Experiment 5

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Aim:

Develop Java programs using autoboxing, serialization, file handling, and efficient data processing and management.

Problem Statement:

- 1) Write a Java program to calculate the sum of a list of integers using autoboxing and unboxing. Include methods to parse strings into their respective wrapper classes (e.g., Integer.parseInt()).
- 2) Create a Java program to serialize and deserialize a Student object. The program should: Serialize a Student object (containing id, name, and GPA) and save it to a file. Deserialize the object from the file and display the student details. Handle FileNotFoundException, IOException, and ClassNotFoundException using exception handling.
- 3) Create a menu-based Java application with the following options. 1.Add an Employee 2. Display All 3. Exit If option 1 is selected, the application should gather details of the employee like employee name, employee id, designation and salary and store it in a file. If option 2 is selected, the application should display all the employee details. If option 3 is selected the application should exit.

Algorith	m:
1. Sum o	f a List of Integers Using Autoboxing & Unboxing:
	Initialize an empty list to store integers.
	Prompt the user to enter integers.
	Read input as a string, and if it's a valid number, parse it using
	Integer.parseInt().
	☐ Autoboxing occurs when adding int values to the List <integer>.</integer>
	Repeat until the user enters "stop".
	Call a method calculateSum():

☐ Iterate through the list and perform unboxing (Integer → int) while calculating the sum.

2.	Student Serialization & Deserialization:		
	☐ Create a Student class with fields (id, name, GPA) and implement Serializable		
☐ In the main method:			
		• Prompt the user to enter student details.	
		• Create a Student object with user input.	
	П	Serialize (Save) the Student object:	
		Open a file using FileOutputStream.	
		 Write the Student object using ObjectOutputStream. 	
		Handle IOException.	
		Deserialize (Load) the Student object:	
		• Open the same file using FileInputStream.	
		 Read the object using ObjectInputStream. 	
		 Cast it back to a Student object. 	
		·	
		 Handle FileNotFoundException, IOException, and ClassNotFoundException. 	
	П	Print the student details after descrialization.	
		End program.	
		Ena program.	
3.	En	Employee Management System (Menu-Based) :	
		Create Employee class (fields: id, name, designation, salary), implement Serializable.	
		Load employees from file (if available).	
		Menu:	
		• Add Employee → Get details, create object, append to list, serialize & save.	
		 Display All Employees → Deserialize & print details. 	
		• Exit → Terminate.	
		Handle exceptions (FileNotFoundException, IOException,	
		ClassNotFoundException).	

```
Program:
1. Sum of a List of Integers Using Autoboxing & Unboxing:
import java.util.*;
public class AutoboxingUnboxingExample {
                                               public
static int calculateSum(List<Integer> numbers) {
                                                      int
              for (Integer num : numbers) {
sum = 0;
                                                     sum
+= num:
return sum;
  public static void main(String[] args) {
List<Integer> numbers = new ArrayList<>();
     Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.println("Enter integers (type 'stop' to finish):");
while (scanner.hasNext()) {
                                    String input =
scanner.next();
                       if (input.equalsIgnoreCase("stop"))
              int value = Integer.parseInt(input);
break;
numbers.add(value);
     }
     System.out.println("Sum: " + calculateSum(numbers));
scanner.close();
  } }
2. Student Serialization & Deserialization:
 import java.io.*; import
 java.util.ArrayList; import
 java.util.List; import java.util.Scanner;
 class Student implements Serializable {
   private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
 int id;
                   double gpa; public Student(int
   String name;
                                     this.id = id;
 id, String name, double gpa) {
 this.name = name;
                         this.gpa = gpa; }
```

```
@Override public String toString() {
                                              return "Student ID: " +
id + ", Name: " + name + ", GPA: " + gpa;
  } }
public class StudentManagement {
                                     private static final String
FILE NAME = "students.ser"; private static final Scanner
scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
                                      private static
List<Student> students = new ArrayList<>();
  public static void serializeStudents() {
     try (ObjectOutputStream oos = new ObjectOutputStream(new
  FileOutputStream(FILE NAME))) {
       oos.writeObject(students);
       System.out.println("All students serialized successfully!");
     } catch (IOException e) {
       System.out.println("Error during serialization: " + e.getMessage());
  public static void deserializeStudents() {
(ObjectInputStream ois = new ObjectInputStream(new
FileInputStream(FILE NAME))) {
       students = (List<Student>) ois.readObject();
System.out.println("\nDeserialized Student List:");
                                                          for
(Student student : students) {
         System.out.println(student);
     } catch (FileNotFoundException e) {
       System.out.println("File not found! Please add students first.");
     } catch (IOException | ClassNotFoundException e) {
       System.out.println("Error during descrialization: " + e.getMessage());
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     while (true) {
       System.out.println("\n1. Add Student\n2. Display Students\n3. Exit");
       System.out.print("Choose an option: ");
int choice = scanner.nextInt();
                                     switch
(choice) {
                    case 1 -> {
            System.out.print("Enter Student ID: ");
            int id = scanner.nextInt();
scanner.nextLine();
```

```
System.out.print("Enter Student Name: ");
String name = scanner.nextLine();
```

```
System.out.print("Enter Student GPA: ");
 double gpa = scanner.nextDouble();
 students.add(new Student(id, name, gpa));
             serializeStudents();
          case 2 -> deserializeStudents();
 case 3 -> {
             System.out.println("Exiting...");
             scanner.close();
             System.exit(0);
          default -> System.out.println("Invalid choice! Try again.");
 } } } }
3. Employee Management System (Menu-Based):
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*; class
Employee {
  String empId, name, designation;
  double salary;
                     public Employee(String empId, String name, String designation,
                          this.empId = empId; this.name = name; this.designation =
double salary) {
designation; this.salary = salary;
  @Override
  public String toString() {
    return empId + ", " + name + ", " + designation + ", " + salary;
public class EmployeeManagementApp {
  private static final String FILE NAME = "employees.txt";
  public static void main(String[] args) {
Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
while (true) {
       System.out.println("\n1. Add Employee 2. Display All 3. Exit");
       System.out.print("Choice: ");
                                           switch (scanner.nextInt()) {
case 1: addEmployee(scanner); break;
                                                case 2: displayEmployees();
```

```
break; case 3: System.out.println("Goodbye!"); scanner.close(); System.exit(0); default: System.out.println("Invalid choice!");
```

```
} } }
  private static void addEmployee(Scanner scanner) {
                                                          try (PrintWriter out =
new PrintWriter(new FileWriter(FILE NAME, true))) {
                                                               scanner.nextLine();
       System.out.print("ID: "); String empId = scanner.nextLine();
       System.out.print("Name: "); String name = scanner.nextLine();
       System.out.print("Designation: "); String designation = scanner.nextLine();
System.out.print("Salary: "); double salary = scanner.nextDouble();
out.println(new Employee(empId, name, designation, salary));
       System.out.println("Employee added!");
     }
      catch (IOException e) { System.out.println("Error saving employee.");
  private static void displayEmployees() {
    try (BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new FileReader(FILE NAME))) {
System.out.println("\nEmployees:"); br.lines().forEach(System.out::println);
     }
       catch (IOException e) { System.out.println("No employees found.");
   } } }
```

OUTPUT:

1. Sum of a List of Integers Using Autoboxing & Unboxing:

```
Enter integers (type 'stop' to finish):
2
3
4
5
stop
Sum: 14
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

2. Student Serialization & Deserialization:

```
StudentManager.java students.ser
v ,' □ $ 9
                                                                inp
1. Add Student
2. Show Students
3. Exit
Enter choice: 1
Enter ID: 123
Enter Name: wer
Enter GPA: 3.6
Students saved!
1. Add Student
2. Show Students
3. Exit
Enter choice: 2
Loaded students:
ID: 123, Name: wer, GPA: 3.6
1. Add Student
2. Show Students
3. Exit
Enter choice: 3
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```



3. Employee Management System (Menu-Based):

```
EmployeeManager... employees.dat :
v ,' □ ¢ ,9
                                                                input
1. Add Employee
2. Display All
3. Exit
Choose an option: 1
Enter Employee ID: 123
Enter Name: asd
Enter Designation: manager
Enter Salary: 90000
Employee added successfully.
1. Add Employee
2. Display All
3. Exit
Choose an option: 2
Employee List:
ID: 123, Name: asd, Designation: manager, Salary: $90000.0
1. Add Employee
2. Display All
3. Exit
Choose an option: 3
Exiting...
... Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

Learning Outcomes:

- Implement object-oriented programming with classes, encapsulation, and serialization.
- Utilize core Java concepts like loops, conditionals, autoboxing, and unboxing.
- Apply file handling with serialization, descrialization, and exception management.