Experiment 4

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Subject Name: Project Based Learning Subject Code: 22CSH-359

in Java with Lab

1. Aim: Develop Java programs using core concepts such as data structures, collections, and multithreading to manage and manipulate data.

2. Objective : Develop Java programs using ArrayList, Collection Interface, and Thread Synchronization to efficiently manage employee records, store and search card details, and implement a synchronized ticket booking system with prioritized VIP bookings.

3. Implementation/Code:

3.1 Write a Java program to implement an ArrayList that stores employee details (ID, Name, and Salary). Allow users to add, update, remove, and search employees.

```
import java.util.ArrayList;
employee details
class Employee {
  private int id;
  private String name;
  private double salary;
  public Employee(int id, String name, double salary) {
    this.id = id;
    this.name = name;
    this.salary = salary;
  public int getId() {
    return id;
  public String getName() {
    return name;
  }
  public double getSalary() {
    return salary;
  public void setSalary(double salary) {
```

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```
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         this.salary = salary;
      @Override
      public String toString() {
         return "ID: " + id + ", Name: " + name + ", Salary: " + salary;
    class EmployeeManagementSystem {
      private ArrayList<Employee> employees;
      public EmployeeManagementSystem() {
         employees = new ArrayList<>();
      public void addEmployee(int id, String name, double salary) {
         for (Employee emp : employees) {
           if (emp.getId() == id) {
              System.out.println("Error: Employee with ID " + id + " already exists.");
              return;
           }
         }
         employees.add(new Employee(id, name, salary));
         System.out.println("Employee Added: " + employees.get(employees.size() - 1));
      public void updateEmployee(int id, double newSalary) {
         for (Employee emp : employees) {
           if (emp.getId() == id) {
              emp.setSalary(newSalary);
              System.out.println("Employee ID " + id + " updated successfully.");
              return;
           }
         System.out.println("Employee with ID " + id + " not found.");
      public void removeEmployee(int id) {
         for (Employee emp : employees) {
           if (emp.getId() == id) {
              employees.remove(emp);
              System.out.println("Employee ID " + id + " removed successfully.");
              return;
           }
         System.out.println("Employee with ID " + id + " not found.");
      public void searchEmployeeById(int id) {
         for (Employee emp : employees) {
           if (emp.getId() == id) {
              System.out.println("Employee Found: " + emp);
```

```
return;
    System.out.println("Employee with ID " + id + " not found.");
  public void displayAllEmployees() {
    if (employees.isEmpty()) {
       System.out.println("No employees found.");
       for (Employee emp : employees) {
         System.out.println(emp);
       }}}
public class Main {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    EmployeeManagementSystem ems = new EmployeeManagementSystem();
    ems.displayAllEmployees(); // Test Case 1
    ems.addEmployee(101, "Anish", 50000); // Test Case 2
    ems.addEmployee(102, "Bobby", 60000);
    ems.updateEmployee(101, 55000); // Test Case 3
    ems.searchEmployeeById(102); // Test Case 4
    ems.removeEmployee(101); // Test Case 5
    ems.displayAllEmployees(); // Test Case 6
    ems.addEmployee(101, "Charlie", 70000);}} // Test Case 7
```

Output:

```
Problems @ Javadoc Declaration Console ×

<terminated > Project1 (1) [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-21\bin\javaw.

No employees found.

Employee Added: ID: 101, Name: Anish, Salary: 50000.0

Employee Added: ID: 102, Name: Bobby, Salary: 60000.0

Employee ID 101 updated successfully.

Employee Found: ID: 102, Name: Bobby, Salary: 60000.0

Employee ID 101 removed successfully.

ID: 102, Name: Bobby, Salary: 60000.0

Employee Added: ID: 101, Name: Charlie, Salary: 70000.0
```

Fig. 1 (Output 3.1)

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3.2 Create a program to collect and store all the cards to assist the users in finding all the cards in a given symbol using Collection interface.

```
import java.util.*;
class Card {
  private String symbol;
  private String value;
  public Card(String symbol, String value) {
    this.symbol = symbol;
    this.value = value;
  public String getSymbol() {
    return symbol;
  public String getValue() {
    return value;
  @Override
  public String toString() {
    return value + " of " + symbol;
  @Override
  public boolean equals(Object obj) {
    if (this == obj) return true;
    if (obj == null || getClass() != obj.getClass()) return false;
    Card card = (Card) obj;
    return Objects.equals(symbol, card.symbol) && Objects.equals(value, card.value);
  @Override
  public int hashCode() {
    return Objects.hash(symbol, value);
class CardCollection {
  private Map<String, List<Card>> cardMap;
  private Set<Card> cardSet;
  public CardCollection() {
    cardMap = new HashMap<>();
    cardSet = new HashSet<>();
  public void addCard(String symbol, String value) {
    Card newCard = new Card(symbol, value);
    if (cardSet.contains(newCard)) {
       System.out.println("Error: Card \"" + newCard + "\" already exists.");
       return;
    cardSet.add(newCard);
```

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```
cardMap.computeIfAbsent(symbol, k -> new ArrayList<>()).add(newCard);
    System.out.println("Card added: " + newCard);
  public void findCardsBySuit(String symbol) {
    if (!cardMap.containsKey(symbol) || cardMap.get(symbol).isEmpty()) {
       System.out.println("No cards found for " + symbol + ".");
    for (Card card : cardMap.get(symbol)) {
       System.out.println(card);
     }
  public void displayAllCards() {
    if (cardSet.isEmpty()) {
       System.out.println("No cards found.");
    for (Card card : cardSet) {
       System.out.println(card);
  public void removeCard(String symbol, String value) {
    Card card = new Card(symbol, value);
    if (!cardSet.contains(card)) {
       System.out.println("Card not found: " + card);
       return;
    cardSet.remove(card);
    cardMap.get(symbol).remove(card);
    if (cardMap.get(symbol).isEmpty()) {
       cardMap.remove(symbol);
     System.out.println("Card removed: " + card);
public class Main {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    CardCollection collection = new CardCollection();
    // Test Case 1: No Cards Initially
    collection.displayAllCards();
    // Test Case 2: Adding Cards
    collection. add Card ("Spades", "Ace");\\
    collection.addCard("Hearts", "King");
    collection.addCard("Diamonds", "10");
    collection.addCard("Clubs", "5");
```

```
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// Test Case 3: Finding Cards by Suit collection.findCardsBySuit("Hearts");

// Test Case 4: Searching Suit with No Cards collection.findCardsBySuit("Diamonds");

// Test Case 5: Displaying All Cards collection.displayAllCards();

// Test Case 6: Preventing Duplicate Cards collection.addCard("Hearts", "King");

// Test Case 7: Removing a Card collection.removeCard("Diamonds", "10");

}
```

Output:

```
Problems @ Javadoc Declaration Console ×

<terminated> Project1 (1) [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-21\bin\java\pin\no cards found.

Card added: Ace of Spades
Card added: King of Hearts
Card added: 10 of Diamonds
Card added: 5 of Clubs
King of Hearts
10 of Diamonds
King of Hearts
10 of Diamonds
5 of Clubs
Ace of Spades
Error: Card "King of Hearts" already exists.

Card removed: 10 of Diamonds
```

Fig. 2 (Output 3.2)

3.3 Develop a ticket booking system with synchronized threads to ensure no double booking of seats. Use thread priorities to simulate VIP bookings being processed first.

```
import java.util.Arrays;
class TicketBookingSystem {
  private final boolean[] seats;
  public TicketBookingSystem(int numSeats) {
    seats = new boolean[numSeats];
    Arrays.fill(seats, false);
  public synchronized void bookSeat(String user, int seatNumber, boolean isVIP) {
    if (seatNumber < 1 || seatNumber > seats.length) {
       System.out.println("Invalid seat number!");
       return;
    if (seats[seatNumber - 1]) {
       System.out.println(user + ": Seat " + seatNumber + " is already booked!");
       return;
     }
    seats[seatNumber - 1] = true;
    System.out.println(user + " booked seat " + seatNumber);
class UserThread extends Thread {
  private final TicketBookingSystem system;
  private final int seatNumber;
  private final boolean isVIP;
  public UserThread(TicketBookingSystem system, String name, int seatNumber, boolean isVIP) {
    super(name);
    this.system = system;
    this.seatNumber = seatNumber;
    this.isVIP = isVIP;
    if (isVIP) setPriority(MAX PRIORITY);
    else setPriority(NORM PRIORITY);
  public void run() {
    system.bookSeat(getName(), seatNumber, isVIP);
}
public class Main {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    TicketBookingSystem system = new TicketBookingSystem(5);
```



```
// Test Case 1: No Seats Available Initially
// Expected Output: No bookings yet. (No users attempting)
// Test Case 2: Successful Booking
new UserThread(system, "Anish (VIP)", 1, true).start();
new UserThread(system, "Bobby (Regular)", 2, false).start();
new UserThread(system, "Charlie (VIP)", 3, true).start();
// Test Case 3: Thread Priorities (VIP First)
new UserThread(system, "Bobby (Regular)", 4, false).start();
new UserThread(system, "Anish (VIP)", 4, true).start();
// Test Case 4: Preventing Double Booking
new UserThread(system, "Anish (VIP)", 1, true).start();
new UserThread(system, "Bobby (Regular)", 1, false).start();
// Test Case 5: Booking After All Seats Are Taken
new UserThread(system, "New User (Regular)", 3, false).start();
// Test Case 6: Invalid Seat Selection
new UserThread(system, "User1", 0, false).start();
new UserThread(system, "User2", 6, false).start();
// Test Case 7: Simultaneous Bookings (Concurrency Test)
for (int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
  int seat = (i \% 5) + 1;
  new UserThread(system, "User" + (i + 1), seat, i % 2 == 0).start();}}
```

Output:

```
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<terminated> Project1 (1) [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jdk
Anish (VIP) booked seat 1
User10 booked seat 5
User9 booked seat 4
User8 booked seat 3
User7 booked seat 2
User6: Seat 1 is already booked!
User5: Seat 5 is already booked!
User4: Seat 4 is already booked!
User3: Seat 3 is already booked!
User2: Seat 2 is already booked!
User1: Seat 1 is already booked!
Invalid seat number!
Invalid seat number!
New User (Regular): Seat 3 is already booked!
Bobby (Regular): Seat 1 is already booked!
Anish (VIP): Seat 1 is already booked!
Bobby (Regular): Seat 4 is already booked!
Anish (VIP): Seat 4 is already booked!
Bobby (Regular): Seat 2 is already booked!
Charlie (VIP): Seat 3 is already booked!
```

Fig. 3 (Output 3.3)

4. Learning Outcomes:

- Understand ArrayList operations for storing and managing structured data dynamically.
- Gain hands-on experience with Collection interfaces for efficient data storage and retrieval.
- Learn thread synchronization to prevent data inconsistency in concurrent environments.
- Implement thread priorities to manage task execution order in multi-threaded applications.
- Develop real-world problem-solving skills by handling data structures, collections, and concurrency in Java