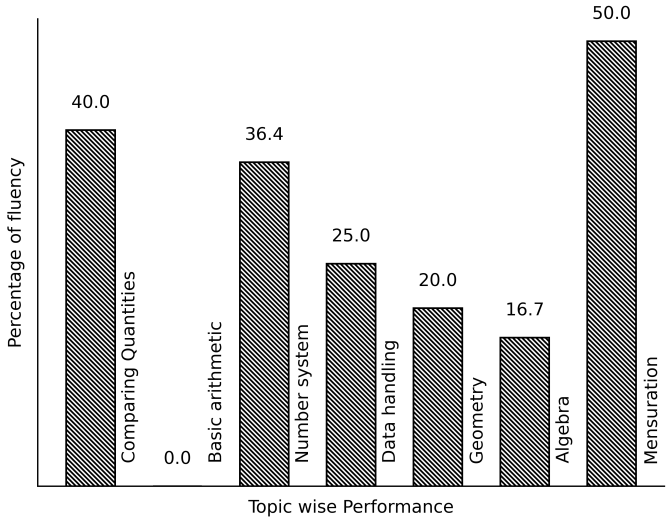
LaPIS Diagnostic Test Workbook - Mathematics

Name	**:**	**Dharankumar S**
Class	**:**	**7**
Section	**:**	**B**
School	**:**	**AKV Public School**
Login ID	**:**	**AKV136**

Dharankumar S's Performance Report



Score: 11/40 **Percentage: 27.5%**

Dharankumar S's Study Planner

Date	Topics Planned	Q. Numbers	Teacher Remark	Teacher Sign	Parent Sign

Teacher's Feedback to Student

Class Teacher Signature

Principal Signature

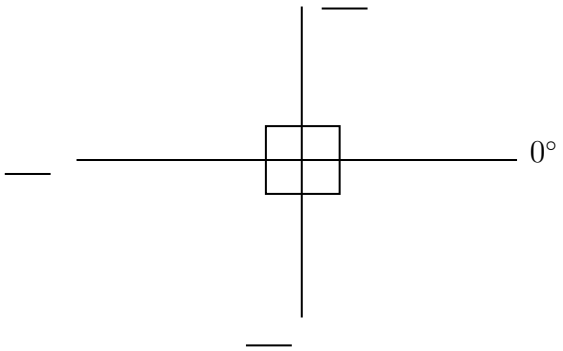
Basic arithmetic

Topics to be Improved	
Types of angles	Identification of types of angles
LCM	Finding LCM

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Types of Angles**

Question: 1

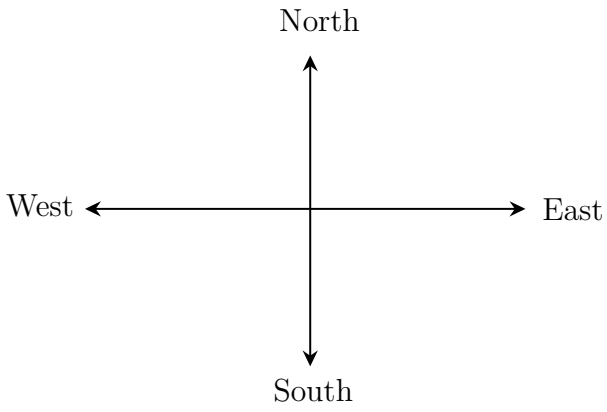
Find the angles.



Answer:

The angle ranges from ___° to ___°.
The angle perpendicular to 0° is ___°.
The straight line measures ___°.

Question: 2



The angle formed between the directions

(i) West and East is _____ angle.

(ii) North and East is _____ angle.

(iii) East and South is _____ angle.

Answer:

The angle formed between West and East is ___° and it is called _____ angle.
The angle formed between North and East is ___° and it is called _____ angle.
The angle formed between East and South is ___° and it is called _____ angle.

Question: 3 .....

The addition of straight angle and right angle is _____ angle.

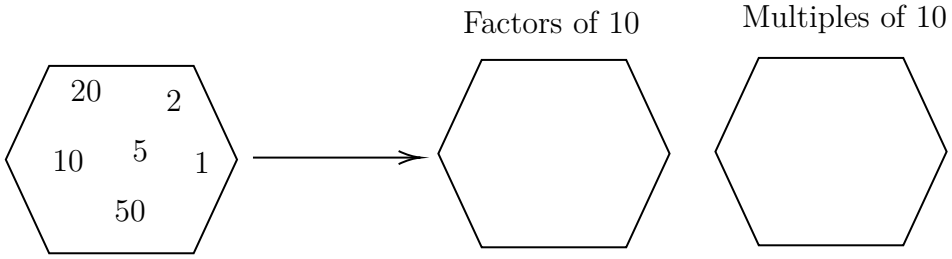
Answer:

The measurement of straight angle is _____°
The measurement of right angle is _____°.
Straight angle + Right angle = _____ + _____ = _____
It is called as _____ angle.

Hi, here in this video you will learn **LCM**

Question: 4 .....

Fill the hexagon with factors and multiples of 10.



Answer:

A _____ (factor/multiple) of a number is an exact divisor of that number.

The factors of 10 are

10 x 1 = ___	___ x ___ = 10
2 x ___ = 10	___ x ___ = 10

Let's find the multiple of 10

10 x 1 = ___	10 x 4 = ___
10 x 2 = ___	10 x 5 = ___
10 x 3 = ___	10 x 6 = ___

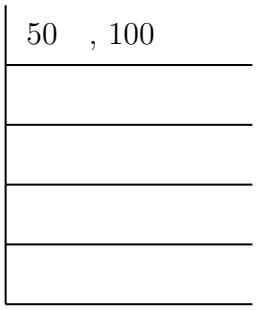
Therefore, factors of 10 are _____ and multiples of 10 are _____.

Question: 5 .....

Find the LCM of 50, 100.

Answer:

Complete the division using least common multiple.



The LCM of 50, 100 is 2 x 2 x ___ x ___.

Question: 6 .....

Every number is the multiple of _____

Answer:

Let's find the first ten multiple of random numbers,

Multiple of 1 = _____
Multiple of 2 = _____
Multiple of 13 = _____
Multiple of 20 = _____

Here, _____ is the common factor of every number.

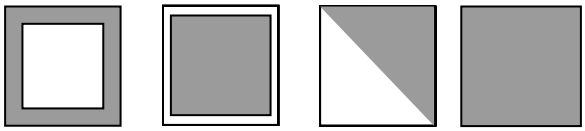
Mensuration

Topics to be Improved	
Area	Area of rectangle

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Area**

Question: 7 .....

Find which of the shaded portion in the given shape represent it's area.



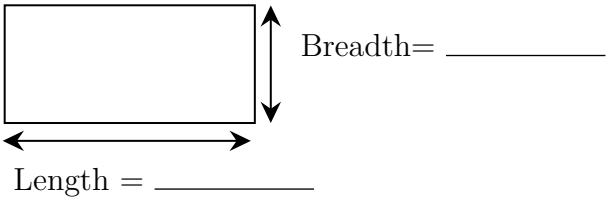
Answer:

Given figure is _____ in shape.
Area is the _____ (inside/ outside/ boundary) of a shape.

Question: 8 .....

Find the area of a rectangular garden whose dimension is 25 ft in length and 20 ft in breadth.

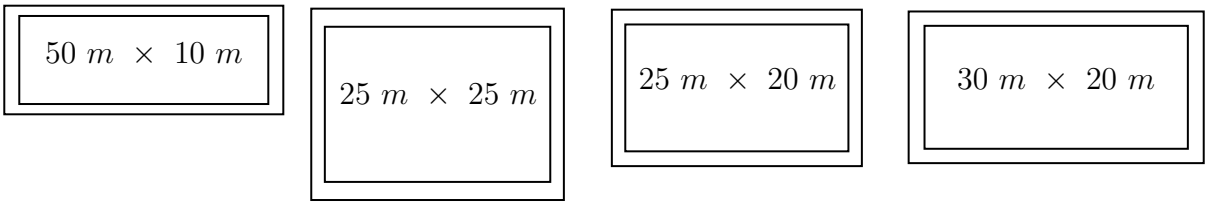
Answer:



The garden is in _____ shape.
Length of garden is _____ and breadth of garden is _____.
Formula for area of the shape = _____.
The area of garden = _____ x _____ = _____ cm^2

Question: 9 .....

Shade the possible dimension of the door whose area is 500 m^2



Answer:

Door is _____ in shape. Area of the _____ shaped door is _____.

Dimensions	Length	Breadth	Area
50m × 10m			
25m × 25m			
25m × 20m			
30m × 20m			

Therefore, possible dimension of the door whose area is 500 m^2 is/are _____

Data handling

Topics to be Improved	
Chance of probability	Basis of probability, Sample space in probability
Range	Finding the range

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Basics of probability**

Question: 10 .....

Identify the sure events and impossible events

(i) The sun rises in the west.

(ii) Water is colourless.

(iii) Clock rotates in clock wise direction.

(iv) Ball is square in shape.

Answer:

Events that always occur are called _____ (sure/ impossible) events.
Events that cannot occur are called _____ (sure/ impossible) events.
Here, The sun rises in the west is _____ event. Water is colourless is _____ event.
Clock rotates in clock wise direction is _____ event. Ball is square in shape is _____ event.

Question: 11 .....

Probability of sure events is _____ (greater / smaller) than probability of impossible events.

Answer:

Probability of sure event = _____(0/ 1/ any number).
Probability of impossible event = _____ (0/ 1/ any number).
Therefore, Probability of sure event _____ Probability of impossible event.

Question: 12 .....

Raju has pencil, an eraser, a scale, sharpener, colour pencil and protractor in his box. What is the probability of getting a pen from his box.

Answer:

Things Raju have _____
Does Raju have pen in his box,_____ (Yes/ No).
Then probability of getting pen from his box is _____ (0/1)

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Range**

Question: 13 .....

Range of the data = _____ − _____

Answer:

The difference between highest value and lowest value is _____.
Example: Find the range of 10, 5, 30, 23, 54, 39 and 16
Highest value = _____ , Lowest value = _____ .
Range = _____ − _____ = _____.

Question: 14 .....

Circle the correct range for the following data 31, -20, 35, -38, 29, 0, 43, -25, 51, 14, 9

$-20 + 51$ $\quad \frac{-38-51}{2}$ $\quad 51 + 38$ $\quad \frac{51+20}{2}$

Answer:

Range = _____ - _____.
Arranging the data in ascending order, _____
In the given data,
Highest value = ___ , Lowest value = ___ , Range = _____ − _____ = _____

Question: 15 .....

Find the range of first 10 multiple of 5.

Answer:

First 10 multiple of 5 = _____
Therefore,
Highest value = _____ , Lowest value = _____ , Range = _____ − _____ = _____

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Basics of probability**

Question: 16 .....

Which of the following contains list of all possible outcomes.

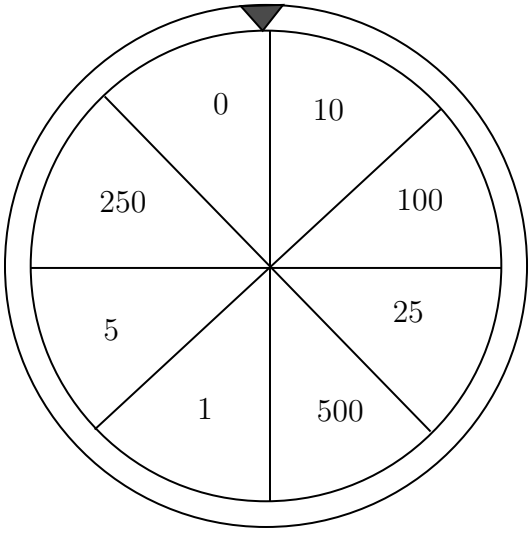
Probability	Sample space	Sure events	Impossible events

Answer:

Probability is the measure of _____ (chance /number) of an events happenings.
Sample space consists of _____ (possible/ impossible) outcomes.
Sure events always _____ (occurs/don't occurs).
Impossible events _____ (occurs/ don't occurs).
Therefore, _____ contains list of possible outcomes.

Question: 17 .....

Write the possible outcomes while spinning the given wheel.



Answer:

Outcomes are _____ (possible/impossible) results of an experiment.
The possible outcomes while spinning wheel are ₹0, ₹10, _____

Question: 18 .....

A bag contains three balss of colour blue, green and red. Write the possible outcomes if two balls are taken out.

Answer:

A bag contains _____, _____ and _____ balls.
If one of the ball is blue in colour, then other ball can be _____ or _____
If one of the ball is green in colour, then other ball can be _____ or _____.
If one of the ball is red in colour, then other ball can be _____ or _____.
Therefore, if two balls are taken out then possible outcomes are blue + _____ ,
_____ + _____, _____ + _____,

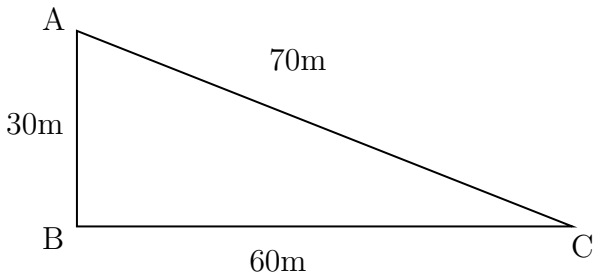
Geometry

Topics to be Improved	
Sum of lengths of two sides of a triangle	Sum of two sides of a triangle
Criteria for congruence of triangle	Idenfication of criteria of congruence of triangles
Related angles	Complementary angles, Basic of angles
Transversal angle made by transversal	Basics of Transversal angle
Angle sum property of triangle	Angle sum property of triangle
Right angle triangle and pythagoras property	Basics of Pythagoras property
Faces vertex and edges	Idenfication of faces,edges and vertices

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Sum of the length of sides of the triangle**

Question: 19 .....

Find the greatest distance to reach C from A in the given diagram.



Answer:

The sides of the given triangle are _____.
The possible way to reach point C from point A are _____ and AB then to _____
Side AC = _____
Side AB + BC = _____ + _____ = _____
Therefore, the greatest distance to reach C from A in the given diagram is _____.

Question: 20 .....

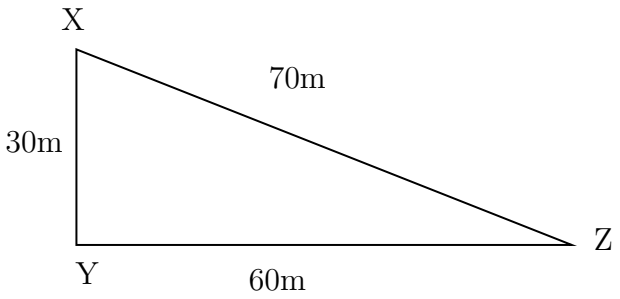
_____ (Sum of / Difference between) the length of any two sides of a triangle is smaller than the length of the third side.

Answer:

There are _____ sides in a triangle.
The sum of the two sides of a triangle is _____ than the other side of the triangle.
The difference of the two sides of a triangle is _____ than the other side of the triangle.
Example: In triangle XYZ,

XY + YZ ☐ XZ (<,>, =)

YZ - XY ☐ XZ (<, >, =)



Question: 21 .....

The lengths of two sides of a triangle are 7 cm and 10 cm. Between which two numbers can length of the third side fall?

Answer:

1. The sum of the two sides of a triangle is _____ than the third side of the triangle.
   Therefore, the third side should be _____(less/ greater) than sum of other two sides.
   Here, sum of the two sides = _____ + _____ = _____
   Therefore, the length of the third side is less than _____

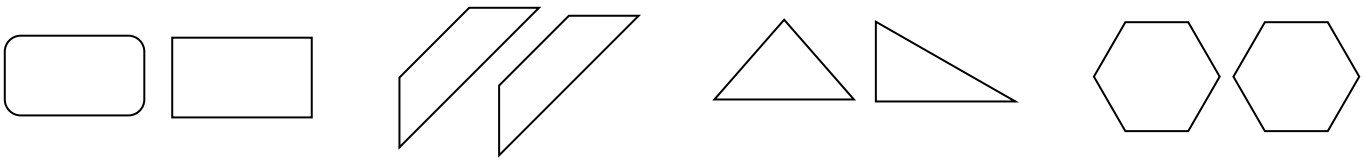
2. The difference of the two sides of a triangle is _____ than the third side of the triangle.
   Therefore, the third side should be _____(less/ greater) than sum of other two sides.
   Here, difference of the two sides = _____ - _____ = _____
   Therefore, the length of the third side is greater than _____

Therefore, length of the third side is greater than _____ but less than _____.

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Criteria of congruence**

Question: 22 .....

Circle the groups that contain congruent images.



Answer:

Two geometrical shapes are said to be congruent if they are _____ (identical/non-identical) in shapes and size.
Example: Square and Rectangle are _____ (congruent/not congruent).

Question: 23 .....

If the three sides of the triangle are equal to the corresponding sides of the other triangle, then two triangles are congruent under _____ (SSS/ASA/SAS) criteria .

Answer:

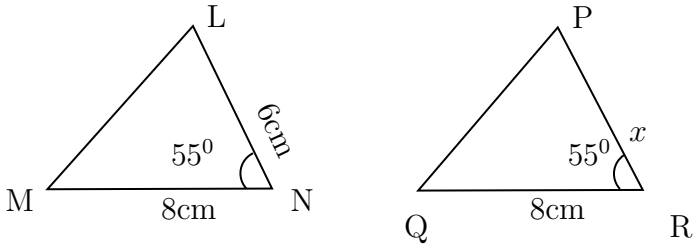
Two triangle are _____ (congruent/not congruent) if they are identical in shapes and size.
Criteria for congruence of triangles are SSS, _____ and _____.

1. In SSS Congruence criteria - ___ (2/ 3/ 5) sides of the triangle are _____ (equal/ not equal) to the three corresponding sides of the other triangle.
2. In SAS Congruence criteria - ___(2/ 3/ 5) sides and _____ (one/two) angle between them are equal to the corresponding sides and the included angle of the other triangle.
3. In ASA Congruence criteria - ___ (2/ 3/ 5) angles and _____ (one/two) side between them are equal to the corresponding angles and the included side of the other triangle.

SSS	_____ sides and _____ angles are equal
SAS	_____ sides and _____ angles are equal
ASA	_____ sides and _____ angles are equal

Question: 24 .....

The triangles LNM and PRQ are congruent by SAS criteria. Then find the side PR



Answer:

The given two triangles satisfy _____ criteria of congruence.
By SAS congruence criteria, MN = _____ , _____ and $\angle N$ = _____
The side MN=8 cm in ΔLNM is equal to the side _____ in $\triangle PRQ$
The common included angle in $\triangle$ LNM and $\triangle PRQ$ are _____

The side PR is equal to the side in _____ ΔLNM.
Therefore, length of side $PR =$ _____

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Related Angles**

Question: 25 .....

1. Two angles are complementary if their sum is equal to _____.
2. Two angles are supplementary if their sum is equal to _____.

Answer:

1. When sum of the two angles is equal to 90°, they are called as _____ angle.
   Example : 45° and 45°, _____, and _____.
2. When sum of the two angles is equal to 180°, they are called as _____ angle.
   Example : 90° and 90°, _____, and _____.

Question: 26 .....

Shade the complementary angles.

85°, 95°	45°, 45°	6°, 84°	73°, 107°	36°, 64°	90°, 90°

Answer:

Two angles are said be complementary if the sum of their angles are equal to _____.

$85° + 95° =$ _____ and this is _____ (a / not a) complementary angles.
$45° + 45° =$ _____ and this is _____ angles.
$6° + 84° =$ _____ and this is _____ angles.
$73° + 107° =$ _____ and this is _____ angles.
$36° + 64° =$ _____ and this is _____ angles.
$90° + 90° =$ _____ and this is _____ angles.

Question: 27 .....

Find the complement and supplement of 15° and 90°

Answer:

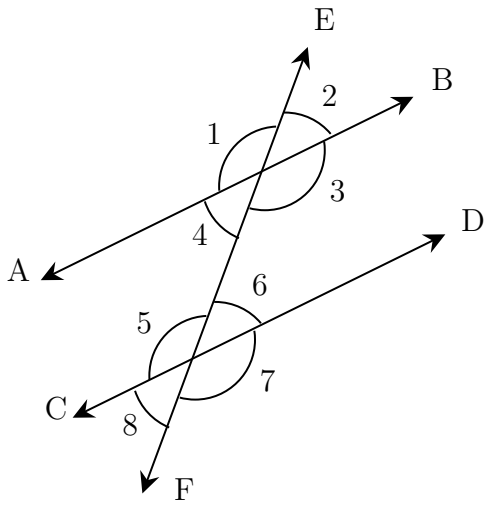
One angle is _____ (complements / supplements) to other angle, when sum of the two angles is equal to 90°.
One angle is _____ (complements / supplements) to other angle, when sum of the two angles is equal to 180°.

Complement of 15° = _____, Complement of 90° = _____.
Supplement of 15° = _____, Supplement of 90° = _____

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Basics of Transversal angle**

Question: 28 .....

In given diagram, ∠ 1 and ∠ 7 are _____ (alternate / corresponding) angles.

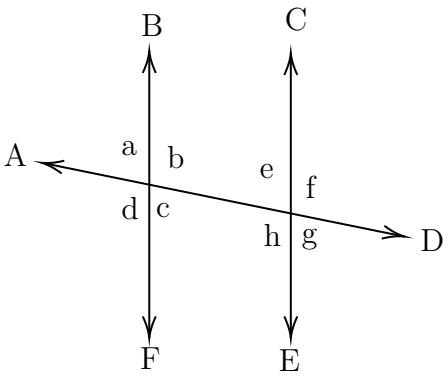


Answer:

A line that intersects two or more lines at distinct points is called a _____ (transversal/ Intersecting line).
Angle that lies on different vertices and on the opposite sides of transversal is _____ angles.
Angle that lies on different vertices and on the same sides of transversal is _____ angles.
Therefore, ∠1 and ∠7 are _____

Question: 29 .....

Find the transversal, alternate angles and corresponding angles in a given diagram.



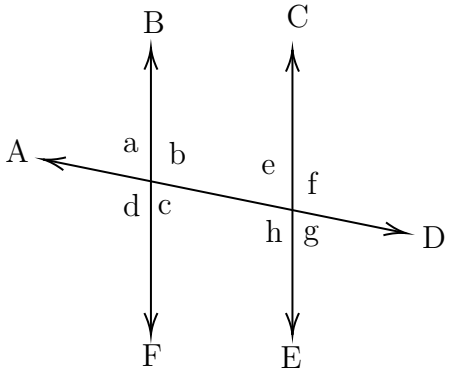
Answer:

A line that intersects two or more lines at distinct points is called a _____ (transversal/ Intersecting line).
In a given diagram, _____ is a transversal line. (BF/AD/CE)

Alternate angles	Corresponding angles
∠a and ∠g , ∠b and ∠h,	∠a and ∠e, ∠b and ∠f,

Question: 30 .....

Find ∠e and ∠g if ∠a = 30°.



Answer:

When parallel lines cut by a transversal,

(i) Alternate angles are _____ (equal / not equal).

(ii) Corresponding angles are _____ (equal / not equal).

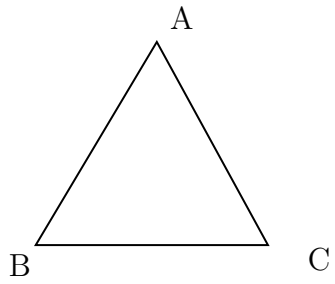
Here, alternate angle of ∠a is _____ and its value is _____.
Corresponding angle of ∠a is _____ and its value is _____.

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Angle sum property**

Question: 31 .....

Sum of the angles of triangle is _____.

Answer:

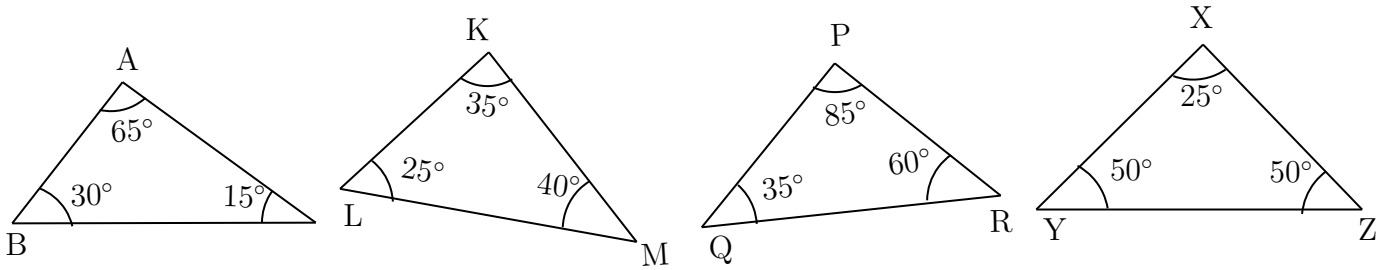


$\angle A + \angle B + \angle C =$ _____

Angle sum formula $= (n-2) \times 180°, n =$ number of sides
Triangle has _____ sides.
Sum of the angles of triangle $=$ (_____ $- 2) \times 180° =$ _____

Question: 32 .....

Which of the following triangle satisfy the angle sum property.



Answer:

Angle sum property of triangle: sum of the angles of a triangle is _____
In $\triangle ABC$, Sum of the angles $= \angle A + \angle B + \angle C =$ _____ $=$ _____
In $\triangle PQR$, Sum of the angles $=$ _____ $=$ _____ $=$ _____
In $\triangle KLM$, Sum of the angles $=$ _____ $=$ _____ $=$ _____
In $\triangle XYZ$, Sum of the angles $=$ _____ $=$ _____ $=$ _____
Therefore, the triangles that satisfy the angle sum property are $=$ _____

Question: 33 .....

Find the angles of triangle, if their angles are in the ratio 8:6:4.

Answer:

Ratio of angles in the triangle is _____
Let's consider the angles of triangle be $8x$, ___ and ___
We know sum of the angles of a triangle is ___
Therefore, $8x+$ ___ $+$ ___ $= 180°$. The value of $x =$ _____
The angles of the triangle are _____

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Pythagoras property**

Question: 34 .....

In a right angled triangle, square of the _____ = sum of the squares of the legs.

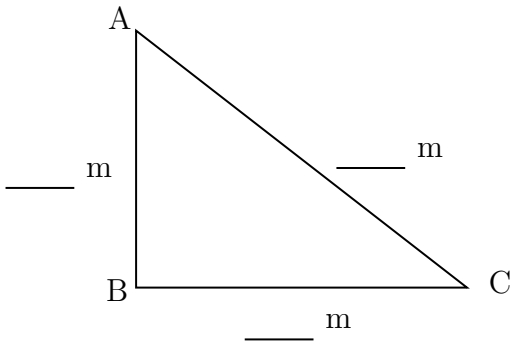
Answer:

Pythagoras theorem is only applicable for _____ triangle.
Longest side of the triangle is _____ (hypotenuse/ legs) and other two sides are called _____(hypotenuse/ legs).
Pythagoras theorem states that _____.

Question: 35 .....

Find the hypotenuse of the triangle ABC if base is 12 m and altitude is 5 m.

Answer:



Pythagoras theorem states that square of the _____ = sum of the squares of its _____.
Given: Base = _____, Altitude = _____,
Base and altitude are _____ (hypotenuse/ legs) of the triangle.

By Pythagoras theorem, $(\_\_\_\_\_)^2 = (\_\_\_\_\_)^2 + (\_\_\_\_\_)^2$

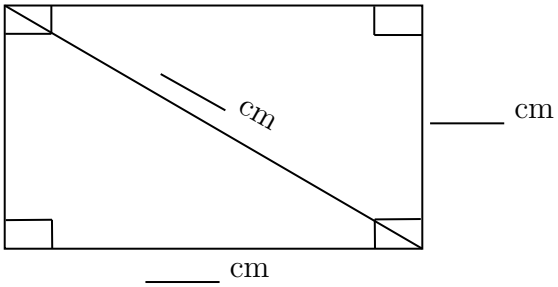
$\_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_$

Therefore, hypotenuse of the triangle is _____.

Question: 36 .....

Find the length of the rectangle, if breadth is 3 cm and diagonal is 5 cm.

Answer:



Pythagoras theorem states that square on the _____ = sum of the squares on _____.

Is Pythagoras theorem applicable in rectangle? ___ (yes/ no).

Given: breadth = _____, length of diagonal = _____

By Pythagoras theorem, $(\_\_\_\_\_)^2 = (\_\_\_\_\_)^2 + (\_\_\_\_\_)^2$

$\_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_$

Therefore, diagonal of the rectangle is _____

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Related Angles**

Question: 37 .....

(i) When two rays of an angle are perpendicular, then the angle formed between them is a _____ angle .

(ii) When two rays of an angle are in opposite sides, then the angle formed between them is a _____ angle .

Answer:

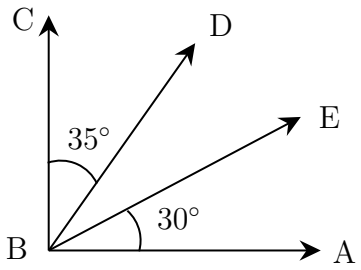
A _____ (line segment /ray) begins from one point and travels endlessly in a direction.

(i) The angle formed between two perpendicular rays is ___° and it is called _____ angle.

(ii) If two rays starting at same point moves in opposite direction, they form a _____ (straight / perpendicular) line. The measure of the angle formed is ___°and it is called _____ angles.

Question: 38 .....

Find the angle of $\angle DBE$



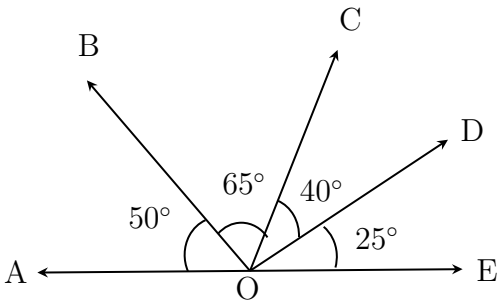
Answer:

BA and BC are _____ (parallel / perpendicular) rays.
The angle formed between this rays is ___, $\angle ABC =$ ___.

$$\begin{aligned}\angle ABC &= \angle ABE + \_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_ \\ &= 30° + \_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_ \\ &= \_\_\_\_\_ \\ \text{Therefore, } \angle DBE &= \_\_\_\_\_\end{aligned}$$

Question: 39 .....

Find the complementary angles in the given diagram.



Answer:

Two angles are said be complementary if sum of their angles is equal to _____.
$\angle AOB =$ _____, and its complement angle is _____.
$\angle BOC =$ _____, and its complement angle is _____.
$\angle COD =$ _____, and its complement angle is _____.
$\angle DOE =$ _____, and its complement angle is _____.
Therefore, in the given figure the complementary angles are $\angle AOB$, _____ and $\angle BOC$, _____

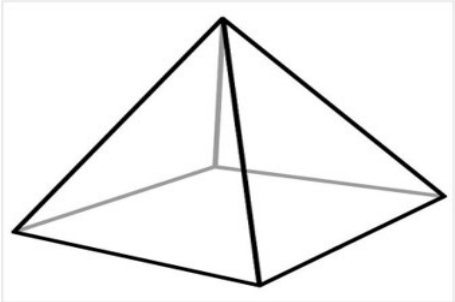
Hi, here in this video you will learn **Basics of 3D model**

Question: 40 .....

A point at which two or more lines segments meet is called _____(Vertex/ edges/ faces).

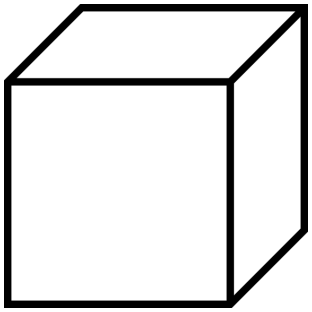
Answer:

_____ has two end point (line/line segment/ray).
A _____is a point where two or more line segments meet(Vertex/ edges/ faces).
Mark the vertices in the diagram,



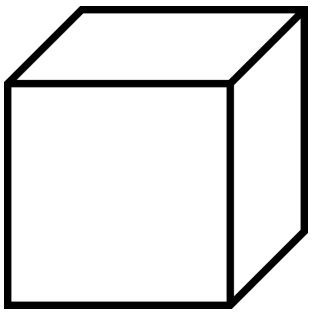
Question: 41 .....

Mark and find the number of vertices, edges and faces in a cube.



Answer:

Mark the vertex, edges and faces in a cube.



Count the number of vertex, edges and faces in a cube.
Cube have _____ vertices, _____ edges and _____ faces.

Question: 42 .....

How many vertices, edges and faces does dices have?

Answer:

The shape of dice is _____.
Dices have _____ vertices, _____ edges and _____ faces.

Number system

Topics to be Improved	
Law of Exponents	Law of Exponents
Positive and negative rational numbers	Identification of positive rational numbers
Fractions	Division of fraction, Multiplication of fractions
Exponents	Solving exponents
Operations on rational numbers	Division of rational numbers, Subtraction of rational numbers

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Law of exponents**

Question: 43 .....

$(x)^0$ is equal to _____.

Answer:

_____ (Exponents/Base) tells us how many times a number should be multiplied by itself to get the desired result.

In $(x)^0$ base = _____
Power = _____

Any number or variable with power zero is equal to _____.
Therefore, $(x)^0$ equal to _____.

Question: 44 .....

i. $a^m \times a^n =$ _____
ii. $a^m \div a^n =$ _____

Answer:

Multiplication of two numbers with same base with different power, their exponents are _____ (added/ subtracted)
Division of two numbers with same base with different power, their exponents are _____ (added/ subtracted).

Question: 45 .....

Circle the result of the expression $(a^0 \times b^1) + (m^1 \times n^0) + (x^0 \times y^1)$

$a+n+x$ bmy 1 $ab+mn+xy$ 0 anx $b+m+y$

Answer:

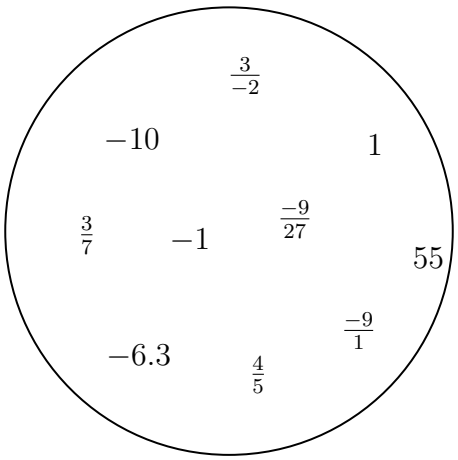
Any number with power zero is equal to_____ (One/ Zero).
Any number with power one is equal to _____ (same/ different) number.

$$\begin{aligned}\left(a^0 \times b^1\right) + \left(m^1 \times n^0\right) + \left(x^0 \times y^1\right) &= (\_\_\_\_\_) + (\_\_\_\_\_Ö\_\_\_\_\_) + (\_\_\_\_\_) \\ &= \_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_ \\ &= \_\_\_\_\_\end{aligned}$$

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Positive and Negative rational numbers**

Question: 46 .....

Segregate positive and negative rational number.



Answer:

- If both the numerator and the denominator of a rational number are _____ (positive/negative), then it is positive rational number.
- If either the numerator and the denominator of a rational number are negative, then it is _____ (positive/negative) rational number.

In the given circle, positive rational numbers are _____ and negative rational numbers are _____.

Question: 47 .....

$\frac{-3}{-4}$ is a _____ (positive /negative / neither positive nor negative) rational number.

Answer:

-3 is a _____ number, -4 is a _____ number.

Division of $\frac{\text{-3}}{\text{-4}} = \frac{\square}{\square}$ and this _____ rational number.

(Positive / Negative / Neither positive nor negative rational number)

Question: 48 .....

The product of a positive rational number and a negative rational number is _____ rational number. (Positive/ Negative/ neither positive nor negative)

Answer:

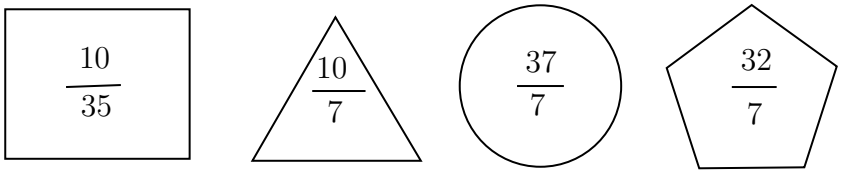
Examples for positive rational numbers: _____
Examples for negative rational numbers: _____
Positive rational number × Negative rational number = _____ × _____ = _____ and this is _____ rational number

---

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Division on fractions**

Question: 49 .....

Find the shape which contains the improper fraction of $5\frac{2}{7}$.



Answer:

$5\frac{2}{7}$ is a _____ (proper/mixed) fraction.
Here, 5 is _____ , 2 is _____ and 7 is _____.

To convert mixed fraction into improper fraction, $\frac{(\text{ Whole} \times \text{\_\_\_\_\_}) + Numerator}{Denominator}$

$$5\frac{2}{7} = \frac{(\text{\_\_\_} \times \text{\_\_\_}) + \text{\_\_\_\_\_}}{7} = \frac{\square}{\square}$$

Question: 50 .....

Solve: $\frac{1}{3} \div \frac{14}{3}$

Answer:

To divide a fraction by another fraction, multiply the dividend by _____ (same / reciprocal) of the divisor. Here, dividend = _____ and divisor = _____.

$$\frac{1}{3} \div \frac{14}{3} = \frac{1}{3} \times \frac{\square}{\square} = \frac{\square}{\square}$$

Question: 51 .....

Find the half of the fraction $\frac{12}{40}$.

Answer:

To find half of a number, divide the number by _____

$$\frac{12}{40} \div \_\_\_\_ = \frac{12}{40} \times \frac{\square}{\square} = \frac{\square}{\square}$$

Then the answer is _____

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Exponents and power**

Question: 52 .....

Find the exponential form of 1000.

Answer:

_____ (Exponents/Base) tells us how many times a number should be multiplied by itself to get the desired result.
Exponents is also called as _____ (Base / Power).

1000 can be written as = 10 × _____ × _____

10 is raised to the power of ___ = $(10)^{\_\_}$

Question: 53 .....

Find the value of $(-2)^3$.

Answer:

_____ (Exponents/Base) tells us how many times a number should be multiplied by itself to get the desired result.

In this exponential form $(-2)^3$, base = ___, power = ___.

$(-2)^3$ = ___ × ___ × ___ = ___.

Question: 54 .....

(i) Tenth power of 100 is ____ ($(10)^{100}$ or $(100)^{10}$).

(ii) k is raised to the power of 5 is ____ ($(k)^5$ or $(5)^k$).

Answer:

Exponential form = $(Base)^{\text{——}}$

(i) Tenth power of 100 : Base = ____, Power/Exponents = ____, exponential form = ____.

(ii) k is raised to the power of 5 : Base = ____, Power/Exponent = ____, exponential form = ____.

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Multiplication on fractions**

Question: 55 .....

Fill the boxes

$$2 + 4 + \frac{6}{2} = \frac{2}{\square} + \frac{4}{\square} + \frac{3}{\square} = \frac{\square}{\square} = 9$$

Answer:

The whole number can be expressed in fraction with denominator equal to _____ (zero/one).
Therefore, 2 can be written as _____ in fraction.
4 can be written as _____ in fraction.

$$2 + 4 + \frac{6}{2} = \frac{2}{1} + \frac{4}{\square} + \text{——} = \frac{2}{1} + \frac{4}{\square} + \frac{3}{\square} = \frac{\square}{\square} = 9$$

Question: 56 .....

There are 400 students in a school. Find the number of girls, if three sixteenth of the students are girls.

Answer:

Total number of students = _____
Fraction of students who are girls = _____
Number of girls = $\frac{\square}{\square}$ × _____ = _____

Question: 57 .....

Solve : $2\frac{7}{4} \times \frac{2}{3}$

Answer:

$2\frac{7}{4}$ is a _____ (proper / mixed) fraction.
Here, 2 is _____, 7 is _____ and 4 is _____.

To convert mixed fraction into improper fraction, $\frac{(\text{ Whole} \times \text{\_\_\_\_\_}) + Numerator}{Denominator}$
Improper fraction of $2\frac{7}{4}$ = _____

$$2\ \frac{7}{4}\ \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{\square}{\square}\ \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{\square}{\square}$$

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Operation on rational numbers**

Question: 58 .....

Fill in the boxes to make the given expression correct.

$$\frac{1}{5} \div \frac{14}{15} = \frac{1}{\square}\ \times \frac{\square}{\square}$$

Answer:

When any fraction is divided by a fraction, we multiply the dividend by the _____ (same/reciprocal) of the divisor.

Here, dividend = _____ and divisor = _____

$$\frac{1}{5} \div \frac{14}{15} = \frac{1}{\square}\ \times \frac{\square}{\square} = \frac{\square}{\square}$$

Question: 59 .....

Solve: $\frac{18}{7} \div 0.6$

Answer:

Fraction form of 0.6 = _____,
when any fraction is divided by a fraction, we multiply the dividend by the _____ (same/reciprocal) of the divisor. Here, dividend = _____ and divisor = _____.

$$\frac{18}{7} \div \frac{\square}{\square} = \frac{18}{7}\ \times \frac{\square}{\square} = \frac{\square}{\square}$$

Question: 60 .....

Find the missing number in the expression $\frac{8}{3} \div \frac{16}{\square} = 2$

Answer:

$$\frac{8}{3} \div \frac{16}{\square} = 2$$

$$\frac{8}{3} \times \frac{\square}{16} = 2$$

Transposing 8/3 to RHS,

$$\frac{\square}{16} = 2 \ \square \ \frac{8}{3}$$

$$\frac{\square}{16} = 2 \times \frac{\square}{\square}$$

$$\frac{\square}{16} = \frac{\square}{\square}$$

Transposing 16 to other side, the result is _____.

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Operation on rational numbers**

Question: 61 .....

Solve: $\frac{-3}{3} + \frac{1}{3}$

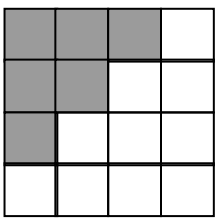
Answer:

Fractions with same denominators are called _____ (like/ unlike) fractions.
Fraction can be added only if they are _____(like/ unlike) fractions.

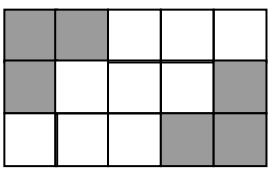
$$\frac{-3}{3} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{\quad}{3} =$$

Question: 62 .....

Find the addition of shaded part of box A and shaded part of box B.



A



B

Answer:

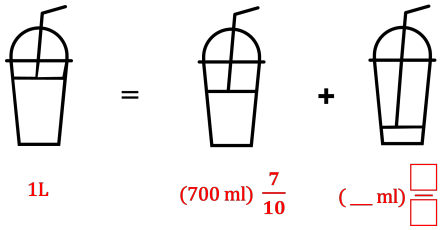
Total number of square in box A = _____.
Number of shaded square in box A = _____
Shaded part of box A in fraction = _____

Total number of square in box B = _____.
Number of shaded square in box B = _____.
Shaded part of box B in fraction = _____.

Shaded part of box A + Shaded part of box B = _____ + _____ = _____

Question: 63 .....

Find the missing values in the given figure.



Answer:

One litre = _____ ml
$\frac{7}{10}$ of one liter = $\frac{7}{10}$ x ____ ml = ____ ml

Given: 1 = $\frac{7}{10}$ + ____
Transposing $\frac{7}{10}$ to other sides, 1 ____$\frac{7}{10}$ = _____
Therefore, result is _____.

Comparing Quantities

Topics to be Improved	
Equivalent ratios	Basic of proportion
Simple interest	Calculation of simple interest
Percentage	Basic of percentage

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Basics of proportion**

Question: 64 .....

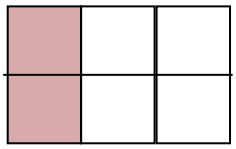
If a:b and c:d are equivalent ratio, then it can be expressed as _____

Answer:

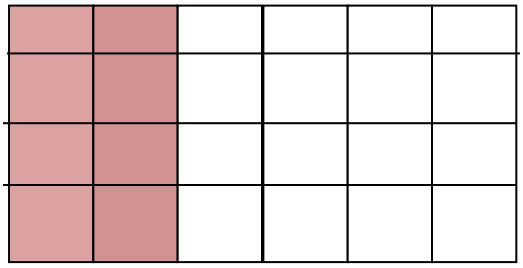
A _____ (proportion / ratio) is used to express _____ (one/two) equivalent ratios.
Standard form to express proportion is _____.

Question: 65 .....

Find the ratio of shaded part to unshaded part of A and B. Are the two ratios equivalent ?



A



B

Answer:

Shaded part of A = _____, Unshaded part of A = _____.
Ratio of shaded to unshaded parts of A is _____. Fractional form = _____.
Shaded part of B = _____ ,
Unshaded part of B = _____.
Ratio of shaded to unshaded parts of B is _____.
Fractional form = _____.
Fraction form of A _____ (equal/ not equal) to Fraction form of B.

Question: 66 .....

If a : b :: c : d is proportion, shade the correct expression

a = $\frac{bc}{d}$	c = $\frac{ad}{b}$	ad=cd

Answer:

Two equivalent ratio which are proportion, it can be written as a : b :: c : d
or _____ = _____ (in fraction) .
First and fourth term are called _____ and second and third term are called _____.
In proportion, product of extreme terms is _____ (equal to/ not equal to) product of middle terms.
Therefore, a × d = _____,
then a = _____ and c = _____

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Simple Interest**

Question: 67 .....

Match the following.

Column A	
i	Principle(P)
ii	Amount (A)
iii	Rate (R)
iv	Time period (T)

Column B	
a	Interest calculated based on this
b	Total sum you borrow
c	Number of years
d	Total sum with interest

Answer:

Formula for calculating simple interest = _____.
Interest calculated based on _____.
Total sum you borrow is known as _____.
Number of years is _____. Total sum with interest is _____.

Question: 68 .....

Sara deposited Rs.1200 in a bank. After three years, she received Rs.1320. Find the interest she earned.

Answer:

Given:
Amount = _____ , Principle = _____ , Time period = _____.
If Amount and principle is given, then formula for calculating interest is _____.
Interest = _____ - _____ = _____

Question: 69 .....

The simple interest on Rs.5000 for 3 years is Rs.1350. Find the rate of interest.

Answer:

Interest = _____ , Time period = _____ , Principal = _____.

$$\text{Rate of interest} = \frac{\text{\_\_\_\_\_ x 100}}{\text{Principal x \_\_\_\_\_}}$$

Substituting values in the formula,

$$\text{Rate of interest} = \frac{\text{\_\_\_\_\_ x 100}}{\text{Principal x \_\_\_\_\_}}$$

Rate of interest = _____

Therefore, the rate of interest is _____ %

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Basics of percentage**

Question: 70 .....

2% can be written as

Answer:

Percentages are numerators of fractions with denominator_____

$$2\% = \frac{\square}{\square}$$

Question: 71 .....

Arun attended the LaPIS test for 100 marks and got 75% marks. What is the mark scored by Arun?

Answer:

Arun attended LaPIS test for _____ marks. He got _____ marks.

75 % can be written in fraction form $\frac{\square}{\square}$

Then the mark scored by Arun = Total mark $\times$ 75% = _____ $\times$ $\frac{\square}{\square}$ = _____

Question: 72 .....

There are 25 apples in a basket in which 10 of them are rotten. Find the percentage of rotten apples.

Answer:

There are _____ apples in a basket.

Number of rotten apples are _____ .

Fraction form of rotten apples in a basket = $\frac{\square}{\square}$

Convert it into a percent= _____ x _____% = _____

Algebra

Topics to be Improved	
subtraction of algebraic expressions	subtraction of algebraic expressions
Monomials, binomials, trinomials and polynomials	Types of algebraic expression
Addition and subtraction of algebraic expressions	Like terms and Unlike terms
Basics of simple equation	Formating of simple equation, Solving of simple equation

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Subtraction on expression**

Question: 73 .....

Find the sum of two expressions a + b + c and b + c + d

Answer:

The given two expressions are _____ and _____.
The two terms will get added only if they are _____(Like/ Unlike) terms.
The sum of two expressions = _____ + _____.
The answer is _____

Question: 74 .....

	School A	School B
Number of boys	100b	250b
Number of girls	150g	200g
Number of teachers	25t	45t

(i) Total number of boys in school A and B is _____

(ii) Total number of students in school B is _____

(iii) How many more teachers are there in school B than school A ? _____

Answer:

(i) Number of boys in school A = _____,
Number of boys in school B = _____.
Total number of boys in school A and school B is _____ + _____ = _____.

(ii) Number of boys in school B = _____,
Number of girls in school B = _____.
Total number of students in school B is _____ + _____ = _____.

(iii) Number of teachers more in school B than school A = Teachers in school B − Teachers in school A = _____.

Question: 75 .....

Solve the following:

	$13x + \_\_\_$			$3a - 5b$
(+)	$12x + 10y$		(-)	$5a - 7b$
	$\_\_\_ + 25y$			$-2a - \_\_\_$

Answer:

The two terms will get added only if they are _____ (like/unlike) terms.

	$13x + \_\_\_$			$3a - 5b$
(+)	$12x + 10y$		(-)	$5a - 7b$
	$\_\_\_ + 25y$			$-2a - \_\_\_$

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Types of expression**

Question: 76 .....

There are _____ terms in the expression $7x + 3y + m + 5$.

Answer:

In algebraic expression, _____ (variables/ terms) are connected together with operations of addition.
The terms in the expression are _____ , _____ , _____ , and _____ .
Therefore, there are _____ terms in the expression.

Question: 77 .....

Classify the following expression into monomial, binomial and polynomial.

1. $7m + n + 2$
2. $8x^2 + 0$
3. $7xy + 4m$

Answer:

1. The terms in expression $8x^2 + 0$ are _____.
   Here, expression has _____ term and it is a _____
2. The terms in expression $7xy + 4m$ are _____.
   Here, expression has _____ term and it is a _____.
3. The terms in expression $7m + n + 2$ are _____.
   Here, expression has ____ term and it is a _____.

Question: 78 .....

$5m^2 + m + 0$ is a _____ expression. (Monomial/ Binomial/ Trinomial)

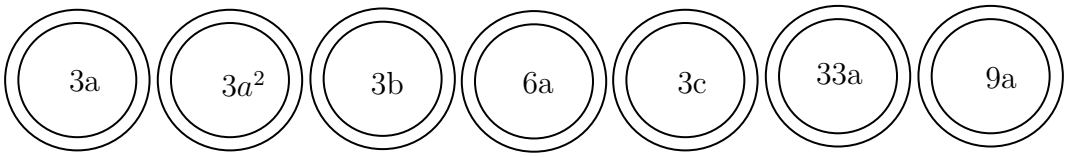
Answer:

The terms in expression $5m^2 + m + 0$ are _____.
Here, the expression has _____ terms and it is called a _____ expression.

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Addition on expression**

Question: 79 .....

Shade the like terms.



Answer:

Given terms are _____.
Two or more term have _____ (same/ different) variables is called like terms.
Here, like terms are _____.

Question: 80 .....

Complete the expression $7r^2 +$ r$\square$ $-$ 2$\square$ $=$ ___r^2

Answer:

_____ (Like / Unlike) terms can be added or subtracted.

$$7r^2 + \text{r}\square - 2\square = \left(7 + \_\_\_ - 2\right) r^2 = \_\_\_\_\_$$

Question: 81 .....

Sam have 3a chocolates and 9y icecream. Ram have 7a chocolates and 5y icecream.

(i) Total chocolates Ram and Sam have : _____.

(ii) How many icecreams Sam have more than Ram : _____ .

Answer:

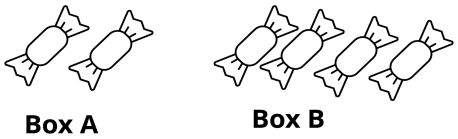
	Chocolates	Icecream
Sam		
Ram		

(i) Total chocolates Ram and Sam have :
Ram's chocolate + Sam's chocolates = _____ + _____ = ___

(ii) How many icecreams Sam have more than Ram :
_____ icecream - _____ icecream = _____ - _____ = _____

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Solving an equation using application**

Question: 82 .....



Box B contains _____ times the number of chocolates in Box A

Answer:

Box A contains _____ chocolates.
Box B contains _____ chocolates.
No. of chocolates in Box B = _____ × (No. of chocolates in Box A)

Question: 83 .....

Write the equation for the following statement.
Subtracting four times of m from 4 is n

Answer:

Four times of m = _____

Subtracting four times of m from 4 = _____

The equation is _____

Question: 84 .....

Compare the given two statements ($<, >, =$)
Sum of $2a$ and 9 ☐ Add 9 to the product of a and 2

Answer:

Sum of $2a$ and 9 = _____

Product of a and 2 = _____

Add 9 to the product of a and 2 = _____

Therefore, sum of $2a$ and 9 ☐ Add 9 to the product of a and 2

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Solving an equation**

Question: 85 .....

If ☺= 5, then 5 ☺ +5 = _____

Answer:

The value of the given smiley ☺ is _____.
Substituting the value in the expression = 5(___) + 5 = _____ + _____ = _____.

Question: 86 .....

Which of the following number can be placed in the box to make the equation correct (-2, -1, 0, 1, 2)
$7 \square + 3 = -4$

Answer:

The given equation is 7___ +3 =-4 Substitute the values (-2, -1, 0, 1, 2) in the circle,
7× ___+3= ___
7× ___+3 = ___
7× ___+3 = ___
7× ___+3 = ___
7× ___+3 = ___
Therefore, _____ is the number that can be placed in a box to make the equation correct.

Question: 87 .....

Arrange the terms in the descending order when the value of x is 2.
$2x$ $5x \times 1$ $x + 3$ $2x - 4$ $\frac{1}{2}x$

Answer:

The given expression are _____.
The value of x is _____.
substituting value of x

$2x = 2\times$ _____ = _____

$2x - 4 = 2\times$ _____ - 4 = _____

$x + 3 =$ _____ = _____

$\frac{1}{2}x = \frac{1}{2} \times$ ___ = _____

$5x \times 1 = 5 \times$ _____ $\times 1 =$ _____

Arranging in descending order: ___, ___, ___, ___, ___.
Their respective algebraic terms are ___, ___, ___, ___, ___.