opened the
door"); Blynk.notify("Alert: Someone Opened
the door"); flag=1; } else if
(isButtonPressed==0) { flag=0; }
} void
setup()
Serial.begin(9600);
Blynk.begin(auth, ssid, pass);
pinMode(D1,INPUT PULLUP);
timer.setInterval(16000L,notifyOnButtonPress);
} voidloop()
{
```

Blynk.run();
timer.run();
}

6. Output:

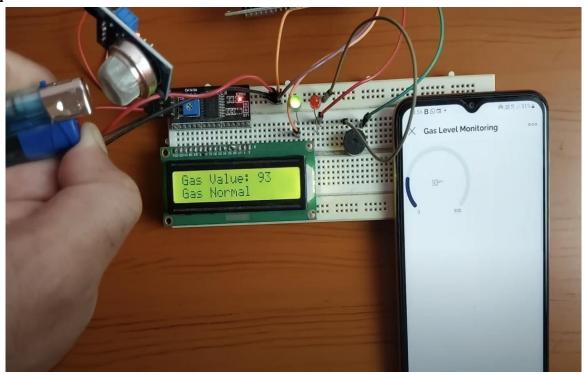


Fig 1



Fig 2

7. Learning Outcome:

- **IoT and Blynk Integration** Learn how to connect sensors with Blynk for real time monitoring and remote alerts.
- Sensor and Hardware Interfacing Gain hands-on experience in working with motion, door, or gas sensors and microcontrollers like ESP8266/ESP32.
- Alert Mechanisms Implement real-time notifications via Blynk (push alerts, email, or SMS) and physical alerts using buzzers or LEDs.
- Embedded Programming Develop coding skills in C++ (Arduino IDE) or Micro Python to process sensor data and trigger security actions.