

# 10/27/2021 math notes

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## Stochastic Gradient Descent

We first start with the objective function

$$Q(w) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n Q_i(w)$$

In this case  $w$  is trying to minimize  $Q(w)$ . Each  $Q_i$  is an observation of the data.

We are using sum minimization techniques which are similar to certain estimators like the least squares and maximum-likelihood estimation.

## Least Squares Estimator

The residuals

$$r_i = y_i - f(x_i, \beta)$$

The Sums

$$S = \sum_{i=1}^n r_i^2$$

## Maximum Likelihood Estimator

The joint density of samples  $X_1, \dots, X_n$  that are iid

$$L_n(\theta) = L_n(\theta; y) = f_n(y; \theta)$$

Then maximize the likelihood function over the parametric space

$$\hat{\Theta} = \arg \max_{\theta \in \Theta} \hat{L}_n(\theta; y)$$

Now we want to minimize the function (to each batch if we batch) via the gradient descent method

$$w := w - \eta \Delta Q(w) = w - \frac{\eta}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \nabla Q_i(w)$$