Experiment 5

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Branch: CSE

Section: IOT-642 -B

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Subject: Java Subject Code:22CSH-359

Problem - 5.1

Aim: Writing a Java program to calculate the sum of a list of integers using autoboxing and unboxing, along with methods to parse strings into their respective wrapper classes (e.g., Integer.parseInt()).

Code:

```
import java.util.ArrayList; import
java.util.List;
public class SumCalculator
  public static Integer parseStringToInteger(String str)
try {
       return Integer.parseInt(str);
     } catch (NumberFormatException e)
       System.out.println("Invalid number format: " + str);
return null;
     }
  public static int calculateSum(List<Integer> numbers)
     int sum = 0;
     for (Integer num: numbers)
       if (num != null) sum += num;
     return sum;
  public static void main(String[] args)
     List<Integer> numbers = new ArrayList<>();
```

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```
numbers.add(10);
numbers.add(20);
numbers.add(30);
    String[] inputStrings = {"40", "50", "invalid"};
for (String str : inputStrings)
    {
        Integer num = parseStringToInteger(str);
    if (num != null) numbers.add(num);
    }
    System.out.println("The sum of the list is: " + calculateSum(numbers));
}
```

Output:

```
40 }
41 }
42 

Invalid number format: invalid
The sum of the list is: 150

**Comparison of the list is: 150**

**Comparison of the list i
```

Test Cases:

Test Case 1:

Input: 10, 20, 30, "40", "50"

Expected Output: The sum of the list is: 150

Description: The list contains a mix of primitive integers and integers parsed from strings.

Test Case 2:

Input: "100", "200", "300"

Expected Output: The sum of the list is: 600

Description: All values are parsed from strings, and the sum is calculated.

Test Case 3:

Input: "50", "invalid", "70" Expected

Output:

Invalid number format: invalid The

sum of the list is: 120

Description: One of the inputs is not a valid integer, so it's skipped, and the sum of valid

values is calculated.

Problem - 5.2

Aim: Java program that serializes and descrializes a Student object. It saves the Student object to a file and then reads it back, displaying the student details.

The program handles exceptions like FileNotFoundException, IOException, and ClassNotFoundException.

Code:

```
import java.io.*;
class Student implements Serializable {
                                           private
static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
         private String name; private double
int id;
gpa:
  public Student(int id, String name, double gpa) {
    this.id = id;
   this.name = name;
     this.gpa = gpa;
          public int
getId() {
    return id;
  }
      public String getName() {
        return name;
```

```
public double getGpa() {
     return gpa;
  @Override
  public String toString() {
     return "Student ID: " + id + ", Name: " + name + ", GPA: " + gpa;
}
public class StudentSerializationDemo {
  public static void serializeStudent(Student student, String filename) {
     try (ObjectOutputStream oos = new ObjectOutputStream(new FileOutputStream(filename))) {
oos.writeObject(student);
       System.out.println("Student object has been serialized and saved to file.");
     } catch (FileNotFoundException e) {
       System.out.println("Error: File not found.");
     } catch (IOException e) {
       System.out.println("Error: IO Exception occurred.");
  public static Student deserializeStudent(String filename) {
     try (ObjectInputStream ois = new ObjectInputStream(new FileInputStream(filename))) {
       Student student = (Student) ois.readObject();
       System.out.println("Student object has been deserialized.");
return student;
     } catch (FileNotFoundException e) {
       System.out.println("Error: File not found.");
     } catch (IOException e) {
       System.out.println("Error: IO Exception occurred.");
     } catch (ClassNotFoundException e) {
       System.out.println("Error: Class not found.");
     return null;
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Student student = new Student(1, "John Doe", 3.75);
     String filename = "student.ser";
     serializeStudent(student, filename);
```

Output:

```
24 return gpa;

25 Public double getapa() {
26 Public double getapa() {
27 Public double getapa() {
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```

Test Cases:

Test Case 1: Serialize and Deserialize a valid student object.

Input: Student(1, "John Doe", 3.75) Expected

Output:

Student object has been serialized and saved to file.

Student object has been deserialized.

Deserialized Student Details:

Student ID: 1, Name: John Doe, GPA: 3.75

Test Case 2: Try to deserialize from a non-existent file.

Expected Output:

Error: File not found.

Test Case 3: Handle invalid class during deserialization.

Input: Manually modify the class file to simulate a ClassNotFoundException.



Expected Output:

Error: Class not found.