

Introduction to R for Data Management and Analysis

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Session 7

Notes from previous class

- lm and friends
- t-test with a formula vs vector
- object names with a period (.)
- 'apply'ing over a data.frame

Today's outline

- General Tips
- Troubleshooting
- Exploratory functions
- GitHub basics
- Data Analysis Workflow

General R Learning Tips

- Effective troubleshooting is important
 - Get familiar with errors
 - Stack Overflow
 - Helping others on Slack
- Keep inputs and outputs in mind
- Practice, practice, practice
 - Mock examples
 - Answer your own questions in the console
 - Search for answers online
 - Follow online example by running them
- Make use of online resources, help pages
 - RStudio cheatsheets
- Create a catalog...

- Create a catalog of functions that are useful for a particular task
- Use your reference websites / textbooks
 - R Cookbook by Winston Chang
 - Quick-R
 - R for Data Science - Hadley Wickham
 - Handbook for Statistical Analyses using R - 3rd Ed.

Troubleshooting

- Getting help within R
 - Documentation pages (examples)
- Getting help outside of R
 - stackoverflow.com
 - Reproducible examples `reprex::reprex`
 - Quick-R website
- Finding the error in the code
 - Run code line by line to identify location
 - Isolate the error by breaking the process into small pieces

Exploring an object

- head & tail
- class
- length or dim
- dimnames
- attributes
- str
- args on a function

Data Analysis Workflow

- RStudio setup
- Maintain a clean environment
 - No restoring .RData
 - Never save workspace on exit
- Top to bottom RMarkdown
- Import data (usually)
- Clean
 - subset / filter
- Reshape (wide / long)
- summarize / aggregate
- visually explore (EDA)
- graph
 - ggplot2
 - baseR
 - lattice
- Generate the report
 - knitting the document

Example

- <https://www.opencasestudies.org/>
 - <https://www.opencasestudies.org/ocs-healthexpenditure/>