PAUL - CAL ~ PL> CALALIP	(N)			
$P(N n) > 50) \propto P(n > 50 N) P$	6-60)2 /16-H	۵) د ا		
	(92350)	7 /		
$\propto \frac{1}{92150}(1-10)^2$				
$\alpha(n-60)^2$	<i>y</i>			
: P(N/n≥50) x(n-60),				
: nmap = 100, i.e. nish	ighest at P(NI	n>50) is highest a	at 100.	
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