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# **ADR-0002: Separate API Gateway for Finanzas SD Domain**

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**Finanzas SD Documentation  
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# 1 ADR-0002: Separate API Gateway for Finanzas SD Domain

**Status:** Accepted

**Date:** 2025-11-02

**Context:** Financial Planning-U

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## 1.1 Decision

We will maintain a **dedicated API Gateway** (`finanzas-sd-api`) for the Finanzas Service Delivery (SD) business domain, separate from other modules such as Project Management (PM) or future domains.

## 1.2 Context

The Financial Planning-U platform is architected as a modular system where different business domains have distinct:

- **Lifecycles:** Different release cadences and deployment schedules
- **Security requirements:** Domain-specific RBAC, authentication scopes, and compliance needs
- **Scaling characteristics:** Varying traffic patterns, quotas, and performance requirements
- **Team ownership:** Independent teams managing their respective domains

The Finanzas SD module specifically handles: - Financial project planning and tracking - Budget allocation and management - Payroll integration - Service delivery control - Provider management - Budget variance alerts (PEP-3)

This module requires: - **Cognito JWT authentication** with SDT (Service Delivery Team) group validation - **Independent deployment** cycles without impacting other domains - **Fine-grained observability** for financial operations - **Strict rate limiting** and quotas for financial data operations

## 1.3 Alternatives Considered

### 1.3.1 Option 1: Shared API Gateway with Path-Based Routing

**Pros:** - Single infrastructure component to manage - Potentially lower AWS costs (fewer API Gateways) - Unified API domain

**Cons:** - **Blast radius:** Deployment or configuration changes in one domain affect all domains - **RBAC complexity:** Mixing authorization rules across domains in one gateway - **Scaling constraints:** Single throttling/quota pool shared across unrelated workloads - **Observability:** Difficult to isolate metrics, logs, and dashboards per domain - **Release coupling:** Changes to one domain require coordination with others

### 1.3.2 Option 2: Separate API Gateways per Domain (Selected)

**Pros:** - **Blast-radius isolation:** SD changes/rollouts don't risk PM or other areas - **Security & RBAC:** Dedicated Cognito app client + SDT group checks, per-API IAM policies - **Independent scaling & quotas:** Per-API throttles, caching, alarms, and budgets - **Clear observability:** Separate logs/metrics/dashboards; easier SLO/SLA tracking - **Lifecycle independence:** SD module can evolve schema and rate limits autonomously - **Cost visibility:** Better tagging and cost allocation per domain

**Cons:** - Slight increase in infrastructure complexity (multiple API Gateways) - Minor cost increase (though minimal for HTTP APIs in PAY\_PER\_REQUEST mode)

## 1.4 Decision Rationale

We choose **Option 2** (separate API Gateway) because:

1. **Operational safety:** Financial operations are critical. Isolating the API Gateway ensures that non-financial deployments cannot accidentally impact financial services.
2. **Security posture:** Financial data requires strict access controls. A dedicated gateway allows us to:
  - Enforce SDT group membership at the API level
  - Apply custom WAF rules specific to financial operations
  - Maintain separate IAM policies and resource-based policies
  - Implement domain-specific rate limiting for financial endpoints
3. **Scalability:** Financial operations may have different traffic patterns (e.g., end-of-month spikes for payroll). Independent quotas prevent resource contention.
4. **Compliance & audit:** Financial systems often require detailed audit trails. Separate CloudWatch log groups and X-Ray traces simplify compliance reporting.
5. **Team velocity:** The SD team can deploy, test, and rollback independently without coordinating with other teams.

## 1.5 Implementation

### 1.5.1 Current Architecture (Mode A)

CloudFront (d7t9x3j66yd8k.cloudfront.net)  
Distribution

/finanzas/\* S3 (static UI assets)

S3 (UI build artifacts)

Frontend App (running in browser)

Direct API calls

API Gateway (finanzas-sd-api)  
<https://{api-id}.execute-api.us-east-2...>

JWT Cognito Authorizer (SDT group)

Lambda + DDB (Finanzas handlers)

### 1.5.2 Components

1. **CloudFront Distribution:** Serves static UI assets at `/finanzas/*` from S3
2. **API Gateway (finanzas-sd-api):**
  - Dedicated HTTP API in `us-east-2`
  - Cognito JWT authorizer (issuer: User Pool `us-east-2_FyHLt0hiY`)
  - CORS configured for CloudFront domain
3. **Cognito User Pool:** Shared with other modules, but dedicated app client for Finanzas SD
4. **Lambda Functions:** Finanzas business logic (projects, allocations, payroll, etc.)
5. **DynamoDB Tables:** Finanzas data stores (projects, rubros, allocations, etc.)

### 1.5.3 CORS Configuration

```
[] CorsConfiguration: AllowOrigins: -https://d7t9x3j66yd8k.cloudfront.net AllowMethods:[GET,POST]
AllowHeaders:['Authorization','Content-Type'] MaxAge:3600
```

### 1.5.4 Optional Enhancement: Mode B (CloudFront API Proxy)

Future consideration: Proxy API requests through CloudFront at `/api/finanzas/*` for:

- Single origin domain for UI and API - Potential latency reduction via CloudFront edge locations
- Unified domain for simplified CORS

**Requirements for Mode B:**

- Add API Gateway as CloudFront origin
- Configure behavior for `/api/finanzas/*` path pattern
- Use origin request policy to forward `Authorization` header and query strings
- Update CORS to allow CloudFront domain or use `'*'` for development

**Current Status:** Mode B is documented as a **backlog item** for future implementation if needed.

## 1.6 Consequences

### 1.6.1 Positive

- Independent deployment and rollback for Finanzas SD
- Isolated failure domains (API issues dont cascade)
- Clear security boundaries and audit trails
- Flexible rate limiting and quota management
- Improved observability and debugging

### 1.6.2 Negative

- Additional infrastructure component to manage
- Slight increase in AWS costs (minimal for HTTP API)
- Need to manage multiple API Gateway configurations

### 1.6.3 Neutral

- Frontend must be configured with the correct API base URL
- OpenAPI specification uses variableized `servers` section

## 1.7 References

- [SAM Template](#)
- [Finanzas Architecture](#)
- [API Gateway HTTP APIs Documentation](#)
- [Deploy Workflow](#)

## 1.8 Related Decisions

- ADR-0001: (Future) OIDC authentication for CI/CD
- ADR-0003: (Future) DynamoDB table design for Finanzas SD

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**Review:** To be reviewed quarterly or when scaling requirements change significantly.