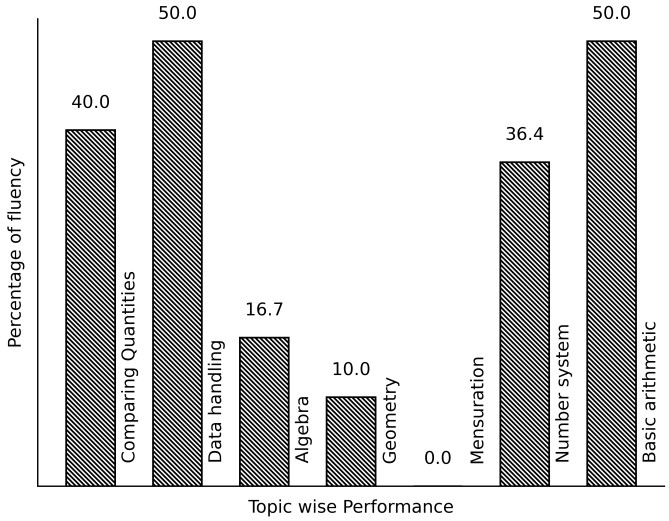
LaPIS Diagnostic Test Workbook - Mathematics

Name	**:**	**Lokeshraj D**
Class	**:**	**7**
Section	**:**	**A**
School	**:**	**AKV Public School**
Login ID	**:**	**AKV109**

Lokeshraj D's Performance Report



Score: 11/40 **Percentage: 27.5%**

Lokeshraj D's Study Planner

Date	Topics Planned	Q. Numbers	Teacher Remark	Teacher Sign	Parent Sign

Teacher's Feedback to Student

Class Teacher Signature

Principal Signature

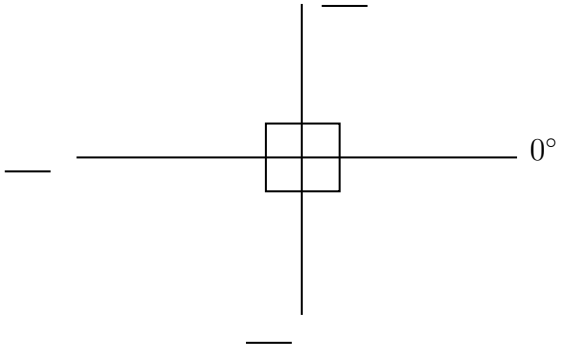
Basic arithmetic

Topics to be Improved	
Types of angles	Identification of types of angles

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Types of Angles**

Question: 1

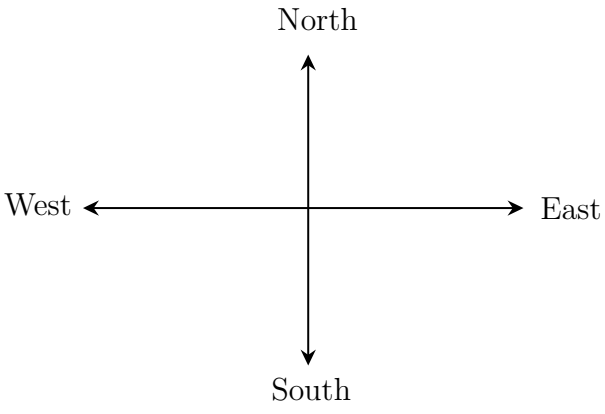
Find the angles.



Answer:

The angle ranges from ___° to ___°.
The angle perpendicular to 0° is ___°.
The straight line measures ___°.

Question: 2



The angle formed between the directions

(i) West and East is _____ angle.

(ii) North and East is _____ angle.

(iii) East and South is _____ angle.

Answer:

The angle formed between West and East is ___° and it is called _____ angle.
The angle formed between North and East is ___° and it is called _____ angle.
The angle formed between East and South is ___° and it is called _____ angle.

Question: 3 .....

The addition of straight angle and right angle is _____ angle.

Answer:

The measurement of straight angle is _____°
The measurement of right angle is _____°.
Straight angle + Right angle = _____ + _____ = _____
It is called as _____ angle.

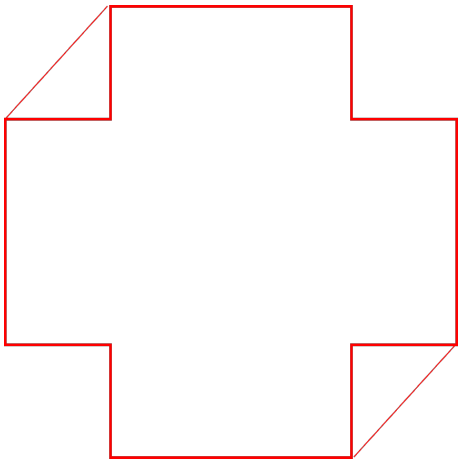
Mensuration

Topics to be Improved	
Perimeter	Perimeter of triangle
Area	Area of rectangle

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Perimeter**

Question: 4 .....

Highlight the perimeter in the given image.

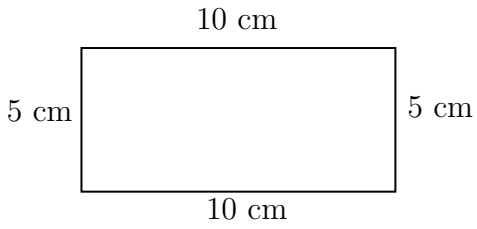


Answer:

Perimeter is the _____ (outer / inner) boundary of the shape

Question: 5 .....

Find the perimeter of the given figure.



Answer:

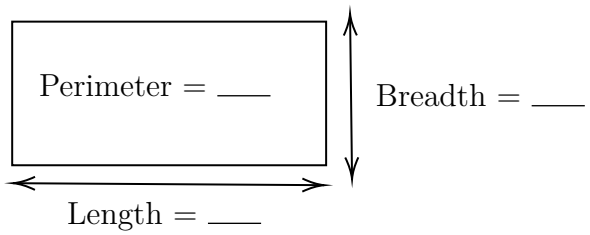
Sides of the given shape = _____.
Perimeter of a shape is _____ (sum / difference) of _____ (all/ opposite) sides.

Perimeter of the given shape = _____

Question: 6 .....

Find the length of the rectangular floor if its perimeter is 60 ft and breadth is 3 ft.

Answer:



Shape of the floor is _____ and its perimeter formula is _____.
Given:

floor perimeter = _____, and breadth = _____.

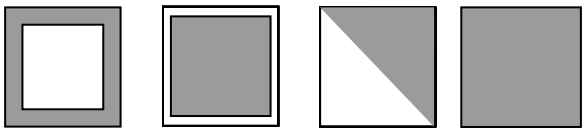
Perimeter of the floor = 2(_____ + _____).

Therefore, length of the rectangular floor is _____.

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Area**

Question: 7 .....

Find which of the shaded portion in the given shape represent it's area.



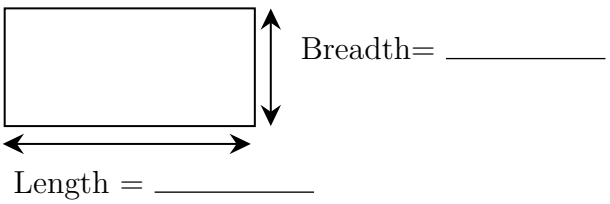
Answer:

Given figure is _____ in shape.
Area is the _____ (inside/ outside/ boundary) of a shape.

Question: 8 .....

Find the area of a rectangular garden whose dimension is 25 ft in length and 20 ft in breadth.

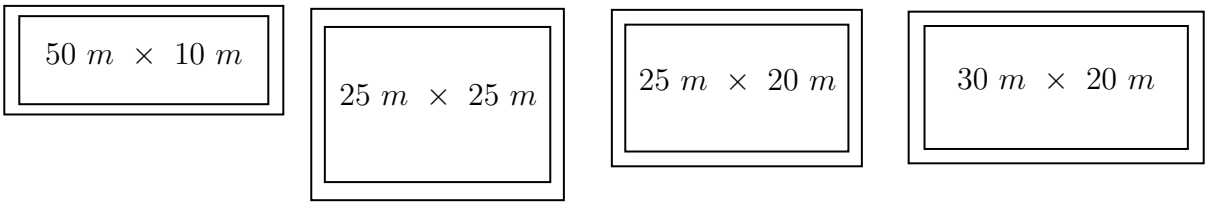
Answer:



The garden is in _____ shape.
Length of garden is _____ and breadth of garden is _____.
Formula for area of the shape = _____.
The area of garden = _____ x _____ = _____ cm^2

Question: 9 .....

Shade the possible dimension of the door whose area is 500 m^2



Answer:

Door is _____ in shape. Area of the _____ shaped door is _____.

Dimensions	Length	Breadth	Area
50m × 10m			
25m × 25m			
25m × 20m			
30m × 20m			

Therefore, possible dimension of the door whose area is 500 m^2 is/are _____

Data handling

Topics to be Improved	
Chance of probability	Basis of probability
Arithmetic mean, mode and median	Mean, Median and Mode

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Basics of probability**

Question: 10 .....

Identify the sure events and impossible events

(i) The sun rises in the west.

(ii) Water is colourless.

(iii) Clock rotates in clock wise direction.

(iv) Ball is square in shape.

Answer:

Events that always occur are called _____ (sure/ impossible) events.
Events that cannot occur are called _____ (sure/ impossible) events.
Here, The sun rises in the west is _____ event. Water is colourless is _____ event.
Clock rotates in clock wise direction is _____ event. Ball is square in shape is _____ event.

Question: 11 .....

Probability of sure events is _____ (greater / smaller) than probability of impossible events.

Answer:

Probability of sure event = _____(0/ 1/ any number).
Probability of impossible event = _____ (0/ 1/ any number).
Therefore, Probability of sure event _____ Probability of impossible event.

Question: 12 .....

Raju has pencil, an eraser, a scale, sharpener, colour pencil and protractor in his box. What is the probability of getting a pen from his box.

Answer:

Things Raju have _____
Does Raju have pen in his box,_____ (Yes/ No).
Then probability of getting pen from his box is _____ (0/1)

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Mean, Median, Mode**

Question: 13 .....

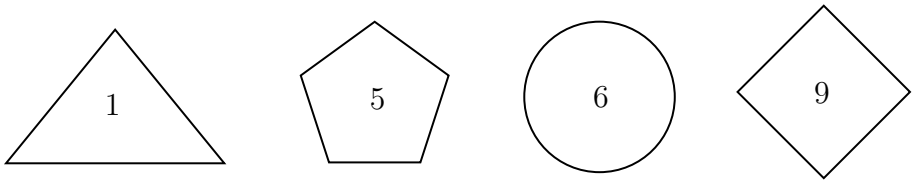
Find the mode of the following data: 5, 15, 23, 5, 32, 44, 72, 55, 6, 3, 5, 65, 45, 67, 24, 19 and 98.

Answer:

Mode is the number that occurs _____ (frequently / rarely) in a given list of observations.
Arranging the data in ascending order: _____
_____ occurs most number of times. Then, mode of the given data is _____

Question: 14 .....

Which shape contains median of the given data 3, 5, 6, 2, 7, 9, 6, 4 and 1



Answer:

Median is the _____(first/central/last) value of a data when the data is arranged in ascending or descending order.
Arrange the given data in ascending order : _____
Central value of the given data is _____ and it is the _____ of a data.

Question: 15 .....

Marks scored	100	90	80	70
Number of students	4	5	2	1

Mean =_____ , Median = _____ and Mode = _____.

Answer:

Mean = $\frac{\text{\_\_\_\_\_ of all observation}}{\text{number of obserivation}}$.

Here s sum of all observation = _____ , number of observation = _____
Therefore, mean = _____
Arrange the data in ascending order : _____
Here, median = _____ , mode = _____.

Geometry

Topics to be Improved	
Related angles	Complementary angles, Basic of angles
Right angle triangle and pythagoras property	Basics of Pythagoras property
Transversal angle made by transversal	Basics of Transversal angle
Types of triangle	Basics of types of triangle (sides)
Faces vertex and edges	Idenfication of faces,edges and vertices
Angle sum property of triangle	Angle sum property of triangle
Criteria for congruence of triangle	Idenfication of criteria of congruence of triangles
Sum of lengths of two sides of a triangle	Sum of two sides of a triangle

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Related Angles**

Question: 16 .....

1. Two angles are complementary if their sum is equal to _____.
2. Two angles are supplementary if their sum is equal to _____.

Answer:

1. When sum of the two angles is equal to 90°, they are called as _____ angle.
   Example : 45° and 45°, _____, and _____.
2. When sum of the two angles is equal to 180°, they are called as _____ angle.
   Example : 90° and 90°, _____, and _____.

Question: 17 .....

Shade the complementary angles.

85°, 95°	45°, 45°	6°, 84°	73°, 107°	36°, 64°	90°, 90°

Answer:

Two angles are said be complementary if the sum of their angles are equal to _____.

85°+ 95° = _____ and this is _____ (a / not a) complementary angles.
45°+ 45° = _____ and this is _____ angles.
6° + 84° = _____ and this is _____ angles.
73° + 107° = _____ and this is _____ angles.
36° + 64° = _____ and this is _____ angles.
90° + 90° = _____ and this is _____ angles.

Question: 18 .....

Find the complement and supplement of 15° and 90°

Answer:

One angle is _____ (complements / supplements) to other angle, when sum of the two angles is equal to 90°.
One angle is _____ (complements / supplements) to other angle, when sum of the two angles is equal to 180°.

Complement of 15° = _____, Complement of 90° = _____.
Supplement of 15° = _____, Supplement of 90° = _____

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Related Angles**

Question: 19 .....

(i) When two rays of an angle are perpendicular, then the angle formed between them is a _____ angle .

(ii) When two rays of an angle are in opposite sides, then the angle formed between them is a _____ angle .

Answer:

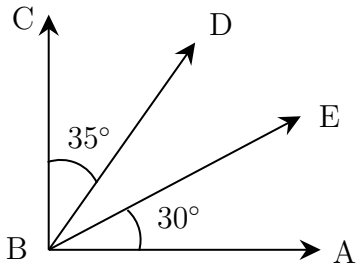
A _____ (line segment /ray) begins from one point and travels endlessly in a direction.

(i) The angle formed between two perpendicular rays is ___° and it is called _____ angle.

(ii) If two rays starting at same point moves in opposite direction, they form a _____ (straight / perpendicular) line. The measure of the angle formed is ___°and it is called _____ angles.

Question: 20 .....

Find the angle of $\angle DBE$



Answer:

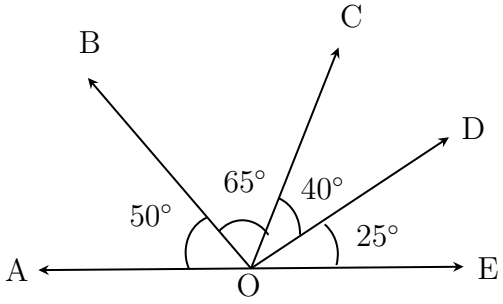
BA and BC are _____ (parallel / perpendicular) rays.
The angle formed between this rays is ___, $\angle ABC =$ ___.

$$\begin{aligned} \angle ABC &= \angle ABE + \_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_ \\ &= 30° + \_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_ \\ &= \_\_\_\_\_ \end{aligned}$$

Therefore, $\angle DBE =$ _____

Question: 21 .....

Find the complementary angles in the given diagram.



Answer:

Two angles are said be complementary if sum of their angles is equal to _____.

$\angle AOB$= _____, and its complement angle is _____.
$\angle BOC$ = _____, and its complement angle is _____.
$\angle COD$ = _____, and its complement angle is _____.
$\angle DOE$ = _____, and its complement angle is _____.
Therefore, in the given figure the complementary angles are $\angle AOB$, _____ and $\angle BOC$, _____

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Pythagoras property**

Question: 22 .....

In a right angled triangle, square of the _____ = sum of the squares of the legs.

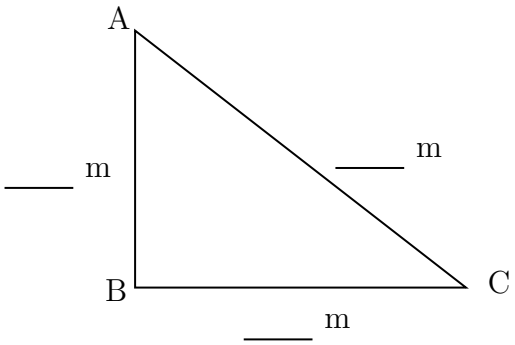
Answer:

Pythagoras theorem is only applicable for _____ triangle.
Longest side of the triangle is _____ (hypotenuse/ legs) and other two sides are called _____(hypotenuse/ legs).
Pythagoras theorem states that _____.

Question: 23 .....

Find the hypotenuse of the triangle ABC if base is 12 m and altitude is 5 m.

Answer:



Pythagoras theorem states that square of the _____ = sum of the squares of its _____.
Given: Base = _____, Altitude = _____,
Base and altitude are _____ (hypotenuse/ legs) of the triangle.

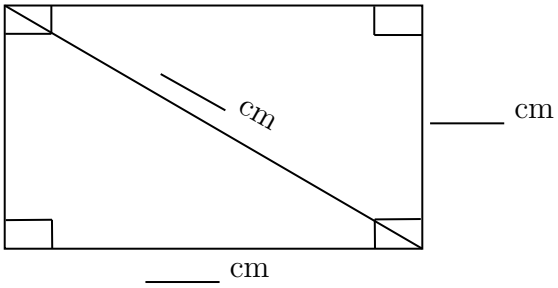
By Pythagoras theorem, $(\_\_\_\_\_)^2 = (\_\_\_\_\_)^2 + (\_\_\_\_\_)^2$
$\_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_$

Therefore, hypotenuse of the triangle is _____.

Question: 24 .....

Find the length of the rectangle, if breadth is 3 cm and diagonal is 5 cm.

Answer:



Pythagoras theorem states that square on the _____ = sum of the squares on _____.

Is Pythagoras theorem applicable in rectangle? ___ (yes/ no).

Given: breadth = _____, length of diagonal = _____

By Pythagoras theorem, $(\_\_\_\_\_)^2 = (\_\_\_\_\_)^2 + (\_\_\_\_\_)^2$

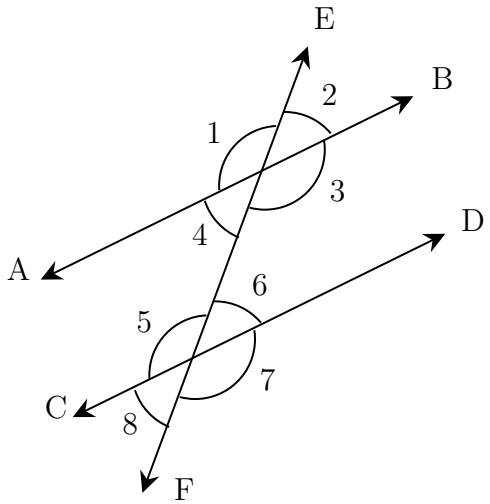
$\_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_$

Therefore, diagonal of the rectangle is _____

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Basics of Transversal angle**

Question: 25 .....

In given diagram, $\angle$ 1 and $\angle$ 7 are _____ (alternate / corresponding) angles.



Answer:

A line that intersects two or more lines at distinct points is called a _____ (transversal/ Intersecting line).

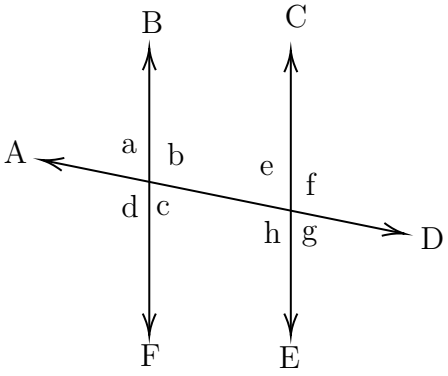
Angle that lies on different vertices and on the opposite sides of transversal is _____ angles.

Angle that lies on different vertices and on the same sides of transversal is _____ angles.

Therefore, $\angle 1$ and $\angle 7$ are _____

Question: 26 .....

Find the transversal, alternate angles and corresponding angles in a given diagram.



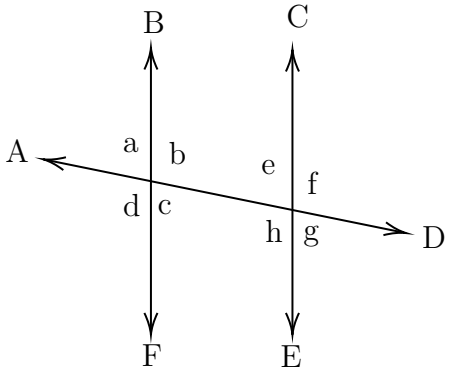
Answer:

A line that intersects two or more lines at distinct points is called a _____ (transversal/ Intersecting line).
In a given diagram, _____ is a transversal line. (BF/AD/CE)

Alternate angles	Corresponding angles
∠a and ∠g , ∠b and ∠h,	∠a and ∠e, ∠b and ∠f,

Question: 27 .....

Find ∠e and ∠g if ∠a = 30°.



Answer:

When parallel lines cut by a transversal,

(i) Alternate angles are _____ (equal / not equal).

(ii) Corresponding angles are _____ (equal / not equal).

Here, alternate angle of ∠a is _____ and its value is _____.
Corresponding angle of ∠a is _____ and its value is _____.

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Types of triangle**

Question: 28 .....

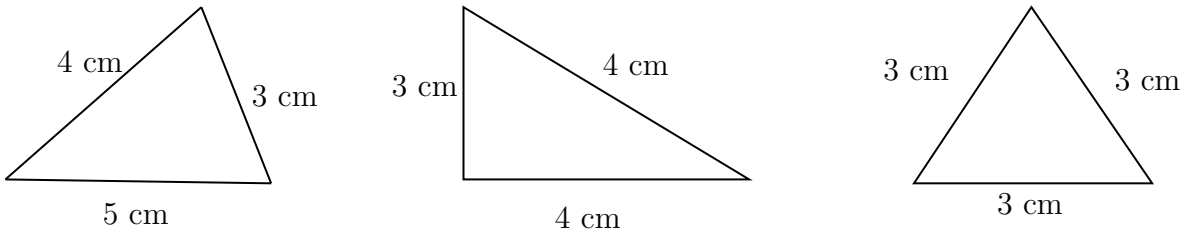
Polygon with three sides is called as _____.

Answer:

A polygon is a simple _____ (open / closed) curve made up of only line segments.
Polygon with three sides is called _____.
Draw a diagram of polygon with three sides :

Question: 29 .....

Identify the types of triangles.



Answer:

Triangle has _____ sides.

- Triangle with all sides are equal is called _____ triangle.
- Triangle with two sides of equal length is called _____ triangle.
- Triangle with three sides of different length is called _____ triangle.

Question: 30 .....

A park is in the shape of an isosceles triangle. If side length of the park is 30ft and 60ft. then the possible length of third side of park can be _____.

Answer:

The shape of the park is _____ .
The shapes has _____ sides and this shape has _____ sides of equal length.
Given: length of sides of park is _____.
The possible length of third side is _____.

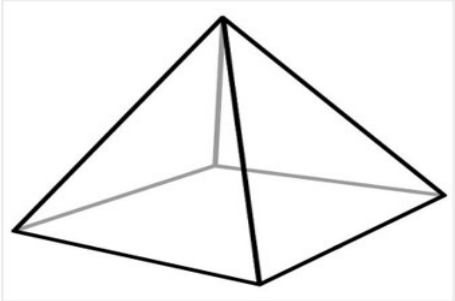
Hi, here in this video you will learn **Basics of 3D model**

Question: 31 .....

A point at which two or more lines segments meet is called _____(Vertex/ edges/ faces).

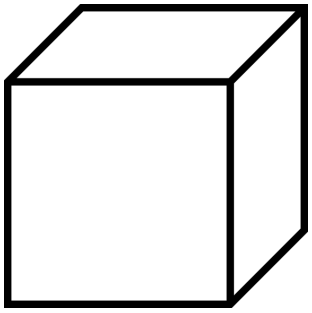
Answer:

_____ has two end point (line/line segment/ray).
A _____is a point where two or more line segments meet(Vertex/ edges/ faces).
Mark the vertices in the diagram,



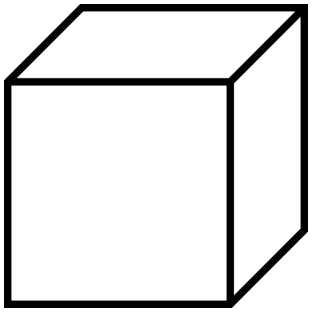
Question: 32 .....

Mark and find the number of vertices, edges and faces in a cube.



Answer:

Mark the vertex, edges and faces in a cube.



Count the number of vertex, edges and faces in a cube.
Cube have _____ vertices, _____ edges and _____ faces.

Question: 33 .....

How many vertices, edges and faces does dices have?

Answer:

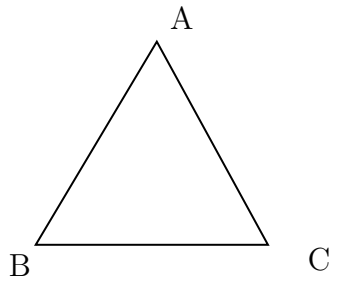
The shape of dice is _____.
Dices have _____ vertices, _____ edges and _____ faces.

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Angle sum property**

Question: 34 .....

Sum of the angles of triangle is _____.

Answer:

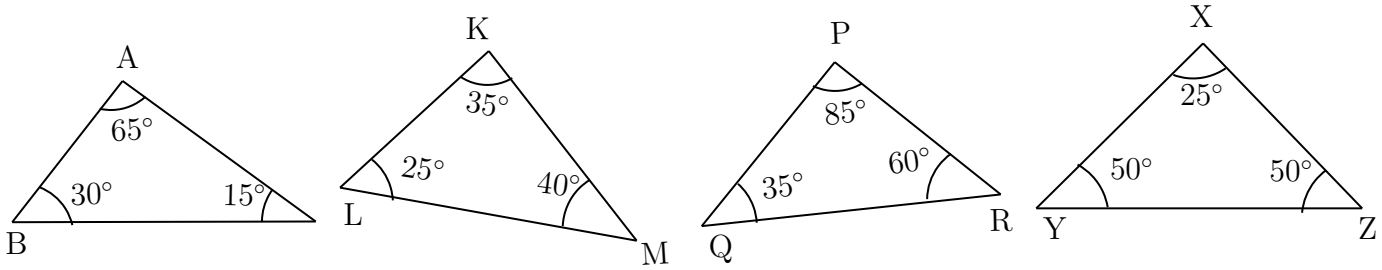


$\angle A + \angle B + \angle C =$ _____

Angle sum formula $= (n-2) \times 180°, n =$ number of sides
Triangle has _____ sides.
Sum of the angles of triangle $= ($_____ $- 2) \times 180° =$ _____

Question: 35 .....

Which of the following triangle satisfy the angle sum property.



Answer:

Angle sum property of triangle: sum of the angles of a triangle is _____
In $\triangle ABC$, Sum of the angles $= \angle A + \angle B + \angle C =$ _____ = _____
In $\triangle PQR$, Sum of the angles = _____ = _____ = _____
In $\triangle KLM$, Sum of the angles = _____ = _____ = _____
In $\triangle XYZ$, Sum of the angles = _____ = _____ = _____
Therefore, the triangles that satisfy the angle sum property are = _____

Question: 36 .....

Find the angles of triangle, if their angles are in the ratio 8:6:4.

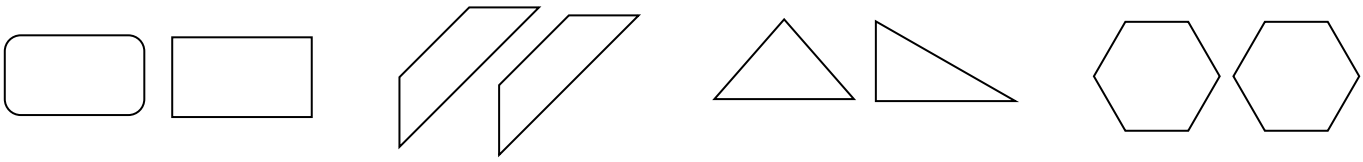
Answer:

Ratio of angles in the triangle is _____
Let's consider the angles of triangle be $8x$, ___ and ___
We know sum of the angles of a triangle is ___
Therefore, $8x$+ ___ + ___ = 180°. The value of x = _____
The angles of the triangle are _____

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Criteria of congruence**

Question: 37 .....

Circle the groups that contain congruent images.



Answer:

Two geometrical shapes are said to be congruent if they are _____
(identical/non-identical) in shapes and size.
Example: Square and Rectangle are _____ (congruent/not congruent).

Question: 38 .....

If the three sides of the triangle are equal to the corresponding sides of the other triangle, then two triangles are congruent under _____ (SSS/ASA/SAS) criteria .

Answer:

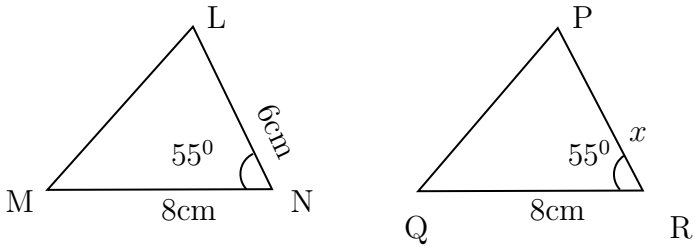
Two triangle are _____ (congruent/not congruent) if they are identical in shapes and size. Criteria for congruence of triangles are SSS, _____ and _____.

1. In SSS Congruence criteria - ___ (2/ 3/ 5) sides of the triangle are _____ (equal/ not equal) to the three corresponding sides of the other triangle.
2. In SAS Congruence criteria - ___(2/ 3/ 5) sides and _____ (one/two) angle between them are equal to the corresponding sides and the included angle of the other triangle.
3. In ASA Congruence criteria - ___ (2/ 3/ 5) angles and _____ (one/two) side between them are equal to the corresponding angles and the included side of the other triangle.

SSS	_____ sides and _____ angles are equal
SAS	_____ sides and _____ angles are equal
ASA	_____ sides and _____ angles are equal

Question: 39 .....

The triangles LNM and PRQ are congruent by SAS criteria. Then find the side PR



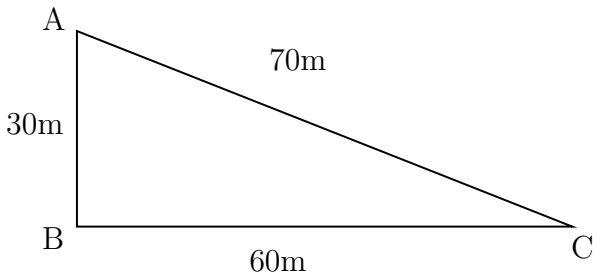
Answer:

The given two triangles satisfy _____ criteria of congruence.
By SAS congruence criteria, MN = _____ , _____ and $\angle N$ = _____
The side MN=8 cm in ΔLNM is equal to the side _____ in $\triangle PRQ$
The common included angle in $\triangle$ LNM and $\triangle PRQ$ are _____
The side PR is equal to the side in _____ ΔLNM.
Therefore, length of side PR = _____

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Sum of the length of sides of the triangle**

Question: 40 .....

Find the greatest distance to reach C from A in the given diagram.



Answer:

The sides of the given triangle are _____.
The possible way to reach point C from point A are _____ and AB then to _____
Side AC = _____
Side AB + BC = _____ + _____ = _____
Therefore, the greatest distance to reach C from A in the given diagram is _____.

Question: 41 .....

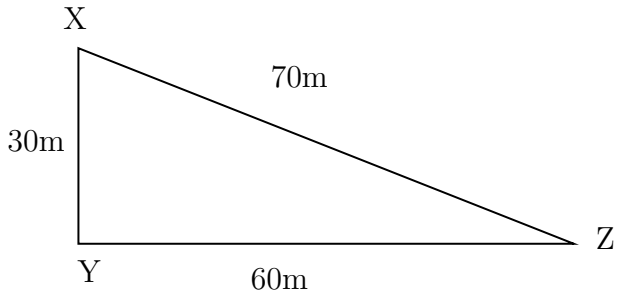
_____ (Sum of / Difference between) the length of any two sides of a triangle is smaller than the length of the third side.

Answer:

There are _____ sides in a triangle.
The sum of the two sides of a triangle is _____ than the other side of the triangle.
The difference of the two sides of a triangle is _____ than the other side of the triangle.
Example: In triangle XYZ,

XY + YZ ☐ XZ (<,>, =)

YZ - XY ☐ XZ (<, >, =)



Question: 42 .....

The lengths of two sides of a triangle are 7 cm and 10 cm. Between which two numbers can length of the third side fall?

Answer:

1. The sum of the two sides of a triangle is _____ than the third side of the triangle.
   Therefore, the third side should be _____(less/ greater) than sum of other two sides.
   Here, sum of the two sides = _____ + _____ = _____
   Therefore, the length of the third side is less than _____

2. The difference of the two sides of a triangle is _____ than the third side of the triangle.
   Therefore, the third side should be _____(less/ greater) than sum of other two sides.
   Here, difference of the two sides = _____ - _____ = _____
   Therefore, the length of the third side is greater than _____

Therefore, length of the third side is greater than _____ but less than _____.

Number system

Topics to be Improved	
Exponents	Solving exponents
Law of Exponents	Law of Exponents
Integers	Basics of integers
Positive and negative rational numbers	Identification of positive rational numbers
Fractions	Multiplication of fractions, Division of fraction
Operations on rational numbers	Division of rational numbers

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Exponents and power**

Question: 43 .....

Find the exponential form of 1000.

Answer:

_____ (Exponents/Base) tells us how many times a number should be multiplied by itself to get the desired result.
Exponents is also called as _____ (Base / Power).

1000 can be written as = $10 \times$ _____ $\times$ _____
10 is raised to the power of ___ = $(10)^{\text{___}}$

Question: 44 .....

Find the value of $(-2)^3$.

Answer:

_____ (Exponents/Base) tells us how many times a number should be multiplied by itself to get the desired result.

In this exponential form $(-2)^3$, base = ___, power = ___.
$(-2)^3$ = ___ $\times$ ___ $\times$ ___ = ___.

Question: 45 .....

(i) Tenth power of 100 is ___ ($(10)^{100}$ or $(100)^{10}$).

(ii) k is raised to the power of 5 is ___ ($(k)^5$ or $(5)^k$).

Answer:

Exponential form = $(Base)^{\text{——}}$

(i) Tenth power of 100 : Base = ___, Power/Exponents = ___, exponential form = ___.

(ii) k is raised to the power of 5 : Base = ___, Power/Exponent = ___,
exponential form = ___.

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Law of exponents**

Question: 46 .....

$(x)^0$ is equal to _____.

Answer:

_____ (Exponents/Base) tells us how many times a number should be multiplied by itself to get the desired result.

In $(x)^0$ base = _____
Power = _____

Any number or variable with power zero is equal to _____.
Therefore, $(x)^0$ equal to _____.

Question: 47 .....

i. $a^m \times a^n =$ _____
ii. $a^m \div a^n =$ _____

Answer:

Multiplication of two numbers with same base with different power, their exponents are _____ (added/ subtracted)
Division of two numbers with same base with different power, their exponents are _____ (added/ subtracted).

Question: 48 .....

Circle the result of the expression $(a^0 \times b^1) + (m^1 \times n^0) + (x^0 \times y^1)$

$a + n + x$ bmy 1 $ab + mn + xy$ 0 anx $b + m + y$

Answer:

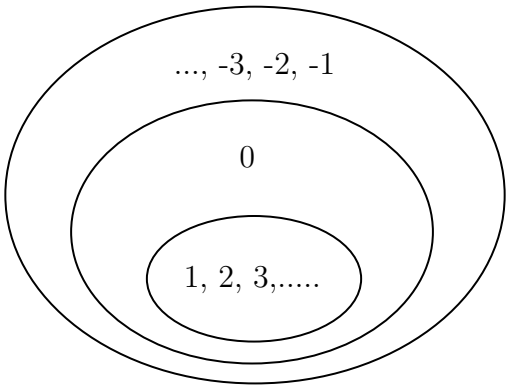
Any number with power zero is equal to_____ (One/ Zero).
Any number with power one is equal to _____ (same/ different) number.

$$\begin{aligned}\left(a^0 \times b^1\right) + \left(m^1 \times n^0\right) + \left(x^0 \times y^1\right) &= (\_\_\_\_\_) + (\_\_\_\_\_\text{Ö}\_\_\_\_\_) + (\_\_\_\_\_) \\ &= \_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_ \\ &= \_\_\_\_\_\end{aligned}$$

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Basics of integers**

Question: 49 .....

Highlight the ring that contains whole numbers.

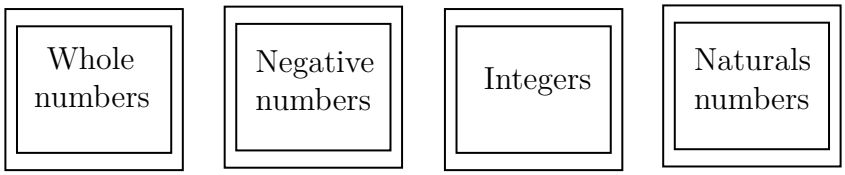


Answer:

The numbers inside the inner ring (1, 2, 3,. . . .) are _____ numbers.
The numbers inside the middle ring are _____ numbers.
The numbers inside the outer ring are negative numbers, positive numbers and zero and they are called as _____.

Question: 50 .....

Colour the frame of the box which contains the number 1, 4 and -10



Answer:

Whole number consists of 0,1,2,3,4,..... Negative number consists of _____.
Natural numbers consists of _____. Integers consists of _____.
Now, 1, 4, -10 are in _____.

Question: 51 .....

State whether the statement is true or false.

Every positive number is an integer.

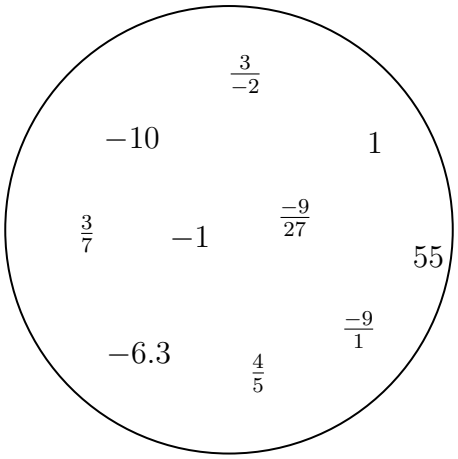
Answer:

Positive numbers are _____. Integers consists of _____.
Therefore, positive numbers are _____ (in/not in) integers.

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Positive and Negative rational numbers**

Question: 52 .....

Segregate positive and negative rational number.



Answer:

- If both the numerator and the denominator of a rational number are _____ (positive/negative), then it is positive rational number.
- If either the numerator and the denominator of a rational number are negative, then it is _____ (positive/negative) rational number.

In the given circle, positive rational numbers are _____ and negative rational numbers are _____.

Question: 53 .....

$\frac{-3}{-4}$ is a _____ (positive /negative / neither positive nor negative) rational number.

Answer:

-3 is a _____ number, -4 is a _____ number.

Division of $\frac{-3}{-4} = \frac{\square}{\square}$ and this _____ rational number.

(Positive / Negative / Neither positive nor negative rational number)

Question: 54 .....

The product of a positive rational number and a negative rational number is _____ rational number. (Positive/ Negative/ neither positive nor negative)

Answer:

Examples for positive rational numbers: _____
Examples for negative rational numbers: _____
Positive rational number × Negative rational number = _____ × _____ = _____ and this is _____ rational number

---

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Multiplication on fractions**

Question: 55 .....

Fill the boxes

$$2 + 4 + \frac{6}{2} = \frac{2}{\square} + \frac{4}{\square} + \frac{3}{\square} = \frac{\square}{\square} = 9$$

Answer:

The whole number can be expressed in fraction with denominator equal to _____ (zero/one).
Therefore, 2 can be written as _____ in fraction.
4 can be written as _____ in fraction.

$$2 + 4 + \frac{6}{2} = \frac{2}{1} + \frac{4}{\square} + \_\_ = \frac{2}{1} + \frac{4}{\square} + \frac{3}{\square} = \frac{\square}{\square} = 9$$

Question: 56 .....

There are 400 students in a school. Find the number of girls, if three sixteenth of the students are girls.

Answer:

Total number of students = _____
Fraction of students who are girls = _____
Number of girls = $\frac{\square}{\square}$ × _____ = _____

Question: 57 .....

Solve : $2\frac{7}{4} \times \frac{2}{3}$

Answer:

$2\frac{7}{4}$ is a _____ (proper / mixed) fraction.
Here, 2 is _____, 7 is _____ and 4 is _____.

To convert mixed fraction into improper fraction, $\frac{(\text{ Whole} \times \_\_\_\_\_) + Numerator}{Denominator}$

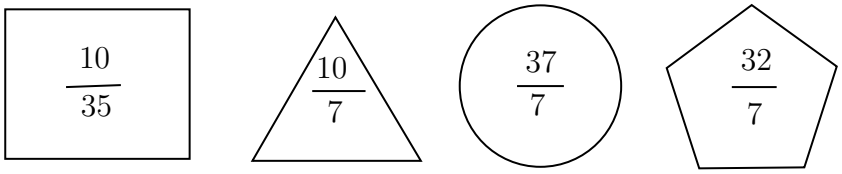
Improper fraction of $2\frac{7}{4}$ = _____

$$2\ \frac{7}{4}\ \times \frac{2}{3}\ = \frac{\square}{\square}\ \times \frac{2}{3} = \frac{\square}{\square}$$

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Division on fractions**

Question: 58 .....

Find the shape which contains the improper fraction of $5\frac{2}{7}$.



Answer:

$5\frac{2}{7}$ is a _____ (proper/mixed) fraction.
Here, 5 is _____ , 2 is _____ and 7 is _____.

To convert mixed fraction into improper fraction, $\frac{(\text{ Whole} \times \_\_\_\_\_) + Numerator}{Denominator}$

$$5\ \frac{2}{7}\ = \frac{(\ \_\_\_\ \times\ \_\_\_\ )\ +\ \_\_\_\_\_}{7} = \frac{\square}{\square}$$

Question: 59 .....

Solve: $\frac{1}{3} \div \frac{14}{3}$

Answer:

To divide a fraction by another fraction, multiply the dividend by _____ (same / reciprocal) of the divisor. Here, dividend = _____ and divisor = _____.

$$\frac{1}{3}\ \div\ \frac{14}{3}\ = \frac{1}{3}\ \times\ \frac{\square}{\square}\ = \frac{\square}{\square}$$

Question: 60 .....

Find the half of the fraction $\frac{12}{40}$.

Answer:

To find half of a number, divide the number by _____

$$\frac{12}{40} \div \_\_\_\_ = \frac{12}{40} \times \frac{\square}{\square} = \frac{\square}{\square}$$

Then the answer is _____

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Operation on rational numbers**

Question: 61 .....

Fill in the boxes to make the given expression correct.

$$\frac{1}{5} \div \frac{14}{15} = \frac{1}{\square} \times \frac{\square}{\square}$$

Answer:

When any fraction is divided by a fraction, we multiply the dividend by the _____ (same/reciprocal) of the divisor.

Here, dividend = _____ and divisor = _____

$$\frac{1}{5} \div \frac{14}{15} = \frac{1}{\square} \times \frac{\square}{\square} = \frac{\square}{\square}$$

Question: 62 .....

Solve: $\frac{18}{7} \div 0.6$

Answer:

Fraction form of 0.6 = _____,
when any fraction is divided by a fraction, we multiply the dividend by the _____ (same/reciprocal) of the divisor. Here, dividend = _____ and divisor = _____.

$$\frac{18}{7} \div \frac{\square}{\square} = \frac{18}{7} \times \frac{\square}{\square} = \frac{\square}{\square}$$

Question: 63 .....

Find the missing number in the expression $\frac{8}{3} \div \frac{16}{\square} = 2$

Answer:

$$\frac{8}{3} \div \frac{16}{\square} = 2$$

$$\frac{8}{3} \times \frac{\square}{16} = 2$$

Transposing 8/3 to RHS,

$$\frac{\square}{16} = 2 \square \frac{8}{3}$$

$$\frac{\square}{16} = 2 \times \frac{\square}{\square}$$

$$\frac{\square}{16} = \frac{\square}{\square}$$

Transposing 16 to other side, the result is _____.

Comparing Quantities

Topics to be Improved	
Percentage	Basic of percentage
Simple interest	Calculation of simple interest
Conversion of fraction into percentage	Conversion of fraction into percentage

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Basics of percentage**

Question: 64 .....

2% can be written as

Answer:

Percentages are numerators of fractions with denominator_____

$$2\% = \frac{\square}{\square}$$

Question: 65 .....

Arun attended the LaPIS test for 100 marks and got 75% marks. What is the mark scored by Arun?

Answer:

Arun attended LaPIS test for _____ marks. He got _____ marks.

75 % can be written in fraction form $\frac{\square}{\square}$

Then the mark scored by Arun = Total mark $\times$ 75% = _____ $\times$ $\frac{\square}{\square}$ = _____

Question: 66 .....

There are 25 apples in a basket in which 10 of them are rotten. Find the percentage of rotten apples.

Answer:

There are _____ apples in a basket.

Number of rotten apples are _____ .

Fraction form of rotten apples in a basket = $\frac{\square}{\square}$

Convert it into a percent= _____ x _____% = _____

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Simple Interest**

Question: 67 .....

Match the following.

Column A	
i	Principle(P)
ii	Amount (A)
iii	Rate (R)
iv	Time period (T)

Column B	
a	Interest calculated based on this
b	Total sum you borrow
c	Number of years
d	Total sum with interest

Answer:

Formula for calculating simple interest = _____.
Interest calculated based on _____.
Total sum you borrow is known as _____.
Number of years is _____. Total sum with interest is _____.

Question: 68 .....

Sara deposited Rs.1200 in a bank. After three years, she received Rs.1320. Find the interest she earned.

Answer:

Given:
Amount = _____ , Principle = _____ , Time period = _____.
If Amount and principle is given, then formula for calculating interest is _____.
Interest = _____ - _____ = _____

Question: 69 .....

The simple interest on Rs.5000 for 3 years is Rs.1350. Find the rate of interest.

Answer:

Interest = _____ , Time period = _____ , Principal = _____.

$$\text{Rate of interest} = \frac{\_\_\_\_ \text{ x } 100}{\text{Principal x } \_\_\_\_}$$

Substituting values in the formula,

$$\text{Rate of interest} = \frac{\text{\_\_\_\_\_ x } 100}{\text{Principal x \_\_\_\_\_}}$$

Rate of interest = _____

Therefore, the rate of interest is _____ %

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Converting fraction into percentage**

Question: 70 .....

Complete the box in the given equation.

$$5\% = \frac{5}{\square}$$

Answer:

Percentage are the fraction with the denominator _____.

Therefore, 5% can be expressed as _____

Question: 71 .....

Mark the correct conversion form of fraction $\frac{1}{2}$ to percentage.

(i) $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{50}{50} = \frac{50}{100} = 50\%$

(ii) $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{100}{100} = \frac{100}{200} = 200\%$

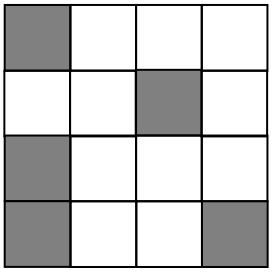
(iii) $\frac{1}{2} \times 100 = \frac{100}{2} = 50\%$

Answer:

To convert fraction into percentage, the value of _____ (denominator / numerator)should be 100 or _____ (multiply / divide) the fraction with 100 %.
Therefore, correct conversion form is _____

Question: 72 .....

Find the percentage of shaded part of square.



Answer:

The square shape is divided into _____ parts.
Number of shaded part of square is _____.

Shaded part of square in fraction is $\frac{\square}{\square}$

To Convert $\frac{\square}{\square}$ into percentage , $\frac{\square}{\square} \times 100$

Algebra

Topics to be Improved	
Terms of an expression	Identification of terms in an expression
subtraction of algebraic expressions	subtraction of algebraic expressions
Basics of simple equation	Solving of simple equation, Formating of simple equation
Addition and subtraction of algebraic expressions	Like terms and Unlike terms

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Terms of an expression**

Question: 73 .....

Separate the variables and constants for all the terms given in the box

18 $16r$ $54c^4$ $-4mn$ 4 0 z^2 $4x$ 12 x ab

Answer:

In algebraic expression, variables are represented by _____ and Constant is a _____.

Terms	Constants	Variables

Question: 74 .....

Mark the expression that contains two terms.

$3x + 5$ $12a$ $4xy$ $12a + b + 1$ $7m + 0$

Answer:

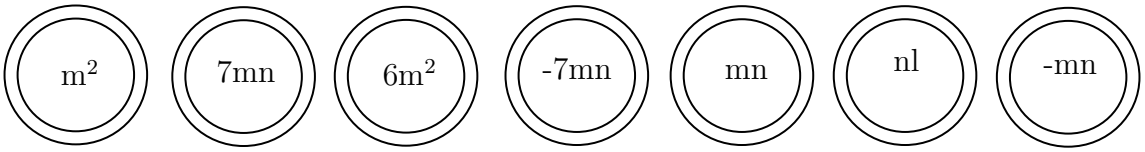
The terms in the expression $3x + 5$ is/are _____.
The terms in the expression $12a$ is/are _____.

The terms in the expression $4xy$ is/are _____.
The terms in the expression $12a + b + 1$ is/are _____.
The terms in the expression $7m + 0$ is/are _____.

Question: 75 .....

Shade the outline of circle that contains the term of the given expression.

$$6m^2 - 7mn + nl$$



Answer:

In algebraic expression, _____ (variables/ terms) are connected together with operations of addition.
Here, _____, _____, _____ are the terms of the given expression.

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Subtraction on expression**

Question: 76 .....

Find the sum of two expressions a + b + c and b + c + d

Answer:

The given two expressions are _____ and _____.
The two terms will get added only if they are _____(Like/ Unlike) terms.
The sum of two expressions = _____ + _____.
The answer is _____

Question: 77 .....

	School A	School B
Number of boys	100b	250b
Number of girls	150g	200g
Number of teachers	25t	45t

(i) Total number of boys in school A and B is _____

(ii) Total number of students in school B is _____

(iii) How many more teachers are there in school B than school A ? _____

Answer:

(i) Number of boys in school A = _____,
Number of boys in school B = _____.
Total number of boys in school A and school B is _____ + _____ = _____.

(ii) Number of boys in school B = _____,
Number of girls in school B = _____.
Total number of students in school B is _____ + _____ = _____.

(iii) Number of teachers more in school B than school A = Teachers in school B − Teachers in school A = _____.

Question: 78 .....

Solve the following:

$$\begin{array}{rr} & 13x + \_\_\_ \\ (+) & 12x + 10y \\ \hline & \_\_\_ + 25y \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{rr} & 3a - 5b \\ (-) & 5a - 7b \\ \hline & -2a - \_\_\_ \end{array}$$

Answer:

The two terms will get added only if they are _____ (like/unlike) terms.

$$\begin{array}{rr} & 13x + \_\_\_ \\ (+) & 12x + 10y \\ \hline & \_\_\_ + 25y \end{array} \qquad \begin{array}{rr} & 3a - 5b \\ (-) & 5a - 7b \\ \hline & -2a - \_\_\_ \end{array}$$

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Solving an equation**

Question: 79 .....

If ☺= 5, then 5 ☺ +5 = _____

Answer:

The value of the given smiley ☺ is _____.
Substituting the value in the expression = 5(___) + 5 = _____ + _____ = _____.

Question: 80 .....

Which of the following number can be placed in the box to make the equation correct (-2, -1, 0, 1, 2)
$7 \square + 3 = -4$

Answer:

The given equation is 7___ +3 =-4 Substitute the values (-2, -1, 0, 1, 2) in the circle,
7× ___+3= ___

$7\times$ ___$+3 =$ ___
$7\times$ ___$+3 =$ ___
$7\times$ ___$+3 =$ ___
$7\times$ ___$+3 =$ ___
Therefore, _____ is the number that can be placed in a box to make the equation correct.

Question: 81 .....

Arrange the terms in the descending order when the value of x is 2.
$2x$ $\quad 5x \times 1$ $\quad x + 3$ $\quad 2x - 4$ $\quad \frac{1}{2}x$

Answer:

The given expression are _____.
The value of x is _____.
substituting value of x

$2x = 2\times$ _____ $=$ _____ $\qquad 2x - 4 = 2\times$ _____ - 4 = _____

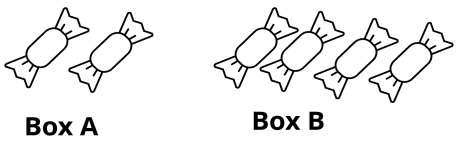
$x + 3 =$ _____ $=$ _____ $\qquad \frac{1}{2}x = \frac{1}{2} \times$ ___ $=$ _____

$5x \times 1 = 5 \times$ _____ $\times 1 =$ _____

Arranging in descending order: ___, ___, ___, ___, ___.
Their respective algebraic terms are ___, ___, ___, ___, ___.

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Solving an equation using application**

Question: 82 .....



Box B contains _____ times the number of chocolates in Box A

Answer:

Box A contains _____ chocolates.
Box B contains _____ chocolates.
No. of chocolates in Box B = _____ $\times$ (No. of chocolates in Box A)

Question: 83 .....

Write the equation for the following statement.
Subtracting four times of m from 4 is n

Answer:

Four times of m = _____

Subtracting four times of m from 4 = _____

The equation is _____

Question: 84 .....

Compare the given two statements ($<, >, =$)

Sum of $2a$ and 9 ☐ Add 9 to the product of a and 2

Answer:

Sum of $2a$ and 9 = _____

Product of a and 2 = _____

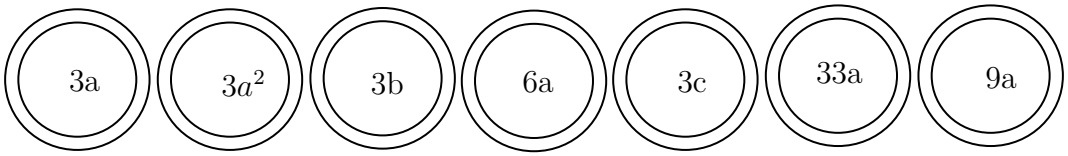
Add 9 to the product of a and 2 = _____

Therefore, sum of $2a$ and 9 ☐ Add 9 to the product of a and 2

Hi, here in this video you will learn **Addition on expression**

Question: 85 .....

Shade the like terms.



Answer:

Given terms are _____.

Two or more term have _____ (same/ different) variables is called like terms.

Here, like terms are _____.

Question: 86 .....

Complete the expression $7r^2 +$ r☐ $-$ 2☐ = ___r^2

Answer:

_____ (Like / Unlike) terms can be added or subtracted.

$7r^2 +$ r☐ $-$ 2☐ = $\left(7 + \_\_\_ - 2\right) r^2 =$ _____

Question: 87 .....

Sam have 3a chocolates and 9y icecream. Ram have 7a chocolates and 5y icecream.

(i) Total chocolates Ram and Sam have : _____.

(ii) How many icecreams Sam have more than Ram : _____ .

Answer:

	Chocolates	Icecream
Sam		
Ram		

(i) Total chocolates Ram and Sam have :

Ram's chocolate + Sam's chocolates = _____ + _____ = ___

(ii) How many icecreams Sam have more than Ram :

_____ icecream - _____ icecream = _____ - _____ = _____