### Experiment – 4

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#### 1. Aim:

(A): Write a Java program to implement an ArrayList that stores employee details (ID, Name, and Salary). Allow users to add, update, remove, and search employees

**(B):** Create a program to collect and store all the cards to assist the users in finding all the cards in a given symbol using Collection interface

#### 2. Objective:

(A): The objective is to develop a Java program that manages employee records using an ArrayList, allowing users to:

- Add employee details (ID, Name, Salary).
- Update existing employee details.
- Remove an employee from the list.
- Search for an employee by their ID.
- Provide an interactive console-based menu for seamless user interaction.

**(B):** To create a Java program that maintains a collection of playing cards using the Collection interface, enabling users to:

- Add cards with a specific symbol and value.
- **Retrieve** all cards belonging to a specific symbol.
- Use an efficient data structure (ArrayList) to store and manage card details dynamically.
- Provide a simple and user-friendly interface for managing card collections.

## 3. Algorithm:

### (A):

- ➤ Initialize an ArrayList to store employee details (ID, Name, Salary).
- **Display Menu** with the following options:
  - Add Employee
  - Update Employee
  - o Remove Employee
  - Search Employee
  - Exit
- > If user chooses "Add Employee":

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- o Prompt the user for Employee ID, Name, and Salary.
- o Create a new Employee object and add it to the ArrayList.
- o Display a success message.
- ➤ If user chooses "Update Employee":
  - o Ask for the Employee ID.
  - o Search the ArrayList for a matching ID.
  - o If found, prompt the user for new Name and Salary, and update the object.
  - O Display a success message; if not found, show an error message.
- ➤ If user chooses "Remove Employee":
  - o Ask for Employee ID.
  - o Remove the employee from the ArrayList if found.
  - o Display success message; if not found, show an error message.
- ➤ If user chooses "Search Employee":
  - o Ask for Employee ID.
  - o Search for and display the employee details if found, otherwise show an error message.
- **Repeat the process** until the user selects "Exit".

#### **(B)**:

- ➤ Initialize a Collection (e.g., ArrayList<Card>) to store cards.
- **Display Menu** with the following options:
  - o Add Card
  - o Find Cards by Symbol
  - o Exit
- ➤ If user chooses "Add Card":
  - o Prompt the user for Card Symbol (e.g., Hearts, Spades).
  - o Prompt for Card Value (e.g., Ace, King, 10).
  - o Create a Card object and store it in the collection.
  - o Display a success message.
- ➤ If user chooses "Find Cards by Symbol":
  - Ask for a symbol (e.g., Hearts).
  - o Search for and display all cards with the given symbol.
  - o If no cards are found, display an appropriate message.
- **Repeat the process** until the user selects "Exit".

### 4. Code/Implementation:

### CODE (A):

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.Scanner;

class Employee {
  int id;
   String name;
  double salary;

  public Employee(int id, String name, double salary) {
    this.id = id;
    this.name = name;
    this.salary = salary;
}
```

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```
@Override
  public String toString() {
    return "ID: " + id + ", Name: " + name + ", Salary: " + salary;
}
public class EmployeeManagement {
  static ArrayList<Employee> employees = new ArrayList<>();
  static Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
  public static void addEmployee() {
     System.out.print("Enter Employee ID: ");
     int id = scanner.nextInt();
     scanner.nextLine();
     System.out.print("Enter Name: ");
     String name = scanner.nextLine();
     System.out.print("Enter Salary: ");
     double salary = scanner.nextDouble();
     employees.add(new Employee(id, name, salary));
     System.out.println("Employee added successfully!");
  public static void updateEmployee() {
     System.out.print("Enter Employee ID to update: ");
     int id = scanner.nextInt();
     for (Employee emp : employees) {
       if (emp.id == id) {
         scanner.nextLine();
         System.out.print("Enter new Name: ");
         emp.name = scanner.nextLine();
         System.out.print("Enter new Salary: ");
         emp.salary = scanner.nextDouble();
         System.out.println("Employee updated successfully!");
         return;
     System.out.println("Employee not found!");
  public static void removeEmployee() {
     System.out.print("Enter Employee ID to remove: "):
     int id = scanner.nextInt();
     employees.removeIf(emp -> emp.id == id);
     System.out.println("Employee removed successfully!");
  }
  public static void searchEmployee() {
     System.out.print("Enter Employee ID to search: ");
     int id = scanner.nextInt();
     for (Employee emp : employees) {
```

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```
if (emp.id == id) {
         System.out.println(emp);
         return;
    System.out.println("Employee not found!");
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     while (true) {
       System.out.println("\n1. Add Employee\n2. Update Employee\n3. Remove Employee\n4.
Search Employee\n5. Exit");
       System.out.print("Choose an option: ");
       int choice = scanner.nextInt();
       switch (choice) {
         case 1 -> addEmployee();
         case 2 -> updateEmployee();
         case 3 -> removeEmployee();
         case 4 -> searchEmployee();
         case 5 -> {
            System.out.println("Exiting...");
            return;
         default -> System.out.println("Invalid choice! Try again.");
 } }
```

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```
import java.util.*;
class Card {
  String symbol;
  String value;
  public Card(String symbol, String value) {
     this.symbol = symbol;
     this.value = value;
  }
  @Override
  public String toString() {
     return value + " of " + symbol;
public class CardCollection {
  static Collection < Card > cards = new ArrayList <> ();
  static Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
  public static void addCard() {
     System.out.print("Enter Card Symbol (e.g., Hearts, Spades): ");
     String symbol = scanner.next();
     System.out.print("Enter Card Value (e.g., Ace, King, 10): ");
     String value = scanner.next();
     cards.add(new Card(symbol, value));
     System.out.println("Card added successfully!");
  public static void findCardsBySymbol() {
     System.out.print("Enter Symbol to find cards: ");
     String symbol = scanner.next();
     System.out.println("Cards with symbol " + symbol + ":");
     for (Card card : cards) {
       if (card.symbol.equalsIgnoreCase(symbol)) {
          System.out.println(card);
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     while (true) {
```

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```
System.out.println("\n1. Add Card\n2. Find Cards by Symbol\n3. Exit");
System.out.print("Choose an option: ");
int choice = scanner.nextInt();
switch (choice) {
    case 1 -> addCard();
    case 2 -> findCardsBySymbol();
    case 3 -> {
        System.out.println("Exiting...");
        return;
    }
    default -> System.out.println("Invalid choice! Try again.");
}
```



#### 5.Output:

```
    Add Employee

Update Employee
3. Remove Employee

    Search Employee

5. Exit
Choose an option: 1
Enter Employee ID: 101
Enter Name: John
Enter Salary: 16604
Employee added successfully!

    Add Employee

Update Employee

    Remove Employee

4. Search Employee
5. Exit
Choose an option:
         1. Add Card
2. Find Cards by Symbol
3. Exit
Choose an option: 1
Enter Card Symbol (e.g., Hearts, Spades): Hearts
Enter Card Value (e.g., Ace, King, 10): 4
Card added successfully!
1. Add Card
Find Cards by Symbol
3. Exit
Choose an option:
```

### **6. Learning Outcomes:**

- Collection & Data Management Use ArrayList and Collection to store and manage dynamic data.
- Object-Oriented Programming Apply concepts like classes, objects, and encapsulation.
- **CRUD Operations & Searching** Implement add, update, remove, and search functionalities.
- Iteration & Processing Utilize loops and iterators to manipulate data efficiently.
- User Interaction & Input Handling Develop interactive console applications with Scanner.