

LaPIS Diagnostic Test Workbook - Mathematics

Name : Avaneesh V

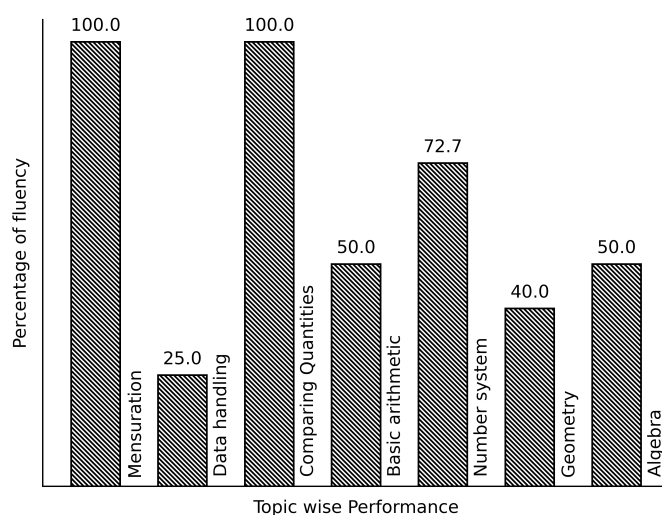
Class : 7

Section : A

School : AKV Public School

Login ID : AKV100

Avaneesh V's Performance Report



Score: 24/40

Percentage: 60.0%

Avaneesh V's Study Planner

Date	Topics Planned	Q. Numbers	Teacher Remark	Teacher Sign	Parent Sign

Teacher's Feedback to Student

Class Teacher Signature

Principal Signature

Basic arithmetic

Topics to be Improved

LCM

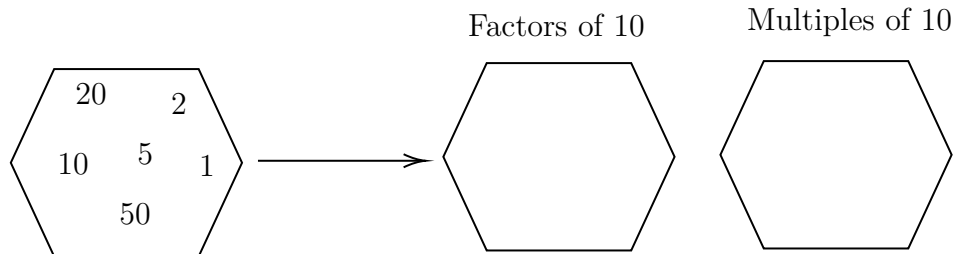
Finding LCM

Hi, here in this video you will learn **LCM**



Question: 1

Fill the hexagon with factors and multiples of 10.



Answer:

A _____ (factor/multiple) of a number is an exact divisor of that number.

The factors of 10 are

$10 \times 1 = \underline{\quad}$	$\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} = 10$
$2 \times \underline{\quad} = 10$	$\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} = 10$

Let's find the multiple of 10

$10 \times 1 = \underline{\quad}$	$10 \times 4 = \underline{\quad}$
$10 \times 2 = \underline{\quad}$	$10 \times 5 = \underline{\quad}$
$10 \times 3 = \underline{\quad}$	$10 \times 6 = \underline{\quad}$

Therefore, factors of 10 are _____ and multiples of 10 are _____.

Question: 2

Find the LCM of 50, 100.

Answer:

Complete the division using least common multiple.

50 , 100

The LCM of 50, 100 is $2 \times 2 \times ___ \times ___$.

Question: 3

Every number is the multiple of _____

Answer:

Let's find the first ten multiple of random numbers,

Multiple of 1 = _____

Multiple of 2 = _____

Multiple of 13 = _____

Multiple of 20 = _____

Here, _____ is the common factor of every number.

Data handling

Topics to be Improved	
Arithmetic mean, mode and median	Mean, Median and Mode
Chance of probability	Basis of probability, Sample space in probability

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Mean, Median, Mode**



Question: 4

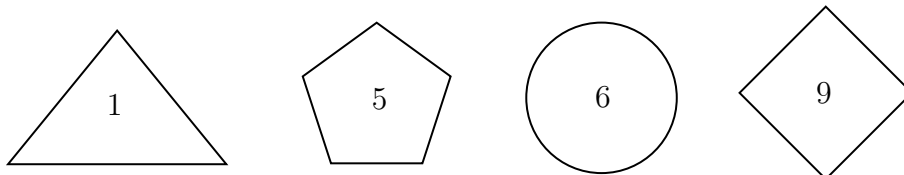
Find the mode of the following data: 5, 15, 23, 5, 32, 44, 72, 55, 6, 3, 5, 65, 45, 67, 24, 19 and 98.

Answer:

Mode is the number that occurs _____ (frequently / rarely) in a given list of observations.
Arranging the data in ascending order: _____
_____ occurs most number of times. Then, mode of the given data is _____

Question: 5

Which shape contains median of the given data 3, 5, 6, 2, 7, 9, 6, 4 and 1



Answer:

Median is the _____ (first/central/last) value of a data when the data is arranged in ascending or descending order.

Arrange the given data in ascending order : _____

Central value of the given data is _____ and it is the _____ of a data.

Question: 6

Marks scored	100	90	80	70
Number of students	4	5	2	1

Mean = _____ , Median = _____ and Mode = _____.

Answer:

Mean = $\frac{\text{sum of all observation}}{\text{number of observation}}$.

Here sum of all observation = _____, number of observation = _____

Therefore, mean = _____

Arrange the data in ascending order : _____

Here, median = _____, mode = _____.

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Basics of probability**



Question: 7

Identify the sure events and impossible events

- (i) The sun rises in the west.
- (ii) Water is colourless.
- (iii) Clock rotates in clock wise direction.
- (iv) Ball is square in shape.

Answer:

Events that always occur are called _____ (sure/ impossible) events.

Events that cannot occur are called _____ (sure/ impossible) events.

Here, The sun rises in the west is _____ event. Water is colourless is _____ event.

Clock rotates in clock wise direction is _____ event. Ball is square in shape is _____ event.

Question: 8

Probability of sure events is _____ (greater / smaller) than probability of impossible events.

Answer:

Probability of sure event = _____ (0/ 1/ any number).

Probability of impossible event = _____ (0/ 1/ any number).

Therefore, Probability of sure event _____ Probability of impossible event.

Question: 9

Raju has pencil, an eraser, a scale, sharpener, colour pencil and protractor in his box. What is the probability of getting a pen from his box.

Answer:

Things Raju have _____

Does Raju have pen in his box, _____ (Yes/ No).

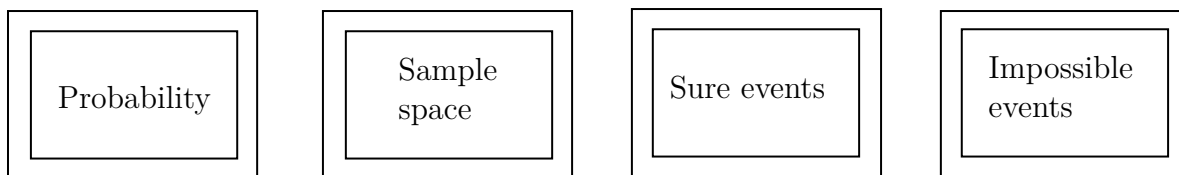
Then probability of getting pen from his box is _____ (0/1)

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Basics of probability**



Question: 10

Which of the following contains list of all possible outcomes.



Answer:

Probability is the measure of _____ (chance /number) of an events happenings.

Sample space consists of _____ (possible/ impossible) outcomes.

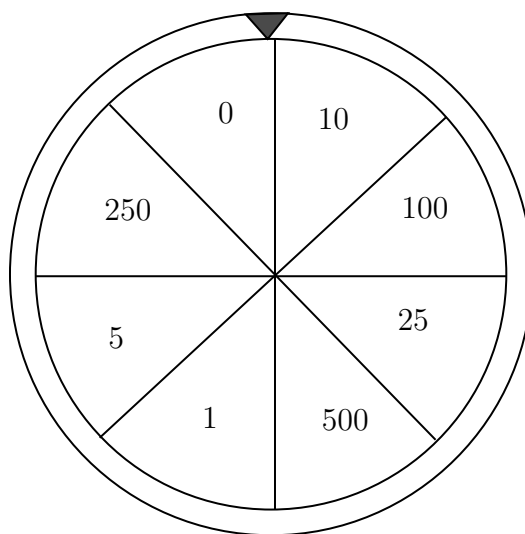
Sure events always _____ (occurs/don't occurs).

Impossible events _____ (occurs/ don't occurs).

Therefore, _____ contains list of possible outcomes.

Question: 11

Write the possible outcomes while spinning the given wheel.



Answer:

Outcomes are _____ (possible/impossible) results of an experiment.

The possible outcomes while spinning wheel are ₹0, ₹10, _____

Question: 12

A bag contains three balls of colour blue, green and red. Write the possible outcomes if two balls are taken out.

Answer:

A bag contains _____, _____ and _____ balls.

If one of the ball is blue in colour, then other ball can be _____ or _____

If one of the ball is green in colour, then other ball can be _____ or _____.

If one of the ball is red in colour, then other ball can be _____ or _____.

Therefore, if two balls are taken out then possible outcomes are blue + _____ ,
_____ + _____, _____ + _____,

Geometry

Topics to be Improved	
Right angle triangle and pythagoras property	Basics of Pythagoras property
Transversal angle made by transversal	Basics of Transversal angle
Faces vertex and edges	Identification of faces, edges and vertices
Sum of lengths of two sides of a triangle	Sum of two sides of a triangle
Lines of symmetry for regular polygons	Identification of lines of symmetry
Angle sum property of triangle	Angle sum property of triangle

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Pythagoras property**



Question: 13

In a right angled triangle, square of the _____ = sum of the squares of the legs.

Answer:

Pythagoras theorem is only applicable for _____ triangle.

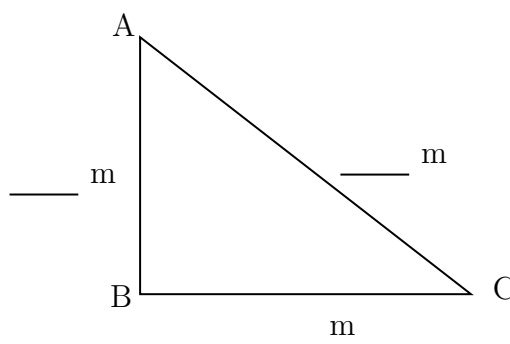
Longest side of the triangle is _____ (hypotenuse/ legs) and other two sides are called _____ (hypotenuse/ legs).

Pythagoras theorem states that _____.

Question: 14

Find the hypotenuse of the triangle ABC if base is 12 m and altitude is 5 m.

Answer:



Pythagoras theorem states that square of the _____ = sum of the squares of its _____.

Given: Base = _____, Altitude = _____,

Base and altitude are _____ (hypotenuse/ legs) of the triangle.

$$\text{By Pythagoras theorem, } (\text{_____})^2 = (\text{_____})^2 + (\text{_____})^2$$

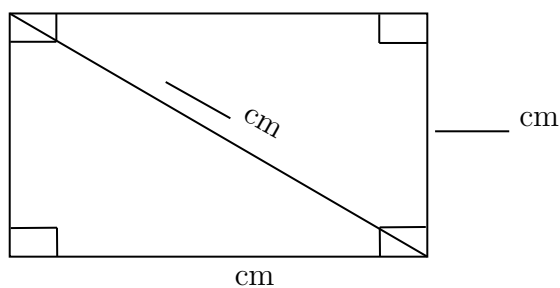
$$\text{_____} = \text{_____} + \text{_____}$$

Therefore, hypotenuse of the triangle is _____.

Question: 15

Find the length of the rectangle, if breadth is 3 cm and diagonal is 5 cm.

Answer:



Pythagoras theorem states that square on the _____ = sum of the squares on _____.

Is Pythagoras theorem applicable in rectangle? ____ (yes/ no).

Given: breadth = _____, length of diagonal = _____

$$\text{By Pythagoras theorem, } (\text{_____})^2 = (\text{_____})^2 + (\text{_____})^2$$

$$\text{_____} = \text{_____} + \text{_____}$$

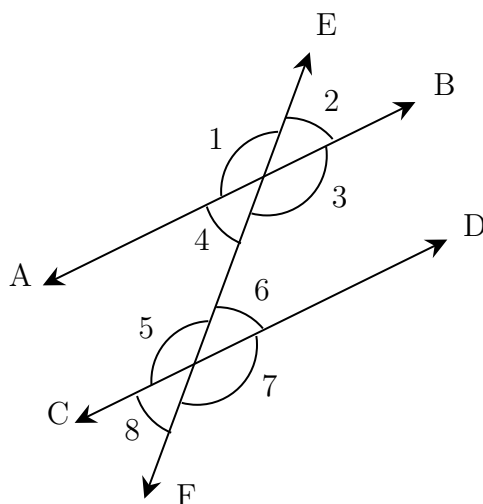
Therefore, diagonal of the rectangle is _____

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Basics of Transversal angle**



Question: 16

In given diagram, $\angle 1$ and $\angle 7$ are _____ (alternate / corresponding) angles.



Answer:

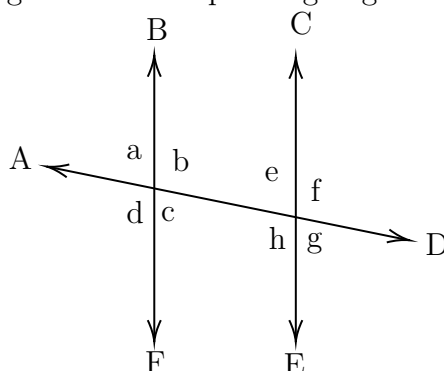
A line that intersects two or more lines at distinct points is called a _____ (transversal/Intersecting line).

Angle that lies on different vertices and on the opposite sides of transversal is _____ angles.

Angle that lies on different vertices and on the same sides of transversal is _____ angles. Therefore, $\angle 1$ and $\angle 7$ are _____

Question: 17

Find the transversal, alternate angles and corresponding angles in a given diagram.



Answer:

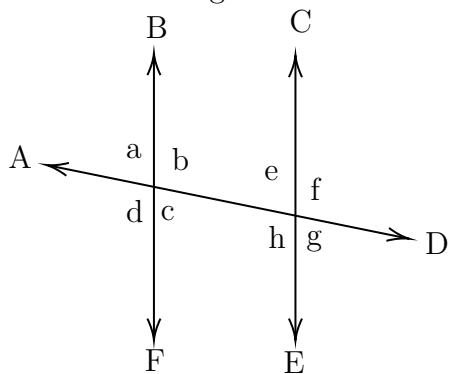
A line that intersects two or more lines at distinct points is called a _____ (transversal/Intersecting line).

In a given diagram, _____ is a transversal line. (BF/AD/CE)

Alternate angles	Corresponding angles
$\angle a$ and $\angle g$, $\angle b$ and $\angle h$,	$\angle a$ and $\angle e$, $\angle b$ and $\angle f$,

Question: 18

Find $\angle e$ and $\angle g$ if $\angle a = 30^\circ$.



Answer:

When parallel lines cut by a transversal,

(i) Alternate angles are _____ (equal / not equal).

(ii) Corresponding angles are _____ (equal / not equal).

Here, alternate angle of $\angle a$ is _____ and its value is _____.

Corresponding angle of $\angle a$ is _____ and its value is _____.

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Basics of 3D model**



Question: 19

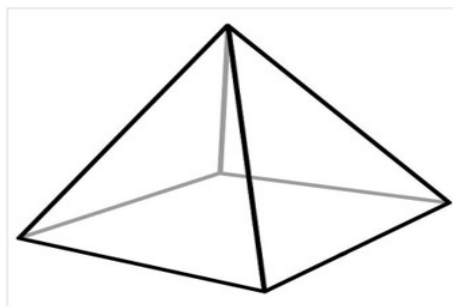
A point at which two or more lines segments meet is called _____ (Vertex/ edges/ faces).

Answer:

_____ has two end point (line/line segment/ray).

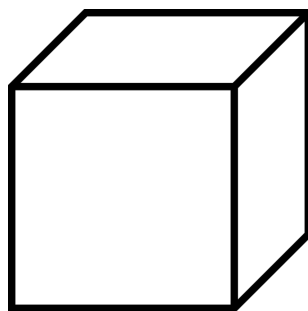
A _____ is a point where two or more line segments meet (Vertex/ edges/ faces).

Mark the vertices in the diagram,



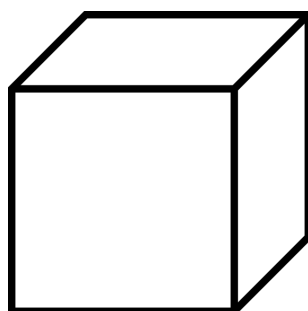
Question: 20

Mark and find the number of vertices, edges and faces in a cube.



Answer:

Mark the vertex, edges and faces in a cube.



Count the number of vertex, edges and faces in a cube.

Cube have _____ vertices, _____ edges and _____ faces.

Question: 21

How many vertices, edges and faces does dices have?



Answer:

The shape of dice is _____.

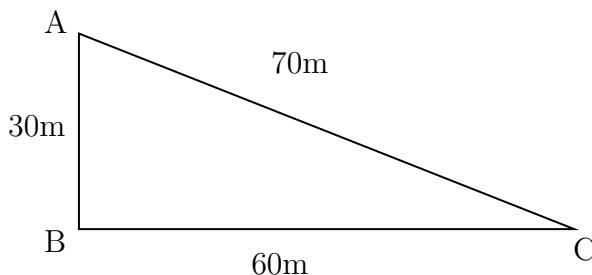
Dices have _____ vertices, _____ edges and _____ faces.

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Sum of the length of sides of the triangle**



Question: 22

Find the greatest distance to reach C from A in the given diagram.



Answer:

The sides of the given triangle are _____.

The possible way to reach point C from point A are _____ and AB then to _____

Side AC = _____

Side AB + BC = _____ + _____ = _____

Therefore, the greatest distance to reach C from A in the given diagram is _____.

Question: 23

_____ (Sum of / Difference between) the length of any two sides of a triangle is smaller than the length of the third side.

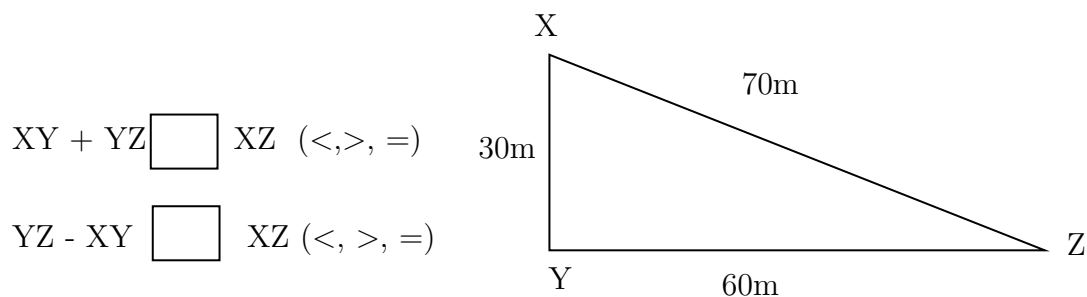
Answer:

There are _____ sides in a triangle.

The sum of the two sides of a triangle is _____ than the other side of the triangle.

The difference of the two sides of a triangle is _____ than the other side of the triangle.

Example: In triangle XYZ,



Question: 24

The lengths of two sides of a triangle are 7 cm and 10 cm. Between which two numbers can length of the third side fall?

Answer:

- The sum of the two sides of a triangle is _____ than the third side of the triangle.
Therefore, the third side should be _____ (less/ greater) than sum of other two sides.
Here, sum of the two sides = _____ + _____ = _____
Therefore, the length of the third side is less than _____

2. The difference of the two sides of a triangle is _____ than the third side of the triangle.
 Therefore, the third side should be _____ (less/ greater) than sum of other two sides.
 Here, difference of the two sides = _____ - _____ = _____
 Therefore, the length of the third side is greater than _____

Therefore, length of the third side is greater than _____ but less than _____.

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Symmerty**



Question: 25

Line of symmetry is divides any shape into _____ (one / two) _____ (identical / non identical) halves.

Answer:

Lines of symmetry is a line that divides any shape into _____ (equal / unequal) halves.
 Symmetrical image have _____ (identical / non identical) parts.
 Therefore, line of symmetry is dividing the shape into _____ halves.

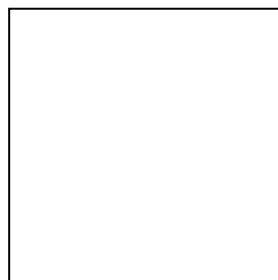
Question: 26

How many lines of symmetry does square have?

Answer:

Square have _____ sides.
 All sides of square are _____ and all angles are _____.

Mark the lines of symmetry.



Therefore, square has _____ lines of symmetry.

Question: 27

Classify the following based on the symmetry.

Letter S, scalene triangle, Letter K, Rhombus, Number 8, and circle .

Answer:

Lines of symmetry is a line that divides the shape into _____ (equal / unequal) halves.

The letter S is _____ (symmetrical / asymmetrical) and have _____ lines of symmetry.

Scalene triangle is _____ (symmetrical / asymmetrical) and have _____ lines of symmetry.

The letter K is _____ (symmetrical / asymmetrical) and have _____ lines of symmetry.

Rhombus is _____ (symmetrical / asymmetrical) and have _____ lines of symmetry.

Cat is _____ (symmetrical / asymmetrical) and have _____ lines of symmetry.

Stars is _____ (symmetrical / asymmetrical) and have _____ lines of symmetry.

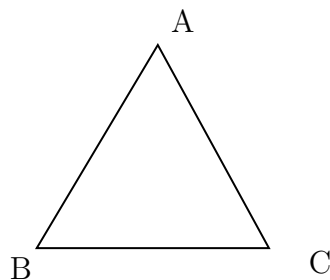
Hi, here in this video you will learn **Angle sum property**



Question: 28

Sum of the angles of triangle is _____.

Answer:



$$\angle A + \angle B + \angle C = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

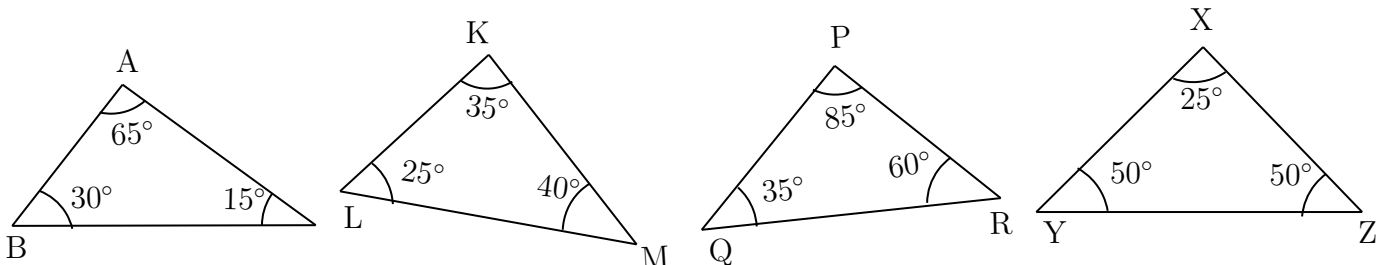
Angle sum formula = $(n - 2) \times 180^\circ$, n = number of sides

Triangle has _____ sides.

Sum of the angles of triangle = $(\underline{\hspace{2cm}} - 2) \times 180^\circ = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Question: 29

Which of the following triangle satisfy the angle sum property.



Answer:

Angle sum property of triangle: sum of the angles of a triangle is _____

In $\triangle ABC$, Sum of the angles = $\angle A + \angle B + \angle C = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 In $\triangle PQR$, Sum of the angles = $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 In $\triangle KLM$, Sum of the angles = $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 In $\triangle XYZ$, Sum of the angles = $\underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 Therefore, the triangles that satisfy the angle sum property are = $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Question: 30

Find the angles of triangle, if their angles are in the ratio 8:6:4.

Answer:

Ratio of angles in the triangle is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$
 Let's consider the angles of triangle be $8x$, $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ and $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
 We know sum of the angles of a triangle is $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
 Therefore, $8x + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + \underline{\hspace{1cm}} = 180^\circ$. The value of $x = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$
 The angles of the triangle are $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Number system

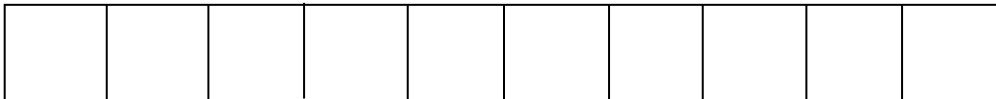
Topics to be Improved	
Decimals	Multiplication and division of decimals
Positive and negative rational numbers	Identification of positive rational numbers
Exponents	Solving exponents

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Basics of decimals**



Question: 31

Shade 0.4 part of the given shape.



Answer:

There are _____ boxes.

0.4 can be expressed as _____ in fraction

This fraction represents _____ parts out of _____ equal parts.

So, we need to shade _____ boxes out of _____ boxes.

Question: 32

Solve the following.

(i) 0.4×1.2

(ii) 0.48×1.2

Answer:

(i) 0.4×1.2 :

Multiplication of 0.4×1.2 assuming there is no decimal point is _____.

The number of digits after decimal point in 0.4 is _____ and 1.2 is _____.

Total digits after decimal point in the product of two numbers is _____.

Count that digits from the right towards left and place the decimal point, the result is _____.

- (ii) 0.48×1.2 :
 Multiplication of 0.48×1.2 assuming there is no decimal point is _____.
 The number of digits after decimal point in 0.48 is _____ and 1.2 is _____.
 Total digits after decimal point in the product of two numbers is _____.
 Count that digits from the right towards left and place the decimal point, the result is _____.

Question: 33

One box of chocolate costs Rs.20.10. What is the cost of 15 chocolates, if a box contains 10 chocolates?

Answer:

One box contains _____ chocolates. The cost of one box is _____
 Then cost of one chocolate = _____ \div _____ = _____

- (i) Total digits after decimal point in decimal number = _____
 (ii) Divide the two numbers assuming there is no decimal point.

$$\frac{2010}{15} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

- (iii) Place the decimal point after _____ digits counting from the right in the quotient after division.

Then the cost of one chocolate is _____ .

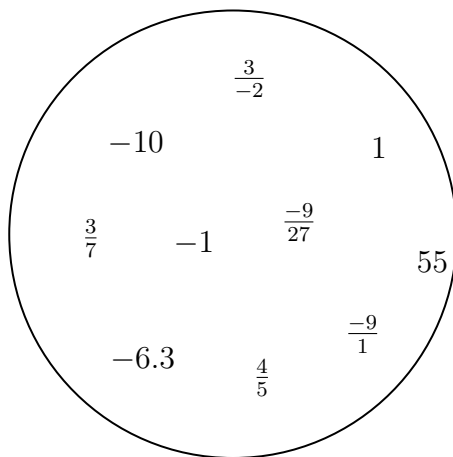
The cost of 15 chocolates = cost of one chocolate \times _____ = _____ \times _____ = _____

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Positive and Negative rational numbers**



Question: 34

Segregate positive and negative rational number.



Answer:

- If both the numerator and the denominator of a rational number are _____ (positive/negative), then it is positive rational number.
- If either the numerator and the denominator of a rational number are negative, then it is _____ (positive/negative) rational number.

In the given circle, positive rational numbers are _____ and negative rational numbers are _____.

Question: 35

$\frac{-3}{-4}$ is a _____ (positive /negative / neither positive nor negative) rational number.

Answer:

-3 is a _____ number, -4 is a _____ number.

Division of $\frac{-3}{-4} = \frac{\boxed{}}{\boxed{}}$ and this _____ rational number.

(Positive / Negative / Neither positive nor negative rational number)

Question: 36

The product of a positive rational number and a negative rational number is _____ rational number. (Positive/ Negative/ neither positive nor negative)

Answer:

Examples for positive rational numbers: _____

Examples for negative rational numbers: _____

Positive rational number \times Negative rational number = _____ \times _____ = _____ and this is _____ rational number

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Exponents and power**



Question: 37

Find the exponential form of 1000.

Answer:

_____ (Exponents/Base) tells us how many times a number should be multiplied by itself to get the desired result.

Exponents is also called as _____ (Base / Power).

1000 can be written as = $10 \times \text{_____} \times \text{_____}$
10 is raised to the power of ____ = $(10)\text{---}$

Question: 38

Find the value of $(-2)^3$.

Answer:

_____ (Exponents/Base) tells us how many times a number should be multiplied by itself to get the desired result.

In this exponential form $(-2)^3$, base = _____, power = _____.
 $(-2)^3 = ___ \times ___ \times ___ = ___.$

Question: 39

(i) Tenth power of 100 is _____ ($(10)^{100}$ or $(100)^{10}$).

(ii) k is raised to the power of 5 is _____ ($(k)^5$ or $(5)^k$).

Answer:

Exponential form = (Base)——

(i) Tenth power of 100 : Base = _____, Power/Exponents = _____, exponential form = _____.

(ii) k is raised to the power of 5 : Base = _____, Power/Exponent = _____,
exponential form = _____.

Algebra

Topics to be Improved	
Basics of simple equation	Solving of simple equation
Monomials, binomials, trinomials and polynomials	Types of algebraic expression
subtraction of algebraic expressions	subtraction of algebraic expressions

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Solving an equation**



Question: 40

If $\odot = 5$, then $5 \odot + 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Answer:

The value of the given smiley \odot is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.

Substituting the value in the expression $= 5(\underline{\hspace{1cm}}) + 5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} + \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.

Question: 41

Which of the following number can be placed in the box to make the equation correct (-2, -1, 0, 1, 2)

$$7 \square + 3 = -4$$

Answer:

The given equation is $7 \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 3 = -4$ Substitute the values (-2, -1, 0, 1, 2) in the circle,

$$7 \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 3 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$7 \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 3 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$7 \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 3 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$7 \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 3 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

$$7 \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} + 3 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

Therefore, $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ is the number that can be placed in a box to make the equation correct.

Question: 42

Arrange the terms in the descending order when the value of x is 2.

$$2x \quad 5x \times 1 \quad x + 3 \quad 2x - 4 \quad \frac{1}{2}x$$

Answer:

The given expression are $\underline{\hspace{4cm}}$.

The value of x is $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.

substituting value of x

$$2x = 2 \times \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$2x - 4 = 2 \times \underline{\hspace{2cm}} - 4 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$x + 3 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$\frac{1}{2}x = \frac{1}{2} \times \underline{\hspace{2cm}} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

$$5x \times 1 = 5 \times \underline{\hspace{2cm}} \times 1 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$$

Arranging in descending order: $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$.

Their respective algebraic terms are $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}, \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$.

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Types of expression**



Question: 43

There are $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ terms in the expression $7x + 3y + m + 5$.

Answer:

In algebraic expression, $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ (variables/ terms) are connected together with operations of addition.

The terms in the expression are $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$, $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$, $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$, and $\underline{\hspace{1cm}}$.

Therefore, there are $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ terms in the expression.

Question: 44

Classify the following expression into monomial, binomial and polynomial.

1. $7m + n + 2$

2. $8x^2 + 0$

3. $7xy + 4m$

Answer:

1. The terms in expression $8x^2 + 0$ are $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.

Here, expression has $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ term and it is a $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

2. The terms in expression $7xy + 4m$ are $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.

Here, expression has $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ term and it is a $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.

3. The terms in expression $7m + n + 2$ are $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.

Here, expression has $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ term and it is a $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$.

Question: 45

$5m^2 + m + 0$ is a $\underline{\hspace{2cm}}$ expression. (Monomial/ Binomial/ Trinomial)

Answer:

The terms in expression $5m^2 + m + 0$ are _____.

Here, the expression has _____ terms and it is called a _____ expression.

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Subtraction on expression**



Question: 46

Find the sum of two expressions $a + b + c$ and $b + c + d$

Answer:

The given two expressions are _____ and _____.

The two terms will get added only if they are _____(Like/ Unlike) terms.

The sum of two expressions = _____ + _____.

The answer is _____

Question: 47

	School A	School B
Number of boys	$100b$	$250b$
Number of girls	$150g$	$200g$
Number of teachers	$25t$	$45t$

(i) Total number of boys in school A and B is _____

(ii) Total number of students in school B is _____

(iii) How many more teachers are there in school B than school A ? _____

Answer:

(i) Number of boys in school A = _____,

Number of boys in school B = _____.

Total number of boys in school A and school B is _____ + _____ = _____.

(ii) Number of boys in school B = _____,

Number of girls in school B = _____.

Total number of students in school B is _____ + _____ = _____.

(iii) Number of teachers more in school B than school A = Teachers in school B – Teachers in school A = _____.

Question: 48

Solve the following:

$$\begin{array}{r} 13x + ______ \\ (+) \ 12x + 10y \\ \hline ______ + 25y \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3a - 5b \\ (-) \ 5a - 7b \\ \hline -2a - ______ \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Answer:

The two terms will get added only if they are _____ (like/unlike) terms.

$$\begin{array}{r} 13x + ______ \\ (+) \ 12x + 10y \\ \hline ______ + 25y \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3a - 5b \\ (-) \ 5a - 7b \\ \hline -2a - ______ \\ \hline \end{array}$$