# Experiment 5

Student Name: Anshuman Sharma UID: 22BCS10676

Branch: BE-CSE Section/Group: 22BCS\_IOT-639(B)

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1. <u>Aim</u>: Use of wrapper classes in Java- Integer, Character, Long, Boolean. Autoboxing and Unboxing. Byte stream, Character stream, Object serialization, cloning. Introduce lambda syntax, functional interfaces, method references, stream operations, sorting, filtering, mapping, reducing.

### 2. Programming Problems:

a) Write a Java program to calculate the sum of a list of integers using autoboxing and unboxing. Include methods to parse strings into their respective wrapper classes (e.g., Integer.parseInt()).

## • <u>Implementation/Code</u>:

int sum = 0;
for (Integer num : numbers) {
 sum += num; // Unboxing
}

System.out.println("Sum of entered integers: " + sum);
scanner.close();
}

### • Output:

```
Enter integers (type 'done' to finish):

10

30

20

50

done

Sum of entered integers: 660

Process finished with exit code 0
```

b)Create a Java program to serialize and deserialize a Student object. The program should: Serialize a Student object (containing id, name, and GPA) and save it to a file. Deserialize the object from the file and display the student details. Handle FileNotFoundException, IOException, and ClassNotFoundException using exception handling.

# • <u>Implementation/Code</u>:

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.Scanner;
```

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```
class Student implements Serializable {
  private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
  private int id;
  private String name;
  private double gpa;
  public Student(int id, String name, double gpa) {
    this.id = id;
    this.name = name;
    this.gpa = gpa;
  }
  public void display()
    { System.out.println("Student ID: " +
    id); System.out.println("Name: "+
    name); System.out.println("GPA: " +
    gpa);
public class partII {
  private static final String FILE NAME = "student.dat";
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
    // Taking user input
    System.out.print("Enter Student ID: ");
    int id = scanner.nextInt();
    scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
    System.out.print("Enter Student Name: ");
    String name = scanner.nextLine();
    System.out.print("Enter Student GPA: ");
    double gpa = scanner.nextDouble();
    Student student = new Student(id, name, gpa);
    // Serialize Student object
    try (ObjectOutputStream oos = new ObjectOutputStream(new FileOutputStream(FILE NAME)))
```

```
System.out.println("Student data serialized successfully."); } catch (IOException e) {
    System.err.println("Error during serialization: " + e.getMessage());
}

// Deserialize Student object
try (ObjectInputStream ois = new ObjectInputStream(new FileInputStream(FILE_NAME)))
    { Student deserializedStudent = (Student) ois.readObject();
    System.out.println("\nDeserialized Student Details:");
    deserializedStudent.display();
} catch (FileNotFoundException e) {
    System.err.println("File not found! Run serialization first.");
} catch (IOException | ClassNotFoundException e) {
    System.err.println("Error during deserialization: " + e.getMessage());
}

scanner.close();
}

scanner.close();
```

### • Output:

```
Enter Student ID: 23456
Enter Student Name: Ichigo
Enter Student GPA: 8.94
Student data serialized successfully.

Deserialized Student Details:
Student ID: 23456
Name: Ichigo
GPA: 8.94

Process finished with exit code 0
```

b) Create a menu-based Java application with the following options. 1.Add an Employee 2. Display All 3. Exit If option 1 is selected, the application should gather details of the

employee like employee name, employee id, designation and salary and store it in a file. If option 2 is selected, the application should display all the employee details. If option 3 is selected the application should exit.

### • <u>Implementation/Code</u>:

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
class Employee implements Serializable {
  private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
  private int id;
  private String name;
  private String designation;
  private double salary;
  public Employee(int id, String name, String designation, double salary) {
    this.id = id;
    this.name = name;
    this.designation = designation;
    this.salary = salary;
  public void display()
    { System.out.println("\nEmployee ID: " + id);
    System.out.println("Name: " + name);
    System.out.println("Designation: " + designation);
    System.out.println("Salary: " + salary);
public class partIII {
  private static final String FILE NAME = "employees.dat";
  private static List<Employee> employeeList = new ArrayList<>();
  private static Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    loadEmployees(); // Load existing employees from file
    while (true) {
       System.out.println("\n--- Employee Management System ---");
```

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```
System.out.println("1. Add an Employee");
    System.out.println("2. Display All Employees");
    System.out.println("3.Exit");
    System.out.print("Enter your choice: ");
    int choice = scanner.nextInt();
    scanner.nextLine();//Consume newline
    switch (choice) {
      case 1:
        addEmployee();
        break;
      case 2:
        displayEmployees();
        break;
      case 3:
        saveEmployees(); // Save before exiting
        System.out.println("Exiting... Goodbye!");
        return;
      default:
        System.out.println("Invalid choice! Please try again.");
    }
  }
private static void addEmployee()
  { System.out.print("Enter Employee ID:
  "); int id = scanner.nextInt();
  scanner.nextLine(); // Consume newline
  System.out.print("Enter Employee Name: ");
  String name = scanner.nextLine();
  System.out.print("Enter Designation: ");
  String designation = scanner.nextLine();
  System.out.print("Enter Salary: ");
  double salary = scanner.nextDouble();
  Employee emp = new Employee(id, name, designation, salary);
  employeeList.add(emp);
  System.out.println("Employee added successfully.");
```

```
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```

```
private static void displayEmployees() {
  if (employeeList.isEmpty()) {
    System.out.println("No employees
  found."); } else {
    System.out.println("\n--- Employee List ---");
    for (Employee emp : employeeList) {
      emp.display();
  }
}
private static void saveEmployees() {
  try (ObjectOutputStream oos=new ObjectOutputStream(new FileOutputStream(FILE NAME))) {
    oos.writeObject(employeeList);
    System.out.println("Employee data saved successfully.");
  } catch (IOException e) {
    System.err.println("Error saving employee data: " + e.getMessage());
}
private static void loadEmployees() {
  File file = new File(FILE NAME);
  if (!file.exists()) return; // No previous data
  try (ObjectInputStream ois = new ObjectInputStream(new FileInputStream(FILE NAME))) {
    employeeList = (List<Employee>) ois.readObject();
  } catch (FileNotFoundException e) {
    System.err.println("Employee data file not
  found."); } catch (IOException |
  ClassNotFoundException e) {
    System.err.println("Error loading employee data: " + e.getMessage());
  }
}
```

1. Add an Employee
2. Display All Employees
3. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter Employee ID: 45567
Enter Employee Name: yori
Enter Designation: Frontend developer
Enter Salary: 500000
Employee added successfully.

--- Employee Management System --1. Add an Employee
2. Display All Employees
3. Exit
Enter your choice:

## 3. <u>Learning Outcome</u>:

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- ② Understand the use of wrapper classes (Integer, Character, Long, Boolean) and concepts of autoboxing & unboxing in Java.
- ? Learn byte & character streams, object serialization, and cloning for efficient data handling.
- ? Explore lambda expressions, functional interfaces, and method references for functional programming.
- ? Master stream operations like sorting, filtering, mapping, and reducing for effective data processing.