# Introduction to R for Data Management and Analysis

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### Introduction to R

Welcome!

#### Introductions

- Name
- Program/Concentration
- Expectations/Familiarity with R
- Fun fact?

#### Class structure

• Lecture and short exercises: 90 minutes

• Break: 10-15 minutes

Exercise: 60 minutes

Discussion: 15 minutes

# Grading

• Attendance: 15%

• Quizzes: 20%

• Exercises: 65%

## Course Outline

Date	Topics	Assessment
Thurs. June 2	Introductions About this class Features of the R language Getting help and troubleshooting	Exercise
Tues. June 7	Classes and data types data.frame Import/Export subsets	Exercise and quiz

## Today's class

- R and the RStudio interface
- Basic features of the language
- Getting started
- Tips
- Getting help and troubleshooting
- R as a calculator
- External resources

## What is R?

- R is a programming language and environment for statistical computing and data visualization.
- "Base R" refers to the standalone suite of pre-packaged functions that allow R to function as a language.
- Extensions of the R language are what are called "packages".
- A **package** is a container of functions that give R additional flexibility.

#### What is RStudio?

- IDE Interactive Development Environment
- Console + Help + Figures + Project Management
- Let's have a look at it!

## How do I get started?

- First download the latest R version from r-project.org
- Install R with all the default settings
- Download RStudio from RStudio.com
- RStudio allow you to select the R version installed in your system.

## General tips for learning R

- Learning R will be frustrating
- Learning a language
- Practice promotes familiarity

## Features of the R Language

- case sensitive
- Spaces are ignored
- works with functions
- vectorized operations
- objects
- help pages
- ?reserved

## Structure of a function

- a name followed by parentheses help()
- arguments
- input / output

# Useful tips for learning R

Pseudo code	Example code
install.packages(packagename)	install.packages(dplyr)
?functionname	?select
?package::functionname	?dplyr::select
? 'Reserved keyword or symbol' (or backticks)	? '%>%'
??searchforpossiblyexistingfunctionandortopic	??simulate
help(package = "loadedpackage")	help("dplyr")
browseVignettes("packagename")	browseVignettes("dplyr")

### First contact with R

• R as a calculator exercise

## Getting help and troubleshooting

- Critically important
- "Debugging" your script
- Step by step, line by line process

#### External Resources

- Coursera
- edX
- RStudio
- Quick-R Mostly for basic and base functions
- RStudio Cheatcheets