# JASMIN Workshop: Exercise 03: Processing on the scientific analysis servers

### Scenario

I need to do a random sampling of my dataset to estimate the distribution of sample mean. I need to use the random number generator function available in the numpy library in Python. I need to test this function by running a standalone Python script on the scientific analysis servers prior to running the statistical analysis script.

**Note:** If needed refer to the cheat sheet for exercise 3 at the end of this document for specific commands (example of a command output is in blue text color)

# Objectives

- To be aware of the capabilities and limitations of the scientific analysis servers
- To be able to test/run a script/code on them
- To be able to monitor your interactive processes and share resources with other users

#### JASMIN resources

- Scientific analysis servers
- **Group workspace**: /group workspaces/jasmin2/workshop/users/\$USER/ex03
- A Python example script is provided:

  /group\_workspaces/jasmin2/workshop/exercises/ex03/src/random-number-gen.py

#### Local resources

• SSH client (to login to JASMIN)

### Instructions

- 1. Launch two terminals. Start ssh-agent session and add JASMIN private key to login to JASMIN on each terminal
- 2. SSH to the same scientific analysis server on each terminal
- 3. On the execution terminal, copy the Python example script (shown in the JASMIN resources section) to your current working directory
- 4. On the monitoring terminal, launch the Linux command top -u <username> to monitor your processes on the scientific server.
- 5. On the execution terminal, run the Python example script using the command python2.7 random-number-gen.py
- 6. On the monitoring terminal, check the Python example script process ID (pid), state, memory and CPU usage
- 7. On the monitoring terminal, press the keyboard letter q to exit the top command
- 8. Check if the script spawns threads using the Linux command: ps -T -p <pid>
- 9. On the execution terminal, edit the Python example script random-number-gen.py and decrease the size of the random numbers from 1024 to 500
- 10. On the execution terminal, rerun the Python example script using the command python2.7 random-number-gen.py
- 11. On the monitoring terminal, check the Python example script process ID (pid), state, memory and CPU usage for generating 500 random numbers

#### 12. Logout from the scientific server and from the login server

#### Review

You will be able to run a Python script on the scientific analysis servers. You will be able to monitor the resources used by your script on the scientific analysis servers. You can scale up by using the high-memory scientific jasmin-sci[3,6] server for a large set of random numbers.

## Alternative approaches and best practice

- Do not run parallel applications e.g. MPI or OpenMP, high threaded codes on the scientific analysis servers
- Do not run data transfer processes on the scientific analysis servers. Please use jasmin-xfer1
- Do not generate huge numbers of files (>1000) in a single directory
- Do not use /tmp on the scientific servers and transfer servers. Using /tmp can cause the scientific analysis server to crash, resulting in loss of work. Set the environment variable TMPDIR to a temporary directory under a GWS area- export
  - TMPDIR=/GWS-path/<your project>/<your username>/tmp
- Do not run processes with execution time over two hours
- Limit the number of threads when testing a multithreaded code on scientific analysis servers
- Use the high memory scientific servers for processes with memory usage over 1 GB and/or threads.
- It is necessary to consider moving processing to the batch system when the resources demand is high.
- Many instances of e.g. Ipython or IDL can impact the performance of the scientific servers.
   Please note that for IDL, we have a large pool of run-time licences and a much more limited pool of development licences.
- Use the high memory scientific analysis servers for testing high memory and/or multithreaded code

https://help.jasmin.ac.uk/article/121-sci-servers https://help.jasmin.ac.uk/article/176-storage

# Cheat sheet for Exercise 03: Processing on the scientific analysis servers

1. Start the ssh-agent and load your SSH private key. Login to JASMIN - launch two login sessions

```
exec ssh-agent $SHELL ssh-add ~/.ssh/id_rsa_jasmin ssh -A <username>@jasmin-login1.ceda.ac.uk
```

2. SSH login to a scientific analysis server from the two login sessions, one for execution and one for monitoring

```
ssh jasmin-sci<number>.ceda.ac.uk
```

3. On the execution terminal, copy the Python script random-number-gen.py that generates random numbers to your current working directory

```
cp /group_workspaces/jasmin2/workshop/exercises/ex03/src/random-number-gen.py .
```

4. On the monitoring terminal, monitor your processes by executing the Linux command. Note that you have two sshd processes referring to your two SSH login sessions.

```
top -u <username>
top -u <username>
top - 17:18:36 up 19 days, 7:39, 34 users, load average: 30.69, 30.60, 30.79
Tasks: 960 total, 2 running, 951 sleeping, 7 stopped, 0 zombie
Cpu(s): 3.2%us, 1.3%sy, 0.0%ni, 95.5%id, 0.0%wa, 0.0%hi, 0.0%si, 0.0%st
Mem: 395365628k total, 191724156k used, 203641472k free, 453400k buffers
Swap: 4194300k total, 1407916k used, 2786384k free, 76732356k cached

PID USER PR NI VIRT RES SHR S %CPU %MEM TIME+ COMMAND
426965 freddy 20 0 13976 1912 904 R 0.7 0.0 0:00.08 top
426313 freddy 20 0 112m 1944 852 S 0.0 0.0 0:00.00 sshd
426314 freddy 20 0 104m 1840 1380 S 0.0 0.0 0:00.01 bash
426390 freddy 20 0 112m 1948 852 S 0.0 0.0 0:00.00 sshd
426391 freddy 20 0 104m 1820 1372 S 0.0 0.0 0:00.01 bash
```

5. On the execution terminal, execute the Python script: python2.7 random-number-gen.py

```
python2.7 random-number-gen.py
1024 =====>>> random numbers
I am sleeping for 40 seconds so you can check the resources usage
```

6. On the monitoring terminal, check the memory and CPU usage of the Python script when it is in a running state  $\mathbb{R}$ ?

7. On the monitoring terminal, check the memory usage of the Python script when it is in a sleeping state s. Then, press the keyboard letter q to exit the top command

```
      PID USER
      PR
      NI
      VIRT
      RES
      SHR
      S CPU %MEM
      TIME+ COMMAND

      428295 freddy
      20
      0 13972 1912 904 R 0.7 0.0 0:00.18 top

      426313 freddy
      20
      0 112m 1952 852 S 0.0 0.0 0.0 0:00.06 sshd

      426314 freddy
      20
      0 104m 1840 1380 S 0.0 0.0 0:00.06 bash

      426390 freddy
      20
      0 112m 1948 852 S 0.0 0.0 0:00.04 sshd

      426391 freddy
      20
      0 104m 1832 1376 S 0.0 0.0 0:00.02 bash

      427708 freddy
      20
      0 48.0g 1.0g 5948 S 0.0 0.3 0:04.39 python2.7
```

8. On the monitoring terminal, check if the Python example script spawned threads

```
ps -T -p 427708
427708 427708 pts/86 00:00:01 python2.7
```

9. On the execution terminal, launch a text editor to edit the Python example script random-number-gen.py. Decrease the size of the random numbers from 1024 to 500 on the line of code starting "nran ="

```
import numpy as np
import time

# Number of random numbers to be generated
nran = 1024

# Generate a random number from the normal distribution
result = [np.random.bytes(nran*nran) for x in range(nran)]

print(len(result), "=====>>> random numbers")

# Wait for tsleep seconds
tsleep = 40

print("I am sleeping for {0} seconds so you can check the resources
usage".format(tsleep))
time.sleep(tsleep)
```

10. On the execution terminal, re-run the edited Python example script

```
python2.7 random-number-gen.py
500 =====>>> random numbers
I am sleeping for 40 seconds so you can check the resources usage
```

11. On the monitoring terminal, check the Python example script process ID (pid), state, memory and CPU usage for generating 500 random numbers

```
top -u <username>
    PID USER     PR NI VIRT RES SHR S %CPU %MEM     TIME+ COMMAND

103508 freddy     20     0 550m 37m 5948 R 32.5     0.1 0:00.99 python2.7

103369 freddy     20     0 13692 1856 1180 R 1.3 0.0 0:00.33 top

104330 freddy     20     0 111m 1512 420 S 0.0 0.0 0:00.00 sshd

104331 freddy     20     0 104m 744 276 S 0.0 0.0 0:00.05 bash

110882 freddy     20     0 111m 1564 452 S 0.0 0.0 0:00.08 bash

110883 freddy     20     0 104m 1352 884 S 0.0 0.0 0:00.08 bash
```

#### 12. Logout

```
Logout
Connection to jasmin-sci<number>.ceda.ac.uk closed.
```