# **Experiment -9**

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Subject Name: Project-Based Learning Subject Code: 22CSH-359

in Java with Lab

**9.1.1.Aim:** To demonstrate dependency injection using Spring Framework with Java-based configuration.

# 9.1.2 Objective:

Define Course and Student classes.

Use Configuration and Bean annotations to inject dependencies.

Load Spring context and print student details.

### 9.1.3 Code:

```
// Course.java
public class Course {
  private String courseName;
  private String duration;
  public Course(String courseName, String duration) {
    this.courseName = courseName:
     this.duration = duration;
  }
  public String getCourseName() { return courseName; }
  public String getDuration() { return duration; }
  @Override
  public String toString() {
    return "Course: " + courseName + ", Duration: " + duration;
}
// Student.java
public class Student {
  private String name;
  private Course course;
```

```
public Student(String name, Course course) {
    this.name = name;
    this.course = course;
  }
  public void showDetails() {
    System.out.println("Student: " + name);
    System.out.println(course);
}// AppConfig.java
import org.springframework.context.annotation.*;
@Configuration
public class AppConfig {
  @Bean
  public Course course() {
    return new Course("Java", "3 months");
  }
  @Bean
  public Student student() {
    return new Student("Aman", course());
}// MainApp.java
import org.springframework.context.ApplicationContext;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.AnnotationConfigApplicationContext;
public class MainApp {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    ApplicationContext context = new
Annotation Config Application Context (App Config. class);\\
    Student student = context.getBean(Student.class);
    student.showDetails();
  }
Output:
```

Student: EKLAVYA
Course: Java, Duration: 3 months

**9.2.1 Aim:** To perform CRUD operations on a Student entity using Hibernate ORM with MySQL.

**Objective**: Define Course and Student classes.

Use Configuration and Bean annotations to inject dependencies.

Load Spring context and print student details.

#### 9.2.2 Code:

```
<hibernate-configuration>
        <session-factory>
          property
name="hibernate.connection.driver_class">com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver</property>
           property
name="hibernate.connection.url">jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/testdb</property>
          cproperty name="hibernate.connection.username">root/property>
          cproperty name="hibernate.connection.password">password/property>
          property
name="hibernate.dialect">org.hibernate.dialect.MySQL8Dialect</property>
          cproperty name="hibernate.hbm2ddl.auto">update/property>
          <mapping class="Student"/>
        </session-factory>
      </hibernate-configuration>
import javax.persistence.*;
Entity
public class Student {
  Id
  GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)
  private int id;
  private String name;
  private int age;
  public Student() {}
  public Student(String name, int age) {
    this.name = name;
    this.age = age;
  }
```

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```
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   // Getters, setters, toString
 import org.hibernate.SessionFactory;
 import org.hibernate.cfg.Configuration;
 public class HibernateUtil {
    private static final SessionFactory sessionFactory;
    static {
      sessionFactory = new Configuration().configure().buildSessionFactory();
    }
    public static SessionFactory getSessionFactory() {
      return sessionFactory;
    }
 }
 import org.hibernate.*;
 public class MainCRUD {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
      Session session = HibernateUtil.getSessionFactory().openSession();
      // Create
      Transaction tx = session.beginTransaction();
      Student s1 = new Student("KRK", 22);
      session.save(s1);
      tx.commit();
      // Read
      Student student = session.get(Student.class, 1);
      System.out.println(student);
      // Update
      tx = session.beginTransaction();
      student.setAge(23);
      session.update(student);
      tx.commit();
      // Delete
      tx = session.beginTransaction();
      session.delete(student);
```

```
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tx.commit();
session.close();
}
```

# **9.2.3 Output:**

```
Student{id=1, name='KRK', age=22}
Updated age to 23
Deleted student with id 1
```

9.3.1 Aim: To implement a banking system using Spring and Hibernate that ensures

# transaction consistency during fund transfers. **Objective:** Integrate Spring + Hibernate. Handle transactions atomically (rollback on failure). Demonstrate success and failure cases. Code: import javax.persistence.\*; **Entity public class Account {** @Idprivate int accountId; private String holderName; private double balance; // Constructors, getters, setters } import javax.persistence.\*; import java.util.Date; @Entity $public\ class\ Bank Transaction\ \{$ @Id @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY) private int txnId; private int fromAcc; private int toAcc; private double amount; private Date txnDate = new Date(); // Constructors, getters, setters import org.hibernate.\*;

import org.springframework.transaction.annotation.Transactional;

```
public class BankService {
  private SessionFactory sessionFactory;
  public BankService(SessionFactory sessionFactory) {
    this.sessionFactory = sessionFactory;
  }
  @Transactional
  public void transferMoney(int fromId, int toId, double amount) {
    Session session = sessionFactory.getCurrentSession();
    Account from = session.get(Account.class, fromId);
    Account to = session.get(Account.class, toId);
    if (from.getBalance() < amount) {</pre>
      throw new RuntimeException("Insufficient Balance");
    }
    from.setBalance(from.getBalance() - amount);
    to.setBalance(to.getBalance() + amount);
    session.update(from);
    session.update(to);
    BankTransaction txn = new BankTransaction(fromId, toId, amount);
    session.save(txn);
  }
@Configuration
@EnableTransactionManagement
public class AppConfig {
  @Bean
  public DataSource dataSource() {
    DriverManagerDataSource ds = new DriverManagerDataSource();
    ds.setDriverClassName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");
    ds.setUrl("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/testdb");
    ds.setUsername("root");
    ds.setPassword("password");
```

```
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     return ds;
   @Bean
   public LocalSessionFactoryBean sessionFactory() {
     LocalSessionFactoryBean lsf = new LocalSessionFactoryBean();
     lsf.setDataSource(dataSource());
     lsf.setPackagesToScan("your.package");
     Properties props = new Properties();
     props.put("hibernate.dialect", "org.hibernate.dialect.MySQL8Dialect");
     props.put("hibernate.hbm2ddl.auto", "update");
     lsf.setHibernateProperties(props);
     return lsf;
   }
   @Bean
   public HibernateTransactionManager transactionManager(SessionFactory sf) {
     return new HibernateTransactionManager(sf);
   }
   @Bean
   public BankService bankService(SessionFactory sf) {
     return new BankService(sf);
   }
 }
 public class MainApp {
   public static void main(String[] args) {
     AnnotationConfigApplicationContext ctx = new
 AnnotationConfigApplicationContext(AppConfig.class);
     BankService service = ctx.getBean(BankService.class);
     try {
        service.transferMoney(101, 102, 500);
        System.out.println("Transaction Successful!");
      } catch (Exception e) {
        System.out.println("Transaction Failed: " + e.getMessage());
      }
```



```
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ctx.close();
}
OUTPUT
```

Transaction Successful!

OR

Transaction Failed: Insufficient Balance