

$$X = X_1 + \dots + X_{1000}$$

$$E(X) = 1000 \cdot E(X_i) = 1000 \cdot (2 \cdot 25\% + 5 \cdot 20\% + 10 \cdot 5\%)$$

$$= 1000 \cdot 2$$

$$= 2000$$

$$\text{Var}[X] = 1000 \cdot \text{Var}[X_i] = 1000 (25\% \cdot 2^2 + 20\% \cdot 5^2 + 5\% \cdot 10^2 - 2^2)$$

$$= 1000 \cdot 7$$

$$= 7000$$

~~$$P(X \geq 400) = P(E[X] + N \sqrt{\text{Var}[X]})$$~~

$$\therefore P(X \geq 400) = P(E[X] + N \sqrt{\text{Var}[X]} \geq 400)$$

$$= P(2000 + N \sqrt{7000} \geq 400)$$

$$\approx P(\text{Normal}(0,1) \geq -19.12)$$

$$\approx 1$$