## **Experiment 4**

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Subject Name: Project Based Learning Subject Code: 22CSH-359

in Java with Lab

**1. Aim:** Develop Java programs using core concepts such as data structures, collections, and multithreading to manage and manipulate data.

**2. Objective :** Develop Java programs using ArrayList, Collection Interface, and Thread Synchronization to efficiently manage employee records, store and search card details, and implement a synchronized ticket booking system with prioritized VIP bookings.

## 3. Implementation/Code:

3.1 Write a Java program to implement an ArrayList that stores employee details (ID, Name, and Salary). Allow users to add, update, remove, and search employees.

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Scanner;
class Employee {
  private int id;
  private String name;
  private double salary;
  public Employee(int id, String name, double salary) {
    this.id = id:
     this.name = name:
    this.salary = salary;
  public int getId() { return id; }
  public String getName() { return name; }
  public double getSalary() { return salary; }
  public void setName(String name) { this.name = name; }
  public void setSalary(double salary) { this.salary = salary; }
  @Override
  public String toString() {
    return "Employee [ID=" + id + ", Name=" + name + ", Salary=" + salary + "]";
}
public class Main {
  private static ArrayList<Employee> employees = new ArrayList<>();
```

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```
private static Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
public static void main(String[] args) {
  while (true) {
     System.out.println("\n1. Add 2. Update 3. Remove 4. Search 5. Display 6. Exit");
     switch (scanner.nextInt()) {
       case 1 -> addEmployee();
       case 2 -> updateEmployee();
       case 3 -> removeEmployee();
       case 4 -> searchEmployee();
       case 5 -> displayAllEmployees();
       case 6 -> { System.out.println("Exiting..."); return; }
       default -> System.out.println("Invalid choice.");
  }
private static void addEmployee() {
  System.out.print("ID: "); int id = scanner.nextInt();
  System.out.print("Name: "); String name = scanner.next();
  System.out.print("Salary: "); double salary = scanner.nextDouble();
  employees.add(new Employee(id, name, salary));
  System.out.println("Employee added.");
private static void updateEmployee() {
  System.out.print("ID to update: "); int id = scanner.nextInt();
  for (Employee e : employees) {
     if (e.getId() == id) {
       System.out.print("New Name: "); e.setName(scanner.next());
       System.out.print("New Salary: "); e.setSalary(scanner.nextDouble());
       System.out.println("Employee updated."); return;
     }
  System.out.println("Employee not found.");
private static void removeEmployee() {
  System.out.print("ID to remove: "); int id = scanner.nextInt();
  employees.removeIf(e -> e.getId() == id);
  System.out.println("Employee removed.");
private static void searchEmployee() {
  System.out.print("ID to search: "); int id = scanner.nextInt();
  employees.stream().filter(e -> e.getId() == id).forEach(System.out::println);
```

```
private static void displayAllEmployees() {
    if (employees.isEmpty()) System.out.println("No employees found.");
    else employees.forEach(System.out::println);
  }
}
      3.2 Create a program to collect and store all the cards to assist the users in finding
      all the cards in a given symbol using Collection interface.
import java.util.*;
interface CardOperations {
  void addCard();
  void searchCardsBySymbol();
  void displayAllCards();
class Card {
  private String symbol;
  private String value;
  public Card(String symbol, String value) {
    this.symbol = symbol;
    this.value = value;
  public String getSymbol() {
    return symbol;
  @Override
  public String toString() {
    return "Card{Symbol="" + symbol + "", Value="" + value + ""}";
  }
}
class CardCollection implements CardOperations {
  private Collection<Card> cards = new ArrayList<>();
  private Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
  @Override
  public void addCard() {
    System.out.print("Enter Card Symbol: ");
    String symbol = scanner.next();
    System.out.print("Enter Card Value: ");
    String value = scanner.next();
    cards.add(new Card(symbol, value));
    System.out.println("Card added successfully!");
  @Override
  public void searchCardsBySymbol() {
```

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```
System.out.print("Enter symbol to search: ");
    String symbol = scanner.next();
     cards.stream()
          .filter(card -> card.getSymbol().equalsIgnoreCase(symbol))
          .forEach(System.out::println);
  @Override
  public void displayAllCards() {
    if (cards.isEmpty()) {
       System.out.println("No cards in the collection.");
     } else {
       cards.forEach(System.out::println);
     }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    CardOperations cardCollection = new CardCollection();
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    while (true) {
       System.out.println("\n1. Add Card");
       System.out.println("2. Search Cards by Symbol");
       System.out.println("3. Display All Cards");
       System.out.println("4. Exit");
       System.out.print("Enter choice: ");
       int choice = scanner.nextInt();
       switch (choice) {
         case 1: cardCollection.addCard(); break;
         case 2: cardCollection.searchCardsBySymbol(); break;
         case 3: cardCollection.displayAllCards(); break;
         case 4: System.exit(0);
         default: System.out.println("Invalid choice!");
     }
}
      3.3 Develop a ticket booking system with synchronized threads to ensure no double
      booking of seats. Use thread priorities to simulate VIP bookings being processed
      first.
import java.util.*;
class TicketBookingSystem {
  private int availableSeats;
  public TicketBookingSystem(int seats) {
     this.availableSeats = seats;
```

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```
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   public synchronized boolean bookTicket(String name) {
      if (availableSeats > 0) {
        System.out.println(name + " successfully booked a ticket. Seats left: " + (--
 availableSeats));
        return true;
      } else {
        System.out.println(name + " failed to book a ticket. No seats available.");
        return false;
 }
 class BookingThread extends Thread {
   private TicketBookingSystem system;
   private String userName;
   public BookingThread(TicketBookingSystem system, String userName, int priority) {
      this.system = system;
      this.userName = userName;
      setPriority(priority); // Set thread priority
    @Override
   public void run() {
      system.bookTicket(userName);
    }
 }
 public class TicketBookingMain {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
      TicketBookingSystem system = new TicketBookingSystem(5); // 5 seats available
      List<BookingThread> threads = new ArrayList<>();
      threads.add(new BookingThread(system, "VIP_Hardik", Thread.MAX_PRIORITY)); //
 VIP Booking (High Priority)
      threads.add(new BookingThread(system, "User_Rahul", Thread.NORM_PRIORITY));
      threads.add(new BookingThread(system, "VIP_Virat", Thread.MAX_PRIORITY)); // VIP
 Booking (High Priority)
      threads.add(new BookingThread(system, "User_Rohit", Thread.NORM_PRIORITY));
      threads.add(new BookingThread(system, "User_Shubman", Thread.MIN_PRIORITY)); //
 Low priority
      // Start all threads
      for (BookingThread thread: threads) {
        thread.start();
      // Wait for all threads to finish
      for (BookingThread thread: threads) {
```

```
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try {
    thread.join(); }
    catch (InterruptedException e) {
        e.printStackTrace(); }
}
System.out.println("All bookings completed!");
}
4. Output:
4.1

1. Add 2. Update 3. Remove 4. Search 5. Display 6. Exit

1

ID: 101

Name: ABC

Salary: 1234

Employee added.

1. Add 2. Update 3. Remove 4. Search 5. Display 6. Exit

5

Employee [ID=101, Name=ABC, Salary=1234.0]
```

```
1. Add Card
2. Search Cards by Symbol
3. Display All Cards
4. Exit
Enter choice: 1
Enter Card Symbol: 
Enter Card Value: A
Card added successfully!

1. Add Card
2. Search Cards by Symbol
3. Display All Cards
4. Exit
Enter choice: 3
Card{Symbol='♥', Value='A'}
```

VIP\_Hardik successfully booked a ticket. Seats left: 4
User\_Shubman successfully booked a ticket. Seats left: 3
User\_Rohit successfully booked a ticket. Seats left: 2
User\_Rahul successfully booked a ticket. Seats left: 1
VIP\_Virat successfully booked a ticket. Seats left: 0
All bookings completed!

Process finished with exit code 0

### 5. Learning Outcomes:

- Understand ArrayList operations for storing and managing structured data dynamically.
- Gain hands-on experience with Collection interfaces for efficient data storage and retrieval.
- Learn thread synchronization to prevent data inconsistency in concurrent environments.
- Implement thread priorities to manage task execution order in multi-threaded applications.
- Develop real-world problem-solving skills by handling data structures, collections, and concurrency in Java