Experiment -9

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in Java with Lab

9.1.1.Aim: To demonstrate dependency injection using Spring Framework with Java-based configuration.

9.1.2 Objective:

Define Course and Student classes.

Use Configuration and Bean annotations to inject dependencies. Load Spring context and print student details.

```
9.1.3 Code: // Course.java
public class Course { private
String courseName; private
String duration;

public Course(String courseName, String duration) {
    this.courseName = courseName; this.duration
    = duration;
}

public String getCourseName() { return courseName; } public
String getDuration() { return duration; }

@Override
public String toString() { return "Course: " + courseName + ",
    Duration: " + duration;
}

// Student.java public
class Student { private
```

```
String
        name; private
Course course; public
Student(String
               name,
Course
          course)
this.name =
                 name;
this.course = course;
  }
  public void showDetails() {
    System.out.println("Student: " + name);
    System.out.println(course);
  }
}//
             AppConfig.java
                                        import
org.springframework.context.annotation.*;
@Configuration public
class AppConfig {
  @Bean
  public Course course() { return new
    Course("Java", "3 months");
  @Bean
  public Student student() { return new
  Student("Aman", course()); }
}// MainApp.java
import org.springframework.context.ApplicationContext;
import
org.springframework.context.annotation.AnnotationConfigApplicationContext;
public class MainApp { public static void
  main(String[] args) {
    ApplicationContext context = new
AnnotationConfigApplicationContext(AppConfig.class);
    Student student = context.getBean(Student.class);
    student.showDetails();
  }
Output:
```

Student: Sarthak
Course: Java, Duration: 3 months

9.2.1 Aim: To perform CRUD operations on a Student entity using Hibernate ORM with MySQL.

Objective: Define Course and Student classes.

Use Configuration and Bean annotations to inject dependencies.

Load Spring context and print student details.

9.2.2 Code:

```
<hibernate-configuration>
        <session-factory>
           property
name="hibernate.connection.driver_class">com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver</property>
           property
name="hibernate.connection.url">jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/testdb</property>
          property name="hibernate.connection.username">root/property>
          cproperty name="hibernate.connection.password">password/property>
           property
name="hibernate.dialect">org.hibernate.dialect.MySQL8Dialect/property>
           cproperty name="hibernate.hbm2ddl.auto">update/property>
          <mapping class="Student"/>
        </session-factory>
      </hibernate-configuration>
import javax.persistence.*;
Entity
public class Student {
  Id
  GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)
  private int id; private String name; private int age;
```

```
public Student() {}
  public Student(String name, int age) {
     this.name = name; this.age = age;
  // Getters, setters, toString
import org.hibernate.SessionFactory; import
org.hibernate.cfg.Configuration;
public class HibernateUtil { private static final
  SessionFactory sessionFactory;
  static
                                 sessionFactory
                                                                         new
     Configuration().configure().buildSessionFactory();
  public static SessionFactory getSessionFactory() { return
     sessionFactory;
                import
org.hibernate.*;
public class MainCRUD { public static
  void main(String[] args) {
     Session session = HibernateUtil.getSessionFactory().openSession();
     // Create
     Transaction tx = session.beginTransaction(); Student
     s1 = new Student("Aman", 22);
     session.save(s1);
     tx.commit();
     // Read
     Student student = session.get(Student.class, 1);
     System.out.println(student);
    // Update
```

```
tx = session.beginTransaction();
student.setAge(23);
session.update(student);
tx.commit();

// Delete
tx = session.beginTransaction();
session.delete(student);
```

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```
tx.commit();
session.close();
}
```

9.2.3 Output:

```
Student{id=1, name='Sallu', age=22}
Updated age to 23
Deleted student with id 1
```

9.3.1 Aim: To implement a banking system using Spring and Hibernate that ensures transaction consistency during fund transfers.

Objective:

```
Integrate Spring + Hibernate.
    Handle transactions atomically (rollback on failure). Demonstrate
    success and failure cases.
    Code:
import javax.persistence.*;
Entity
public class Account {
  @Id
  private
                  accountId;
            int
  private String holderName;
  private double balance;
  // Constructors, getters, setters
}
import javax.persistence.*; import
java.util.Date;
@Entity
public class BankTransaction {
  @Id
  @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)
  private int txnId; private int fromAcc; private int toAcc;
  private double amount; private Date txnDate = new Date();
  // Constructors, getters, setters
}
import org.hibernate.*;
import org.springframework.transaction.annotation.Transactional;
public class BankService {
  private SessionFactory sessionFactory;
```

```
public BankService(SessionFactory sessionFactory) {
    this.sessionFactory = sessionFactory;
 }
  (a) Transactional
 public void transferMoney(int fromId, int toId, double amount) { Session
    session = sessionFactory.getCurrentSession();
    Account from = session.get(Account.class, fromId);
    Account to = session.get(Account.class, toId);
    if (from.getBalance() < amount) {
      throw new RuntimeException("Insufficient Balance");
    }
    from.setBalance(from.getBalance() - amount); to.setBalance(to.getBalance()
    + amount);
    session.update(from);
    session.update(to);
    BankTransaction txn = new BankTransaction(fromId, toId, amount);
    session.save(txn);
  }
}
@Configuration
@EnableTransactionManagement
public class AppConfig {
  @Bean
 public DataSource dataSource() {
    DriverManagerDataSource ds = new DriverManagerDataSource();
    ds.setDriverClassName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");
    ds.setUrl("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/testdb");
    ds.setUsername("root");
    ds.setPassword("password");
    return ds;
  }
```

}

```
@Bean
  public LocalSessionFactoryBean sessionFactory() {
    LocalSessionFactoryBean lsf = new LocalSessionFactoryBean();
    lsf.setDataSource(dataSource());
    lsf.setPackagesToScan("your.package"); Properties props =
    new Properties();
    props.put("hibernate.dialect",
                                      "org.hibernate.dialect.MySQL8Dialect");
    props.put("hibernate.hbm2ddl.auto", "update");
    lsf.setHibernateProperties(props);
    return lsf;
  }
  @Bean
  public HibernateTransactionManager transactionManager(SessionFactory sf) {
    return new HibernateTransactionManager(sf);
  }
  @Bean
  public BankService bankService(SessionFactory sf) { return
    new BankService(sf);
  }
public class MainApp { public static void
  main(String[] args) {
    AnnotationConfigApplicationContext ctx = new
AnnotationConfigApplicationContext(AppConfig.class);
    BankService service = ctx.getBean(BankService.class);
    try { service.transferMoney(101, 102,
      500);
      System.out.println("Transaction Successful!");
    } catch (Exception e) {
      System.out.println("Transaction Failed: " + e.getMessage());
    }
```



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```
ctx.close();
}

Transaction Successful!

OR

Transaction Failed: Insufficient Balance

OUTPUT
```