JASMIN Workshop: Exercise 2: Copy data to JASMIN to share with collaborators

Scenario

I am working with international colleagues on the project "workshop". The project has a JASMIN Group Workspace that all collaborators have access to. I want to share a directory of data files, which I currently have on my local machine, with my colleagues

Objectives

 Copy a directory of data files from my local machine to the "workshop" Group Workspace on JASMIN

JASMIN resources

- Transfer server: jasmin-xfer1.ceda.ac.uk
- Group workspace: /group workspaces/jasmin2/workshop

Local resources

- A linux terminal
- Local directory: /disks/my-data/obs1

Instructions

- 1. Make a directory on your local machine and create 2 files in it
- 2. Start ssh-agent session and add JASMIN private key
- 3. SSH to a transfer server
- 4. Identify path and create target directory, then change to that directory
- 5. Exit back to local machine and recursively copy a directory of data
- 6. Log back in to transfer server to check permissions are correct

Review

This exercise demonstrates how to:

- Copy data to a transfer ("xfer") server
- Check permissions on the data to make sure it's visible by collaborators

This is a basic workflow suitable for small datasets or where speed is not critical. For larger data transfers or over longer distances (international / intercontinental), it is recommended to consider other available options which could be more efficient, depending on source & destination. See more information at: https://help.jasmin.ac.uk/article/219-data-transfer-overview

Alternative approaches and best practice

- Use other tools for more sophisticated copying/syncing
- Use a faster server for scp, rsync to achieve higher throughput (better)
- Use Globus, an efficient bulk data transfer service (best)
- Internal transfers from one JASMIN filesystem to another

Cheat sheet for Exercise 2: Copy data to JASMIN to share with collaborators

1. Make a directory on your local machine and create 2 files in it.

```
mkdir -p tmp/my-data
cd tmp/my-data
echo "this is a readme" > README.txt
echo "1 2 3 4 5" > numbers.txt
ls -1
```

2. If necessary, start ssh-agent and load your private key (you may have already done this in ex01)

```
eval $(ssh-agent -s)
ssh-add ~/.ssh/id_rsa_jasmin
```

Note 1: If using MobaXterm on Windows, see here for how to load your key into MobAgent **Note 2:** If your local Desktop environment already sets a global ssh-agent, you can omit this step as your key should be loaded for any terminal window you subsequently open.

3. SSH to a transfer server

```
ssh <username>@jasmin-xfer1.ceda.ac.uk
```

4. Identify path and create target directory, then change to that directory

```
cd /group_workspaces/jasmin2/workshop
mkdir -p users/$USER/ex02
cd users/$USER/ex02
```

NOTE: you can use this command as-is: the \$USER environment variable should resolve to your system username

5. Exit back to local machine and recursively copy a directory of data

```
(on jasmin-xfer1): exit
(on local machine): scp -r my-data
<username>@jasmin-xfer1.ceda.ac.uk:/group_workspaces/jasmin2/workshop/users/<username>/ex02/
```

NOTE: this time you need to replace "<username>" with your JASMIN system account username, in both places

6. Log back in to transfer server to check permissions are correct

```
(on local machine): ssh <username>@jasmin-xfer1.ceda.ac.uk
(on jasmin-xfer1): cd /group_workspaces/jasmin2/workshop/users/$USER/ex02
(on jasmin-xfer1): ls -l
...
(on jasmin-xfer1): chmod -R g+rX my-data
(on jasmin-xfer1): ls -l
drwxr-x--- <username> gws_workshop 1234 27 Jun my-data
```

Alternative approaches and best practice - specific examples

- Use other tools for more sophisticated copying/syncing/moving
 - o rsync can synchronise a local and remote directory
 - Use as a drop-in replacement for scp in step 4

```
(on local machine): rsync -rv my-data
<username>@jasmin-xfer1.ceda.ac.uk:/group_workspaces/jasmin2/workshop/users/
<username>/ex02/
```

- Advantage: could re-run this and it would only copy those files which have changed ("changed" can be defined in different ways: time, size, checksum)
- See man page for full set of options: \$ man rsync
- Use a faster server for scp, rsync to achieve higher throughput
 - jasmin-xfer[23].ceda.ac.uk are similar machines but physical machine and located in "Data Transfer Zone"
 - o Require additional "hpxfer" access role and IP address if connecting from outside
 - o jasmin-xfer2 : tuned for shorter paths (UK/Europe/Eastern US)
 - o jasmin-xfer3: tuned for longer paths (Western US/Australia/Far East)
- Use Globus, an efficient bulk data transfer service (recommended method)
 - Demo videos:
 - https://youtu.be/fQ-J8I0PLw8
 - Quick (<2min) quick demo of moving data from ARCHER/RDF to JASMIN)
 - https://youtu.be/f9tSdoFK0Jk
 - Longer (30min) overview of how to use Globus for data transfer on JASMIN. Note that this uses the old Globus web interface which has since been replaced with https://app.globus.org
 - https://youtu.be/LAD2E28DOC4
 - Globus version of what you've just done in ex02
 - This makes use of Globus Connect Personal, which turns your local machine into a Globus Endpoint.
 - o A good investment of your time
 - It takes a little time to get started with Globus on JASMIN, but it's worth the effort.
 - Globus makes the task of moving data much easier and is usually the fastest and most reliable method, even (or in fact, particularly) for multi-Terabyte transfers between continents, but also works well on a local or smaller scale.
 - Features:
 - Manages transfers between dedicated transfer endpoints:
 - You don't need to be connected to either, once the transfer is underway
 - o You can be notified of the status of a transfer
 - Web, command-line and Python APIs available
- Internal transfers from one JASMIN filesystem to another:
 - For LARGE internal transfers, you can use the "bcopy" transfer service, which initiates a set of LOTUS batch jobs to do your transfer for you.

- Best followed up with an rsync to "mop up" any remaining files and/or permissions/ownership changes
- See https://help.jasmin.ac.uk/article/3844-copy-service