Weekly Meeting Notes

Table of Contents:

- News: Index for sale
- 2. Finance: Allocation wins
- 3. Quant: FX Forwards TCA
- 4. Computer Science: Vector Autoregression applications
- 5. Math: Tensor Geometry

Overview:

- Reduced-Rank Vector Autoregression is an important forecasting approach for high-dimensional data with some advantages over VAR
- Researchers ask the question about the relationship between S&P rating's business and their index business
- Quants are having trouble finding transaction costs for FX swaps and forwards

News: Index for Sale

These researchers published a paper on S&P Index and rating agency

- Kun Li, College of Business and Economics at the Australian National University
- Shang-Jin Wei, Graduate School at Columbia University
- Xin (Kelly) Liu, College of Business and Economics at the Australian National University
- There paper looks at the companies that use S&P to rate their fixed income products and their ability to get membership to the S&P 500
- David Blitzer who led the S&P's index committee for more than two decades until 2019 says that it would've been impossible to have an bearing
- What the researcher found was that S&P 500 increased their purchases of S&P 500 ratings when they were known to be opening in the index
- There was also a drop in S&P ratings sales when they changed the rules blocking foreign companies to joining







October 21st, 2021

The S&P 500

- It is not the largest 500 companies on the stock exchange
- They look for "leading companies from leading industries"
- They usually have
 - Usually a market capitalization of at least \$13bn
 - Meets a profitability and liquidity requirement
 - Ultimately it comes down to the S&P Dow Jones Indices' staff which meets monthly
- They also use an informed approach that allows for quick adjustments when a company's overall market conditions change

Benefits of being included into the S&P 500

- Your stock will now be bought by all funds that track that index
- On a long run companies trade at higher multiples

Articles:

Financial Times: Academics cast harsh light on composition of S&P index (here)

National Bureau of Economic Research: Is stock index membership for sale (here)

Baltimore Sun: What's the value of being included in S&P; 500?; Baltimore's T. Rowe Price rises on joining Index (here)

Forbes: Tesla Is Joining the S&P 500. Here's What That Means For You (here)



Finance: Allocation Wins

A series of Endowments had great success which was driven by how they allocated their positions

Those two endowments

- University of Pennsylvania's Endowment
- Bowdoin College

University of Pennsylvania

- They had an increase of 41.1% for the FY 2021
- A main drivers of their returns are their allocation in private equity and venture capital funds

Markov Process international built a replicating portfolio that tracked the allocation by their benchmarks

- This method is called Dynamic Style Analysis
- Something to notice on their allocation is that over the years they are dropping fixed income and picking up private equity
- The model that they used which tracked indexes pretty much matched the returns of the portfolio
- They also found that the allocations that they had almost matched UPenn.

Another Pension that had a big win was Bowdoin College

Their pension has been beating lyy League Pensions by

- They beat ivy leagues over a 10 years basis
- Their most recent returns is 14.4%
- Bowdoin had an average of 8.8% through the end of the year at 2018

Bowdoin had some wins

- They had invested in private equity and venture capital funds
- One of their big wins was picking Sequoia Capital's China Focused venture fund

- Bowdoin's allocation history shows that they are cutting their hedge fund positions to pick up venture capital and private equity
- A lot of their hedge funds were absolute return funds

Articles:

Markov Process International: UPenn's Endowment Wins Big... With Asset Allocation (here)

Markov Process International: Bowdoin FY2021: How to Replicate a Brilliant CIO (here)



Quant: FX Forwards TCA

- More asset managers are applying transaction cost analysis into their models
 - They are also looking beyond spot markets which already gets its fair share of criticism
- A problem with the market is that it very bilateral in nature
 - The problem is that price data needs to be broken up into many tenors used in forward contracts
 - That means that some tenors don't get that much data

- The current method is to ask the dealer to carry out the analysis by comparing trades it did with them
- The other market that people are interested in are the FX swap markets
 - The FX swap market makes up around \$4.2tn a day in 2019 or ⅔ of daily market volume
- The market is starting to head for electronic trading
 - But there are still some areas that trade via request-for-quote

- TCA for forwards are hard to calculate because they require factors from
 - 2 yield curves
 - Cross-currency basis
 - Counterparty credit risk
- Settlement dates for forex are also take a lot of time
 - In the Forex spot market settlement is usually within 2 days
 - For the Forex forwards market settlement is around 7 days to 3 months
- There also isn't buy side clearing which means dealers take on counterparty risk

- Most asset manager really on tehri banks for credit
- Which means that each individual client of the bank will have a different creditworthiness
 - And that will lead to each client getting a different price
- WM/Refinitiv offers a software that brings together multiple banks' quotes and if available interbank bid and offer forward points

Articles:

Risk: No fair: buy side takes on pricing problem in FX forwards (here)



Computer Science: Reduced-Rank Vector

Autoregression

Overview:

- Vector Autoregression is a classic approach to multivariate time series analysis
- Able to identify co-evolution patterns of time-dependent patterns

In the case of high-dimensionality, simple VAR models can suffer from over-parameterization

This is the basic idea of VAR

$$oldsymbol{x}_t = oldsymbol{A} oldsymbol{x}_{t-1} + oldsymbol{\epsilon}_t$$

This is the closed-form solution to W and V in the form of a vector

$$\min_{oldsymbol{W},oldsymbol{V}} rac{1}{2} \|oldsymbol{X}_2 - oldsymbol{W}oldsymbol{V}oldsymbol{X}_1\|_F^2$$

Algorithm:

The closed-form solution leads us to use an Alternating Least Squares scheme. There are three steps:

- Initialize W and V with random values
- Iterative step 1: Update W by the least squares solution as mentioned
- Iterative step 2: Update V by the least squares solution as mentioned

Implementation:

- Inputs include the multivariate time series data and reduced rank
- o The observations are used for forecasting

Reduced-rank VAR is an important forecasting approach for high-dimensional data. It has advantages of compressing coefficients and solving the over-parameterization issue with vanilla VAR.

RRVAR file (here)



October 21st, 2021

The Content is for informational purposes only, you should not construe any such information or other material as legal, tax, investment, financial, or other advice. Nothing contained on our Site constitutes a solicitation, recommendation, endorsement, or offer by CU Quants or any third party service provider to buy or sell any securities or other financial instruments in this or in in any other jurisdiction in which such solicitation or offer would be unlawful under the securities laws of such jurisdiction.

All Content on this site is information of a general nature and does not address the circumstances of any particular individual or entity. Nothing in the Site constitutes professional and/or financial advice, nor does any information on the Site constitute a comprehensive or complete statement of the matters discussed or the law relating thereto. CU Quants is not a fiduciary by virtue of any person's use of or access to the Site or Content. You alone assume the sole responsibility of evaluating the merits and risks associated with the use of any information or other Content on the Site before making any decisions based on such information or other Content. In exchange for using the Site, you agree not to hold CU Quants, its affiliates or any third party service provider liable for any possible claim for damages arising from any decision you make based on information or other Content made available to you through the Site.

There are risks associated with investing in securities. Investing in stocks, bonds, exchange traded funds, mutual funds, and money market funds involve risk of loss. Loss of principal is possible. Some high risk investments may use leverage, which will accentuate gains & losses. Foreign investing involves special risks, including a greater volatility and political, economic and currency risks and differences in accounting methods. A security's or a firm's past investment performance is not a guarantee or predictor of future investment performance.

As a convenience to you, CU Quants may provide hyperlinks to web sites operated by third parties. When you select these hyperlinks you will be leaving the CU Quants site. Because CU Quants has no control over such sites or their content, CU Quants is not responsible for the availability of such external sites or their content, and CU Quants does not adopt, endorse or nor is responsible or liable for any such sites or content, including advertising, products or other materials, on or available through such sites or resources. Other web sites may provide links to the Site or Content with or without our authorization. CU Quants does not endorse such sites and shall not be responsible or liable for any links from those sites to the Site or Content, or for any content, advertising, products or other materials available on or through such other sites, or any loss or damages incurred in connection therewith. CU Quants may, in its sole discretion, block links to the Site and Content without prior notice.

YOUR USE OF THIRD PARTY WEB SITES AND CONTENT, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION, YOUR USE OF ANY INFORMATION, DATA, ADVERTISING, PRODUCTS, OR OTHER MATERIALS ON OR AVAILABLE THROUGH SUCH WEB SITES, IS AT YOUR OWN RISK AND IS SUBJECT TO THEIR TERMS OF USE.

