

# **Week 4: debugging | testing**

**NRSC 7657 Workshop in Advanced Programming for  
Neuroscientists**

# course business

- Projects: started?



# Debugging



FAST DELIVERY



PREMIUM



BEST PRICE  
100%  
GUARANTEED



DISCOUNT  
15%

## 6 STAGES OF DEBUGGING



```
graph TD; 1[1. THAT CAN'T HAPPEN] --> 2[2. THAT DOESN'T HAPPEN ON MY MACHINE]; 2 --> 3[3. THAT SHOULDN'T HAPPEN]; 3 --> 4[4. WHY DOES THAT HAPPEN?]; 4 --> 5[5. OH I SEE]; 5 --> 6[6. HOW DID THAT EVER WORK?];
```

### OUR GLOBAL BRAND SINCE 2010



box



shirtnation.net



leesilk.com



Utrustshop



Moteefe



teeclip.com



Kyber Fashion

Buy our products with 100% guaranteed, high quality items, fast shipping via tracking code in your email.

THANK YOU VERY MUCH!



# Debugging

- The first step in debugging: `print("something")`

# Debugging

- The first step in debugging: `print("something")`
- Aside: you may see `print "something"` sometimes in older code, this is a relic of python 2. Change it to `print("something")`
- <https://docs.python.org/3/library/2to3.html>

It can be converted to Python 3.x code via 2to3 on the command line:

```
$ 2to3 example.py
```

# Debugging

## Types of bugs: syntax errors

- Tracebacks

```
a = 2  
print(2 + a)  
b = a + c
```

4

```
-----  
NameError                                Traceback (most recent call last)  
<ipython-input-1-0b5043da75c2> in <module>  
      1 a = 2  
      2 print(2 + a)  
----> 3 b = a + c  
  
NameError: name 'c' is not defined
```

# Debugging

## Types of bugs: syntax errors

- Tracebacks

```
[116]: rez = loadmat('rez.mat')
```

```
-----  
NotImplementedError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
```

```
<ipython-input-116-852d7d6a9435> in <module>
```

```
----> 1 rez = loadmat('rez.mat')
```

```
~/opt/anaconda3/envs/NRSC7657/lib/python3.8/site-packages/scipy/io/matlab/mio.py in loadmat(file_name, mdict, appendmat, **kwargs)
```

```
    223     variable_names = kwargs.pop('variable_names', None)
```

```
    224     with _open_file_context(file_name, appendmat) as f:
```

```
----> 225         MR, _ = mat_reader_factory(f, **kwargs)
```

```
    226         matfile_dict = MR.get_variables(variable_names)
```

```
    227
```

```
~/opt/anaconda3/envs/NRSC7657/lib/python3.8/site-packages/scipy/io/matlab/mio.py in mat_reader_factory(file_name, appendmat, **kwargs)
```

```
    78     return MatFile5Reader(byte_stream, **kwargs), file_opened
```

```
    79     elif mjb == 2:
```

```
----> 80         raise NotImplementedError('Please use HDF reader for matlab v7.3 files')
```

```
    81     else:
```

```
    82         raise TypeError('Did not recognize version %s' % mjb)
```

```
NotImplementedError: Please use HDF reader for matlab v7.3 files
```

# Debugging

## Types of bugs: semantic errors

- No Traceback, but...something didn't work like you thought it would.



# Debugging

**Types of bugs: syntax and semantic errors**

- The first step in debugging: `print("something")`

# Debugging

## Types of bugs: syntax and semantic errors

- The first step in debugging: `print("something")`
- The first step in debugging: `print("something")`
- The first step in debugging: `print("something")`
- The first step in debugging: `print("something")`

# Debugging

**Types of bugs: you can fix both with print statements**

- The first step in debugging: `print("something")`
- Aside: you may see `print "something"` sometimes in older code, this is a relic of python 2. Change it to `print("something")`
- <https://docs.python.org/3/library/2to3.html>

# Debugging

## Python standard debugger

```
import pdb
```

```
import pdb

x = 3
y = 4
pdb.set_trace()

total = x + y
pdb.set_trace()
```

We have inserted a few breakpoints in this program. The program will pause at each breakpoint (**`pdb.set_trace()`**). To view a variables contents simply type the variable name:

```
$ python3 program.py
(Pdb) x
3
(Pdb) y
4
(Pdb) total
*** NameError: name 'total' is not defined
(Pdb)
```

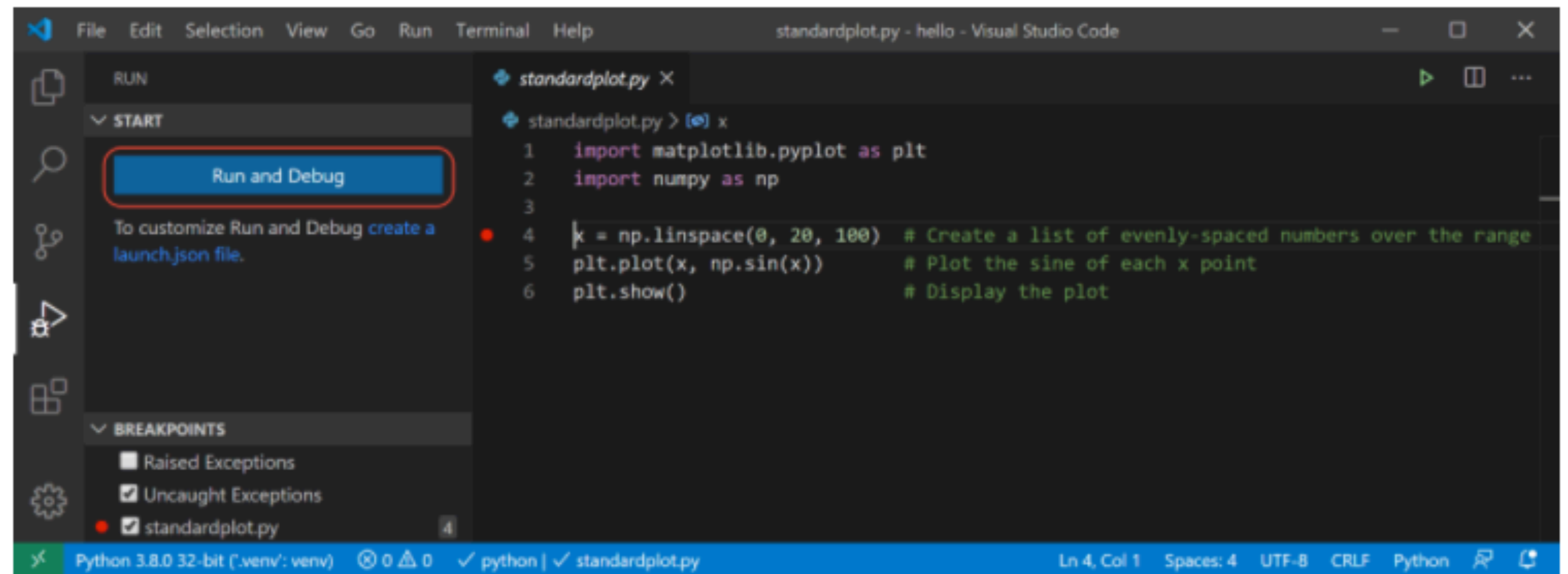


# Debugging

## VSCode Run and Debug mode, for scripts

### Basic debugging

The simplest way to begin debugging a Python file is to use the **Run** view and click the **Run and Debug** button. When no configuration has been previously set, you will be presented with a list of debugging options. Select the appropriate option to quickly begin debugging your code.



# Testing

- You have written useful code.
- You (or someone else) wants to write some more code.
  - How do you make sure you don't break it?