# LaPIS Diagnostic Test Workbook - Mathematics

Name : Ashwin C S

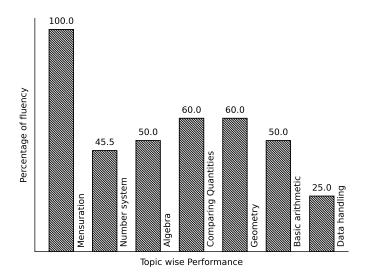
Class: 7

Section : C

School : AKV Public School

Login ID : AKV167

# Ashwin C S's Performance Report



Score: 21/40 Percentage: 52.5%

# Ashwin C S's Study Planner

Date	Topics Planned	Q. Numbers	Teacher Remark	Teacher Sign	Parent Sign
		Teacher's Fe	edback to Student		
	Class Teacher S	Signature	Princi	pal Signature	

# Basic arithmetic

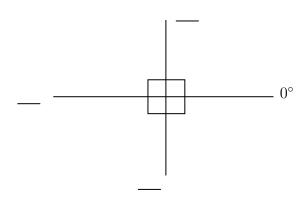
Topics to be Improved			
Types of angles	Identification of types of angles		

Hi, here in this video you will learn Types of Angles



Question: 1

Find the angles.



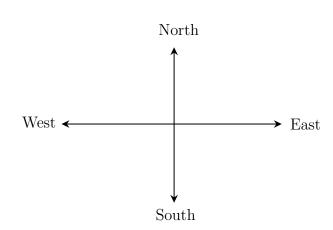
#### Answer:

The angle ranges from  $\_\_$ ° to  $\_\_$ °.

The angle perpendicular to  $0^{\circ}$  is  $_{\circ}$ .

The straight line measures  $\_\_\_^{\circ}$ .

Question: 2



The angle formed between the directions

(i) West and East is \_\_\_\_\_ angle.

(ii) North and East is angle.
(iii) East and South is angle.
Answer:
The angle formed between West and East is° and it is called angle.
The angle formed between North and East is° and it is called angle.
The angle formed between East and South is° and it is called angle.
$\underline{\textit{Question: 3}}$
The addition of straight angle and right angle is angle.
Answer:
The measurement of straight angle is°
The measurement of right angle is°.
Straight angle + Right angle =  +  =  =
It is called as angle.

# Data handling

Topics to be Improved			
Chance of probability	Basis of probability, Sample space in probability		
Range	Finding the range		

Hi, here in th	is video you will learn Basics of p	orobability
Question: 4		

Identify the sure events and impossible events

- (i) The sun rises in the west.
- (ii) Water is colourless.
- (iii) Clock rotates in clock wise direction.
- (iv) Ball is square in shape.

#### Answer:

Events that always occur are Events that cannot occur are Here, The sun rises in the w	e called	(sure/ impossil	ble) events.	
event.  Clock rotates in clock wise devent.				
$Question: 5 \dots \dots$				

Probability of sure events is \_\_\_\_\_ (greater / smaller) than probability of impossible events.

#### Answer:

Probability of sure event =  $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$  (0/ 1/ any number). Probability of impossible event =  $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$  (0/ 1/ any number).

Therefore, Probability of sure event \_\_\_\_\_\_ Probability of impossible event.

### Question: 6

Raju has pencil, an eraser, a scale, sharpener, colour pencil and protractor in his box. What is the probability of getting a pen from his box.

#### Answer:

Things Raju have	
Does Raju have pen in his box, (Yes/ No).	
Then probability of getting pen from his box is $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ $(0/1)$	
Hi, here in this video you will learn Range	
Question: 7	
Range of the data =	
Answer:	
The difference between highest value and lowest value is Example: Find the range of 10, 5, 30, 23, 54, 39 and 16 Highest value = , Lowest value = Range = =	
Question: 8	
Circle the correct range for the following data 31, -20, 35, -38, 29, 0, 43, -25, 51, 14, 9	
$-20+51$ $\frac{-38-51}{2}$ $51+38$ $\frac{51+20}{2}$	
Answer:	
Range =	
Question: 9	
Find the range of first 10 multiple of 5.	
Answer:	
First 10 multiple of $5 = $ Therefore, Highest value = , Lowest value = , Range = – =	
Hi, here in this video you will learn Basics of probability	
Question: 10	
Which of the following contains list of all possible outcomes.	
	٦
Probability Sample space Sure events Impossible events	

Answer:
Probability is the measure of ( chance /number) of an events happenings.  Sample space consists of ( possible/ impossible) outcomes.  Sure events always (occurs/don't occurs).  Impossible events (occurs/ don't occurs).  Therefore, contains list of possible outcomes.
Question: 11
Write the possible outcomes while spinning the given wheel.
0 10 250 100 5 25 1 500
Answer:
Outcomes are (possible/impossible) results of an experiment. The possible outcomes while spinning wheel are ₹0, ₹10,
Question: 12
A bag contains three balss of colour blue, green and red. Write the possible outcomes if two balls are taken out.
Answer:

\_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ balls.

If one of the ball is blue in colour, then other ball can be \_\_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_.

If one of the ball is green in colour, then other ball can be \_\_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_.

If one of the ball is red in colour, then other ball can be \_\_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_.

Therefore, if two balls are taken out then possible outcomes are blue + \_\_\_\_\_\_,

# Geometry

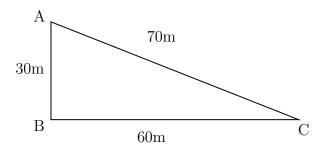
Topics to be Improved			
Sum of lengths of two sides of a triangle  Sum of two sides of a triangle			
Faces vertex and edges			
Transversal angle made by transversal	Basics of Transversal angle		
Right angle triangle and pythagoras property	Basics of Pythagoras property		

# Hi, here in this video you will learn Sum of the length of sides of the triangle



Question: 13

Find the greatest distance to reach C from A in the given diagram.



A	ns	3717	er	•

The sides of the given triangle are \_\_\_\_\_.

The possible way to reach point C from point A are \_\_\_\_\_ and AB then to

 $Side\ AC = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ 

Side AB + BC = \_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_

Therefore, the greatest distance to reach C from A in the given diagram is \_\_\_\_\_.

#### Question: 14

\_\_\_\_\_ (Sum of / Difference between) the length of any two sides of a triangle is smaller than the length of the third side.

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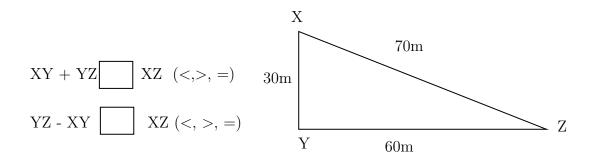
#### Answer:

There are \_\_\_\_\_\_ sides in a triangle.

The sum of the two sides of a triangle is \_\_\_\_\_ than the other side of the triangle.

The difference of the two sides of a triangle is \_\_\_\_\_\_ than the other side of the triangle.

Example: In triangle XYZ,



Question: 15

The lengths of two sides of a triangle are 7 cm and 10 cm. Between which two numbers can length of the third side fall?

### Answer:

- 1. The sum of the two sides of a triangle is \_\_\_\_\_\_ than the third side of the triangle. Therefore, the third side should be \_\_\_\_\_ (less/ greater) than sum of other two sides. Here, sum of the two sides = \_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_ = \_\_\_ Therefore, the length of the third side is less than \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. The difference of the two sides of a triangle is \_\_\_\_\_\_ than the third side of the triangle.

  Therefore, the third side should be \_\_\_\_\_ (less/ greater) than sum of other two sides.

  Here, difference of the two sides = \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_

  Therefore, the length of the third side is greater than \_\_\_\_\_

Therefore, length of the third side is greater than \_\_\_\_\_\_ but less than \_\_\_\_\_

Hi, here in this video you will learn Basics of 3D model



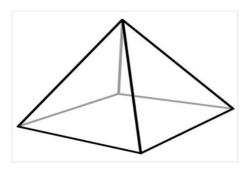
Question: 16 .....

A point at which two or more lines segments meet is called \_\_\_\_\_(Vertex/ edges/ faces).

Answer:

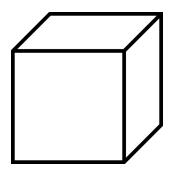
has two end point (line/line segment/ray).

A \_\_\_\_\_\_is a point where two or more line segments meet(Vertex/ edges/ faces). Mark the vertices in the diagram,



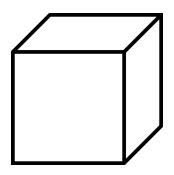
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Question:	1 /	

Mark and find the number of vertices, edges and faces in a cube.



## Answer:

Mark the vertex, edges and faces in a cube.



Count the number	of vertex,	edges and faces in a cube.	
Cube have	vertices,	edges and	faces.

# Question: 18 .....

How many vertices, edges and faces does dices have?



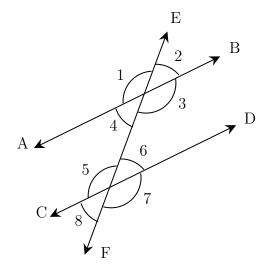
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The shape of d	ice is	·	
Dices have	vertices,	edges and	faces

# Hi, here in this video you will learn Basics of Transversal angle



### Question: 19



#### Answer:

A line that intersects two or more lines at distinct points is called a \_\_\_\_\_ (transversal/Intersecting line).

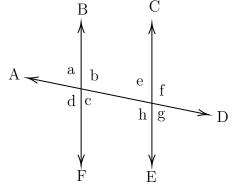
Angle that lies on different vertices and on the opposite sides of transversal is \_\_\_\_\_ angles.

Angle that lies on different vertices and on the same sides of transversal is \_\_\_\_\_ angles. Therefore,  $\angle 1$  and  $\angle 7$  are \_\_\_\_

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# Question: 20

Find the transversal, alternate angles and corresponding angles in a given diagram.



#### Answer:

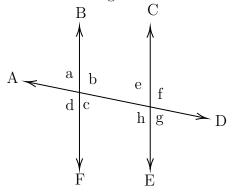
A line that intersects two or more lines at distinct points is called a \_\_\_\_\_ (transversal/Intersecting line).

In a given diagram, \_\_\_\_\_ is a transversal line. (BF/AD/CE)

Alternate angles	Corresponding angles
$\angle a$ and $\angle g$ , $\angle b$ and $\angle h$ ,	$\angle$ a and $\angle$ e, $\angle$ b and $\angle$ f,

Question:	21
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Find  $\angle e$  and  $\angle g$  if  $\angle a = 30^{\circ}$ .



#### Answer:

When parallel lines cut by a transversal,

- (i) Alternate angles are \_\_\_\_\_ (equal / not equal).
- (ii) Corresponding angles are \_\_\_\_\_ (equal / not equal).

Here, alternate angle of ∠a is \_\_\_\_\_\_ and its value is \_\_\_\_\_. Corresponding angle of  $\angle a$  is \_\_\_\_\_ and its value is \_\_\_\_.

Hi, here in this video you will learn Pythagoras property



Question:	22
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In a right angled triangle, square of the \_\_\_\_\_ = sum of the squares of the legs.

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#### Answer:

Pythagoras theorem is only applicable for \_\_\_\_\_ triangle. Longest side of the triangle is \_\_\_\_\_ (hypotenuse/legs) and other two sides are called  $_{\rm max}$  (hypotenuse/ legs).

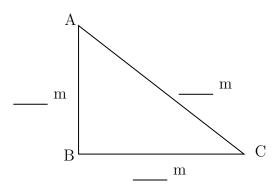
Pythagoras theorem states that \_\_\_\_\_

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## Question: 23

Find the hypotenuse of the triangle ABC if base is 12 m and altitude is 5 m.

#### Answer:



Pythagoras theorem states that square of the \_\_\_\_\_ = sum of the squares of its

 $Given: Base = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, Altitude = \underline{\hspace{1cm}},$ 

Base and altitude are \_\_\_\_\_ (hypotenuse/ legs) of the triangle.

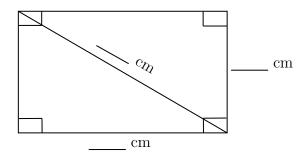
By Pythagoras theorem, 
$$(____)^2 = (____)^2 + (____)^2$$
  
 $= ___ + ___$ 

Therefore, hypotenuse of the triangle is \_\_\_\_\_.

Question: 24 .....

Find the length of the rectangle, if breadth is  $3~\mathrm{cm}$  and diagonal is  $5~\mathrm{cm}$ .

Answer:



Pythagoras theorem states that square on the \_\_\_\_\_ = sum of the squares on

Is Pythagoras theorem applicable in rectangle? \_\_\_\_ ( yes/ no).

Given: breadth = \_\_\_\_\_, length of diagonal = \_\_\_\_\_

By Pythagoras theorem,  $(____)^2 = (____)^2 + (____)^2$  $= ___ + ___$ 

Therefore, diagonal of the rectangle is \_\_\_\_\_

# Number system

Topics to be Improved		
Operations on rational numbers  Subtraction of rational numbers		
Law of Exponents	Law of Exponents	
Fractions	Multiplication of fractions, Division of fraction	
Positive and negative rational numbers  Identification of positive rational numbers		
Introduction to rational numbers	Basics of rational numbers	

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Operation on rational numbers** 



Question: 25

Solve:  $\frac{-3}{3} + \frac{1}{3}$ 

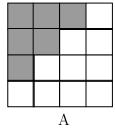
#### Answer:

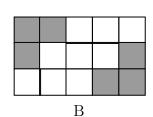
Fractions with same denominators are called \_\_\_\_\_\_ (like/ unlike) fractions. Fraction can be added only if they are \_\_\_\_\_\_ (like/ unlike) fractions.

$$\frac{-3}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{\phantom{-3}}{\phantom{-3}} =$$

Question: 26

Find the addition of shaded part of box A and shaded part of box B.





# Answer:

Total number of square in box  $A = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ . Number of shaded square in box  $A = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ . Shaded part of box A in fraction  $= \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ . Total number of square in box  $B = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ . Number of shaded square in box  $B = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ . Shaded part of box B in fraction  $= \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ . Shaded part of box A + B baded part of box  $B = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ 

Question: 27 .....

Find the missing values in the given figure.

$$= \begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} \\ \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \end{array} \begin{array}{c} \\ \end{array} \begin{array}{c}$$

Answer:

Given:  $1 = \frac{7}{10} + \underline{\phantom{0}}$ Transposing  $\frac{7}{10}$  to other sides,  $1 = \frac{7}{10} = \underline{\phantom{0}}$ Therefore, result is  $\underline{\phantom{0}}$ .

Hi, here in this video you will learn Law of exponents



Question: 28

 $(x)^0$  is equal to \_\_\_\_\_\_.

Answer:

\_\_\_\_\_ (Exponents/Base) tells us how many times a number should be multiplied by itself to get the desired result.

In 
$$(x)^0$$
 base = \_\_\_\_\_  
Power = \_\_\_\_

Any number or variable with power zero is equal to \_\_\_\_\_. Therefore,  $(x)^0$  equal to \_\_\_\_\_.

Question: 29

i. 
$$a^m \times a^n = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

ii.  $a^m \div a^n = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ 

## Answer:

Multiplication of two numbers with same base with different power, their exponents are  $\_\_\_\_$  (added/ subtracted)

Division of two numbers with same base with different power, their exponents are \_\_\_\_\_\_(added/ subtracted).

## $Question:\ 30$

Circle the result of the expression  $(a^0 \times b^1) + (m^1 \times n^0) + (x^0 \times y^1)$ 

$$a+n+x$$
 bmy  $1$   $ab+mn+xy$   $0$   $anx$   $b+m+y$ 

## Answer:

Any number with power zero is equal to\_\_\_\_\_\_ (One/ Zero).

Any number with power one is equal to \_\_\_\_\_\_ (same/ different) number.

Hi, here in this video you will learn Multiplication on fractions



Question: 31

Fill the boxes

$$2 + 4 + \frac{6}{2} = \frac{2}{\Box} + \frac{4}{\Box} + \frac{3}{\Box} = \frac{\Box}{\Box} = 9$$

#### Answer:

The whole number can be expressed in fraction with denominator equal to \_\_\_\_\_ (zero/one). Therefore, 2 can be written as \_\_\_\_ in fraction.

4 can be written as \_\_\_\_\_ in fraction.

$$2+4+\frac{6}{2} = \frac{2}{1} + \frac{4}{\square} + \dots = \frac{2}{1} + \frac{4}{\square} + \frac{3}{\square} = \frac{\square}{\square} = 9$$

Question: 32

There are 400 students in a school. Find the number of girls, if three sixteenth of the students are girls.

### Answer:

Total number of students = \_\_\_\_\_ Fraction of students who are girls = \_\_\_\_\_

Number of girls 
$$=$$
  $\boxed{ }$   $\times$   $\boxed{ }$   $=$   $\boxed{ }$ 

Question: 33

Solve :  $2\frac{7}{4} \times \frac{2}{3}$ 

### Answer:

 $2\frac{7}{4}$  is a \_\_\_\_\_ (proper / mixed) fraction. Here, 2 is \_\_\_\_\_, 7 is \_\_\_\_ and 4 is \_\_\_\_.

To convert mixed fraction into improper fraction,  $\frac{\text{(Whole} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}}) + \text{Numerator}}{\text{Denominator}}$ Improper fraction of  $2\frac{7}{4} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ 

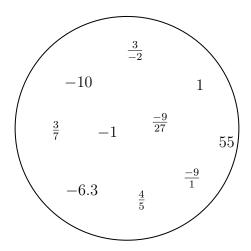
$$2\frac{7}{4} \times \frac{2}{3} = \boxed{\qquad} \times \frac{2}{3} = \boxed{\qquad}$$

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Positive and Negative rational numbers** 



Question: 34

Segregate positive and negative rational number.



## Answer:

	or and the denominator tive/negative) rational r	of a rational number are negative number.	e, then it is
In the given circle, positive	rational numbers are _	and negative ratio	nal numbers are
Question: $35$		er positive nor negative) rational	number
Answer:	bilive / negative / nertine	or positive nor negative, rational	number.
	mber, -4 is a	number.	
$-3$ is a number of $\frac{-3}{-4} = \boxed{\boxed{}}$ and	this	_ rational number.	
(Positive / Nega	ative / Neither positive	nor negative rational number)	
Question: 36			
The product of a positive rational number. (Positive		egative rational number istive nor negative)	
$\underline{Answer:}$			
Examples for positive ratio Examples for negative ratio Positive rational number × rational number	onal numbers: Negative rational numb		and this is
Hi, here in this video	you will learn <b>Divi</b> s	sion on fractions	
Question: 37			
Find the shape which conta	ains the improper fraction	on of $5\frac{2}{7}$ .	
$\frac{10}{35}$	$\frac{10}{7}$	$\left(\begin{array}{c} 37 \\ 7 \end{array}\right)$	
$\underline{Answer:}$			
$5\frac{2}{7}$ is a (property Here, 5 is ,	oper/mixed) fraction. 2 is an	ad 7 is	
To convert mixed fraction	nto improper fraction,	( Whole ×)+Numerate	or
5 –	<u>2</u> = ( ×	) + =	

Question: 38

Solve:  $\frac{1}{3} \div \frac{14}{3}$ 

## Answer:

To divide a fraction by another fraction, multiply the dividend by  $\_\_\_$  ( same / reciprocal) of the divisor. Here, dividend =  $\_\_$  and divisor =  $\_\_$ .

$$\frac{1}{3} \div \frac{14}{3} = \frac{1}{3} \times \boxed{\square} = \boxed{\square}$$

.....

Question: 39

Find the half of the fraction  $\frac{12}{40}$ .

#### Answer:

To find half of a number, divide the number by \_\_\_\_\_

$$\frac{12}{40} \div \underline{\phantom{0}} = \frac{12}{40} \times \overline{\underline{\phantom{0}}} = \overline{\underline{\phantom{0}}}$$

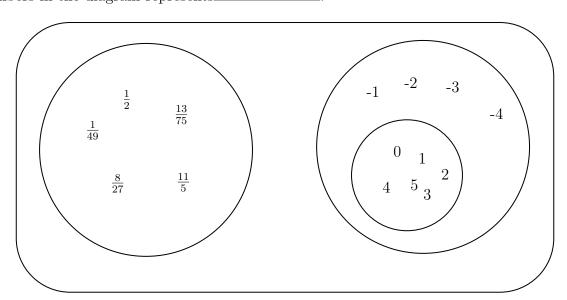
Then the answer is \_\_\_\_\_

Hi, here in this video you will learn Basics of rational numbers



Question: 40

The numbers in the diagram represents\_\_\_\_\_.



Answer:	
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0, 4,5,2,3,1 are \_\_\_\_\_ numbers.

-1,-2, -3, -4 are \_\_\_\_\_ numbers.

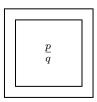
The combination of these circles are called \_\_\_\_\_\_.

 $\frac{1}{49}$ ,  $\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $\frac{8}{27}$ ,  $\frac{11}{5}$ ,  $\frac{13}{75}$  are \_\_\_\_\_\_.

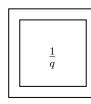
Combination of all three circles are called as \_\_\_\_\_ numbers.

## Question: 41

Shade the correct form of rational numbers.











## Answer:

Rational number can be expressed as \_\_\_\_\_\_, where both numerator and denominator are \_\_\_\_\_ (integer/ not a integer),

.....

denominator is equal to \_\_\_\_\_( zero/ one/ any integer other than zero).

# Question: 42

Circle the number which is not a rational number.

$$\frac{-5}{-8}$$

$$\frac{12}{-6}$$

## Answer:

Rational number can be expressed as \_\_\_\_\_\_, where both numerator and denominator are \_\_\_\_\_(integer/ not a integer), denominator is equal to \_\_\_\_\_\_ ( zero/ one/ any integer

Here, \_\_\_\_\_\_ is/are rational number and \_\_\_\_\_ is/are not a rational number.

# Comparing Quantities

Topics to be Improved		
Conversion of fraction into percentage	Conversion of fraction into percentage	
Simple interest	Calculation of simple interest	

Hi, here in this video you will learn Converting fraction into percentage



Question:	13
$\omega u c s u u u u$ .	40

Complete the box in the given equation.

$$5\% = \frac{5}{}$$

### Answer:

Percentage are the fraction with the denominator \_\_\_\_\_\_.

Therefore, 5% can be expressed as \_\_\_\_\_

Question: 44

Mark the correct conversion form of fraction  $\frac{1}{2}$  to percentage.

(i) 
$$\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{50}{50} = \frac{50}{100} = 50\%$$

(ii) 
$$\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{100}{100} = \frac{100}{200} = 200\%$$

(iii) 
$$\frac{1}{2} \times 100 = \frac{100}{2} = 50\%$$

## Answer:

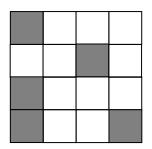
To convert fraction into percentage, the value of \_\_\_\_\_\_ (denominator / numerator)should be 100 or \_\_\_\_\_ ( multiply / divide) the fraction with 100 %.

Therefore, correct conversion form is

Therefore, correct conversion form is \_\_\_\_\_

 $\underline{Question:~45}$ 

Find the percentage of shaded part of square.



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The square shape is divided into parts.	
Number of shaded part of square is	
Shaded part of square in fraction is	
To Convert — into percentage , — —	x 100
Hi, here in this video you will learn <b>Simple Intere</b>	est

# Question: 46

Match the following.

Column A				
i	Principle(P)			
ii	Amount (A)			
iii	Rate (R)			
iv	Time period (T)			

Column B					
a	Interest calculated based on this				
b	Total sum you borrow				
С	Number of years				
d	Total sum with interest				

Answer:
---------

Formula for calculating simple interest $=$
Interest calculated based on
Total sum you borrow is known as
Number of years is Total sum with interest is
Question: 47
Sara deposited Rs 1200 in a bank. After three years, she received Rs 1320. Find the interest she

 $\underline{Answer:}$ 

earned.

If Amount and princi	, Principle = ple is given, then formul =	a for calculating	ng interest is _	
Question: 48				
The simple interest or	n Rs.5000 for 3 years is l	Rs.1350. Find	the rate of inte	erest.
Answer:				
Interest =	$_{}$ , Time period = $_{-}$		$\frac{1}{2}$ , Principal = $\frac{1}{2}$	
Rate of interest = -	x 100 Principal x			
Substituting values in	the formula,			
Rate of interest = -	x 100  Principal x			
Rate of interest = Therefore, the rate of	interest is	%		

# Algebra

Topics to be Improved					
Basics of simple equation	Solving of simple equation				
Addition and subtraction of algebraic expressions	Like terms and Unlike terms				
subtraction of algebraic expressions	subtraction of algebraic expressions				

Hi,	here in	this	video	you	will	learn	Solving	an	equation
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Question:	49

If ©=5, then 5 © +5 =

## Answer:

The value of the given smiley  $\odot$  is \_\_\_\_\_.

Substituting the value in the expression  $= 5(\underline{\hspace{1cm}}) + 5 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ .

## Question: 50

Which of the following number can be placed in the box to make the equation correct (-2, -1, 0, 1, 2)

.....

 $7 \Box + 3 = -4$ 

#### Answer:

The given equation is  $7 \pm 3 = -4$  Substitute the values (-2, -1, 0, 1, 2) in the circle,

7× \_\_\_\_+3= \_\_\_\_

 $7 \times \_\_+3 = \_\_$ 

 $7 \times$  \_\_\_\_+3 = \_\_\_\_

 $7 \times \_\_+3 = \_\_$ 

 $7 \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 3 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ Therefore,  $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$  is the number that can be placed in a box to make the equation correct.

# $\underline{Question: 51}$

Arrange the terms in the descending order when the value of x is 2.

### Answer:

The given expression are \_\_\_\_\_

The value of x is \_\_\_\_\_.

substituting value of x

$$2x = 2 \times \underline{\phantom{a}} = \underline{\phantom{a}}$$

$$x + 3 = \underline{\phantom{a}} = \underline{\phantom{a}}$$

$$2x - 4 = 2 \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} - 4 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$
 $\frac{1}{2}x = \frac{1}{2} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ 

$$5x \times 1 = 5 \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times 1 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

Arranging in descending order: \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_.

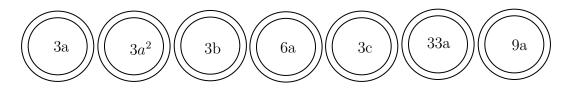
Their respective algebraic terms are \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_.

Hi, here in this video you will learn Addition on expression



Question: 52

Shade the like terms.



Answer:

Given terms are \_\_\_\_\_

Two or more term have \_\_\_\_\_ ( same/ different) variables is called like terms.

Here, like terms are \_\_\_\_\_\_.

<u>Question: 53</u> .....

Complete the expression  $7r^2 + r \square - 2 \square = \underline{r^2}$ 

Answer:

\_\_\_\_\_ (Like / Unlike) terms can be added or subtracted.

$$7r^2 + r \Box - 2 \Box = (7 + \underline{ } - 2)r^2 = \underline{ }$$

Question: 54 .....

Sam have 3a chocolates and 9y icecream. Ram have 7a chocolates and 5y icecream.

- (i) Total chocolates Ram and Sam have: \_\_\_\_\_.
- (ii) How many ice creams Sam have more than Ram : \_\_\_\_\_ .

Answer:

	Chocolates	Icecream
Sam		
Ram		

(i)	Total chocolates Ram and Sam have :
	Ram's chocolate + Sam's chocolates = + =

(ii)	How	many	icecreams	s Sam	have more	than Ram:				
				icecrea	m	$_{-}$ icecream =	=	 	= .	

Hi, here in this video you will learn Subtraction on expression



_		
One	estion	: 55

Find the sum of two expressions a + b + c and b + c + d

#### Answer:

The given two expressions are and
The two terms will get added only if they are( Like/ Unlike) terms
The sum of two expressions $=$ $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ $+$ $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ .
The answer is

Question: 56

	School A	School B
Number of boys	100b	250b
Number of girls	150g	200g
Number of teachers	25t	45t

- (i) Total number of boys in school A and B is \_\_\_\_\_
- (ii) Total number of students in school B is \_\_\_\_\_
- (iii) How many more teachers are there in school B than school A? \_\_\_\_\_

#### Answer:

- (i) Number of boys in school A = \_\_\_\_\_,
  - Number of boys in school  $B = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$

Total number of boys in school A and school B is  $\_\_\_$  +  $\_\_\_$  =  $\_\_\_$ .

- (ii) Number of boys in school B = \_\_\_\_\_,
  - Number of girls in school  $B = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ .

Total number of students in school B is  $\_\_\_$  +  $\_\_\_$  =  $\_\_\_$ .

(iii) Number of teachers more in school B than school A = Teachers in school B - Teachers in school A =  $\_\_$ .

Question: 57 .....

Solve the following:

$$\begin{array}{ccc}
 & 3a - 5b \\
 & 5a - 7b \\
 & -2a - \underline{\hspace{1cm}}
\end{array}$$

Answer:

The two terms will get added only if they are \_\_\_\_\_ (like/unlike) terms.

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
13x + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \\
(+) & 12x + 10y \\
\underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 25y
\end{array}$$