LaPIS Diagnostic Test Workbook - Mathematics

Name : Dhiyanesh S

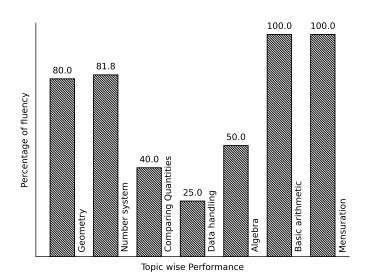
Class: 7

Section : B

School : AKV Public School

Login ID : AKV138

Dhiyanesh S's Performance Report



Score: 27/40 Percentage: 67.5%

Dhiyanesh S's Study Planner

| Date | Topics Planned | Q. Numbers | Teacher Remark | Teacher Sign | Parent Sign |
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| | | Teacher's Fe | edback to Student | | |
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| | Class Teacher S | Signature | Princi | pal Signature | |

Data handling

| Topics to be Improved | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| Chance of probability | Basis of probability | | |
| Arithmetic mean, mode and median | Mean, Median and Mode | | |
| Range | Finding the range | | |

| Hi, here in this video you will learn Basics of probability | |
|--|-----------|
| Question: 1 | . |
| Identify the sure events and impossible events | |
| (i) The sun rises in the west. | |
| (ii) Water is colourless. | |
| (iii) Clock rotates in clock wise direction. | |
| (iv) Ball is square in shape. | |
| Answer: | |
| Events that always occur are called (sure/ impossible) events. Events that cannot occur are called (sure/ impossible) events. Here, The sun rises in the west is event. Water is colourless is event. Clock rotates in clock wise direction is event. Ball is square in shape is event. | - |
| Question: 2 | |
| Probability of sure events is (greater / smaller) than probability of impossible events | ents. |
| Answer: | |
| Probability of sure event = $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ (0/ 1/ any number). Probability of impossible event = $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ (0/ 1/ any number). Therefore, Probability of sure event $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ Probability of impossible event. | |
| <u>Question: 3</u> | |
| Raju has pencil, an eraser, a scale, sharpener, colour pencil and protractor in his box. What is | the |

probability of getting a pen from his box.

| $\underline{Answer:}$ | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|---|------------------|---------------|-------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Does Raju have | ye pen in his box, y of getting pen from hi | (Yes/No) |). | 1) | | |
| Hi, here in the | his video you will le | earn Me a | an, Med | ian, Mo | ode | |
| Question: 4 | | | | | | |
| | of the following data: 5, | | | | | |
| Answer: | , | , , , , | , , , | , , , | , , , | , , |
| Mode is the num | nber that occursata in ascending order: | | | | | list of observations. |
| | occurs most number of | times. Th | en, mode o | of the give | en data is $_{-}$ | |
| Question: 5 | | | | | | |
| Which shape con | ntains median of the given | ven data 3 | , 5, 6, 2, 7, | 9, 6, 4 ar | nd 1 | |
| ascending or des Arrange the give | en data in ascending ore the given data is | der : | value of a c | he | C | of a data. |
| Question: b | | | | | | |
| | Marks scored | 100 | 90 | 80 | 70 | |
| | Number of students | 4 | 5 | 2 | 1 | |
| Mean = | , Median = an | nd Mode = | · | | | |
| $\underline{Answer:}$ | | | | | | |
| $Mean = \frac{1}{n}$ | of all observation umber of observation . | | | | | |
| | l observation = | · , | number of | observati | on = | |

| Arrange the data in ascending order: | |
|---|---------|
| Here, $median = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$, $mode = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$. | |
| Hi, here in this video you will learn Range | |
| Question: 7 | |
| Range of the data = | |
| Answer: | |
| The difference between highest value and lowest value is Example: Find the range of 10, 5, 30, 23, 54, 39 and 16 Highest value = , Lowest value = Range = = | |
| Question: 8 | |
| Circle the correct range for the following data 31, -20, 35, -38, 29, 0, 43, -25, 51 | , 14, 9 |
| $-20+51$ $\frac{-38-51}{2}$ $51+38$ $\frac{51+20}{2}$ | |
| Answer: | |
| Range = Arranging the data in ascending order, In the given data, Highest value =, Lowest value =, Range = = | |
| Question: 9 | |
| Find the range of first 10 multiple of 5. | |
| Answer: | |
| First 10 multiple of $5 = $ Therefore, Highest value = , Lowest value = , Range = | _ = |

Geometry

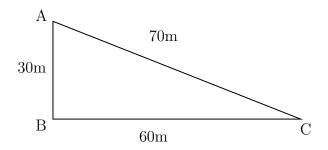
| | Topics to be Improved |
|--|--------------------------------|
| Sum of lengths of two sides of a triangle | Sum of two sides of a triangle |
| Right angle triangle and pythagoras property | Basics of Pythagoras property |

Hi, here in this video you will learn Sum of the length of sides of the triangle



Question: 10

Find the greatest distance to reach C from A in the given diagram.



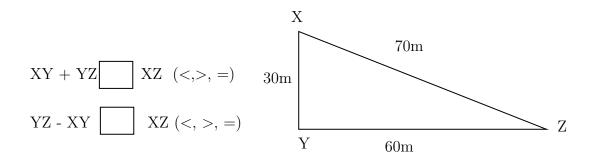
Answer:

| he sides of the given triangle are |
|---|
| ne possible way to reach point C from point A are and AB then to |
| |
| $de AC = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ |
| $de AB + BC = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ |
| herefore, the greatest distance to reach C from A in the given diagram is |
| |
| |

Question: 11

_____ (Sum of / Difference between) the length of any two sides of a triangle is smaller than the length of the third side.

| There are sides in a triangle. | |
|--|--------------------------------------|
| The sum of the two sides of a triangle is | than the other side of the triangle. |
| The difference of the two sides of a triangle is | than the other side of the triangle |
| Example: In triangle XYZ, | |



| Question: 1 | 12 | | |
|-------------|----|------|--|
| -V | | | |

The lengths of two sides of a triangle are 7 cm and 10 cm. Between which two numbers can length of the third side fall?

Answer:

- 1. The sum of the two sides of a triangle is ______ than the third side of the triangle. Therefore, the third side should be _____ (less/ greater) than sum of other two sides. Here, sum of the two sides = ____ + ___ = ___ Therefore, the length of the third side is less than _____
- 2. The difference of the two sides of a triangle is ______ than the third side of the triangle.

 Therefore, the third side should be _____ (less/ greater) than sum of other two sides.

 Here, difference of the two sides = _____ ___ = ____ = ____

 Therefore, the length of the third side is greater than ______

Therefore, length of the third side is greater than ______ but less than _____.

Hi, here in this video you will learn Pythagoras property



| Question: 13 | |
|--------------|--|
| | |

In a right angled triangle, square of the _____ = sum of the squares of the legs.

Answer:

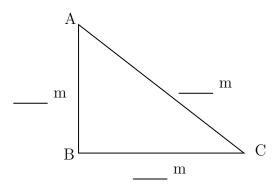
Pythagoras theorem is only applicable for ______ triangle.

Longest side of the triangle is _____ (hypotenuse/ legs) and other two sides are called _____ (hypotenuse/ legs).

Pythagoras theorem states that _____ ...

Question: 14

Find the hypotenuse of the triangle ABC if base is 12 m and altitude is 5 m.



Pythagoras theorem states that square of the _____ = sum of the squares of its

 $Given: Base = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, Altitude = \underline{\hspace{1cm}},$

Base and altitude are _____ (hypotenuse/ legs) of the triangle.

By Pythagoras theorem,
$$(____)^2 = (____)^2 + (____)^2$$

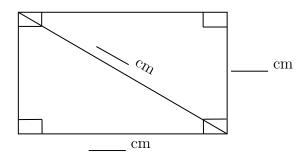
 $= ___ + ___$

Therefore, hypotenuse of the triangle is _____.

Question: 15

Find the length of the rectangle, if breadth is $3~\mathrm{cm}$ and diagonal is $5~\mathrm{cm}$.

Answer:



Pythagoras theorem states that square on the _____ = sum of the squares on

Is Pythagoras theorem applicable in rectangle? ____ (yes/ no).

Given: breadth = _____, length of diagonal = _____

By Pythagoras theorem, $(____)^2 = (____)^2 + (____)^2$ $= ___ + ___$

Therefore, diagonal of the rectangle is _____

Number system

| Topics to be Improved | | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| Exponents | Solving exponents | | |
| Operations on rational numbers | Division of rational numbers | | |

Hi, here in this video you will learn Exponents and power



| Question: | 16 |
|-------------------|----|
| ω ω | 10 |

Find the exponential form of 1000.

Answer:

_____ (Exponents/Base) tells us how many times a number should be multiplied by itself to get the desired result.

Exponents is also called as _____ (Base / Power).

1000 can be written as = $10 \times$ ____ \times ____ \times ____ 10 is raised to the power of ____ = (10) ___

Question: 17

Find the value of $(-2)^3$.

Answer:

_____ (Exponents/Base) tells us how many times a number should be multiplied by itself to get the desired result.

.....

......

In this exponential form $(-2)^3$, base = ____, power = ____. $(-2)^3$ = ____ × ___ = ___.

Question: 18

- (i) Tenth power of 100 is $((10)^{100})$ or $(100)^{10}$).
- (ii) k is raised to the power of 5 is $((k)^5)$ or $(5)^k$.

Answer:

Exponential form = (Base)—

- (i) Tenth power of 100: Base = ____, Power/Exponents = ____, exponential form = ____.
- (ii) k is raised to the power of 5: Base = ____, Power/Exponent = ____, exponential form = ____.

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Operation on rational numbers**



Question: 19

Fill in the boxes to make the given expression correct.

$$\frac{1}{5} \div \frac{14}{15} = \frac{1}{\square} \times \square$$

Answer:

When any fraction is divided by a fraction, we multiply the dividend by the _____ (same/reciprocal) of the divisor.

Here, dividend = and divisor = =

$$\frac{1}{5} \div \frac{14}{15} = \frac{1}{\square} \times \square = \square$$

......

Question: 20

Solve: $\frac{18}{7} \div 0.6$

Answer:

Fraction form of $0.6 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$,

when any fraction is divided by a fraction, we multiply the dividend by the ______ (same/reciprocal) of the divisor. Here, dividend = _____ and divisor = _____.

$$\frac{18}{7} \div \square = \frac{18}{7} \times \square = \square$$

.....

Question: 21

Find the missing number in the expression $\frac{8}{3} \div \frac{16}{\square} = 2$

$$\frac{8}{3} \div \frac{16}{\square} = 2$$

$$\frac{8}{3} \times \frac{\square}{16} = 2$$

Transposing 8/3 to RHS,

$$\frac{\square}{16} = 2 \square \frac{8}{3}$$

$$\frac{\square}{16} = 2 \times \square$$

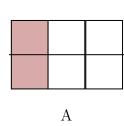
$$\frac{\square}{16} = \square$$

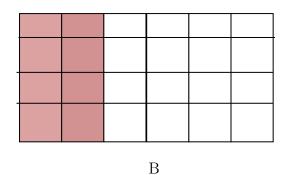
Transposing 16 to other side, the result is _____

Comparing Quantities

| Topics to be Improved | | |
|--|--|--|
| Equivalent ratios | Basic of proportion | |
| Percentage | Basic of percentage | |
| Conversion of fraction into percentage | Conversion of fraction into percentage | |

| Hi, here in this video you will learn Basics of proportion | |
|--|--|
| Question: 22 | |
| If a:b and c:d are equivalent ratio, then it can be expressed as | |
| Answer: | |
| A (proportion / ratio) is used to express (one/two) equivalent ratios. Standard form to express proportion is | |
| Question: 23 | |
| Find the ratio of shaded part to unshaded part of A and B. Are the two ratios equivalent? | |





| Shaded part of $A = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$, Unshaded part of $A = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$. |
|---|
| Ratio of shaded to unshaded parts of A is $___$. Fractional form $= ___$. |
| Shaded part of $B = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$, |
| Unshaded part of $B = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$. |
| Ratio of shaded to unshaded parts of B is |
| Fractional form $=$ |
| Fraction form of A (equal/ not equal) to Fraction form of B. |
| |
| Question: 24 |

| if a: b:: c: d is proportion, snade the correct expression |
|--|
| $\boxed{a = \frac{bc}{d}}$ $\boxed{c = \frac{ad}{b}}$ $\boxed{ad=cd}$ |
| $\underline{Answer:}$ |
| Two equivalent ratio which are proportion, it can be written as a : b :: c : d or = (in fraction) . First and fourth term are called and second and third term are called In proportion, product of extreme terms is (equal to/ not equal to) product of middle terms. Therefore, a \times d =, then a = and c = |
| Hi, here in this video you will learn Basics of percentage |
| Question:~25 |
| 2% can be written as |
| $\underline{Answer:}$ |
| Percentages are numerators of fractions with denominator |
| $2\% = \frac{\square}{\square}$ |
| $Question: \ 26$ |
| Arun attended the LaPIS test for 100 marks and got 75% marks. What is the mark scored by Arun? |
| $\underline{Answer:}$ |
| Arun attended LaPIS test for marks. He got marks. |
| 75 % can be written in fraction form |
| Then the mark scored by Arun = Total mark \times 75% = \times = |
| Question:~27 |
| There are 25 apples in a basket in which 10 of them are rotten. Find the percentage of rotten apples. |

| Answer: There are apples in a basket. Number of rotten apples are Fraction form of rotten apples in a basket = |
|--|
| Convert it into a percent= x% = |
| Hi, here in this video you will learn Converting fraction into percentage |
| Question: 28 |
| Complete the box in the given equation. |
| $5\% = \frac{5}{\square}$ |
| $\underline{Answer:}$ |
| Percentage are the fraction with the denominator |
| Therefore, 5% can be expressed as |
| Question: 29 |
| Mark the correct conversion form of fraction $\frac{1}{2}$ to percentage. |
| (i) $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{50}{50} = \frac{50}{100} = 50\%$ |
| (ii) $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{100}{100} = \frac{100}{200} = 200\%$ |
| (iii) $\frac{1}{2} \times 100 = \frac{100}{2} = 50\%$ |
| Answer: To convert fraction into percentage, the value of (denominator / numerator) should be 100 or (multiply / divide) the fraction with 100 %. Therefore, correct conversion form is |
| Question: 30 |

Find the percentage of shaded part of square.

| Answer: | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------|-------|
| The square shape is divided into | parts. | |
| Number of shaded part of square is | · | |
| Shaded part of square in fraction is | | |
| | | |
| To Convert into percentage , | | x 100 |
| | | |

Algebra

| Topics to be Improved | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| subtraction of algebraic expressions | subtraction of algebraic expressions | |
| Addition and subtraction of algebraic expressions | Like terms and Unlike terms | |
| Monomials, binomials, trinomials and polynomials | Types of algebraic expression | |

Hi, here in this video you will learn Subtraction on expression



| Question: 31 |
|--|
| Find the sum of two expressions $a + b + c$ and $b + c + d$ |
| Answer: |
| The given two expressions are and |
| The two terms will get added only if they are(Like/ Unlike) terms. |
| The sum of two expressions $=$ $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ $+$ $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$. |
| The answer is |

Question: 32

| | School A | School B |
|--------------------|----------|----------|
| Number of boys | 100b | 250b |
| Number of girls | 150g | 200g |
| Number of teachers | 25t | 45t |

- (i) Total number of boys in school A and B is _____
- (ii) Total number of students in school B is _____
- (iii) How many more teachers are there in school B than school A?

(i) Number of boys in school A = _____,

Number of boys in school $B = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

Total number of boys in school A and school B is _____ + ___ = ____

(ii) Number of boys in school B = _____,

Number of girls in school $B = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$.

Total number of students in school B is $___$ + $___$ = $___$.

(iii) Number of teachers more in school B than school A = Teachers in school B - Teachers in school A = $__$.

Question: 33

Solve the following:

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
13x + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \\
(+) & 12x + 10y \\
\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 25y
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
3a - 5b \\
(-) \quad 5a - 7b \\
\hline
-2a - \underline{\hspace{1cm}}
\end{array}$$

Answer:

The two terms will get added only if they are _____ (like/unlike) terms.

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
13x + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \\
(+) & 12x + 10y \\
\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 25y
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r}
 3a - 5b \\
 \hline
 (-) \quad 5a - 7b \\
 \hline
 -2a - \underline{\hspace{1cm}}
 \end{array}$$

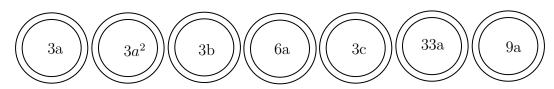
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Hi, here in this video you will learn Addition on expression



Question: 34

Shade the like terms.



Answer:

Given terms are ______

Two or more term have _____ (same/ different) variables is called like terms.

Here, like terms are ______.

Question: 35

Complete the expression $7r^2 + r \bigsqcup_{-2} = \underline{} r^2$

| (Like / Unlike) terms can be added or subtracted | l. |
|--|----|
|--|----|

$$_{7r^2+ r} \square_{-2} \square = (_{7} + \underline{ } - 2)_{r^2} = \underline{ }$$

Question: 36

Sam have 3a chocolates and 9y icecream. Ram have 7a chocolates and 5y icecream.

- (i) Total chocolates Ram and Sam have: _____
- (ii) How many icecreams Sam have more than Ram : ______.

Answer:

| | Chocolates | Icecream |
|-----|------------|----------|
| Sam | | |
| Ram | | |

(i) Total chocolates Ram and Sam have :

 $Ram's chocolate + Sam's chocolates = ____ + ___ = ___$

(ii) How many icecreams Sam have more than Ram:

_____ icecream - ____ icecream = ____ - __ = ___

......

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Types of expression**



Question: 37

There are _____ terms in the expression 7x + 3y + m + 5.

Answer:

In algebraic expression, _____ (variables/ terms) are connected together with operations of addition.

The terms in the expression are ______, _____, and ______.

Therefore, there are ______ terms in the expression.

Question: 38

Classify the following expression into monomial, binomial and polynomial.

- 1. 7m + n + 2
- 2. $8x^2 + 0$

| 3. | 7xy + 6 | 4m |
|-----|---------|----|
| Ans | wer: | |

| 1. The terms in expression $8x^2 + 0$ are Here, expression has term and it is a |
|--|
| 2. The terms in expression $7xy + 4m$ are Here, expression has term and it is a |
| 3. The terms in expression $7m + n + 2$ are Here, expression has term and it is a |
| Question: 39 |
| $5m^2 + m + 0$ is a expression. (Monomial/ Binomial/ Trinomial) |
| $\underline{Answer:}$ |
| The terms in expression $5m^2 + m + 0$ are |

Here, the expression has ______ terms and it is called a _____ expression.