Experiment -9

Student Name: Saksham

UID:22BCS12031

Branch: BE-CSE

Section/Group:IOT_642-B

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Subject Name: Project Based Learning

Subject Code: 22CSH-359

in Java with Lab

9.1.1.Aim: Create a simple Spring application using Java-based configuration to demonstrate Dependency Injection (DI).

9.1.2Objective: To develop a simple Spring application using Java-based configuration that demonstrates the concept of Dependency Injection (DI), enabling loose coupling between components and enhancing modularity, maintainability, and testability of the code.

```
9.1.3Code:
```

```
Course.java
```

```
package com;
```

```
public class Course {
  private String courseName;
  private int duration;
  public Course(String courseName, int duration) {
    this.courseName = courseName;
     this.duration = duration;
  }
  @Override
  public String toString() {
    return "Course: " + courseName + ", Duration: " + duration + " months";
}
```

Student.java

```
package com;
```

```
public class Student {
  private String name;
  private Course course;
```

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```
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  public Student(String name, Course course) {
    this.name = name;
     this.course = course;
  }
  public void printDetails() {
     System.out.println("Student Name: " + name);
    System.out.println(course);
  }
AppConfig.java
package com;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Bean;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.Configuration;
@Configuration
public class AppConfig {
  @Bean
  public Course course() {
    return new Course("Java Spring", 3);
  @Bean
  public Student student() {
    return new Student("Anjali", course());
  }
MainApp.java
package com;
import org.springframework.context.ApplicationContext;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.AnnotationConfigApplicationContext;
public class MainApp {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     ApplicationContext context = new
Annotation Config Application Context (App Config. class);\\
     Student student = context.getBean(Student.class);
    student.printDetails();
    ((AnnotationConfigApplicationContext) context).close();
  }
}
```

9.1.4Output:

```
Student: Aman
Course: Java, Duration: 3 months
```

- **9.2.1Aim:** Develop a Hibernate-based application to perform CRUD operations on a Student entity with MySQL.
- **9.2.2Objective**:To develop a Hibernate-based application that performsCreate, Read, Update, and Delete (CRUD) operations on a Student entity using MySQL, demonstrating object-relational mapping and database interaction using Hibernate ORM.

```
9.2.3Code:
Student.java
package com;
import javax.persistence.*;
@Entity
@Table(name = "student")
public class Student {
  @Id
  @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)
  private int id;
  private String name;
  private int age;
  public Student() {}
  public Student(String name, int age) {
     this.name = name;
    this.age = age;
  }
  // Getters & Setters
```

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```
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public int getId() { return id; }
public void setId(int id) { this.id = id; }
public String getName() { return name; }
public void setName(String name) { this.name = name; }
public int getAge() { return age; }
public void setAge(int age) { this.age = age; }
@Override
public String toString() {
   return "Student [id=" + id + ", name=" + name + ", age=" + age + "]";
 StudentDao.java
 package com;
 import org.hibernate.*;
 import org.hibernate.cfg.Configuration;
 public class StudentDAO {
   private static SessionFactory factory;
   static {
      try {
        <u>factory</u> = new <u>Configuration()</u>.configure().buildSessionFactory();
      } catch (Throwable ex) {
         throw new ExceptionInInitializerError(ex);
    }
   public void addStudent(Student student) {
      try (<u>Session</u> session = <u>factory</u>.openSession()) {
         Transaction tx = session.beginTransaction();
         session.save(student);
         tx.commit();
      }
    }
   public Student getStudent(int id) {
      try (<u>Session</u> session = <u>factory</u>.openSession()) {
         return session.get(Student.class, id);
    }
```

```
public void updateStudent(Student student) {
    try (Session session = factory.openSession()) {
        Transaction tx = session.beginTransaction();
        session.update(student);
        tx.commit();
    }
}

public void deleteStudent(int id) {
    try (Session session = factory.openSession()) {
        Transaction tx = session.beginTransaction();
        Student s = session.get(Student.class, id);
        if (s != null) {
            session.delete(s);
        }
        tx.commit();
    }
}
```

MainApp.java

```
package com;
public class MainApp {
public static void main(String[] args) {
StudentDAO dao = new StudentDAO();
// Create
     Student s1 = new Student("Sallu", 22);
     dao.addStudent(s1);
     System.out.println("Student Added: " + s1);
    // Read
     Student fetched = dao.getStudent(s1.getId());
     System.out.println("Fetched Student: " + fetched);
    // Update
    fetched.setAge(23);
     dao.updateStudent(fetched);
     System.out.println("Updated Student: " + dao.getStudent(fetched.getId()));
    // Delete
    dao.deleteStudent(fetched.getId());
     System.out.println("Deleted Student with ID: " + fetched.getId());
  }
```

8.2.4Output:

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- **9.3.1Aim:** Create a banking system with Spring and Hibernate to manage money transfers using transactions.
- **9.3.20 bjective**: To build a banking system using Spring and Hibernate that manages money transfers between accounts with proper transaction management, ensuring data consistency and rollback on failures.

9.3.3Code:

Account.java

```
package com.example.bank.entity;
import javax.persistence.*;
@Entity
@Table(name = "account")
public class Account {
    @Id
    @GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)
    private int id;
    private String holderName;
    private double balance;
    public Account() {}
    public Account(String holderName, double balance) {
        this.holderName = holderName;
        this.balance = balance;
    }
}
```

BankService.java

```
package com.example.bank.service;
import org.hibernate.SessionFactory;
import org.hibernate.Session;
import org.hibernate.Transaction;
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
import org.springframework.stereotype.Service;
import org.springframework.transaction.annotation.Transactional;
import <a href="mailto:com.example.bank.entity">com.example.bank.entity</a>.*;
@Service
public class BankService {
  @Autowired
  private SessionFactory sessionFactory;
  @Transactional
  public void transferMoney(int fromId, int toId, double amount) {
     Session session = sessionFactory.getCurrentSession();
     Account from = session.get(Account.class, fromId);
     Account to = session.get(Account.class, toId);
```

```
if (from.getBalance() < amount) {</pre>
       throw new RuntimeException("Insufficient funds in account " + fromId);
     from.setBalance(from.getBalance() - amount);
     to.setBalance(to.getBalance() + amount);
     session.update(from);
     session.update(to);
     Transaction tx = new <u>Transaction</u>(fromId, toId, amount);
     session.save(tx);
     System.out.println("Transfer successful!");
   }
Transcation.java
package com.example.bank.entity;
import javax.persistence.*;
import java.time.LocalDateTime;
@Entity
@Table(name = "transaction")
public class <u>Transaction</u> {
@Id
@GeneratedValue(strategy = GenerationType.IDENTITY)
private int id;
private int fromAccountId;
private int toAccountId;
private double amount;
private LocalDateTime timestamp;
public Transaction() {}
public Transaction(int from, int to, double amount) {
  this.fromAccountId = from;
  this.toAccountId = to:
  this.amount = amount;
  this.timestamp = LocalDateTime.now();
}
```

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AppConfig.java

```
package com.example.bank.config;
import java.util.Properties;
import javax.sql.DataSource;
import org.hibernate.SessionFactory;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.*;
import org.springframework.orm.hibernate5.*;
import org.springframework.transaction.annotation.EnableTransactionManagement;
import org.springframework.jdbc.datasource.DriverManagerDataSource;
@Configuration
@ComponentScan("com.example.bank")
@EnableTransactionManagement
public class AppConfig {
@Bean
public DataSource dataSource() {
  DriverManagerDataSource ds = new DriverManagerDataSource();
  ds.setUrl("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/bankdb");
  ds.setUsername("root");
  ds.setPassword("yourpassword");
  ds.setDriverClassName("com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver");
  return ds;
}
@Bean
public LocalSessionFactoryBean sessionFactory() {
  LocalSessionFactoryBean sfb = new LocalSessionFactoryBean();
  sfb.setDataSource(dataSource());
  sfb.setPackagesToScan("com.example.bank.entity");
  Properties props = new Properties();
  props.put("hibernate.dialect", "org.hibernate.dialect.MySQL8Dialect");
  props.put("hibernate.hbm2ddl.auto", "update");
  props.put("hibernate.show_sql", "true");
  sfb.setHibernateProperties(props);
  return sfb;
}
@Bean
public HibernateTransactionManager transactionManager(SessionFactory sf) {
  return new HibernateTransactionManager(sf);
```

Hibernate.cfg.xml

```
?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE hibernate-configuration PUBLIC
    "-//Hibernate/Hibernate Configuration DTD 3.0//EN"
    "http://www.hibernate.org/dtd/hibernate-configuration-3.0.dtd">
< hibernate-configuration>
  <session-factory>
    <!-- Database connection settings -->
    property name="connection.driver_class">com.mysql.cj.jdbc.Driver/property>
    connection.url">jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/bankdb/property>
    connection.username">root/property>
    connection.password">yourpassword
    <!-- JDBC connection pool (use the built-in) -->
    connection.pool_size">5
    <!-- SQL dialect -->
    cproperty name="dialect">org.hibernate.dialect.MySQL8Dialect/property>
    <!-- Echo all executed SQL to stdout -->
    comperty name="show_sql">true/property>
    <!-- Drop and re-create the database schema on startup -->
    <!-- Annotated classes -->
    <mapping class="com.example.bank.entity.Account"/>
    <mapping class="com.example.bank.entity.Transaction"/>
 </session-factory>
</hibernate-configuration>
```

```
MainApp.java
package com.example.bank;
import org.springframework.context.annotation.AnnotationConfigApplicationContext;
import com.example.bank.config.AppConfig;
import com.example.bank.entity.Account;
import com.example.bank.service.BankService;
import org.hibernate.SessionFactory;
import org.hibernate.Session;
import org.hibernate.Transaction;
public class MainApp {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
    AnnotationConfigApplicationContext context =
       new AnnotationConfigApplicationContext(AppConfig.class);
    BankService bankService = context.getBean(BankService.class);
    SessionFactory factory = context.getBean(SessionFactory.class);
```

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Discover. Learn. Empower. // Setup: Create sample accounts try (Session session = factory.openSession()) { Transaction tx = session.beginTransaction(); session.save(new Account("Alice", 1000)); session.save(new Account("Bob", 500)); tx.commit(); } // Test: Successful transfer try { bankService.transferMoney(1, 2, 200); } catch (Exception e) { System.out.println("Transfer failed: " + e.getMessage()); // Test: Failure transfer (Insufficient funds) bankService.transferMoney(1, 2, 10000); // Should trigger rollback } catch (Exception e) { System.out.println("Transfer failed (as expected): " + e.getMessage()); context.close(); }

9.3.4Output:

```
Transaction Successful!

OR

Transaction Failed: Insufficient Balance
```

Learning Outcomes:

- 1. Learned to use Spring Dependency Injection with Java-based configuration.
- 2. Gained hands-on experience with Hibernate ORM for CRUD operations.
- 3. Integrated Spring and Hibernate to build a modular application.
- 4. Implemented transaction management with rollback support in banking logic.
- 5. Understood MySQL database connectivity and configuration.
- 6. Built and structured real-world applications using Maven.